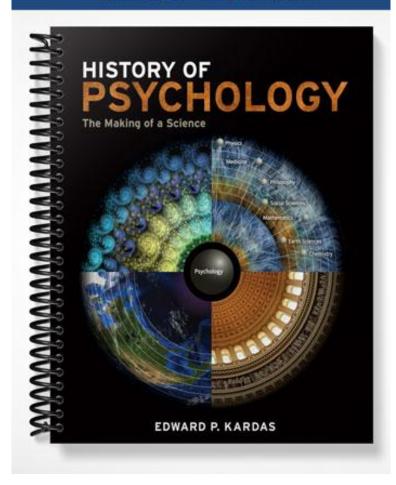
## TEST BANK



## **MULTIPLE CHOICE**

1. Using Carl Sagan's analogy, suppose the Big Bang occurred on January 1st, the solar system formed on September 9th, and the earth formed on September 14th. On what date did life begin as one celled organisms?

a. September 16th c. October 9th b. September 25th d. December 16th

ANS: B DIF: Conceptual REF: Introduction

2. Using Carl Sagan's analogy, suppose the Big Bang occurred on January 1st, the solar system formed on September 9th, and the earth formed on September 14th. On what date did dinosaurs appear?

a. November 27thb. December 3rdc. December 24thd. December 31st

ANS: C DIF: Conceptual REF: Introduction

3. Using Carl Sagan's analogy, suppose the Big Bang occurred on January 1st, the solar system formed on September 9th, and the earth formed on September 14th. When did the first human-like creatures appear?

a. November 28th c. December 25th b. December 9th d. December 30th

ANS: D DIF: Conceptual REF: Introduction

4. Using Carl Sagan's analogy, suppose the Big Bang occurred on January 1st, the solar system formed on September 9th, and the earth formed on September 14th. At what time on December 31st were the first cities built?

a. 12 noonb. 5:15 p.m.c. 10:30:15 p.m.d. 11:59:35 p.m.

ANS: D DIF: Conceptual REF: Introduction

5. Which of the following refers to a member of one of the primate genera in the line of descent to modern humans?

a. homininb. sapiensc. Australopithecusd. Rudolfensis

ANS: A DIF: Factual REF: Introduction

6. Which of the following is a member of the same family, *Hominidae*, as humans?

a. orangutansb. spider monkeysc. lemursd. tarsiers

ANS: A DIF: Factual REF: Early Hominins

There are four hominin species: humans, chimps, gorillas, and monkeys. b. Hominins went extinct around the same time that the dinosaurs went extinct. c. Neanderthals won in the competition with hominins to become the sole ancestors of humans. d. The hominin species, Homo sapiens, populated the world by about 40,000 years ago. ANS: D DIF: Factual **REF:** Early Hominins 8. Which of the following indicates the characteristic of walking upright on the hind feet? a. bipedalism c. ambulation b. mobility d. dual limb movement ANS: A DIF: Factual REF: Basic Human Characteristics 9. What refers to the bent hip, bent knee walking style of chimpanzees? a. pseudo bipedalism c. quad-ambulation b. knuckle walking d. primitive mobility ANS: B DIF: Factual REF: Basic Human Characteristics 10. When did tools such as hand axes and choppers first arise? c. 2.5 million years ago a. 4.5 million years ago b. 3.5 million years ago d. 1.5 million years ago ANS: D DIF: Factual REF: Basic Human Characteristics 11. What can be inferred by the Acheulean tools? a. Toolmakers held the highest status in their communities. b. Toolmakers had to be able to select materials and envision the final product. c. Toolmakers were a wealthy group who passed on their "businesses" to their sons. d. Toolmakers were primarily male children who were too young to hunt. ANS: B DIF: Conceptual **REF:** Basic Human Characteristics 12. Which of the following best characterizes Levallois tools? a. They were simple tools, made from chipping larger stones. b. They were developed as hunting tools about 750,000 years ago. c. They were made from naturally occurring metal. d. They were broad, flat tools that could be used immediately after they were made. ANS: D DIF: Conceptual REF: Basic Human Characteristics 13. How long ago did language arise? a. 100,000 years ago 50,000 years ago b. 75,000 years ago d. 25,000 years ago ANS: C **REF:** Basic Human Characteristics DIF: Conceptual

7. Which statement is true of hominins?

- 14. Which of the following appears to be a correlate of the evolution of language skills?
  - a. An increased capacity for social behavior
  - b. The development of ornamental crafts
  - c. The creation of primitive economies
  - d. The initiation of violence against other groups

ANS: A DIF: Conceptual REF: Basic Human Characteristics

- 15. What is the importance of the FOXP2 gene?
  - a. The presence of the FOXP2 gene is associated with the ability to make tools from naturally occurring objects.
  - b. The FOXP2 is recessive and individuals with two copies of the gene have superior visuospatial skills.
  - c. Only individuals with the mutated form of the FOXP2 gene can pass on high levels of intelligence to their offspring.
  - d. The mutated version of the FOXP2 gene occurs naturally only in humans and is believed to be associated with language.

