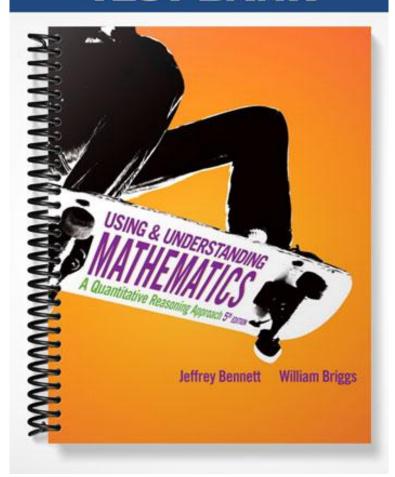
TEST BANK



SHORT ANSWER. Write the word or phrase that best completes each statement or answers the question.

Decide whether the statement makes sense. Explain your reasoning.

- 1) I drove really far, almost 200 kilometers per hour.
- 1) _____
- 2) We will need 1800 cubic feet of carpeting to cover the floors in our three-story house.
- 2) _____
- 3) The boat leaked and started filling with water. There must be 50 gallons of water in it already.
- 3) _____
- 4) I figured out the distance we had traveled by dividing our speed by the amount of time we had traveled.
- 4) _____
- 5) I figured out the number of seconds in a week by multiplying 7 by 24 by 60 by 60.
- 5) _____
- $^{6)}$ To convert square yards to square inches, I multiplied by $^{12^2}$ or 144.
- 6) _____

MULTIPLE CHOICE. Choose the one alternative that best completes the statement or answers the question.

Evaluate.

7)
$$\frac{1}{5}$$
 $\frac{1}{8}$ A) $\frac{13}{80}$

B)
$$\frac{40}{13}$$

C)
$$\frac{13}{20}$$

8) _____

9) _____

10) _____

11) _____

8)
$$\frac{1}{3}$$
 $\frac{1}{6}$

A)
$$\frac{1}{3}$$

C)
$$\frac{1}{6}$$

9)
$$\frac{2}{11} \times \frac{11}{9}$$

A)
$$\frac{1}{9}$$

B)
$$\frac{2}{9}$$

C)
$$\frac{2}{11}$$

D)
$$\frac{9}{2}$$

$$10)\frac{7}{8} \quad \frac{1}{9}$$

A)
$$\frac{7}{72}$$

D)
$$\frac{7}{36}$$

11)
$$\frac{5}{8}$$
 $\frac{2}{7}$

C)
$$\frac{51}{28}$$

$$\frac{8}{5}$$
 $\frac{1}{7}$ 12)

B) $\frac{61}{35}$ C) $\frac{52}{35}$

D) $\frac{51}{35}$

A) 1

B) $\frac{3}{4}$

C) $\frac{1}{2}$

D) $\frac{3}{2}$

D) 1

15) $\frac{1}{3}$ $\frac{1}{4}$ $\frac{1}{5}$ A) $\frac{43}{60}$

B) $\frac{3}{4}$

C) $\frac{47}{60}$

D) $\frac{49}{60}$

 $16)\frac{1}{4} \underset{\times}{\underbrace{1}}_{5} \underset{\times}{\underbrace{1}}_{6}$

B) $\frac{1}{60}$

C) $\frac{1}{26}$

D) $\frac{15}{2}$

Write as a common fraction.

