

Marketing: An Introduction, 10e (Armstrong/Kotler)
Chapter 2 Company and Marketing Strategy: Partnering

Chapter 2 Company and Marketing Strategy: Partnering to Build Customer Relationships

1)	is the task of	developing	and mai	ntaining a	n overall	company	strategy	for l	long-run
survival and	growth.								

- A) Strategic planning
- B) Annual market planning
- C) Short-term planning
- D) Long-range planning
- E) Advertising

Answer: A

Diff: 2 Page Ref: 39 Skill: Concept Objective: 2-1

2) _____ involves adapting a firm to take advantage of opportunities in its constantly changing environment.

- A) Long-range planning
- B) Short-range planning
- C) Annual planning
- D) Strategic planning
- E) Environmental scanning

Answer: D

Diff: 2 Page Ref: 39 Skill: Concept Objective: 2-1

- 3) Starbucks has an annual plan in place to deal with the company's current SBUs and their operations. However, as a growth-oriented firm, Starbucks is interested in both domestic and international markets. This requires Starbucks to constantly monitor the environment and adapt to the opportunities with which it is presented. To take advantage of its changing marketing opportunities, it is most important for Starbucks to have which of the following in place?
- A) value-delivery network
- B) mission statement
- C) supporting objectives
- D) profit analysis
- E) strategic plan

Answer: E

Diff: 2 Page Ref: 39 Skill: Concept Objective: 2-1

- 4) The first step in strategic planning is to _____.
- A) set objectives and goals
- B) develop the business portfolio
- C) define the company mission
- D) plan marketing strategies
- E) identify a problem

Answer: C

Diff: 1 Page Ref: 39 Skill: Concept Objective: 2-1

- 5) Which of the following is NOT a step in the strategic planning process?
- A) defining the company mission
- B) setting company objectives and goals
- C) designing the business portfolio
- D) planning marketing and other functional strategies
- E) identifying the company's culture

Answer: E

Diff: 2 Page Ref: 39 Skill: Concept Objective: 2-1

- 6) Which of the following provides an answer to these questions: What is our business? Who are our customers? What do our customers value? What should our business be?
- A) objectives and goals
- B) mission statement
- C) business portfolio
- D) marketing and functional strategies
- E) operational strategies

Answer: B

Diff: 2 Page Ref: 39 Skill: Concept

AACSB: Communication

7) A vendor for Ford Motor Company received the following message from one of Ford's
marketing managers: "As we move forward during the 21st century, it is incumbent upon us to
inform you that Ford is committed to building profitable customer relationships by creating
environmentally better cars and getting them to market faster at lower costs." The marketing
manager is most likely referring to Ford's
A) vision statement
B) market tactics
C) business portfolio
D) mission statement
E) business objectives
Answer: D
Diff: 2 Page Ref: 39-40
Skill: Concept
AACSB: Reflective Thinking
Objective: 2-1
8) should be market oriented and defined in terms of
A) Strategic plans; company needs
B) Annual plans; product needs
C) Long-range plans; company needs
D) Mission statements; customer needs
E) Objectives; customer needs
Answer: D
Diff: 2 Page Ref: 39
Skill: Concept
AACSB: Communication
Objective: 2-1
9) A defines a business in terms of satisfying basic customer needs.
A) market-oriented mission statement
B) product-oriented mission statement
C) technology-oriented mission statement
D) environment-oriented mission statement
E) strategic plan
Answer: A
Diff: 2 Page Ref: 40
Skill: Concept
AACSB: Communication

- 10) When the makers of a ballpoint pen state they are in the communication equipment business, they are defining their mission too _____.
- A) narrowly
- B) realistically
- C) specifically
- D) broadly
- E) early

Answer: D

Diff: 1 Page Ref: 40 Skill: Concept

AACSB: Reflective Thinking

Objective: 2-1

- 11) All of the following are accurate guidelines for a company's mission statement EXCEPT which one?
- A) A mission statement should be realistic.
- B) A mission statement should focus on sales or profits.
- C) A mission statement should fit the market environment.
- D) A mission statement should be specific.
- E) A mission statement should motivate employees.

Answer: B

Diff: 2 Page Ref: 39-40

Skill: Concept Objective: 2-1

- 12) Which of the following is NOT a market-oriented business definition?
- A) "to provide a global trading platform where practically anyone can trade practically anything"
- B) "to sell tools and home repair and improvement items"
- C) "to deliver low prices every day"
- D) "to be the guardian of our customers' financial dreams"
- E) "to bring inspiration and innovation to every athlete in the world"

Answer: B

Diff: 2 Page Ref: 40 Skill: Concept

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AACSB: Reflective Thinking

Objective: 2-1

- 13) Which of the following is NOT an example of a market-oriented mission statement?
- A) "We make the Internet buying experience fast, easy, and enjoyable."
- B) "We create customer connectivity anytime, anywhere."
- C) "We create fantasies."
- D) "We hold online auctions."
- E) "We empower customers to achieve the homes of our dreams."

Answer: D

Diff: 2 Page Ref: 40 Skill: Concept

AACSB: Reflective Thinking

- 14) All of the following are examples of product-oriented mission statements, EXCEPT which one?
- A) "At America Online, we provide online services."
- B) "At Disney, we run theme parks."
- C) "At Nike, we sell shoes."
- D) "At Revlon, we sell lifestyle and self-expression; success and status; memories, hopes, and dreams."
- E) "At Ritz-Carlton Hotels, we rent rooms."

Answer: D

Diff: 2 Page Ref: 40 Skill: Concept

AACSB: Reflective Thinking

Objective: 2-1

- 15) Revlon has clearly defined its "mission" of selling lifestyle and self-expression. In order for the firm to launch its strategic plan, the mission needs to be turned into detailed ______ that guide each level of the company.
- A) sets of strategies
- B) sets of tactics
- C) sets of product mixes
- D) supporting objectives
- E) sets of promotional tools

Answer: D

Diff: 2 Page Ref: 40

Skill: Concept

AACSB: Reflective Thinking

Objective: 2-1

- 16) Paul Pierce is busy working with other managers evaluating the products and businesses making up their company. Paul is engaged in _____.
- A) defining the company's mission statement
- B) preparing a business portfolio
- C) portfolio analysis
- D) marketing planning
- E) marketing control

