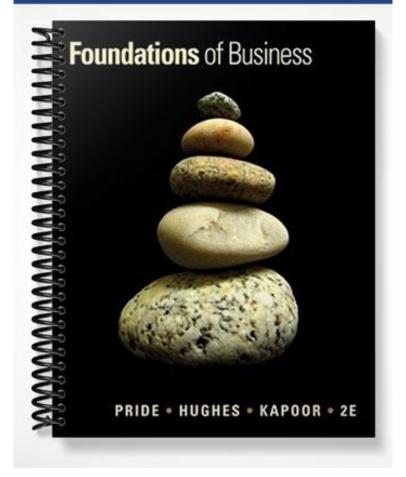
TEST BANK



ESSAY

1. Define business ethics.

ANS: Answer not provided.

PTS:1DIF:EasyREF:p. 35OBJ:2-1NAT:AACSB: EthicsTOP:Business Ethics Defined

2. Why are fairness and honesty in business important ethical concerns? Give examples.

ANS: Answer not provided.

PTS:1DIF:ModerateREF:p. 35-36OBJ:2-2NAT:AACSB: EthicsTOP:Ethical Issues

3. What are the major ethical issues businesspeople face?

ANS: Answer not provided.

PTS:	1	DIF:	Moderate	REF:	p. 35-37	OBJ:	2-2
NAT:	AACSB: Ethic	cs		TOP:	Ethical Issues		

4. What are the three major sets of factors believed to affect ethical behavior in an organization?

ANS: Answer not provided.

PTS:	1 DIF:	Easy	REF:	p. 38	OBJ: 2-3
NAT:	AACSB: Ethics		TOP:	Factors .	Affecting Ethical Behavior

5. How can the government encourage ethical behavior? Give an example.

ANS: Answer not provided.

PTS:	1	DIF:	Difficult	REF:	p. 39	OBJ: 2-4
NAT:	AACSB: Ethic	S		TOP:	Encouraging l	Ethical Behavior

6. Define a code of ethics. Do codes cover every business situation?

ANS: Answer not provided.

PTS:	1	DIF:	Moderate	REF:	p. 39	OBJ: 2-4
NAT:	AACSB: Ethic	cs		TOP:	Encouragin	ng Ethical Behavior

7.	How can organizations encourage ethical behavior?
	ANS: Answer not provided.
	PTS:1DIF:ModerateREF:p. 39-42OBJ:2-4NAT:AACSB: EthicsTOP:Encouraging Ethical Behavior
8.	What are some guidelines for making ethical decisions?
	ANS: Answer not provided.
	PTS:1DIF:ModerateREF:p. 42OBJ:2-4NAT:AACSB: EthicsTOP:Encouraging Ethical Behavior
9.	Define the doctrine of <i>caveat emptor</i> .
	ANS: Answer not provided.
	PTS:1DIF:EasyREF:p. 47OBJ:2-5NAT:AACSB: AnalyticTOP:The Evolution of Social Responsibility in Business
10.	What are the two views of social responsibility? Explain.
	ANS: Answer not provided.
	PTS:1DIF:ModerateREF:p. 48-49OBJ:2-6NAT:AACSB: EthicsTOP:Two Views of Social Responsibility
11.	How does the economic model of social responsibility differ from the socioeconomic model of social responsibility?
	ANS: Answer not provided.
	PTS:1DIF:DifficultREF:p. 48-49OBJ:2-6NAT:AACSB:EthicsTOP:Two Views of Social Responsibility
12.	What would proponents of the socioeconomic model argue to support their position?
	ANS: Answer not provided.
	PTS:1DIF:ModerateREF:p. 49OBJ:2-6NAT:AACSB: EthicsTOP:Two Views of Social Responsibility
13.	What would opponents of the socioeconomic model argue to support their position?

ANS: Answer not provided.

