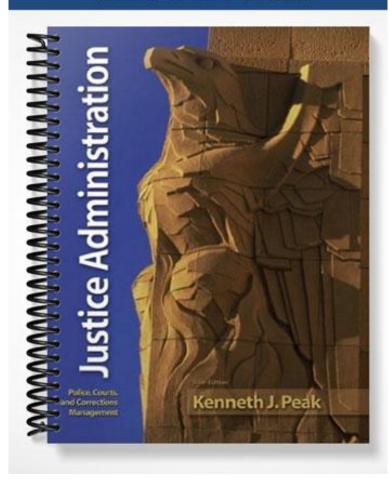
TEST BANK



1) 147 11 1 6	e the one unternative that best compr	letes the statement or answers the ques	stion.
1) We think of	as entities of two or more people wh	no cooperate to accomplish an	1)
objective(s).			
A) business partne	erships B) or	rganizations	
C) cooperatives	D) no	one of these	
2) IAThirds of the following		iti2	2)
	ng would <u>not</u> qualify as a full-blown o	•	2)
A) a police labor u	•	eneral Motors	
C) a men's bridge	club D) th	ne Department of Defense	
3) Communication with	nin a criminal justice organization may	y be:	3)
A) inner, outer, sic		pward, diagonal, or through.	
C) diagonal, grape	evine, or displaced. D) do	ownward, upward, or horizontal.	
4) Which of the following	ng is <u>not</u> one of the five types of dowr	nward communication within a	4)
	•	nwaru communication within a	4)
criminal justice orga		to againsticant tools	
, -	communication relating a certain task	e	
•	munication appraisal of how an indiv		
	- communication relating to the perfo		
D) All of the above	e are types of downward communicat	tion.	
5) communic	ation is more difficult because there ar	re several deterrents to it.	5)
A) Upward		ownward D) Diagonal	,
6) communic	ation thrives in an organization when	formal communication channels are	6)
	mon unives in an organization when	Tormar communication charmers are	0)
not open.	B) Diagonal C) Do	ownward D) Horizontal	
A) Upward	b) Diagonal C) Di	ownward D) Horizontal	
7) Which of the followi	ng is <u>not</u> a contributing factor to the o	organizational tendency to promulgate	7)
rules, policies, and p	•		·
	r administrative due process in emplo	oyee disciplinary matters	
	nst successful civil liability		
C) the accreditation	n movement		
C) the accreditation			
C) the accreditation D) to enhance sub 8) The success of any o	n movement ordinates' reading skills rganization normally depends on the		8)
C) the accreditation D) to enhance sub 8) The success of any of A) levels of wages	n movement ordinates' reading skills rganization normally depends on the B) py	yramidal structure	8)
C) the accreditation D) to enhance sub 8) The success of any o	n movement ordinates' reading skills rganization normally depends on the B) py		8)
C) the accreditation D) to enhance sub 8) The success of any of A) levels of wages C) quality of work	n movement ordinates' reading skills rganization normally depends on the B) py life D) le	yramidal structure vels of competition	8)
C) the accreditation D) to enhance sub 8) The success of any of A) levels of wages C) quality of work 9) skills involved.	n movement ordinates' reading skills rganization normally depends on the B) py	yramidal structure vels of competition	8) 9)
C) the accreditation D) to enhance sub 8) The success of any of A) levels of wages C) quality of work 9) skills involved.	n movement ordinates' reading skills rganization normally depends on the B) py life D) let ve coordinating and integrating all the a common objective.	yramidal structure vels of competition	,
C) the accreditation D) to enhance sub 8) The success of any of A) levels of wages C) quality of work 9) skills involved organization toward A) Technical	n movement ordinates' reading skills rganization normally depends on the B) py life D) let we coordinating and integrating all the a common objective. B) Administrative C) He	yramidal structure vels of competition e activities and interests of the	9)
C) the accreditation D) to enhance sub 8) The success of any of A levels of wages C) quality of work 9) skills involor organization toward A) Technical	n movement ordinates' reading skills rganization normally depends on the B) py life D) let ve coordinating and integrating all the a common objective. B) Administrative C) He identifiable boundary" refers to:	yramidal structure evels of competition e activities and interests of the fuman D) Conceptual	,
C) the accreditation D) to enhance sub 8) The success of any of A levels of wages C) quality of work 9) skills involved organization toward A) Technical 10) The term "relatively A) organizations of	n movement ordinates' reading skills rganization normally depends on the B) py life D) le ve coordinating and integrating all the a common objective. B) Administrative C) He identifiable boundary" refers to: omprised of people who interact with	yramidal structure evels of competition e activities and interests of the fuman D) Conceptual	9)
C) the accreditation D) to enhance sub 8) The success of any of A levels of wages C) quality of work 9) skills involor organization toward A) Technical 10) The term "relatively A) organizations of B) the organization	n movement ordinates' reading skills rganization normally depends on the B) py life D) let ve coordinating and integrating all the a common objective. B) Administrative C) He identifiable boundary" refers to:	yramidal structure evels of competition e activities and interests of the fuman D) Conceptual	9)
C) the accreditation D) to enhance sub 8) The success of any of A levels of wages C) quality of work 9) skills involor organization toward A) Technical 10) The term "relatively A) organizations of B) the organization C) management.	n movement ordinates' reading skills rganization normally depends on the B) py life D) let ve coordinating and integrating all the a common objective. B) Administrative C) He identifiable boundary" refers to: omprised of people who interact with n's goals and the public served.	yramidal structure evels of competition e activities and interests of the fuman D) Conceptual	9)
C) the accreditation D) to enhance sub 8) The success of any of A levels of wages C) quality of work 9) skills involor organization toward A) Technical 10) The term "relatively A) organizations of B) the organization C) management.	n movement ordinates' reading skills rganization normally depends on the B) py life D) le ve coordinating and integrating all the a common objective. B) Administrative C) He identifiable boundary" refers to: omprised of people who interact with	yramidal structure evels of competition e activities and interests of the fuman D) Conceptual	9)
C) the accreditation D) to enhance sub 8) The success of any of A levels of wages C) quality of work 9) skills involor organization toward A) Technical 10) The term "relatively A) organizations of B) the organization C) management. D) the limitations	n movement ordinates' reading skills rganization normally depends on the B) py life D) let be coordinating and integrating all the a common objective. B) Administrative C) He didentifiable boundary' refers to: omprised of people who interact with n's goals and the public served.	yramidal structure evels of competition e activities and interests of the fuman D) Conceptual	9)