Answer: C

Diff: 2 Page Ref: 43 Skill: Concept Objective: 2-2

17) The collection of businesses and products that make up a company is called its
A) strategic business unit
B) mission statement
C) strategic plan
D) business portfolio
E) operational factors
Answer: D
Diff: 1 Page Ref: 43
Skill: Concept
Objective: 2-2
18) Business portfolio planning involves two steps: and A) identifying SBUs; assessing the attractiveness of SBUs B) analyzing the current business portfolio; shaping the future business portfolio C) identifying internal strengths; identifying external opportunities D) conducting a SWOT analysis; establishing marketing controls
E) identifying growth opportunities; evaluating growth opportunities
Answer: B
Diff: 2 Page Ref: 43
Skill: Concept
Objective: 2-2
19) can be a company division, a product line within a division, or sometimes a single product or brand.
A) A market
B) The BCG
C) An SBU
D) A PLC
E) A value delivery network
Answer: C
Diff: 2 Page Ref: 43
Skill: Concept
Objective: 2-2
20) After management has identified the key businesses making up its company, what is the next
step?
A) identify businesses in which to invest
B) assess the attractiveness of its SBUs
C) decide whether to harvest any businesses
D) complete short-range planning
E) SBU identification
Answer: B
Diff: 2 Page Ref: 43
Skill: Concept
Objective: 2-2

21) The best known product portfolio planning method was developed by
A) Philip Kotler
B) Harvard University C) the SPI Consulting Firm
C) the SRI Consulting Firm D) the Regton Consulting Crown
D) the Boston Consulting Group
E) James P. Hess Answer: D
Diff: 1 Page Ref: 43
Skill: Concept
Objective: 2-2
objective. 2 2
22) Most portfolio analysis methods evaluate SBUs on two dimensions, namely and .
A) market share; strength of the SBU's position
B) market or industry growth rate; market or industry attractiveness
C) market or industry attractiveness; strength of the SBU's position
D) market growth rate; profits
E) market penetration; market development
Answer: C
Diff: 2 Page Ref: 43
Skill: Concept
Objective: 2-2
23) In the Boston Consulting Group approach, provide(s) a measure of market attractiveness.
A) relative market share
B) SBUs
C) cash cows
D) market growth rate
E) dogs
Answer: D
Diff: 2 Page Ref: 43
Skill: Concept Objective: 2-2
objective. 2 2
24) In the Boston Consulting Group approach, serve(s) as a measure of company
strength in the market.
A) relative market share
B) SBUs
C) cash cows
D) market growth rate
E) market segmentation
Answer: A
Diff: 2 Page Ref: 43
Skill: Concept
Objective: 2-2

25) The BCG growth-share matrix classifies four types of SBUs. They are,
, and A) product; price; promotion; placement
B) sales; market share; price; promotion
C) stars; cash cows; question marks; dogs
D) planning; organizing; leading; controlling
E) market penetration; market development; product development; diversification
Answer: C
Diff: 2 Page Ref: 43-44
Skill: Concept
Objective: 2-2
26) In the BCG approach, are high-share, high-growth businesses or products. They need heavy investment to finance rapid growth. When their growth slows down, they turn into
A) cash cows; stars
B) question marks; dogs
C) stars; question marks
D) stars; cash cows
E) dogs; cash cows
Answer: D
Diff: 2 Page Ref: 43-44
Skill: Concept
Objective: 2-2
27) are low-growth, high share businesses or products. They generate a lot of cash that the firm uses to pay its bills and support other SBUs that need investment. A) Stars B) Cash cows C) Question marks D) Dogs E) Cats Answer: B Diff: 2 Page Ref: 44 Skill: Concept Objective: 2-2
28) When dealing with a, managers must decide whether to invest in it in an attempt to build it into a star or cash cow or whether to phase it out. A) star
B) dog
C) question mark
D) cash cow
E) cat
Answer: C
Diff: 2 Page Ref: 44
Skill: Concept
Objective: 2-2

29) In the BCG matrix, income from	can be used to help finance the company's
question marks and stars.	
A) dogs	
B) SBUs	
C) cash cows	
D) sales revenue	
E) overseas operations	
Answer: C	
Diff: 2 Page Ref: 44	
Skill: Concept	
Objective: 2-2	
30) The four possible strategies that can be pu, and	ursued for each SBU are building, holding,
A) harvesting; divesting	
B) promoting; selling	
C) downsizing; expanding	
D) diversifying; penetrating	
E) developing; growing	
Answer: A	
Diff: 2 Page Ref: 44	
Skill: Concept	
Objective: 2-2	
31) Which of the following does NOT accura approach? A) It focuses on future planning. B) It can be costly to conduct. C) It can be time consuming to implement. D) It is difficult to define SBUs and measure E) It focuses on classifying current businesses. Answer: A Diff: 2 Page Ref: 44 Skill: Concept Objective: 2-2	market share and growth.
managers, today's strategic planning is more A) short-term oriented B) decentralized C) limitation-free D) product-oriented E) centralized Answer: B Diff: 2 Page Ref: 44 Skill: Concept	ast, which were conducted primarily by senior
Objective: 2-2	

- 33) Which department in a company carries the primary responsibility for achieving profitable growth?

 A) marketing
 B) finance
 C) operations
 D) human resources
- E) management

Answer: A

Diff: 1 Page Ref: 45 Skill: Concept Objective: 2-2

- 34) Which of the following is a useful tool for identifying growth opportunities?
- A) the BCG matrix
- B) the business portfolio
- C) the product/market expansion grid
- D) the value chain
- E) the value delivery network

Answer: C

Diff: 1 Page Ref: 45 Skill: Concept Objective: 2-2

- 35) Mountain Home Farms is now using the product/market expansion grid to develop strategies. The owners of the company have most likely found the grid to be quite useful for identifying
- A) target markets
- B) growth opportunities
- C) key customers
- D) new products
- E) suppliers

Answer: B

Diff: 1 Page Ref: 45

AACSB: Reflective Thinking

Objective: 2-2

- 36) Making more sales without changing a firm's products is _____.
- A) market development
- B) market growth
- C) market penetration
- D) product development
- E) market attractiveness

Answer: C

Diff: 1 Page Ref: 45 Skill: Concept Objective: 2-2

37) Disney is identifying and developing new markets for its theme parks. Disney is exploring
possibilities for
A) market penetration
B) market development
C) downsizing
D) diversification
E) product development
Answer: B
Diff: 2 Page Ref: 46
Skill: Concept
Objective: 2-2
38) If Under Armour, the successful maker of moisture-wicking shirts and shorts, considered
introducing a line of Under Armour fitness equipment, the company would be considering
A) marketing controls
B) market development
C) diversification
D) market penetration
E) product adaptation
Answer: C
Diff: 2 Page Ref: 46
Skill: Concept
AACSB: Reflective Thinking
Objective: 2-2
39) entails reducing the business portfolio by eliminating products that no longer fit
the company's overall strategy.
A) Market segmentation
B) BCG
C) Product line extension
D) Downsizing
E) Market redesign
Answer: D
Diff: 1 Page Ref: 46
Skill: Concept
Objective: 2-2

- 40) Which of the following is NOT a reason that a firm might want to abandon products or markets? A) The market environment has changed, making a product less profitable.
- B) The firm has entered areas in which it does not have expertise.
- C) The economic climate is showing signs of recovery.
- D) The firm has grown too fast.
- E) The firm has not properly researched foreign markets which it has entered.