17) 0.5 A) $\frac{5}{11}$

B) $\frac{1}{2}$

C) $\frac{5}{9}$

D) $\frac{1}{20}$

17) _____

13) _____

14) _____

15) _____

16) _____

18) 0. 1 1 1 A) $\frac{111}{10}$

B) 111 1000

C) $\frac{111}{10000}$

D) $\frac{111}{100}$

18) _____

19) 0. 1 6 A) $\frac{61}{100}$

B) $\frac{61}{10}$

C) $\frac{8}{5}$

D) $\frac{4}{25}$

19) _____

20) 0.000 2

D) $\frac{1}{50000}$

20) _____

21) 6. 9 7 A) <u>697</u> 10

B) <u>679</u> 100

C) $\frac{697}{100}$

D) 697 1000

21) _____

22) 7. 2 A) $\frac{36}{5}$

B) 27 100

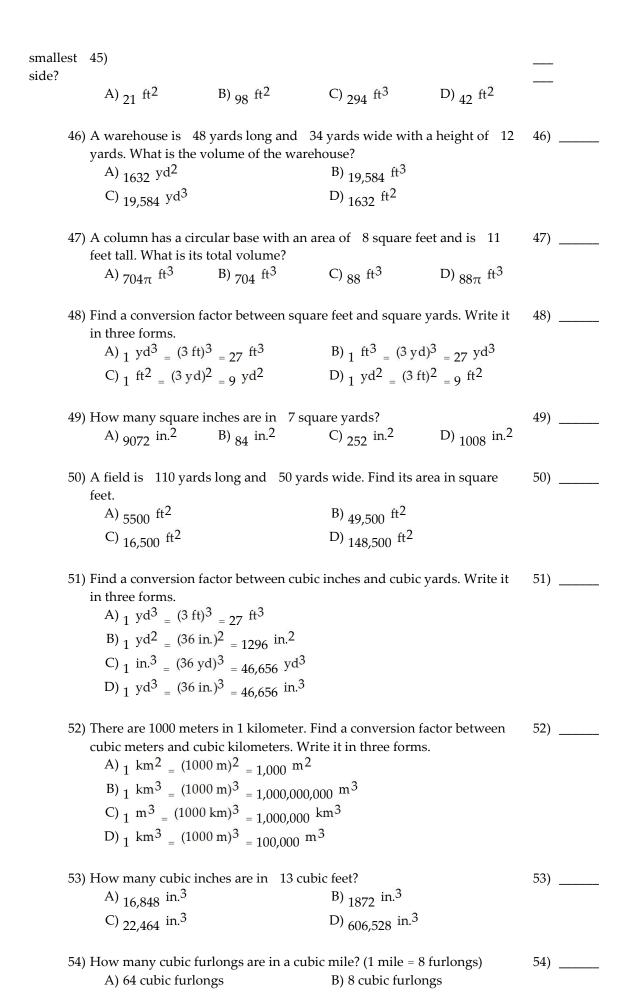
C) $\frac{18}{25}$

D) $\frac{27}{10}$

22) _____

| Conv | ert the common fracti | on into decimal for | rm. If necessary, 1 | ound to the neares | t thousandth. |
|-------|--|----------------------|---------------------------|----------------------|---------------|
| | 23) $\frac{9}{2}$ | | | | - / |
| | A) 4.5 | B) 18 | C) 3.5 | D) 5.5 | |
| | 24) <u>2</u> 11 | | | | 24) |
| | A) 0.2 | B) 0.182 | C) 0.018 | D) 0.154 | |
| | 25) <u>6</u> 7 | | | | 25) |
| | A) 0.862 | B) 0.857 | C) 0.854 | D) 1 | |
| | 26) $\frac{15}{47}$ | | | | 26) |
| | A) 0.479 | B) 3.133 | C) 0.229 | D) 0.319 | |
| | 27) <u>106</u> 71 | | | | 27) |
| | A) 1.603 | B) 0.67 | C) 1.493 | D) 1.303 | |
| | 28) <u>688</u> 895 | | | | 28) |
| | A) 0.879 | B) 0.776 | C) 0.579 | D) 0.769 | |
| | 29) <u>434</u> 62 | | | | 29) |
| | A) 6 | B) 7 | C) 8 | D) 6.2 | |
| Ident | ify the units you wou | ld expect for the gi | ven quantity. | | |
| | 30) A speed found by measured in seco | dividing a distanc | = - | ters by a time | 30) |
| | A) meter-secor | | B) seconds pe | er meter | |
| | C) square mete | | D) meters per | | |
| | 31) The price of grave weight in tons. | el, found by dividir | ng its total cost in | dollars by its total | 31) |
| | A) dollars per | ton | B) tons per d | ollar | |
| | C) ton-dollars | | D) cubic tons | | |
| | 32) The gas mileage of gallons of gas. | of a car, when you t | ravel 5522 kilom | eters using 11 | 32) |
| | A) \$/gal | B) gal/km | C) 50 | D) km/gal | |
| | 33) The amount of el kilowatts by time | in hours. | lculated by multi | plying power in | 33) |
| | A) kilowatts po | | B) kilowatt-h | | |
| | C) hours per k | ilowatt | D) kilowatts _l | per hour | |
| | 34) The price of pudo in ounces. | ling, found by divid | ding its cost in do | llars by its weight | 34) |
| | A) dollar-ound | es | B) dollars per | r ounce | |

| C) ounces per | dollar | D) ounce-dolla | rs | | |
|--------------------------------|-------------------------|--|------------------------------|-----|-----|
| 35) The density of a 1 | meteor, found by di | ividing its mass in k | ilograms by its | 35) | |
| volume in cubic i | · · | 7,10,11,6,11,0 | are grante by the | 00) | |
| A) kg^3/m | | C) $_{\text{kg/cm}^3}$ | D) cm ³ /kg | | |
| Carry out the indicated un | it conversion. Rou | nd your answer, if a | appropriate. | | |
| 36) Convert a distance | ce of 42 feet into y | ards. | | 36) | |
| A) 14 yards | | B) 28 yards | | | |
| C) 17 yards | | D) 126 yards | | | |
| 37) Convert a weight pound. | t of 19 pounds into | o ounces; there are 1 | 6 ounces in 1 | 37) | |
| A) 380 ounces | | B) 152 ounces | | | |
| C) 608 ounces | | D) 304 ounces | | | |
| 38) There are 8 ounce | | | | 38) | |
| _ | tn these conversion | s, convert 7 gallon | s into ounces. | | |
| A) 112 ounces | | B) 224 ounces | | | |
| C) 896 ounces | | D) 1792 ounces | ; | | |
| 39) Convert a distand mile. | ce of 15 miles into | yards; there are 176 | 60 yards in a | 39) | |
| A) 2640 yards | | B) 28,200 yard | S | | |
| C) 27,300 yard | S | D) 26,400 yard | S | | |
| 40) A car is driving a minute? | t 180 miles per ho | our. What is its spee | d in miles per | 40) | |
| A) 648,000 mil | es per minute | B) 3 miles per | minute | | |
| C) 240 miles p | er minute | D) 10,800 miles | s per minute | | |
| 41) | 1 | | | 41) | |
| Convert a lot size | of acre to squa | are feet (1 acre = 43, | 560 ft ²) | | |
| A) 10,890 squa | • | B) 1100 square | • | | |
| C) 11,000 squa | | | | | |
| 42) Use a chain of co | nversions with fam | iliar measures of tir | ne to convert 6 | 42) | |
| weeks into secon | | | | ŕ | |
| A) 518,400 seco | onds | B) 60,480 secon | nds | | |
| C) 151,200 seco | onds | D) 3,628,800 se | conds | | |
| Solve the problem. | | | | | |
| 43) A swimming poo | _ | 15 meters long, and of the water's surfa | | 43) | |
| A) $_{45}$ m ² | B) $_{315} \text{ m}^3$ | C) $_{105}$ m ² | D) $_{21}$ $^{\mathrm{m}^2}$ | | |
| 44) A swimming poo | - | - | | 44) | |
| | | water does the poo | | | |
| A) 16 III- | b) 96 III- | C) ₁₉₂ m ³ | 213 III | | |
| 45) A packing crate r | measures 3 feet by | 14 feet by 7 feet. | What is the area | of | its |