A) Autocratic/democratic	B) Theory x/theory y	
C) Theory y/theory x	D) Theory y/theory z	
12) The term "social entity" refers to:		12)
A) a group of people working together to accom	nplish a desired goal.	,
B) an organization's goals and the public it serv		
C) organizations comprised of people who inter	ract with one another and with people in other	
organizations. D) management.		
D) management.		
13) Which of the following is <u>not</u> one of the four types	s of organizations?	13)
A) commonwealth organizations	B) mutual benefit associations	
C) service organizations	D) cooperatives	
14) Organizations are often referred to as corresponding with what feature?		14)
A) bones in the body	B) machines	/
C) a building	D) a river	
		\
15) Which of the following elements is <u>not</u> included in A) rulification and routinization	,	15)
C) hierarchy of authority	B) written rulesD) division of services	
c) includity of dualionty	D) division of services	
16) Bureaucracies are often criticized for:		16)
A) being efficient.		
B) being unresponsive to changing needs and to C) giving employees too much individual freed		
D) being too loose and unstructured.	Ont.	
17) Criminal justice agencies fit the description of an o	-	17)
A) they are managed by being organized into a	-	
B) these agencies consist of people who interact organizations, and they exist to serve the pu		
C) the organizations are "loosely coupled," mea		
structured.	<i>g</i> · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
D) Both A and B are true		
10) The constitution of th		10)
18) The question as to how many subordinates a chief control) will depend on such factors as:	executive can effectively supervise (span of	18)
A) the capacity of the leader and those persons	supervised,	
B) the type and complexity of work performed.	-	
C) whether or not the supervisor or manager ca	n deploy an authoritarian management style at	
least a majority of the time.		
D) Both A and B are true		
19) Communication among managers or subordinates	s on the same level of the hierarchy is:	19)
A) lateral. B) downward.	C) vertical. D) upward.	,
20) TI	1	20)
20) The pyramidal structure has which of the following A) Nearly all contacts take the form of orders go		20)
B) Personnel at very few levels have contact on		
subordinates below them.	J	
C) Superiors have a limited span of control, sup	pervising only a limited number of people.	