Answer: C

Diff: 2 Page Ref: 46 Skill: Concept Objective: 2-2

- 41) The marketing concept is best thought of as which of the following?
- A) a guiding philosophy for the company's marketing strategy
- B) a specific approach to building relationships with customers, vendors, and suppliers
- C) the overall purpose of the company
- D) the position the company's product holds in customers' minds
- E) the organization of the company's marketing department

Answer: A

Diff: 2 Page Ref: 46 Skill: Concept Objective: 2-3

- 42) Each department in a company that carries out value-creating activities can be thought of as a link in the company's
- A) market development
- B) product development
- C) business portfolio
- D) value chain
- E) value delivery network

Answer: D

Diff: 1 Page Ref: 47 Skill: Concept Objective: 2-3

- 43) As a company's different functions work to produce value for consumers, the marketing department of a firm should take the _____ point of view.
- A) employees'
- B) managers'
- C) stockholders'
- D) consumers'
- E) distributors'

Answer: D

Diff: 2 Page Ref: 47 Skill: Concept Objective: 2-3

44) Multinationals like Honda Motor Co. and Wal-Mart stores have designed programs to work
closely with their suppliers to help them reduce their costs and improve quality. This illustrates
the importance of an efficient
A) business model
B) low-cost operator
C) product mix
D) value-delivery network
E) problem-solver
Answer: D
Diff: 2 Page Ref: 48
Skill: Concept
Objective: 2-3
45) is the marketing logic by which a company hopes to achieve profitable customer
relationships.
1
A) Price P) Poing a law cost appreture
B) Being a low-cost operator
C) A consistent product mix
D) Marketing strategy
E) Implementing a differentiation strategy
Answer: D
Diff: 1 Page Ref: 49
Skill: Concept
Objective: 2-4
46) In a visual representation of the marketing process, which of the following should appear in
46) In a visual representation of the marketing process, which of the following should appear in
the center?
A) sales goals
B) customer relationships
C) company objectives
D) customer retention rates
E) competitors
Answer: B
Diff: 2 Page Ref: 49
Skill: Concept
Objective: 2-4
47) A sound marketing strategy begins with
A) positioning
B) customer analysis
C) differentiation
D) promotion
E) SWOT analysis
Answer: B
Diff: 2 Page Ref: 49-50
Skill: Concept
Objective: 2-4

48) The process of customer-driven marketing involves,,	_, and
A) product; price; promotion; adaptation B) market segmentation; market targeting; differentiation; positioning C) marketing analysis; planning; implementation; feedback D) analysis; targeting; implementation; control E) problem identification; information search; decision; implementation	
Answer: B	
Diff: 2 Page Ref: 50	
Skill: Concept	
Objective: 2-4	
49) The process of dividing a market into distinct groups of buyers with different needs, characteristics, or behaviors is called A) market targeting	
B) positioning	
C) marketing strategy	
D) market segmentation	
E) market extension	
Answer: D	
Diff: 1 Page Ref: 50	
Skill: Concept	
Objective: 2-4	
50) For Hyundai Corporation, customers who care primarily about the price of a car and	its
operating economy make up one	
A) market position	
B) value network	
C) market segment	
D) customer extension	
E) value chain Answer: C	
Diff: 2 Page Ref: 50	
Skill: Concept	
Objective: 2-4	
51) involves evaluating each market segment's attractiveness and selecting or	ie or
more segments to enter.	
A) Market segmentation	
B) Product differentiation	
C) Market targeting	
D) Market mixing	
E) Positioning	
Answer: C	
Diff: 1 Page Ref: 50	
Skill: Concept Objective 2.4	
Objective: 2-4	

52) Most companies today enter a new market by serving a; if this proves successful,
they
A) single market segment; add segments
B) multitude of segments; add more segments
C) few segments; add more segments
D) niche; differentiate
E) target market; reposition
Answer: A
Diff: 2 Page Ref: 52
Skill: Concept
Objective: 2-4
53) is the place a product occupies in the consumer's mind relative to competitors'
products.
A) Product placement
B) Product position
C) Market segmentation
D) Market targeting
E) Product promotion
Answer: B
Diff: 1 Page Ref: 52
Skill: Concept
AACSB: Communication
Objective: 2-4
54) Jill Reno has researched new markets and has decided which segments to enter. Next she
should decide what her company should occupy in those segments.
A) position
B) place
C) rank
D) rating
E) percentage of space
Answer: A
Diff: 1 Page Ref: 52
Skill: Concept
Objective: 2-4

55) Effective positioning begins with	the company's marketing offer in order to give
consumers more perceived value.	
A) pricing	
B) aligning	
C) differentiating	
D) promoting	
E) placing	
Answer: C	
Diff: 2 Page Ref: 53	
Skill: Concept	
AACSB: Communication	
Objective: 2-4	
Objective. 2 1	
56) In the four Ps of the marketing mix, design,	packaging, services, and variety all fall under the
category of	
A) product	
B) price	
C) promotion	
D) place	
E) position	
Answer: A	
Diff: 2 Page Ref: 53	
Skill: Concept	
AACSB: Communication	
Objective: 2-4	
Objective. 2 4	
57) The text suggests that instead of thinking of	selling products, marketers would be wise to
take the customer's view and think of	
A) providing convenience	•
B) offering solutions to problems	
C) initiating two-way communication	
D) offering discounts	
E) connecting services and products	
Answer: B	
Diff: 2 Page Ref: 54	
Skill: Concept	
Objective: 2-4	
Objective. 2-4	

- 58) In the marketing management functions, a SWOT analysis should _____ a marketing plan. A) precede B) coincide with C) follow D) evaluate E) take priority over Answer: A Diff: 2 Page Ref: 54-55 Skill: Concept Objective: 2-5 59) In a SWOT analysis, which of the following would be considered a strength? A) internal limitations B) trends in the market C) favorable factors in the environment D) factors that challenge the company's performance E) internal resources Answer: E Diff: 2 Page Ref: 55 Skill: Concept Objective: 2-5 60) In a SWOT analysis, which of the following refers to factors in the external environment? A) strengths B) strategies C) weaknesses D) opportunities E) trends Answer: D Diff: 2 Page Ref: 55 Skill: Concept Objective: 2-5 61) To be successful at marketing, companies must effectively turn marketing planning into A) marketing analysis
- B) marketing implementation
- C) marketing control
- D) marketing audits
- E) marketing budgeting