C) 4096 cubic furlongs

Currency British pound D) 512 cubic furlongs

0.7072

Use the following table of exchange rates to solve the problem. Round your answer when appropriate.

| Dollars per Foreign | Foreign per Dollar

1.414

| Canadian dollar European euro Japanese yen Mexican peso | 1.414 0.7834 1.256 0.01007 0.06584 | 0.7072 1.277 0.7965 99.34 15.19 | | |
|--|--|---|-----------------------------------|---------|
| | least, 1 British pound, | , 1 Canadian dolla | ar, 1 European | 55) |
| euro, or 1 dollar | | | | |
| A) 1 Canadian | | B) 1 dollar | | |
| C) 1 Europea | n euro | D) 1 British po | ound | |
| | ican pesos can you bı | • | | 56) |
| A) 2278.5 peso | | B) 9.876 pesos | | |
| C) 1.5105 peso | OS | D) 14,901 peso | os . | |
| 57) You return from yen worth in do | a trip with 3700 Jap llars? | oanese yen. How | much are your | 57) |
| A) \$ 2947.05 | B) \$ 37.26 | C) \$ 243.61 | D) \$ 367,558 | |
| | nd in Montreal sells a ollars. If you buy 4 § | | - , | 58) |
| A) \$ 13.16 | B) \$ 21.45 | C) \$ 21.10 | D) \$ 13.38 | |
| Use units to help you answ | wer the question. If r | necessary, round | your answer to two | decimal |
| 59) A community ga | arden contains 25 re That is the total area a | | | 59) |
| A) $_{1025} \text{ yd}^2$ | | C) $_{40}$ yd ² | D) ₇₀₀ yd ² | |
| 60) A stockbroker so total amount of | old 40 shares of stoc | k for \$34.45 each | n. What was the | 60) |
| A) \$1378.00 | B) \$1377.9 | C) \$1378.1 | D) \$1378.11 | |
| | uld spend \$7 every l l in a year? (Assume t | - | • | 61) |
| | contains 15 gallons aint, how many gallon B) 296 gal | • | ~ | 62) |
| | miles per gallon of ga f 44 miles per hour. H | - | | 63) |

| | A) 1.45 gal | B) 0.69 gal | C) 0.75 gal | D) 1.33 gal | |
|---------------------------|--|-----------------------|---|-------------------------|-------------------------|
| | 64) You are buying car | pet to cover a roo | m that measures 12 | 2 feet by 17 feet. | 64) |
| | The carpet costs \$2 | | | • | / |
| | A) \$1870.00 | B) \$204.00 | C) \$741.82 | D) \$623.33 | |
| | 11) \$10,000 | Σ) Ψ=01.00 | C) \$7 11.0 2 | 2) 4020.00 | |
| | 65) Assuming that you does your heart be | | mes per minute, ho | ow many times | 65) |
| | A) 36,288,000 | at in o days. | B) 604,800 | | |
| | C) 201,600 | | D) 25,200 | | |
| | C) 201,000 | | D) 20,200 | | |
| | 66) Suppose water flow minute. Do you us filling a bathtub wa | e more water by t | aking a 12-minute s | shower or by | 66) |
| | • | additional 6.96 ft | _ | | |
| | | an additional 6.96 | 920 | | |
| | | | 920 mg | | |
| | | an additional 3.44 | | | |
| | D) Bath uses an | additional 3.44 ft | of water | | |
| | • | oe of a rectangle n | neasuring 0.9 miles | | 67) |
| | what is the area of | the farm in acres? | | | |
| | A) 864 acres | | B) 1050 acres | | |
| | C) 0.16 acres | | D) 11.14 acres | | |
| | 68) Assume that you b | - | 10 seconds. How r | many breaths do | 68) |
| | A) 260,480 | B) 3024 | C) 25,920 | D) 181,440 | |
| | 11) 200,400 | b) 5024 | C) 25,720 | D) 101, 11 0 | |
| the qu An ex soluti | RT ANSWER. Write to the state of the state o | long with the sol | ution offered by a ain why the answe | student. State whe | ether the w to solve |
| | 69) Exam Question: A | supermarket sells | apples for \$ 15.5 p | er 69) | |
| | pound. You are bu | ying 4.3 pounds | of apples. How mu | ıch will | |
| | they cost, to the ne | arest cent? (Sales | tax is already inclu | ded.) | |
| | Student Solution: | $15.5 \div 4.3 = 3.6$ | 60. The apples will o | cost \$ | |
| | 3.60. | | | | |
| | 70) Exam Question: A | n airnlane travels | 90 miles in 10 m | inutes 70) | |
| | How fast is it going | • | | 70) | |
| | Student Solution: | - | | is going | |
| | 540 miles per hour | | | 8 8 | |
| | 7 F | | | | |
| | 71) Exam Question: Yo | ou purchased 60 | acres of farm land | for \$ 71) | |
| | 240,000. How much | - | | , | |
| | Student Solution: | | | oaid \$ | |
| | 14,400,000 per acre | | 1 | | |

- 72) I donated 64 fluid ounces of blood today.
- 72) _____
- 73) My friend wants to lose 15 pounds, but I think that's too much. I think 10 kilograms would make more sense.
- 73) _____
- 74) I got pulled over by a police officer for speeding. I was going 150 kiloliters per second.
- 74) _____
- 75) I can walk on my hands for 5 meters before falling down, but my goal is to walk a full decimeter without losing my balance.
- 75) _____
- 76) The container was big enough to hold a barrel of water, but it wasn't big enough to hold a barrel of petroleum.
- 76) _____
- 77) I found a rock at the bottom of our swimming pool. It had a mass of 500 grams and a volume of 1000 cubic centimeters, so its density was 0.5 g/cm^3 .
- 77) _____
- 78) Our utility company charges 10 cents per joule for the energy we use.
- 78) _____
- 79) To convert from Kelvin to Celsius, you subtract 273.15. For example, -100 K = -373.15 $^{\circ}$ C.
- 79) _____

MULTIPLE CHOICE. Choose the one alternative that best completes the statement or answers the question.