D) Important decisions are made throughout th	ne pyramid.	
21) Human relations management began with studies	s conducted at:	21)
A) Western Electric Company.	B) Harvard Business School.	,
C) Bethlehem Steel.	D) University of California, Berkeley.	
22) An approach designed to bring the individual and	d the organization together was called:	22)
A) individual management.	B) systems management.	
C) scientific management.	D) humanitarian management.	
23) Which theory developed at Michigan State University looked at how leaders motivated		23)
individuals or groups to achieve organizational go		
A) style theory	B) laissez-faire theory	
C) democratic theory	D) trait theory	
24) Recently <i>U.S. News & World Report</i> teamed with Hamaking a difference; the survey determined that	Harvard University to identify leaders who are	24)
A) most successful leaders had previously been	fired in "at will" employment jobs.	
B) too many leaders in criminal justice are influ	<u> </u>	
C) there is not a lack of leadership, but rather a		
D) there is a lack of leadership at present in this	•	
25) A <i>U.S. News</i> /Harvard University survey found that	at 21 st -century authentic leaders:	25)
A) do not generally inspire those around them	•	
B) are generally more concerned about meeting		
C) know who they are, are "good in their skin,"	9	
D) seldom empower their subordinates to take		
26) Usually authentic leaders demonstrate all but whi	ich one of the following five traits?	26)
A) being their own boss, thus demonstrating ve	ery little self-discipline.	
B) practicing solid values.		
C) pursuit of their purpose with passion.		
D) establishing connected relationships.		
27) Regarding the discussion of the three skills an adr	<u>-</u>	27)
A) sufficient punitive skills to know when to re		
B) sufficient communication skills to accomplis	sh the mechanical aspects of the particular job	
for which s/he is responsible.		
C) sufficient conceptual skills to recognize the a job.	applied, mechanical elements of a particular	
D) sufficient human skill in working with other	rs to be an effective group member.	
28) Which of these most clearly illustrates a person's '	"hierarchy of needs," beginning at the bottom?	28)
A) food, power, protection, creativity	B) food, protection, creativity, power	
C) protection, food, power, creativity	D) food, protection, power, creativity	
29) Maintenance factors, according to motivation-hyg		29)
A) things in the work environment that meet arB) characteristics and tasks that motivate individuals		
C) behaviors an organization spells out in order		
D) psychosocial factors in work that provide in	, , ,	

	30) Which of the following is <u>not</u> an element composing the communication process?			30)	
	A) decoding	B) feedback	C) backdraft	D) medium	
	31) Those persons said to be	e in Generation-X were l	oorn between:		31)
	A) 1981-1992.	B) 1955-1964.	C) 1965-1975.	D) 1976-1980.	,
	32) The Generation X-ers gr	ow up amid:			32)
	A) violence.	ew up amu.	B) rising crime rates		32)
	C) major disasters.		D) All the above	•	
	33) The Y-Generation is also		70 1 1		33)
	A) "Greatest Generati		B) echo boomers.		
	C) extreme generation	n.	D) baby boomers.		
	34) Y Generation people are	e viewed by some as cod	ldled and:		34)
	A) confident.	B) insecure.	C) unsure.	D) reliable.	
	35) Generation X-ers have o	often heen termed as	hy older generation	s	35)
	A) workaholics	B) idealistic	C) slackers	D) freeloaders	33)
	A) Workarones	b) idealistic	C) stackers	D) freefoaders	
	36) The implication(s) for co	riminal justice administr	ators of having younger g	enerations of people in	36)
	the workplace include:				
	A) the ability to explo	oit their youthful exubera	ance and make them perfo	orm less desirable tasks.	
	B) thinking of ways t	o take advantage of thei	r desire to work in teams,	perform work of	
		ave flexibility in their d		•	
	e	•	g them less for more work	ζ.	
		use them for tasks invol	~		
	27) The second second			- () (- 11 1 2	27)
	37) The younger employee'	*		•	37)
			up to date, neat and order	ly	
	_	learn, and having a hig		1 00	
	•	· ·	matic holidays and weeke	nds off	
	D) Both A and B are t	rue			
TRU	E/FALSE. Write 'T' if the st	atement is true and 'F' i	f the statement is false.		
	38) Frederick Herzberg is k	nown as the "father of so	cientific management."		38)
	20) An arganization may be	defined as a "conscious	ly coordinated social anti-	ry with a relatively	20)
	39) An organization may be identifiable boundary, t		2	ty, with a relatively	39)
	identifiable boundary, t	o defleve a set of goals.			
	40) Another way to view or	ganizations is as system	s that take outputs, proces	ss them, and thus	40)
	produce inputs.				
	41) Observations by Abraha	am Maclauz uzoro caaloco	ead into a "hiorarchy of no	ode"	41)
	41) Observations by Morana	ant wastow were coalest	accuming a finerarchy of he	cus.	1 1)
	42) McGregor and Herzber	g's theory of motivation	is called contingency.		42)
	43) Communication is the p	process wherehy informa	ation is transmitted from o	ne nerson to another	43)
	via common symbols.	rocess whereby miloinia	idon is transmitted monito	ne person to another	1 0)
	·				
	44) Gaining popularity since	e the late 1950s, the trait	theory assumes that lead	ership can be taught	44)