Answer: B

Diff: 2 Page Ref: 57 Skill: Concept Objective: 2-5

62) Under the organizational format of marketing departments, different marketing
activities are headed by a specialist such as a sales manager, advertising manager, marketing
research manager, or customer-service manager.
A) geographic
B) product management
C) market management
D) customer-centered
E) functional
Answer: E
Diff: 2 Page Ref: 57
Objective: 2-2
63) Modern marketing departments are arranged in all of the following ways, EXCEPT which one?
A) functional organization
B) market management organization
C) product management organization
D) geographic organization
E) strategic management organization
Answer: E
Diff: 2 Page Ref: 57-58
Skill: Concept
Objective: 2-5
64) The organizational format was first used by Procter and Gamble in 1929.
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66) An increasingly large number of firms are changing their organizational focus from
to A) product management; functional management
B) product management; geographic management
C) brand management; customer relationship management
D) geographic management; functional management
E) global management; regional management
Answer: C
Diff: 2 Page Ref: 58
Skill: Concept
Objective: 2-5
Objective. 2-3
67) Evaluating the results of marketing strategies and plans and taking corrective action to ensur
that objectives are attained is called
A) marketing control
B) strategic control
C) operating control
D) developmental control
E) efficiency
Answer: A
Diff: 1 Page Ref: 58
Skill: Concept
Objective: 2-5
68) The marketing control process entails the following steps in order: setting goals,,
evaluating performance, and
A) evaluating goals; measuring performance
B) achieving goals; measuring performance
C) taking corrective action; measuring performance
D) measuring performance; taking corrective action
E) taking corrective action; following up
Answer: D
Diff: 2 Page Ref: 58
Skill: Concept
Objective: 2-5
69) Which of the following is NOT a step in the marketing control process?
A) setting goals
B) measuring performance
C) taking corrective action
D) defining the mission
E) evaluating the causes of gaps between expected and actual performance
Answer: D
Diff: 2 Page Ref: 58
Skill: Concept
Objective: 2-5
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70) Ensuring that the company achieves the sales, profits, and other goals set out in its annual
marketing plan is the purpose of
A) marketing control
B) operating control
C) strategic control
D) anticipatory control
E) a marketing audit
Answer: B
Diff: 2 Page Ref: 58
Skill: Concept
Objective: 2-5
71) involves looking at whether a company's basic strategies are well matched to its
opportunities.
A) Operating control
B) Market management organization
C) Marketing control
D) Strategic control
E) Distribution
Answer: D
Diff: 1 Page Ref: 58
Skill: Concept
Objective: 2-5
72) Which of the following is a tool for monitoring strategic marketing performance?
A) a marketing plan
B) a marketing dashboard
C) a customer management organization
D) a product differentiation
E) a value delivery network
Answer: B
Diff: 2 Page Ref: 59
Skill: Concept
Objective: 2-5
Objective. 2-3
73) Which of the following measures the profits generated by investments in marketing
activities?
A) SWOT analysis
B) marketing audits
C) executive summaries
D) marketing ROI
E) budgets
Answer: D
Diff: 2 Page Ref: 59
Skill: Concept
Objective: 2-5

- 74) Which of the following would NOT be a useful tool for determining marketing ROI?
- A) a marketing dashboard
- B) brand awareness
- C) market share
- D) SWOT analysis
- E) customer lifetime value

Answer: D

Diff: 2 Page Ref: 59 Skill: Concept Objective: 2-5

- 75) Which of the following is NOT a customer-centered measure of marketing impact?
- A) customer management
- B) customer acquisition
- C) customer equity
- D) customer retention
- E) customer lifetime value

Answer: A

Diff: 1 Page Ref: 59 Skill: Concept Objective: 2-5

76) ABC Fortunes has just developed a formal statement of its purpose. This firm has put together a mission statement.

Answer: TRUE Diff: 1 Page Ref: 39 Skill: Concept

AACSB: Communication

Objective: 2-1

77) Mission statements should be realistic and general in nature.

Answer: FALSE Diff: 2 Page Ref: 40 Skill: Concept

AACSB: Communication

Objective: 2-1

78) Mission statements should both fit the market environment and be motivating.

Answer: TRUE Diff: 1 Page Ref: 40 Skill: Concept

AACSB: Communication

79) At America Online, "we create customer connectivity, anytime, anywhere," is a product-

oriented mission. Answer: FALSE Diff: 2 Page Ref: 40 Skill: Application

AACSB: Reflective Thinking

Objective: 2-1

80) "At Nike, we sell shoes" is a market-oriented business definition.

Answer: FALSE Diff: 2 Page Ref: 40 Skill: Application

AACSB: Reflective Thinking

Objective: 2-1

81) A firm's mission statement should be the basis for both its business and marketing objectives.

Answer: TRUE Diff: 2 Page Ref: 42 Skill: Concept

AACSB: Communication

Objective: 2-1

82) The primary activity in strategic planning is goal setting.

Answer: FALSE Diff: 3 Page Ref: 43 Skill: Concept Objective: 2-2

83) When designing business portfolios, most companies are well advised to add a broad range of products and businesses to their organization.

Answer: FALSE Diff: 2 Page Ref: 43 Skill: Concept Objective: 2-2

84) In the BCG matrix, "dogs" by definition are businesses and products that do not generate enough cash to maintain themselves.

Answer: FALSE Diff: 3 Page Ref: 44 Skill: Concept Objective: 2-2

85) More and more companies involve only upper-level management teams in strategic planning.

Answer: FALSE Diff: 2 Page Ref: 44 Skill: Concept

AACSB: Communication

86) Though companies need to grow to compete effectively and satisfy their stakeholders, growth itself should not be a company's objective.

Answer: TRUE Diff: 2 Page Ref: 45 Skill: Concept Objective: 2-2

87) The growth strategy of diversification involves offering modified or new products to current markets.

Answer: FALSE Diff: 2 Page Ref: 46

Skill: Concept Objective: 2-2

88) A company should consider downsizing when products of an SBU no longer fit the company's overall strategy.

Answer: TRUE Diff: 2 Page Ref: 46 Skill: Concept Objective: 2-2

89) The marketing department alone cannot produce superior value for customers.

Answer: TRUE Diff: 1 Page Ref: 46 Skill: Concept

AACSB: Communication

Objective: 2-3

90) A company's value chain is only as strong as its strongest link, or most effective department.

Answer: FALSE Diff: 2 Page Ref: 47 Skill: Concept Objective: 2-3

91) To improve its value delivery network, a company needs to examine the value chains of its suppliers and distributors.

Answer: TRUE Diff: 2 Page Ref: 48 Skill: Application

AACSB: Analytic Skills

Objective: 2-3

92) The image of a product in the minds of consumers is called market segmentation.

Answer: FALSE Diff: 1 Page Ref: 50 Skill: Concept

AACSB: Communication

93) A market segment consists of consumers who respond in different ways to a given set of marketing efforts.

Answer: FALSE Diff: 1 Page Ref: 50 Skill: Concept

AACSB: Communication

Objective: 2-4

94) Holiday Inn has divided the total customer market into smaller segments and selected the most promising segments. Deciding what position it wants to occupy in these segments is called targeting.

Answer: FALSE Diff: 2 Page Ref: 50 Skill: Application

AACSB: Reflective Thinking

Objective: 2-4

95) A company with limited resources would likely decide to serve all segments of a market.

Answer: FALSE Diff: 2 Page Ref: 50 Skill: Concept Objective: 2-4

96) When a company positions its product, it must first identify possible customer value differences within a market segment that could be the basis of a competitive advantage for the product.