Solve the problem.

80)
$$10^2 \times 10^9$$

C)
$$10^{11}$$

81)
$$10^3 \times 10^{-6}$$

82)
$$\frac{10^2}{10^5}$$

83) _____

81) _____

C)
$$10^3$$

83)
$$\frac{10^9}{10^{-6}}$$

C)
$$10^3$$

84)
$$10^{-14} \times 10^{-3}$$

A) 10¹⁷

84) _____

86)
$$10^4$$
 $_+$ 10^8

| | A) 10,010,000 C) 1,000,000,000, | 000 | B) 100,010,000 D) 100,100,000 | | |
|----------------|--------------------------------------|--------------------------|--------------------------------------|--------------------------|-----|
| | C) 1,000,000,000, | .000 | D) 100,100,000 | | |
| 82 | 7) 106 _ 102 | | | | 87) |
| | A) 10,000 | B) 999,900 | C) 1,000,100 | D) 100,100 | |
| Answer | the following questi | on involving a co | nversion within th | e USCS system. | |
| 88 | 8) The baby weighs | 8.9 pounds. How | many ounces is tha | t? | 88) |
| | A) 89 ounces | | B) 106.8 ounces | 3 | |
| | C) 0.56 ounces | | D) 142.4 ounces | 3 | |
| 89 | 9) The container hold | s 4 gallons of wa | ter. How many flui | d ounces is | 89) |
| | that? A) 1024 fl oz | | B) 512 fl oz | | |
| | C) 256 fl oz | | D) 128 fl oz | | |
| | C) 230 II 02 | | D) 120 II 02 | | |
| 90 | 0) If a horse ran 7 fu | rlongs, how many | yards did it run? | | 90) |
| | A) 1540 yd | | B) 6160 yd | | |
| | C) 12,320 yd | | D) 36,960 yd | | |
| 9: | 1) A boat is moving a | t 49 miles per ho | ur. What is its spee | d in knots | 91) |
| | (nautical miles per | hour)? | | | |
| | A) 56.4 knots | | B) 40.6 knots | | |
| | C) 42.6 knots | | D) 58.4 knots | | |
| 92 | 2) How many gallons | are in 77 barrels | of petroleum? | | 92) |
| | A) 3234 gal | B) 4004 gal | C) 1.8 gal | D) 2387 gal | |
| 93 | 3) How many quarts | are in 59 barrels | of water? | | 93) |
| | | | C) 2478 qt | D) 7316 qt | , |
| 94 | 4) The customer boug | tht a peck of flour. | How many cubic is | nches of flour | 94) |
| | did he buy? | , 1 | J | | , |
| | A) _{268.8} in. ³ | | B) _{537.6} in. ³ | | |
| | C) $_{33.6}$ in. ³ | | D) _{67.2} in. ³ | | |
| State ho | ow much larger or sm | aller the first unit | t is than the second | | |
| | 5) nanometer, meter | aller the mist and | is than the second | • | 95) |
| | A) Smaller by a f | factor of 106 | B) Larger by a | factor of 106 | / |
| | C) Smaller by a f | ~ | D) Larger by a | | |
| | 7 Smaller by a l | lactor of | Larger by a | ractor of | |
| 90 | 6) gram, milligram | | | | 96) |
| | A) Smaller by a f | factor of 106 | B) Larger by a | factor of ¹⁰⁶ | |
| | C) Larger by a fa | actor of 10 ³ | D) Smaller by a | | |
| g [,] | 7) centiliter, microlite | r | | | 97) |
| , | A) Larger by a fa | | B) Larger by a | factor of 1000 | / |
| | C) Smaller by a f | | D) Smaller by a | | |
| 98 | 8) square decimeter, s | square kilometer | | | 98) |
| 90 | s) square declineter, s | quare knometer | | | 90) |

| ^{A)} Smaller by a fa | ctor of 108 | B) Smaller by a | factor of 10 ³ | |
|--------------------------------|-------------------------|-------------------|---------------------------|----------|
| C) Smaller by a fa | 2 | D) Smaller by a | | |
| 99) gigagram, microgran | | | | 99) |
| A) Larger by a fac | tor of 10 ¹⁵ | B) Larger by a | factor of 1018 | |
| C) Larger by a fac | | D) Larger by a | | |
| 100) cubic micrometer, cu | ıbic meter | | | 100) |
| A) Smaller by a fa | ctor of 10 ⁹ | B) Smaller by a | factor of 1012 | |
| C) Smaller by a fa | | D) Smaller by a | | |
| Convert the measurement to t | he units specifie | d. Round your ans | wer to the neares | t tenth. |
| 101) 21 feet to meters | | | | 101) |
| A) 68.9 meters | | B) 6.4 meters | | |
| C) 19.2 meters | | D) 8.5 meters | | |
| 102) 8 kilometers to yards | S | | | 102) |
| A) 67,976.8 yards | | B) 8749.3 yards | ; | |
| C) 22,658.9 yards | | D) 26,247.9 yar | ds | |
| 103) 25 liters to gallons | | | | 103) |
| A) 6.6 gallons | | B) 26.4 gallons | | |
| C) 23.7 gallons | | D) 94.6 gallons | | |
| 104) 15 cubic inches to mi | illiliters | | | 104) |
| A) 245.7 milliliters | 5 | B) 443.6 millilit | ers | |
| C) 0.9 milliliters | | D) 0.5 milliliter | s | |
| 105) 2400 square yards to | square meters | | | 105) |
| A) 2625.6 square r | | B) 2872.4 squar | e meters | |
| C) 2006.7 square r | neters | D) 2194.6 squar | e meters | |
| 106) 36 pounds to grams | | | | 106) |
| A) 16.3 grams | | B) 16,329.6 gra | ms | |
| C) 79.4 grams | | D) 79,380 gram | s | |
| 107) 91 kilometers per ho | ur to miles per ho | our | | 107) |
| A) 146.4 miles per | | B) 56.5 miles pe | er hour | |
| C) 125.3 miles per | hour | D) 66.6 miles p | er hour | |
| Convert the temperature, as ir | ndicated. Round | your answer to hu | ndredths, if appr | - |
| 108) 60°F, into Celsius | | | _, _, _, | 108) |
| A) 15.56°C | B) 51.11°C | C) 33.33°C | D) 28.00°C | |
| 109) 25°C, into Fahrenhei | t | | | 109) |
| A) 57°F | B) 77°F | C) 45.9°F | D) 13°F | / |
| | | | | |
| 110) 80°F, into Celsius | D) 06 4625 | G) 44 443G | D) 06 (700 | 110) |
| A) 48.00°C | B) 86.40°C | C) 44.44°C | D) 26.67°C | |