ANS: D DIF: Conceptual REF: Basic Human Characteristics

- 16. What does the hunter-gatherer hypothesis propose?
  - a. The different skills sets that males and females have today (e.g., spatial tasks for males, verbal memory for females) reflect the skill sets needed in hunter-gatherer societies.
  - b. Hunter-gatherer lifestyles precluded the development of social networks that were supported by agricultural lifestyles.
  - c. Hunter-gatherer lifestyles were among the first to experience outbreaks of violence over limited resources and thus were among the first to develop primitive weapons of war.
  - d. The types of foods consumed by hunter-gatherer groups were inadequate to support brain development and therefore, these groups became extinct.

ANS: A DIF: Factual REF: Hunter-Gatherers

- 17. Which statement accurately describes natural history intelligence?
  - a. Natural history intelligence has developed only recently.
  - b. In general, modern humans are less aware of the practical aspects of natural history intelligence than were Stone Age humans.
  - c. Natural history intelligence has become far more complex and extensive with the development of life sciences.
  - d. The development of natural history intelligence supports the development of social bonds among individuals and groups.

ANS: B DIF: Conceptual REF: Stone Age Thinking

- 18. What are time-factored markings?
  - a. Markings that correspond to astronomical events like phases of the moon
  - b. Markings that date to a particular time period
  - c. Markings used in carbon 14 dating of artifacts
  - d. Markings that enable the user to judge how much time has passed

ANS: A DIF: Factual REF: Stone Age Thinking

19.	a. 5,000 years ago b. 10,000 years ag	•	begin to dever	c.	15,000 years ago 20,000 years ago		
	ANS: B	DIF:	Factual	REF:	The Invention of Farming		
20.	Modern hunter-gatherer societies  a. are typically unable to adopt modern technology and thus remain hunter-gatherers b. remain hunter-gatherers because their environments preclude even minimal agriculture c. spend less time in activities related to "sustaining" themselves than do agricultural societies d. are not self-sustaining and typically do not survive past a few generations						
	ANS: C	DIF:	Application	REF:	The Invention of Farming		
21.	Where were the first a. Along the Euph b. Near the Medito c. On the shores od. Near the Great	rates Riverranean f the Atl	ver Sea	ments?			
	ANS: A	DIF:	Factual	REF:	The Invention of Farming		
22.	22. Abu Hureyra was a. the first walled village b. one of the first known farming communities c. the first known community to form a government d. one of the first continuously inhabited towns						
	ANS: B	DIF:	Factual	REF:	The Invention of Farming		
23.	What was one majo a. increased statur b. decreased anem ANS: D	re nia	of people movi Factual	c. d.	hunter-gatherer societies to agricultural societies? decreased infectious diseases increased infant mortality The Invention of Farming		
24.	<ul> <li>Which statement is true of the climate for the past 6,000 years?</li> <li>a. The variability in the global average temperature has increased.</li> <li>b. The extremes of global temperature have markedly widened.</li> <li>c. The global average temperature has gotten colder.</li> <li>d. The global average temperature has remained fairly warm and constant.</li> </ul>						
	ANS: D	DIF:	Factual	REF:	The Invention of Farming		
25.	How long ago was a a. 28,000 years ag b. 23,000 years ag	;O	of maximum o	extent of c. d.	f the last Ice Age? 18,000 years ago 13,000 years ago		
	ANS: C	DIF:	Factual	REF:	The Invention of Farming		