Answer: TRUE Diff: 2 Page Ref: 53 Skill: Concept

AACSB: Communication

Objective: 2-4

97) Guided by marketing strategy, the company designs a marketing mix made up of factors under its control: product, price, place, and promotion.

Answer: TRUE Diff: 2 Page Ref: 53 Skill: Concept Objective: 2-4

98) In the four Ps of the marketing mix, promotion refers solely to advertising.

Answer: FALSE Diff: 1 Page Ref: 54 Skill: Concept

AACSB: Communication

99) One valid criticism of the four Ps concept is that services are not considered.

Answer: FALSE Diff: 3 Page Ref: 54 Skill: Concept Objective: 2-4

100) The four Ps concept takes the seller's view of the market.

Answer: TRUE Diff: 2 Page Ref: 54 Skill: Concept Objective: 2-4

101) The four marketing management functions are analysis, planning, implementation, and

control.

Answer: TRUE Diff: 2 Page Ref: 54 Skill: Concept

AACSB: Communication

Objective: 2-5

102) In SWOT analysis, strengths and weaknesses refer to a firm's internal environment, while opportunities and threats refer to the external environment.

Answer: TRUE Diff: 2 Page Ref: 55 Skill: Concept Objective: 2-5

103) Through annual marketing planning, the company decides what it wants to do with each business unit.

Answer: FALSE
Diff: 2 Page Ref: 55
Skill: Concept
Objective: 2-5

104) Marketing planning is the task of selecting marketing strategies for each business, product, or brand in a company with the goal of helping the company attain its overall objectives.

Answer: TRUE Diff: 2 Page Ref: 55 Skill: Concept Objective: 2-5

105) The final step in the marketing control process is taking corrective action to erase any gaps between goals and performance.

Answer: TRUE Diff: 2 Page Ref: 58 Skill: Concept Objective: 2-5 106) Define strategic planning. Discuss the steps involved.

Answer: The process of developing and maintaining a strategic fit between the organization's goals and capabilities and its changing marketing opportunities is called strategic planning. At the outset, beginning at the corporate level, each company must define its overall purpose and mission. What is our business? Who is the customer? What do our customers value? Answers to these questions are crucial in writing a clear mission statement. Mission statements need to be carefully defined in terms of customer needs. Missions should be realistic, motivating, and fit the market environment. Missions then lead to setting business and marketing objectives/goals in the planning process. This is followed by decisions regarding what portfolio of businesses and products is best for the company and how much support to give each one. Next, each business and product develops detailed marketing and other functional strategies. In this step, plans are drawn at the business unit, product, and market levels in support of company-wide plans.

Diff: 2 Page Ref: 39-46

Skill: Concept

AACSB: Communication

Objective: 2-1

107) What is business portfolio planning? Discuss how a company might use the Boston Consulting Group's product portfolio analysis method.

Answer: A business portfolio is the collection of businesses and products that make up the company. Business portfolio planning entails two steps. First, there is an analysis of the company's current business portfolio, followed by decisions about what businesses should receive more, less, or no investment. Second, planners must shape the future portfolio by developing strategies for growth and/or downsizing. The Boston Consulting Group matrix evaluates SBUs on two important dimensions: the attractiveness of the SBU's market or industry growth rate and the strength of the SBU's position or relative market share in that market or industry. The growth-share matrix defines four types of SBUs: stars, cash cows, question marks, and dogs. Once each SBU has been defined, a company can determine what role each will play in the firm's future, using strategies of building, holding, harvesting, or divesting each SBU.

Diff: 2 Page Ref: 43-44 Skill: Application

AACSB: Reflective Thinking

Objective: 2-2

108) What are some problems with matrix approaches?

Answer: The BCG and other portfolio planning approaches can be difficult to execute, time consuming, and also costly to implement. Defining SBUs and the measurement of relative market share and growth can be a difficult task as well. A serious flaw with these approaches is that, while they are helpful for classifying current businesses, they offer little or no advice for future planning.

Diff: 2 Page Ref: 44

Skill: Concept Objective: 2-2 109) The BCG is a useful approach to evaluate current businesses. Describe a device that a firm could use to identify future growth opportunities.

Answer: The product/market expansion grid is a useful device for identifying growth opportunities in the future. There are four strategies available to companies: market penetration, market development, product development, and diversification. Market penetration entails making more sales to current customers without changing products. Market development involves identifying and developing new markets for a company's products. New markets include demographic groups and geographic regions, among others. Companies can also consider product development, offering modified or new products to current markets. Diversifying companies might consider acquiring or starting new businesses unrelated to their core competencies. However, diversifying too broadly can be detrimental in the long run.

Diff: 2 Page Ref: 45-46 Skill: Application Objective: 2-2

110) What does the term "value-delivery network" mean? Explain.

Answer: For decades, marketers have traditionally created value to satisfy customer needs and wants. Today, the manufacturer or retailer needs to look beyond its own value chain and into the value chains of suppliers and distributors to create value throughout the entire supply chain. More companies are partnering with other members of the supply chain to improve the performance of the customer value-delivery network. In fact, today competition takes place between entire value delivery networks instead of between individual competitors.

Diff: 2 Page Ref: 48 Skill: Application Objective: 2-3

111) Define marketing strategy. Discuss the steps in formulating marketing strategy.

Answer: The marketing logic by which a company hopes to achieve profitable relationships is called its marketing strategy. Marketing strategy formulation entails four specific steps: market segmentation, market targeting, differentiation, and positioning. The process of dividing a market into distinct groups of buyers with different needs, characteristics, or behavior is called market segmentation. Market targeting involves evaluating each market segment's attractiveness and selecting one or more segments to enter. A company should target segments in which it can profitably generate the greatest customer value and sustain that value over time. Effective positioning begins with actually differentiating the company's marketing offer so that it gives consumers greater value. Positioning is defined as creating a distinct image of a product in the eyes of target consumers. A product's positioning should take advantage of a competitive advantage within the market target.

Diff: 2 Page Ref: 49-53 Skill: Application

AACSB: Communication

112) Explain why, according to the authors of your text, the four Ps concept of the marketing mix takes a seller's view of the market, not the buyer's view. How should marketers consider the buyer's view?

Answer: In today's day and age of customer relationship marketing, the four Ps can be described as the four Cs from the customer's point of view. In lieu of product, there is customer solution; that is, customers buy solutions to their problems or look for value in products. Customers are more interested in the total costs of obtaining, using, and disposing of a product. That is, customer cost replaces price in customer relationships. The place element of the marketing mix focuses on convenience. Convenience in availability is the central focus of customers. Finally, customers and marketers want two-way communication. Marketers should use the four Cs as a base for the four Ps of their marketing mix.