		EF: p. 50 OBJ: 2-6 DP: Two Views of Social Responsibility
14.	. Define consumerism.	
	ANS: Answer not provided.	
		EF: p. 51 OBJ: 2-7 OP: Consumerism
15.	. Explain the six basic rights of consumers.	
	ANS: Answer not provided.	
		EF: p. 51-52 OBJ: 2-7 DP: Consumerism
16.	. What are the three major consumerism forces to	oday?
	ANS: Answer not provided.	
	•	EF: p. 52 OBJ: 2-7 OP: Consumerism
17.	. What is an affirmative action program? Be cert answer.	tain to detail the objectives of such programs in your
	ANS: Answer not provided.	
		EF: p. 54 OBJ: 2-8 DP: Employment Practices
18.	. Why did Congress create the Equal Employme	nt Opportunity Commission?
	ANS: Answer not provided.	
		EF: p. 55 OBJ: 2-8 OP: Employment Practices
19.	. Why is pollution of concern to most citizens? Wabout pollution?	Why are some businesspeople particularly concerned
	ANS: Answer not provided.	
		EF: p. 56 OBJ: 2-9 DP: Concern for the Environment

20. Describe the four types of pollution. Who should pay for a clean environment?

ANS: Answer not provided.

PTS:	1	DIF:	Easy	REF:	р. 56-59	OBJ: 2-9
NAT:	AACSB: Ethi	cs		TOP:	Concern fo	r the Environment

21. What sort of information should be included in a social audit? Who would prepare the audit? How would such a document be used?

ANS: Answer not provided.

PTS:1DIF:ModerateREF:p. 60OBJ:2-10NAT:AACSB: EthicsTOP:Implementing a Program of Social Responsibility

22. How should social responsibility programs be funded? Explain your answer.

ANS: Answer not provided.

PTS:1DIF:ModerateREF:p. 60OBJ:2-10NAT:AACSB: AnalyticTOP:Implementing a Program of Social Responsibility

23. What are the four steps in developing a program of social responsibility?

ANS: Answer not provided.

PTS:	1	DIF:	Moderate	REF:	p. 60	OBJ: 2-10
NAT:	AACSB: Ana	lytic		TOP:	Implementing	g a Program of Social Responsibility

MULTIPLE CHOICE

Excellent Air Incorporated (EAI)

Excellent Air Inc. is a well-known establishment in the airline business. It is currently one of the top firms in the industry. The company prides itself on good customer service and being concerned with the broader societal good. EAI management is not only concerned with doing things right, but also with doing the right things. Many of their decisions reflect this philosophy. Initially, the company had a problem with employees reporting their suspicions about unethical behavior to the press instead of to EAI management. As a result, the company made sure its employees knew the firm's guidelines on fixing ethical issues. EAI also developed a code of conduct based on standards that continue to be upheld within the company. Since the code of conduct has been put in place, there have been much fewer ethical violations.

Although employee salaries at EAI are not as high as those at competing firms, the company experiences very low employee turnover. The firm has created a corporate culture that not only makes its employees want to stay, but that also results in higher profits. If EAI can maintain the relationship it has built with its employees and customers, it will have little difficulty keeping up its remarkable success.