45)	The leadership style that tends to be consideration oriented and strives to attain mutual respect among subordinates is the democratic style.	45)
46)	The managerial grid is read like a map, includes five leadership styles, and focuses on tasks and relationships.	46)
47)	Most communication - at least 90 percent - is <i>nonverbal</i> in nature.	47)
48)	The Y Generation is perceived as having an attitude that says, "I'm here to just do my time."	48)
49)	A major challenge and diversity issue in the workplace is age diversity.	49)
50)	Several experts now argue for higher spans of control, to provide more rapid decision making, less "turf protection," and reduced costs due to the need for less support staff.	50)
51)	The statement that begins "Rightly or wrongly, most people consider language as an index of culture, breeding, upbringing, personality" was made by Judge Learned Hand.	51)
52)	In police dialect, an "interview" is the officer's attempts to obtain basic information about a person, while an interrogation" is questioning an individual about a specific crime.	52)
53)	The task falls only to persons known as "dispatch censors" for ensuring that officers' radio transmissions are as concise, complete, and accurate as possible.	53)
54)	Officers are only permitted to use unprofessional remarks on their squad car radio if they are engaged in vehicle pursuits.	54)
55)	To avoid confusion, the police communicate with the use of phonetic alphabet, which is also termed "verbal judo."	55)
56)	Criminal justice administrators should avoid judging younger workers whose work ethic is slightly.	56)
57)	Criminal justice administrators can legally restrict tattoos, body piercings, and body art with dress codes or uniform requirements.	57)
58)	Houston PD requires all tattoo-bearing officers to have them removed by laser or other treatment.	58)
59)	In $\textit{Kelley v. Johnson}$, the Supreme Court said a police agency's dress code regulations are always irrational because they are arbitrary.	59)

- 1) B
- 2) C
- 3) D
- 4) D
- 5) A
- 6) D
- 7) D
- 8) C
- 9) D
- 10) B
- 11) B
- 12) C
- 13) D
- 14) A
- 15) D
- 16) B
- 17) D
- 18) D
- 19) A
- 20) B
- 21) A
- 22) B
- 23) A
- 24) C
- 25) C
- 26) A
- 27) D
- 28) D 29) A
- 30) C
- 31) C
- 32) D
- 33) B
- 34) A
- 35) C
- 36) B
- 37) D
- 38) FALSE
- 39) TRUE
- 40) FALSE
- 41) TRUE
- 42) TRUE
- 43) TRUE
- 44) FALSE
- 45) TRUE
- 46) TRUE
- 47) TRUE
- 48) FALSE
- 49) TRUE
- 50) TRUE
- 51) FALSE

- 52) TRUE
- 53) FALSE 54) FALSE 55) FALSE

- 56) TRUE
- 57) TRUE 58) FALSE
- 59) FALSE