Diff: 3 Page Ref: 54 Skill: Application

AACSB: Reflective Thinking

Objective: 2-4

113) Define marketing planning. Briefly outline the major steps in a marketing plan. Answer: Marketing planning involves deciding on marketing strategies that will help the company achieve its overall strategic objectives. A detailed marketing plan is needed at the business, product, or brand level. An executive summary is the first step in the plan. It contains a brief summary of the main goals and recommendations of the plan for management review. The main section of the plan presents a detailed SWOT analysis of the current marketing situation, along with potential threats and opportunities. The plan then states major objectives for the brand and outlines the specifics of a marketing strategy for achieving them. In addition, action programs for implementing the marketing strategy along with the details of a supporting marketing budget are presented. The final section outlines the controls used to monitor progress and corrective action.

Diff: 2 Page Ref: 55-56 Skill: Application

AACSB: Communication

114) Marketing departments are organized in several ways. Compare and contrast the most common forms of marketing organizations.

Answer: Some common forms of marketing department organization include functional organization, geographical organization, product management organization, and market management organization. Under a functional department organization, a functional specialist, such as a sales manager, advertising manager, or market research manager, is responsible for all marketing activities. Under a geographic organization, sales and marketing people are assigned to specific countries, regions, and districts. Product management organization first appeared at P&G in 1929. Under this approach, a product manager develops and implements a complete strategy and marketing program for a specific product or brand. Under a market or customer management organization, the company is organized around the needs of specific customer segments. In firms that use this organization, one product line is sold to many different types of markets and customers that have different needs and preferences. Finally, large companies that produce many products sold in many geographic areas typically use some combination of these organizational forms.

Diff: 2 Page Ref: 57-58 Skill: Application

AACSB: Analytic Skills

Objective: 2-5

115) Briefly discuss how marketers measure return on marketing investment, explaining why this figure can be difficult to assess.

Answer: Marketing ROI (return on investment) is the net return from a marketing investment divided by the costs of the marketing investment. In other words, ROI is a measure of the profits generated by investments in a marketing activity. Marketing ROI can be difficult to assess because the benefits of marketing are not always easily translated in dollar amounts. However, marketing ROI can be assessed in terms of brand awareness, sales, or market share. Some companies are now using marketing dashboards, which are single displays showing several sets of marketing performance measures. And beyond standard performance measures, many marketers are using customer—centered measures such as customer acquisition, retention, and lifetime value.

Diff: 3 Page Ref: 59
Skill: Application

AACSB: Analytic Skills

116) Monsanto operates in many businesses, including pharmaceuticals and food products. The
company defines its as creating "abundant food and a healthy environment."
A) strategy
B) market development
C) business portfolio
D) mission
E) value-delivery network
Answer: D
Diff: 2 Page Ref: 39
Skill: Application
AACSB: Reflective Thinking
Objective: 2-1
117) Kimball Gardens is a company that operates as two distinct businesses—one that sells lawn and garden products and one that markets booklets. Each business is called a A) separate entity
B) strategic business unit (SBU)
C) matrix
D) division
E) business portfolio
Answer: B
Diff: 2 Page Ref: 43
Skill: Application
AACSB: Reflective Thinking
Objective: 2-1
110) The about continue division of Owni Hookkeens holds love modest show in a high arrangh
118) The pharmaceuticals division of Omni Healthcare holds low market share in a high-growth
market. In order to increase market share, managers may decide to
A) hold the pharmaceuticals division's share
B) implement a harvest strategy
C) use money from a cash cow to promote the pharmaceuticals division
D) divest the SBU
E) diversify the pharmaceutical division
Answer: C
Diff: 3 Page Ref: 44
Skill: Application
AACSB: Analytic Skills
Objective: 2-2

119) The Bank of New York bought Pershing, an off-shore investment firm with operations in India, from Credit Suisse First Boston. The Bank of New York is pursuing a A) product development strategy B) downsizing strategy C) diversification strategy D) market penetration strategy E) product adaptation Answer: C Diff: 2 Page Ref: 46 Skill: Application AACSB: Reflective Thinking Objective: 2-2
120) Acme, Inc., has modified the production processes of its widgets and gadgets in order to tap into the Eastern European market. Acme is likely following a strategy. A) market penetration B) market development C) diversification D) harvesting E) product development Answer: B Diff: 2 Page Ref: 46 Skill: Application AACSB: Reflective Thinking Objective: 2-2
121) Starbucks has introduced a debit card that lets customers prepay for coffee and snacks. This effort by Starbucks management is an example of A) market development B) product development C) diversification D) market penetration E) product adaptation Answer: D Diff: 2 Page Ref: 45 Skill: Application AACSB: Reflective Thinking Objective: 2-2

122) Wal-Mart, the world's largest retailer, has successfully launched its stores in Mexico, Canada, the U.K., and Germany, and other nations. This is an example of how Wal-Mart is pursuing as a growth strategy. A) market penetration B) product development C) demographic market development D) geographical market development E) diversification Answer: D Diff: 2 Page Ref: 46 Skill: Application AACSB: Reflective Thinking Objective: 2-2 123) Wal-Mart relies on sound relationships with its low-cost suppliers in order to pass low prices on to consumers. Thus, forming a _____ is crucial to Wal-Mart's success. A) value delivery network B) growth-share matrix C) customer relationship management policy D) market concept philosophy E) diversification strategy Answer: A Diff: 2 Page Ref: 48 Skill: Application AACSB: Reflective Thinking Objective: 2-3 124) TelStar Plastics is in the process of dividing a market into distinct groups of buyers with different needs, characteristics, and behaviors who might require separate products or marketing programs. Which of the following is this firm doing? A) market development B) market diversification C) market penetration D) market targeting E) market segmentation Answer: E

Objective: 2-4

Diff: 1 Page Ref: 50 Skill: Application

AACSB: Reflective Thinking

- 125) Paul Pendergraff has identified a group of potential customers who seem to respond in a similar way to a series of magazine and radio advertisements for his company's product. Paul has identified a(n)
- A) target market
- B) market segment
- C) market
- D) market position
- E) undefined niche

Answer: B

Diff: 1 Page Ref: 50 Skill: Application

AACSB: Reflective Thinking

Objective: 2-4

- 126) Paul Pendergraff is evaluating each market segment's attractiveness and is in the process of selecting one or more segments for his firm's product to enter. What is Paul doing?
- A) market targeting
- B) marketing segmenting
- C) marketing
- D) market positioning
- E) market penetrating

Answer: A

Diff: 1 Page Ref: 50 Skill: Application

AACSB: Reflective Thinking

Objective: 2-4

- 127) Favorite Memories specializes in serving market segments that major competitors overlook and ignore. Which of the following best describes Favorite Memories?
- A) market follower
- B) marketer challenger
- C) market seeker
- D) market nicher
- E) full market coverer