| | 111) -15°C, into Fahrenhe | eit | | | 111) |
|-----|---|--------------------|--|-------------------|------|
| | A) 17°F | B) 23.7°F | C) -59°F | D) 5°F | |
| | 112) 350 K, into Celsius | | | | 112) |
| | A) 76.85°C | B) -78.71°C | C) 276.85°C | D) 176.85°C | 112) |
| | 11) 70.00 C | b) 70.71 C | C) 27 0.00 C | D) 170.00 C | |
| | 113) -80°C, into Kelvin | | | | 113) |
| | A) 93.15 K | | B) 193.15 K | | , |
| | C) -353.15 K | | D) 129.15 K | | |
| Sol | ve the problem. | | | | |
| | 114) A 14-gram object ha | s a volume of 35 | cubic centimeters. | Find its density. | 114) |
| | A) $_{0.4 \text{ g/cm}^3}$ | | B) $_{490 \text{ g}}$ cm ³ | J | , |
| | | | D) $_{21}$ cm ³ | | |
| | C) _{2.5} cm ³ /g | | D) 21 Cm ² | | |
| | 115) What is the cost of li | ighting a 500-wat | t outdoor light for | 8 hours, if | 115) |
| | electricity costs 7.5¢ | • | | | |
| | A) 30 cents | B) 67 cents | C) 60 cents | D) 45 cents | |
| | 116) Suppose a necklace | is made from 18- | karat gold and we | ighs 54 grams. | 116) |
| | Find the weight, in § | | - | - | , |
| | A) 54 grams | • | B) 40.5 grams | | |
| | C) 18 grams | | D) 6 grams | | |
| | 117) A certain land area i | s 510.000 square | e miles, and it hold | ls a population | 117) |
| | of 61.3 million peo | - | | | |
| | A) 120 people/mi | Σ. | B) 832 people/ | · | |
| | 1 1 | | D) 83 people/ | | |
| | C) ₁₂₀₂ people/ ^m | .1- | 83 people/ | n- | |
| | 118) An average 12-ounc | e can of beer con | tains about 15 grar | ns of alcohol. | 118) |
| | Consider a person w | vith approximate | ly 4 liters (4000 r | nilliliters) of | |
| | blood, who quickly | drinks two cans o | of beer. If all the al | cohol were | |
| | immediately absorb | ed into the blood | stream, what bloo | d alcohol content | |
| | would we find? | | D) 0.055 // // // // // // // // // // // // / | , | |
| | A) 0.0375 g/100 m | | B) 0.375 g/100 | | |
| | C) 0.075 g/100 ml | | D) 0.75 g/100 r | nl | |
| | 119) Your electrical bill s | • | | | 119) |
| | January. Determine | • | 0, | | |
| | A) 284,800,000 jou | | B) 3,204,000,00 | • | |
| | C) 2,848,000,000 jo | oules | D) 320,400,000 | joules | |
| | 120) Your electrical bill s | tates that you use | ed 820 kilowatt-h | ours of energy in | 120) |
| | September. Determi | ne your average | power use, in watt | S. | |
| | A) 1366.7 watts | | B) 1102.2 watt | | |
| | C) 1252.8 watts | | D) 1138.9 watt | s | |
| | 121) You find a 4-pound | d nugget that is | 60% gold. What is | its purity in | 121) |
| | karats? | | - | - · | |
| | A) 60 karats | | B) 24 karats | | |
| | C) 14.4 karats | | D) 9.6 karats | | |