<ul> <li>According to Diamond (1997), which of the following is true of domestication?</li> <li>a. More animals than plants have been domesticated.</li> <li>b. Domestication has enjoyed widespread success with a variety of crops and animals.</li> <li>c. Only five types of animals have been widely domesticated.</li> <li>d. While few animals have been domesticated, hundreds of crops have been domesticated.</li> </ul>				
ANS: C	DIF:	Factual	REF:	Domestication
Which of the following a. cereals b. pulses	ng is th	e most commo	c.	•
ANS: A	DIF:	Factual	REF:	Domestication
The oldest continuou a. Alexandria b. Rome	sly inh	abited town is	c. d.	Jericho Constantinople
ANS: C	DIF:	Factual	REF:	Domestication
<ul><li>a. Twelve crops acc</li><li>b. Successful dome</li><li>c. Unlike domestica</li></ul>	count fo sticatio ated an	or 80% of the won requires a kn imals, domestic	vorld's l owledge cated pla	narvest. e of genetics. ants provide only food.
ANS: A	DIF:	Conceptual	REF:	Domestication
<ul><li>b. Intentionally cutt</li><li>c. Selecting seeds t</li></ul>	ing a h	ole in the skull for future crops	for ther	rapeutic purposes
ANS: B	DIF:	Conceptual	REF:	Domestication
a. 15,000 years ago			c. d. REF:	9,000 years ago 6,000 years ago Urbanization
Where did urbanizati a. Mesopotamia b. Egypt	on beg	in?	c. d.	Greece Italy
ANS: A	DIF:	Factual	REF:	Urbanization
outside of them? a. 1958	tipping	g point when m	ore peop c. d.	ple, worldwide, lived in cities and towns than 1998 2008
ANS: D	DIF:	Factual		Urbanization
	a. More animals that b. Domestication had c. Only five types of d. While few animal ANS: C  Which of the following a. cereals b. pulses  ANS: A  The oldest continuous a. Alexandria b. Rome  ANS: C  According to Diamon a. Twelve crops acc b. Successful dome c. Unlike domestication on the ANS: A  What is trepanning?  a. Deliberately killing b. Intentionally cutton c. Selecting seeds to d. Excluding individual ANS: B  When did urbanization a. 15,000 years ago b. 12,000 years ago b. 12	a. More animals than plant b. Domestication has enjoy c. Only five types of anim d. While few animals have ANS: C DIF:  Which of the following is the a. cereals b. pulses ANS: A DIF:  The oldest continuously inh a. Alexandria b. Rome ANS: C DIF:  According to Diamond (199 a. Twelve crops account for b. Successful domesticated and d. Domestication only beg ANS: A DIF:  What is trepanning? a. Deliberately killing weat b. Intentionally cutting a h c. Selecting seeds to save of d. Excluding individuals for ANS: B DIF:  When did urbanization begin a. 15,000 years ago b. 12,000 years ago b. 12,000 years ago ANS: C DIF:  Where did urbanization begin a. Mesopotamia b. Egypt ANS: A DIF:  What year marks the tipping outside of them? a. 1958 b. 1978	a. More animals than plants have been do b. Domestication has enjoyed widespread c. Only five types of animals have been w d. While few animals have been domestic ANS: C DIF: Factual  Which of the following is the most commo a. cereals b. pulses  ANS: A DIF: Factual  The oldest continuously inhabited town is a. Alexandria b. Rome  ANS: C DIF: Factual  According to Diamond (1997), which state a. Twelve crops account for 80% of the w b. Successful domestication requires a kn c. Unlike domesticated animals, domestic d. Domestication only began about 1,000  ANS: A DIF: Conceptual  What is trepanning? a. Deliberately killing weaker individuals b. Intentionally cutting a hole in the skull c. Selecting seeds to save for future crops d. Excluding individuals from favored gr ANS: B DIF: Conceptual  When did urbanization begin? a. 15,000 years ago b. 12,000 years ago	a. More animals than plants have been domesticated. Domestication has enjoyed widespread success c. Only five types of animals have been widely d. While few animals have been domesticated, ht. ANS: C DIF: Factual REF: Which of the following is the most common categora. cereals c. b. pulses d. ANS: A DIF: Factual REF: The oldest continuously inhabited town is a. Alexandria c. b. Rome d. ANS: C DIF: Factual REF: According to Diamond (1997), which statement is a. Twelve crops account for 80% of the world's l. b. Successful domesticated animals, domesticated plad. Domestication only began about 1,000 years agangle. Unlike domesticated animals, domesticated plad. Domestication only began about 1,000 years agangle. Excluding individuals b. Intentionally cutting a hole in the skull for therefore. Selecting seeds to save for future crops d. Excluding individuals from favored groups ANS: B DIF: Conceptual REF: When did urbanization begin? a. 15,000 years ago c. b. 12,000 years ago d. ANS: C DIF: Factual REF: Where did urbanization begin? a. Mesopotamia c. b. Egypt d. ANS: A DIF: Factual REF: Where did urbanization begin? a. Mesopotamia c. c. b. Egypt d. d. ANS: A DIF: Factual REF: What year marks the tipping point when more peoloutside of them? a. 1958 c. c. b. 1978 d.