Answer: D

Diff: 1 Page Ref: 50 Skill: Application

AACSB: Reflective Thinking

128) Saturn is "a different kind of company, a different kind of a car"; the Hummer is "like
nothing else." These statements reflect a firm's
A) product portfolio
B) target markets
C) market positioning
D) strategy
E) market niche
Answer: C
Diff: 2 Page Ref: 52
Skill: Application
AACSB: Reflective Thinking
Objective: 2-4
129) Of the following, it is most important for marketers to develop for their products A) customer management organizations
B) unique market positions
C) market management organizations
D) marketing ROI data
E) marketing dashboards
Answer: B
Diff: 1 Page Ref: 52
Skill: Application
AACSB: Analytic Skills
Objective: 2-4
130) Environmental Service Company wants to practice effective positioning. To do so, the
owners must their marketing offering to give consumers more value than the services
offered by competitors.
A) differentiate
B) promote
C) advertise
D) sell
E) represent
Answer: A
Diff: 1 Page Ref: 53
Skill: Application
AACSB: Reflective Thinking
Objective: 2-4
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- 131) Harris, the marketing manager at a small sports retail chain, has conducted a marketing analysis. He has investigated the company's internal resources and situational factors, as well as factors and trends in the competitive sports retail chain market. Which of the following has Harris completed?
- A) SWOT analysis
- B) business portfolio analysis
- C) executive summary
- D) marketing plan
- E) marketing mix

Answer: A

Diff: 1 Page Ref: 54-55 Skill: Application

AACSB: Reflective Thinking

Objective: 2-5

- 132) Which of the following most accurately identifies a difference between a weakness and a threat in SWOT analysis?
- A) A company is more able to change a threat than a weakness.
- B) A company is more able to change a weakness than a threat.
- C) A company can be more negatively affected by a weakness than by a threat.
- D) A company can be more negatively affected by a threat than by a weakness.
- E) A company can more easily identify threats than weaknesses.

Answer: B

Diff: 3 Page Ref: 55

Objective: 2-5

- 133) Emerson Studios, a chain of 25 portrait stores in five states, has organized its marketing organization into different marketing activities that are headed by specialists. What type of organization is this?
- A) geographic
- B) product
- C) organic
- D) functional
- E) market

Answer: D

Diff: 2 Page Ref: 57 Skill: Application

AACSB: Reflective Thinking

134) Peter Cramer is constantly involved in evaluating the results of marketing strategies and plans and taking corrective action to ensure that objectives are attained. Peter's current work is most accurately classified as . . A) marketing control B) marketing planning C) strategic planning D) tactical planning E) strategic control Answer: A Diff: 1 Page Ref: 58 Skill: Application AACSB: Reflective Thinking Objective: 2-5 135) Juanita Castro is looking at whether her company's strategies are well matched to its opportunities. Juanita is utilizing _____. A) marketing control B) operating control C) strategic control D) SWOT analysis E) marketing auditing Answer: C Diff: 2 Page Ref: 58 Skill: Application AACSB: Reflective Thinking Objective: 2-5 136) Why should a mission statement be market oriented instead of product or technology oriented? Answer: A market-oriented mission statement defines the business in terms of customer needs; products and technologies become outdated, but basic market needs may last forever. Diff: 2 Page Ref: 39-40 Skill: Application

AACSB: Analytic Skills

Objective: 2-1

137) Why should a mission statement be "motivating" instead of stated in terms of sales or profits?

Answer: Sales and profits are only a reward for undertaking a useful activity; a company's employees will be more dedicated to the company's mission if they feel that their work is significant.

Diff: 3 Page Ref: 40 Skill: Application

AACSB: Reflective Thinking

138) What is a strategic business unit (SBU) and how is it involved in a business portfolio analysis?

Answer: An SBU is a key part of a company—whether a product, product line, department, or an entire division—that has its own mission and objectives. Identifying and analyzing a company's SBUs are the first two steps in business portfolio analysis.

Diff: 1 Page Ref: 43 Skill: Application

AACSB: Analytic Skills

Objective: 2-2

139) Into what BCG quadrant does a high-share, high-growth SBU fall?

Answer: It falls into the "star" category.

Diff: 1 Page Ref: 43 Skill: Application

AACSB: Reflective Thinking

Objective: 2-2

140) What type of strategy should a company use to manage its cash cows?

Answer: Because a cash cow generates cash without much investment, a company should use the profits to support other SBUs.

Diff: 1 Page Ref: 44
Skill: Application

AACSB: Analytic Skills

Objective: 2-2

141) How might the BCG matrix represent a life cycle?

Answer: Many SBUs start out as question marks, then move into the star category if they succeed; stars eventually become cash cows, and then perhaps, dogs.

Diff: 3 Page Ref: 44 Skill: Application

AACSB: Analytic Skills

Objective: 2-2

142) Give a situation in which the suggested strategy for a dog might NOT be to divest.

Answer: Consider a new technology that is being launched into a market. If managers of the dog are merely waiting to implement that new technology or to somehow incorporate it into the dog, moving the dog into a different BCG quadrant, divesting would not be practical.

Diff: 3 Page Ref: 44 Skill: Application

AACSB: Analytic Skills

143) According to the product/market expansion grid, what strategy is a company following when it attempts to increase sales of current products to current customers?

Answer: This is a market penetration strategy.

Diff: 2 Page Ref: 45 Skill: Application

AACSB: Reflective Thinking

Objective: 2-2

144) How might Party Planning Paradise, a company that sells a wide range of party supplies for all occasions, implement a market development strategy?

Answer: Party Planning Paradise might attempt to identify and develop new markets for its current products, looking for different demographic markets and geographical markets that might have a need its products would satisfy.

Diff: 2 Page Ref: 46 Skill: Application

AACSB: Reflective Thinking

Objective: 2-2

145) According to the product/market expansion grid, what strategy would a fast-food hamburger restaurant follow if it offered a salad bar option during lunch hours?

Answer: In this scenario, the restaurant would be following a product development strategy.

Diff: 2 Page Ref: 46 Skill: Application

AACSB: Reflective Thinking

Objective: 2-2

146) Into what quadrant of the product/market expansion grid would a "new and improved" product fall?

Answer: The "new and improved" product would fall into the product development quadrant.

Diff: 2 Page Ref: 46 Skill: Application

AACSB: Reflective Thinking

Objective: 2-2

147) What are two situations in which a company may develop strategies for downsizing its business portfolio?

Answer: Such strategies may prevail if a company has grown too fast or has entered areas where it lacks experience.

Diff: 2 Page Ref: 46
Skill: Application

AACSB: Analytic Skills

148) How are partner relationship management and the value chain related?

Answer: Marketers must work closely and coordinate activities with partners in other company departments to form an effective value chain, with each department executing value-creating activities to design, produce, market, deliver, and support the company's products.

Diff: 2 Page Ref: 47-48 Skill: Application

AACSB: Analytic Skills

Objective: 2-3

149) Explain how a marketer of baking soda may attempt to attract more than one market segment.

Answer: Some consumers buy baking soda as a baking ingredient and some consumers buy baking soda to use as a deodorizer, for example. The marketer will focus on both distinct uses in the marketing mix, such as how the product is promoted.