| 122) An object has a total volume of 4 lite | rs (which is 4000 cubic | 122) |
|---|---|-------------|
| centimeters) and a mass of 3 kilogram | ms. What is its density? Will it | |
| sink or float in water? | | |
| $^{\rm A)}$ 1.33 g/cm ³ ; sink | B) 1.33 g/cm^3 ; float | |
| $^{\rm C)}$ $_{0.75}$ g/cm ³ ; float | D) 0.75 g/cm^3 ; sink | |
| 123) You burn 300 Calories will exercising | g for 30 minutes. What is your | 123) |
| average power while exercising, in wa | | |
| A) 836.8 watts | B) 1046 watts | |
| C) 697.3 watts | D) 557.9 watts | |
| 124) Suppose the potatoes at a store in the guilders per kilogram, where one doll the price of the potatoes in dollars per | lar is worth 1.91 guilders. What is | 124) |
| A) \$0.36 per pound | B) \$0.10 per pound | |
| C) \$1.77 per pound | D) \$0.48 per pound | |
| 125) Suppose the eggplants at a store in Th kilogram, where one dollar is worth 1 eggplants in dollars per pound? | .37 baht. What is the price of the | 125) |
| A) \$3.75 per pound | B) \$0.77 per pound | |
| C) \$0.41 per pound | D) \$2.00 per pound | |
| 126) A supermarket in Japan sells soy milk 99.19 yen per dollar, then what is the A) \$ 3.06 per quart C) \$ 3.64 per quart | · - | 126) |
| 127) A piece of land in Ottawa with an area priced at 5700 Canadian dollars. If the per (U.S.) dollar, then what is the price A) \$ 23,265.76 per square mile C) \$ 3468.72 per square mile | nere are 1.269 Canadian dollars e in dollars per square mile? B) \$ 37,466.27 per square mile | 127) |
| 128) Recently, one U.S. dollar was worth al much would a car have cost in U.S. do pounds? | • | 128) |
| A) \$ 21,242.36 | B) \$ 7376.10 | |
| C) \$ 14,748.30 | D) \$ 5694.78 | |
| 129) Recently, one U.S. dollar was worth almuch would 525 U.S. dollars be wor | • | 129) |
| A) \$ 5906.25 B) \$ 34.56 | C) \$ 46.92 D) \$ 7974.75 | |
| SHORT ANSWER. Write the word or phrase | that best completes each statement | or answers |
| the question. | nlain vous rosconi | |
| Decide whether the statement makes sense. Ex | | |
| 130) If you complete the four-step problem and thoroughly, then you will have no | | |
| final answer. | o ancertainty about your | |

| • | s not recommended that you use approximations to solve a blem, because then your solution is only an approximation. | 131) |
|--|--|--------------------|
| alw | ether it's a problem in mathematics or something else, I rays find it's best to complete the work by looking back to ck, interpret, and explain my solution. | 132) |
| Solve the pro | | 100) |
| stre the who nor truc one resi thre | raffic counter consists of a thin black tube stretched across a set or highway and connected to a "brain box" at the side of road. The device registers one "count" each time a set of seels (that is, wheels on a single axle) rolls over the tube. A smal automobile (two axles) registers two counts, and a light sek (three axles) registers three counts. Suppose that, during a se-hour period, a particular counter registers 41 counts on a sedential street on which only two-axle vehicles (cars) and see-axle vehicles (light trucks) are allowed. How many cars I light trucks passed over the traffic counter? Find all the sible solutions to the problem. | 133) |
| line witl that | al and Saul ran a 50-meter race. When Paul crossed the finish e, Saul had run only 48 meters. Then they ran a second race, th Paul starting 2 meters behind the starting line. Assuming the both runners ran at the same pace as in the first race, who in the second race? | 134) |
| on a and grey the mile | o bicyclists, 42 miles apart, begin riding toward each other a long straight avenue. One cyclist travels 15 miles per hour I the other 20 miles per hour. At the same time, Spot (a yhound), starting at one cyclist, runs back and forth between two cyclists as they approach each other. If Spot runs 38 es per hour and turns around instantly at each cyclist, how has he run when the cyclists meet? | 135) |
| mai mo and the in th | opose that you begin with a red bucket containing 12 red rbles and a yellow bucket containing 12 yellow marbles. You we three marbles from the red bucket to the yellow bucket, I then you move any four marbles from the yellow bucket to red bucket. Which is greater, the number of yellow marbles the red bucket or the number of red marbles in the yellow eket? | 136) |
| a le | opose that 8 turns of a wire are wrapped around a pipe with ngth of 60 inches and a circumference of 4 inches. What is length of the wire? | 137) |
| eve two eve und | opose that China's population policy is modified so that ry family could have children until either a boy is born or children are born, whichever comes first. Assuming that ry family chooses to have as many children as possible der this policy, and that boys and girls are equally likely, w many children would be born in a typical group of 1000 | fami 138) lies? |

| 139) | A curved bridge rises over a river, so that the two endpoints of the bridge are 160 yards apart horizontally. You walk across the bridge with a device to measure its length and discover that the walking distance is 168 yards. Approximately how high does the bridge rise above the horizontal? | 139) |
|------|---|------|
| 140) | A curved bridge rises over a canyon. The two endpoints of the bridge are one mile apart horizontally. The bridge rises to a height of 322 feet above the horizontal. Approximately what is the walking distance along the bridge, in feet? | 140) |
| 141) | Cheddar cheese comes in 2-pound bags, and mozzarella cheese comes in 5-pound bags. Using entire bags, you make a 47-pound mixture of cheese. How many bags of each type of cheese did you use? Find all the possible solutions to the problem. | 141) |
| 142) | Suppose that you have 10 white socks and 6 black socks in a clothes dryer. How many socks must you withdraw from the dryer (without looking) to be certain of having a pair of white socks? | 142) |
| 143) | You are considering buying 15 silver coins that look alike, but you have been told that one of the coins is a lightweight counterfeit. How can you determine the lightweight coin in a maximum of three weighings on a balance scale? | 143) |
| 144) | It takes you 81 seconds to walk from the first (ground) floor of a building to the fourth floor. How long will it take to walk from the first floor to the 8th floor (at the same pace, assuming that all floors have the same height)? | 144) |
| 145) | A father and son are in a terrible car accident. The father is killed. The son, badly injured, is brought to the hospital for emergency surgery. The surgeon takes one look at the patient and exclaims, "That's my son!" How is this possible? | 145) |
| 146) | A trader bought a stock for \$ 70 and then sold it for \$ 80. He bought it back for \$ 92 and then sold it again for \$ 102. How much did he gain or lose on these transactions? | 146) |
| 147) | Three boxes are labeled "CDs," "DVDs," and "CDs & DVDs." Each label is wrong. Bey selecting just one item from just one box, how can you determine the correct labeling of the boxes? | 147) |
| 148) | There are 20 bags filled with coins that all look alike. The coins in 19 of the bags are authentic and weigh 10 ounces each. The coins in one of the bags are counterfeit and weigh 11 ounces each. With only one weighing on a scale, how can you determine which bag contains the counterfeit coins? | 148) |