34.	In 1950, how many ca. one b. five	ities ha	d a population	greater c. d.	than ten million, worldwide? 10 20	
	ANS: A	DIF:	Factual	REF:	Urbanization	
35.	In 2006, how many c	ities ha	d a population	greater c.	than ten million, worldwide?	
	b. 16			d.		
	ANS: C	DIF:	Factual	REF:	Urbanization	
36.	Mumford (1956) saw	city w	alls as a metaph			
	<ul><li>a. growth of cities</li><li>b. exclusion of the '</li></ul>	other"		c. d.	need for soldiers development of nations	
	ANS: A	DIF:	Conceptual	REF:	Urbanization	
37.	<ul><li>b. The reasons heal</li><li>c. The impact of ur</li></ul>	between th is no banizati	hunter-gathere longer strongly ion on social ne	er enviro 7 relateo etworks	onments and those we live in now d to where people live	
	ANS: A	DIF:	Conceptual	REF:	Urbanization	
38.	<ul> <li>Which of the following is true of modern hunter-gatherer societies?</li> <li>a. Their life expectancies have increased more than the lifespans of urbanized societies.</li> <li>b. The benefits of the hunter-gatherer diet and lifestyle have been offset by the deaths associated with accidents.</li> <li>c. Individuals in hunter-gatherer societies are physiologically different from urbanized societies.</li> <li>d. Pollution from urban areas has contaminated their sources of animal proteins, resulting in widespread famines.</li> </ul>					
	ANS: B	DIF:	Application	REF:	Urbanization	
39.	Cochran and Harpending (2009) speculate that the impact of living in civilizations  a. led to the evolution of new biological and behavioral traits  b. eliminated the role of agricultural settlements  c. caused humans to lose their ability to fight infectious diseases  d. decreased the importance of stable food supplies					
	ANS: A	DIF:	Conceptual	REF:	Civilization and the Birth of History	
40.	<ul> <li>What was the purpose of the clay tokens found by Schmandt-Besserat?</li> <li>a. They were used to count prayers in religious services.</li> <li>b. They formed an early accounting system.</li> <li>c. They served as coins.</li> <li>d. They were children's toys.</li> </ul>					
	ANS: B	DIF:	Factual	REF:	Civilization and the Birth of History	

41.	What evidence suggests that Stone Age civilizations believed in an afterlife of some sort?  a. Written texts of sacred stories and beliefs  b. Paintings on cave walls  c. Sacred buildings such as temples  d. The presence of grave goods and offerings						
	ANS: D	DIF:	Conceptual	REF:	Civilization and the Birth of History		
42.	<ul> <li>What is urbicide?</li> <li>a. The destruction of religious monuments</li> <li>b. The deliberate destruction of a city during a war or other conflict</li> <li>c. Forcing the residents of a city to move to rural areas</li> <li>d. Burning or otherwise destroying books</li> </ul>						
	ANS: B	DIF:	Factual	REF:	The Depth of Civilization		
43.	Where did philosoph	y emer	ge?				
	a. Egypt	·		c.	Greece		
	b. Iran			d.	Turkey		
	ANS: C	DIF:	Factual	REF:	The Rise of Philosophy		
44.	When did philosophy	v emerg	re?				
	a. 5,000 years ago			c.	3,000 years ago		
	b. 4,000 years ago			d.	2,000 years ago		
	ANS: C	DIF:	Factual	REF:	The Rise of Philosophy		
45. Keisha visited an Asian nation, and, while in an orphanage, affectionately patted the small child the head. She felt horrible when she was told that head patting was considered to be offensive. concept does this best illustrate?					nead patting was considered to be offensive. What		
	a. relativism			c.			
	b. imperialism			d.	asceticism		
	ANS: A	DIF:	Application	REF:	The Rise of Philosophy		
46.	According to your text, what two concepts was of particular interest to early philosophers?						
					development and maintenance		
	b. mind and soul			d.	magic and truth		
	ANS: B	DIF:	Factual	REF:	The Rise of Philosophy		
47.	The phrase "dynamism of the universe" refers to the  a. qualities of the universe that make it interesting and able to capture the attention of						
	individuals						
	<ul><li>b. features of the universe that give rise to life in any and all of its forms</li><li>c. extent to which the universe and all things in it can be characterized by constancy or</li></ul>						
	change d. ability of the uni	niverse to resist randomly occurring changes					
	ANS: C	DIF:	Conceptual	REF:	The Rise of Philosophy		

48.	Which philosophical possible, the knowled a. relativism b. materialism		_		for knowledge is impossible, or that even if it is ed? monism nihilism	
	ANS: D	DIF:	Factual	REF:	The Rise of Philosophy	
49.	Which philosophical a. relativism b. materialism	school	searches for th	e one si c. d.	ngle thing that will explain everything else? monism nihilism	
	ANS: C	DIF:	Factual	REF:	The Rise of Philosophy	
50.	<ul> <li>The ancient Greek religion</li> <li>a. had no sacred texts</li> <li>b. had only male gods</li> <li>c. elevated mortals to the position of gods</li> <li>d. was observed in the same ways throughout Greece</li> </ul>					
	ANS: A	DIF:	Factual	REF:	The Rise of Philosophy	