Diff: 3 Page Ref: 50 Skill: Application AACSB: Analytic Skills

Objective: 2-4

150) How might a marketer of pens alter the "product" portion of the marketing mix when targeting female college students versus male college students?

Answer: The marketer may use feminine colors and a spiral-flower stripe, for example, when marketing its pens to the females; when targeting males, the marketer might use more neutral colors.

Diff: 2 Page Ref: 53 Skill: Application

AACSB: Analytic Skills

Objective: 2-4

151) What role does the marketing mix play in positioning?

Answer: The marketing mix components of product, price, place, and promotion are the tools that a company can use to differentiate its products from competitors' and to achieve strong positioning in a target market.

Diff: 2 Page Ref: 53-54 Skill: Application

AACSB: Analytic Skills

Objective: 2-4

152) Why is marketing analysis such an important part of marketing management?

Answer: This function allows the marketer to analyze internal strengths and weaknesses as well as environmental opportunities and threats which, in turn, allows the marketer to match the company's strengths to opportunities to pursue. From this starting point, the market can continue with planning, implementation, and control.

Diff: 2 Page Ref: 54-55 Skill: Application

AACSB: Analytic Skills

153) In SWOT analysis, what is the difference between a weakness and a threat?

Answer: In SWOT analysis, weaknesses are internal factors that may interfere with a company's

objectives, while threats are external factors that challenge the company.

Diff: 2 Page Ref: 55 Skill: Application

AACSB: Analytic Skills

Objective: 2-5

154) Why is marketing implementation often difficult to carry out?

Answer: While marketing planning may directly involve a small percentage of a firm's employees, marketing implementation must be carried out by people at all levels of the marketing system; the decisions employees make each day must be aligned with the marketing strategy.

Diff: 2 Page Ref: 57 Skill: Application

AACSB: Analytic Skills

Objective: 2-5

155) Why are many marketers today using customer-centered measures of marketing ROI? Answer: Companies are looking at marketing expenditures as investments in profitable customer relationships, with the goal of increasing individual customer lifetime values and overall customer equity.

Diff: 2 Page Ref: 59 Skill: Application

AACSB: Analytic Skills

Scenario

Fun-Spot Fun Park began as a small amusement park in 1985. Starting with nothing more than a merry-go-round, a slide, pony rides, and an ice cream stand, Fun-Spot grew into a popular family attraction with 20 rides, a restaurant, and an outdoor performing arts theater.

"My wife, Gail, and I didn't know what we were getting into," commented Ron Hart, the owner. "We just knew that weekenders coming to the lakes in our rural area represented an untapped market."

Today, thousands of visitors flock to Fun-Spot-families, children of all ages, and even senior citizens who enjoy strolling through the gardens and arbor.

"There's something here for everyone," Gail Hart said with a smile. "Dozens of companies hold annual company picnics here. We have welcomed class field trips. And we even had one wedding here at the park!"

"Here's the funny thing," Ron chimed in. "We really don't know why we've been so successful! There is nothing else like Fun-Spot Fun Park in the area. We were just lucky."

"I think it's the ambience of the park," Gail added, "that has brought so many visitors. We provide a 'total package' of entertainment. Plus, we try to change our rides and various attractions from time to time."

Ron and Gail Hart admitted that making every visitor happy is a priority. "That has always been our philosophy," they said. "And we've always been able to deliver on that because we've never allowed ourselves to grow too big too quickly."

156) Describe two critical factors affecting the strategic plan at Fun-Spot.

Answer: Answers will vary; however, Ron and Gail's continued success will depend on their ability to set and reach objectives that follow their company's mission, making visitors as happy as possible through a variety of entertainment options.

Diff: 2 Page Ref: 39-40 Skill: Application

AACSB: Reflective Thinking

Objective: 2-1

157) Would you consider Fun-Spot's mission statement to be market oriented? Explain.

Answer: The mission at Fun-Spot is defined in terms of customer needs, so it is market oriented. Providing the fastest roller coaster, the greatest variety of ice cream flavors, or the scariest spook house is not as important, for example, as providing top-notch customer attention and attractions appealing to a variety of visitors at this small, rural park.

Diff: 2 Page Ref: 40 Skill: Application

AACSB: Reflective Thinking

158) At this point, how do Ron and Gail monitor Fun-Spot's business portfolio?

Answer: Ron and Gail make a continuous assessment of Fun-Spot's strengths and weaknesses, compared to the opportunities in the environment. If a competitor should appear within a relatively close distance, for example, Ron and Gail will likely have to alter the business portfolio to offset the competition.

Diff: 3 Page Ref: 43, 54-55

Skill: Application

AACSB: Analytic Skills

Objective: 2-2

159) Into which quadrant of the BCG matrix does Fun-Spot fall? Why?

Answer: Fun-Spot Fun Park is a star, currently situated in a high-growth, high-share position.

Diff: 1 Page Ref: 43 Skill: Application

AACSB: Reflective Thinking

Objective: 2-2

160) How might Ron and Gail implement a market penetration strategy at Fun-Spot?

Answer: Ron and Gail would maintain their current entertainment offering and continue to deliver customer attention to their existing customers, but might improve advertising or lower prices in an effort to encourage customers to stay longer, visit more often, and spend more money during each visit.

Diff: 2 Page Ref: 45 Skill: Application

AACSB: Analytic Skills

Objective: 2-2

161) In what way do Ron and Gail currently implement a product development strategy at Fun-Spot?

Answer: The owners at Fun-Spot strive to provide new offerings and entertainment options for

their visitors.

Diff: 2 Page Ref: 46 Skill: Application

AACSB: Reflective Thinking

Objective: 2-2

162) What are three possible emerging conditions that may cause the Harts to develop a downsizing strategy at Fun-Spot?

Answer: Over time, less profitable operations might need to be eliminated; for example, children may love pony rides but maintaining the animals in a zoo setting may become costly. An economic recession or a new, close-by competitor may lead to downsizing.

Diff: 3 Page Ref: 46 Skill: Application

AACSB: Analytic Skills

163) Who comprises Fun-Spot's target markets?

Answer: The target market here includes anyone who desires a relaxing, fun day or evening at a small amusement park. Families with children are likely the primary target market, though senior citizens and companies are important market segments.

Diff: 1 Page Ref: 50 Skill: Application

AACSB: Reflective Thinking

Objective: 2-4

164) If you had to select a primary market segment that is crucial to the success of Fun-Spot, who would it be? Why?

Answer: Answers will vary; however, on a weekly basis, Fun-Spot likely relies most on families with children for a steady stream of revenues.

Diff: 2 Page Ref: 50 Skill: Application AACSB: Analytic Skills

Objective: 2-4

165) What role do service products play at Fun-Spot?

Answer: With the exception of meals and refreshments, the experiences that visitors receive at

Fun-Spot are service products.

Diff: 1 Page Ref: 54 Skill: Application

AACSB: Reflective Thinking