| 149) There is a large jar of marbles, containing red, blue, yellow, black, and white marbles. How many marbles must you draw (without looking) from the jar to be sure of getting at least three of one color? | 149) |
|---|------|
| 150) Abe, Boris, Cal, and David all proposed to Ellie on Friday. Abe proposed at 5:00, Boris proposed at 6:00, Cal proposed at 7:00, and David proposed at 8:00. Ellie accepted the last of the four proposals. Some clues: (1) The times may be A.M. or P.M. (2) Boris proposed before Abe (3) At least one suitor proposed between the proposals of Cal and David. (4) Cal did not propose between Boris and Al. Whose proposal did Ellie accept? | 150) |
| 151) How do you measure 6 minutes with a 7-minute hourglass and a 5-minute hourglass? Assume that the hourglasses can only measure 7-minute and 5-minute intervals, respectively, and cannot be used to measure other time intervals. | 151) |

- 1) Does not make sense. Kilometers per hour are a unit of speed, not distance. If you drive fast but only for a short period of time, you will not go far. (Explanations will vary.)
- 2) Does not make sense. Carpeting covers the area of the floors, not volume. (Indeed, if it covered the volume of the rooms, there wouldn't be any space left for people or furniture.) Cubic feet are a measure of volume, not area. (Explanations will vary.)
- 3) Makes sense. Gallons are a measure of volume and, depending on the size of the boat, 50 gallons could be a reasonable quantity of water. (Explanations will vary.)
- 4) Does not make sense. Dividing speed by time does not yield distance. Multiplying speed by time yields distance. For example, $10 \text{ mi/hr} \times 2 \text{ hr} = 20 \text{ mi}$. (Explanations will vary.)
- 5) $\frac{7 \text{ days}}{1 \text{ wk}} \times \frac{24 \text{ hr}}{1 \text{ day}} \times \frac{60 \text{ min}}{1 \text{ hr}} \times \frac{60 \text{ sec}}{1 \text{ min}} = (7 \times 24 \times 60 \times 60) \text{ seconds, since all the other units cancel.}$ There are 604,800 seconds in a week. (Explanations will vary.)
- 6) Does not make sense. There are 12 inches per foot, but there are 36 inches per yard. To convert square yard to square inches, multiply by $^{36^2}$ or 1296. (Explanations will vary.)
- 7) D
- 8) C
- 9) B
- 10) B
- 11) B
- 12) D
- 13) D
- 14) C
- 15) C 16) A
- 10) 11
- 17) B 18) B
- 19) D
- 20) A
- 21) C
- 22) A
- 23) A
- 24) B
- 25) B
- 26) D
- 27) C
- 28) D
- 29) B 30) D
- 50) D
- 31) A
- 32) D
- 33) B
- 34) B 35) C
- 36) A
- 37) D
- 38) C
- 39) D
- 40) B
- 41) A
- 42) D

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43) C
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- 44) C
- 45) A
- 46) C
- 47) C
- 47) C
- 48) D
- 49) A
- 50) B
- 51) D
- 52) B
- 53) C
- 54) D
- 55) A
- 56) A
- 57) B
- 58) A
- FO) D
- 59) B
- 60) A
- 61) B
- 62) C
- 63) D
- 64) D
- 65) B
- 66) A
- 67) A
- 68) D
- 69) The student solution is wrong. The price per pound should be multiplied by the number of pounds, not divided. It helps to include the units in the calculation, as follows: \$ 15.5/pound × 4.3 pounds = \$ 66.65.
- 70) The student solution is right. With the units included, the calculation is as follows: $90 \text{ miles} \div 10 \text{ minutes} \times 60 \text{ minutes/hour} = 540 \text{ mph}.$
- 71) The student solution is wrong. The price should be divided by the number of acres, not multiplied. It helps to include the units in the calculation, as follows: \$240,000 ÷ 60 acres = \$4000 per acre.
- 72) Does not make sense. The units are fine, but 64 fluid ounces are equivalent to 4 pints. A typical blood donation is one pint; donating four pints would be dangerous. (Explanations will vary.)
- 73) Does not make sense. 10 kilograms is about 22 pounds. If 15 pounds is too much, then certainly 22 pounds is too much. (Explanations will vary.)
- 74) Does not make sense. Kiloliters are a unit of volume, and speed is measured in units of distance divided by time. (Explanations will vary.)
- 75) Does not make sense. A decimeter is a tenth of a meter, and this person can already travel 50 times that. Perhaps he wants to be able to walk on his hands for a full decameter, or 10 meters. (Explanations will vary.)
- 76) Makes sense. A barrel of liquid and a barrel of petroleum are two distinct measures of volume. A barrel of liquid, such as water, is 31 gallons, but a barrel of petroleum is 42 gallons. If the container were 31-41 gallons, it could hold a barrel of water but not a barrel of petroleum. (Explanations will vary.)
- 77) Does not make sense. The calculation is correct, and the units are fine, but an object with a density under 1 g/cm^3 would not sink in water. (Explanations will vary.)
- 78) Does not make sense. The units are fine, but the magnitude is ridiculous. A regular 100-watt bulb consumes energy at a rate of 100 joules per second. If the utility charged 10

cents joule, it would cost \$1 just to keep a 100-watt bulb on for a single second. That's \$86,400 a day! (Explanations will vary.)

- 79) Does not make sense. The general formula is correct, but the numbers don't make sense. A temperature of 0 K is the coldest possible temperature, known as absolute zero. A temperature of -100 K is theoretically impossible. (Explanations will vary.)
- 80) C
- 81) D
- 82) D
- 83) A
- 84) C
- 85) B
- 86) B
- 87) B
- 88) D
- 89) B
- 90) A
- 91) C
- 92) A
- 93) D
- 94) B
- 95) C
- 96) C
- 97) A
- 98) A
- 99) A
- 100) C
- 101) B
- 102) B
- 103) A 104) A
- 105) C
- 106) B
- 107) B
- 108) A
- 109) B
- 110) D 111) D
- 112) A
- 113) B
- 114) A
- 115) A
- 116) B
- 117) A
- 118) D
- 119) B
- 120) D
- 121) C
- 122) C
- 123) C
- 124) B 125) C
- 126) C

- 127) A
- 128) C
- 129) D
- 130) Does not make sense. The four-step process is a useful guide to problem solving, but the four steps offer only general advice. Following them will not automatically lead to a unique solution, since some questions do not lend themselves to unique solutions. This is fairly obvious when the question is one of politics or policy. For example, what is the best way to improve the economy? Different experts will recommend different-even contradictory-things (e.g., raise taxes, lower taxes), and no single best answer may be available. The same is true of mathematical problems, particularly when the information provided is incomplete or lacks context. Nonunique solutions often occur because not enough information is available to distinguish among a variety of possibilities. (Explanations will vary.)
- 131) Does not make sense. Most real problems involve approximate numbers to begin with, so an approximation is often good enough for a final answer. In other cases, an approximation will reveal the essential character of a problem, making it easer to reach an exact solution. Approximations also provide a useful check. If you come up with an "exact solution" that isn't close to the approximate one, something may have gone wrong. (Explanations will vary.)
- 132) Makes sense. This is essentially step 4 in the four-step process. Although you may be tempted to think you have finished after you find a result in step 3, this final step is the most important. After all, a result is not very useful if it is wrong or misinterpreted or cannot be explained to others. (Explanations will vary.)
- 133) 1 car and 13 light trucks; 4 cars and 11 light trucks; 7 cars and 9 light trucks; 10 cars and 7 light trucks; 13 cars and 5 light trucks; 16 cars and 3 light trucks; 19 cars and 1 light truck
- 134) Paul
- 135) 45.6 mi
- 136) The number of yellow marbles in the red bucket is greater.
- 137) 68 in.
- 138) 1500
- 139) 25.6 yards
- 140) 5319.1 feet
- 141) 1 bag cheddar and 9 bags mozzarella; 6 bags cheddar and 7 bags mozzarella; 11 bags cheddar and 5 bags mozzarella; 16 bags cheddar and 3 bags mozzarella; 21 bags cheddar and 1 bag mozzarella.
- 142) 8 socks
- 143) Answers may vary. One possible answer: Separate the coins into three sets of five coins. Weigh two of the sets. The lightweight coin is in the lighter of the two sets, or if the two sets balance, it is in the third set. Now weigh two pairs of coins from the lightweight set of five coins. If they balance, the fifth coin is the lightweight coin; otherwise, weigh the coins in the lightweight pair to find the lightweight coin.
- 144) 189 seconds
- 145) The surgeon is a woman. She is the mother of the patient.
- 146) He gained \$20 on the transactions.
- 147) Select an item from the box labeled "CDs & DVDs." Since the label is wrong, it must be either a box of CDs or a box of DVDs. First assume that the item you selected is a CD. This box is therefore a box of CDs and should be labeled "CDs." Since the box labeled "DVDs" is also labeled incorrectly, it must be either a box of CDs or a box of both CDs and DVDs. Since you have already identified the first box as a box of CDs, the second box must therefore be a box of CDs and DVDs and should be labeled "CDs & DVDs." Finally, the box incorrectly labeled "CDs" should have the remaining label, "DVDs." Now assume that the item you selected is a DVD. By similar reasoning, this box should be labeled "DVDs," the

box rectly labeled "CDs" should be labeled "CDs & DVDs," and the box incorrectly labeled incor "DVDs" should be labeled "CDs."

- 148) Label the bags 1-20 and choose one coin from bag 1, two coins from bag 2, three coins from bag 3, and so on. Weigh all the coins you chose together, a total of 210 coins. If all the coins were authentic, they would would weigh 2100 oz, since $210 \text{ coins} \times 10 \text{ oz/coin} = 2100 \text{ oz}$. However, 1-20 of the coins are counterfeit, and each (11-oz) counterfeit coin will add an extra ounce to the weight. If the actual weight is 2101, there must be one counterfeit coin, and since one coin was chosen from bag 1, bag 1 must have the counterfeit coins. If the actual weight is 2102, bag 2 must have the counterfeits; if the actual weight is 2103, bag 3 must have the counterfeits, etc. In general:
 - (Actual weight, in oz) -2100 = the number of the bag with the counterfeit coins.
- 149) 11 marbles
- 150) Cal's proposal
- 151) Answers may vary. One possibility: Start both hourglasses simultaneously. When the 5-minute hourglass runs out, immediately turn it upside down and start the timing of the 6-minute interval. There will be 2 minutes of time left in the 7-minute hourglass. When it runs out, immediately turn both hourglasses upside down. There will be 2 minutes of time left in the 5-minute hourglass (the 2 minutes that ran down before it was flipped). When it runs out, immediately turn the 7-minute hourglass upside down. There will be 2 minutes of time left in it (again, the 2 minutes that ran down before it was flipped). When it runs out, the timing of the 6-minute interval is complete (2 + 2 + 2 minutes = 6 minutes). Incidentally, if you continue in this fashion, you can measure any interval of an even number of minutes using these two hourglasses. Of course, some intervals (e.g., 10 minutes, 14 minutes) can be measured much more simply using just one hourglass.