	Refer to Excellent Ai of moral standards to a. moral responsibil b. social consciousr c. social responsibil d. moral consciousr e. business ethics	busine ity ess ity					t demonstrated its applicatior
	ANS: E OBJ: 2-1		1 AACSB: Ethi		Moderate	REF: TOP:	p. 35 Scenario Questions
25.	Refer to Excellent Ai limited or amou a. time b. responsibility c. moral dilemmas d. unethical options e. opportunity	nt of fr				its code (of conduct, employees have
	ANS: E OBJ: 2-3		1 AACSB: Ethi		Moderate	REF: TOP:	p. 38 Scenario Questions
26.	Refer to Excellent Ai with ethical issues, bu a. whistle-blowing b. a social audit						g to go to EAI management example of
	c. poor employeesd. opportunity empte. a narc	or					
	c. poor employeesd. opportunity empt	PTS:	1 AACSB: Ethi		Easy	REF: TOP:	p. 40 Scenario Questions
27.	c. poor employeesd. opportunity empte. a narcANS: AOBJ: 2-4	PTS: NAT: r Incorj	AACSB: Ethi	cs		TOP:	
27.	 c. poor employees d. opportunity empte e. a narc ANS: A OBJ: 2-4 Refer to Excellent Air company has a. a moral minority b. cultural diversity c. social responsibilied d. caveat emptor 	PTS: NAT: r Incorj ity PTS:	AACSB: Ethi	cs inciple DIF:	s that EAI cho	TOP: oses to p REF:	Scenario Questions or that the bride itself on show that the
	 c. poor employees d. opportunity empte e. a narc ANS: A OBJ: 2-4 Refer to Excellent Air company has a. a moral minority b. cultural diversity c. social responsibilied. d. caveat emptor e. a social audit ANS: C OBJ: 2-4 	PTS: NAT: r Incorr ity PTS: r Incorr e follow al issue ze optic y bench	AACSB: Ethi porated. The pr AACSB: Ethi porated. To fix ving guidelines ons. mark.	DIF: cs the eth s for ma	s that EAI cho Easy ical issue prob aking ethical d	TOP: oses to p REF: TOP: olems, EA	Scenario Questions oride itself on show that the p. 42 Scenario Questions AI management should have

XYZ Coffee

Nancy is a highly respected person within her community. She is Hispanic in a largely Caucasian-populated area. Since Nancy was looking for a new job, she went to a new company in the area called XYZ Coffee, where she applied for a position. After the interview, Nancy felt confident that she would be hired because of her qualifications. However, she did not get a call back. Initially, Nancy did not think twice about it, but she felt differently when she visited the same coffee store later to purchase something for a friend. The company had hired an inexperienced Caucasian male with a history of unemployment. At this point, Nancy was quite aggravated, but she left the issue alone.

She ended up asking an associate for an espresso machine. The employee informed Nancy where the machine was located and retrieved it for her. Nancy asked if there were any other espresso machines of higher quality. When the associate said no, Nancy purchased the item and left. After she gave the gift to her friend, she noticed a much better quality espresso machine that someone else had given her. Nancy asked where they had purchased it, and they responded, "XYZ Coffee."

- 29. Refer to XYZ Coffee. Nancy's right to product options in buying an espresso machine is known as
- a. caveat emptor b. consumerism c. affirmative action d. social audit e. business ethics ANS: B PTS: 1 DIF: Difficult REF: p. 51 OBJ: 2-7 NAT: AACSB: Ethics **TOP:** Scenario Questions 30. Refer to XYZ Coffee. Which basic consumer right was infringed when Nancy bought the espresso machine? a. the right to safety b. the right to be heard c. the right to service d. the right to respect e. the right to choose ANS: E PTS: 1 DIF: Moderate REF: p. 52 OBJ: 2-7 NAT: AACSB: Ethics **TOP:** Scenario Questions 31. Refer to XYZ Coffee. Nancy is a(n) within her community. a. outcast b. active member c. minority d. bad influence e. unethical person ANS: C PTS: 1 DIF: Easy REF: p. 54 OBJ: 2-8 NAT: AACSB: Ethics **TOP:** Scenario Questions 32. Refer to XYZ Coffee. If Nancy were Caucasian and the company employees were mostly Hispanic,
- the way she was treated would be referred to as _____.
 - a. affirmative action
 - b. legal discrimination
 - c. simply unethical
 - d. reverse discrimination
 - e. a perfect match

	ANS: D OBJ: 2-8	PTS: 1 NAT: AACSB: Ethi	DIF: cs	Moderate	REF: TOP:	p. 55 Scenario Questions			
33.	Refer to XYZ Coffee Nancy would be a. an unemployed b. a minority c. a whistle-blower d. a caveat emptor e. a consumerist		o, anoth	er description fo	or the e	mployee who was hired over			
	ANS: A OBJ: 2-8	PTS: 1 NAT: AACSB: Ethi	DIF: cs	Easy	REF: TOP:	p. 55 Scenario Questions			
34.	drinking water. Clean causing the loss of he community. The min a. businessb. ethicalc. environmentald. social responsibilitie. cost	undreds of local jobs, b le faces a serious	he surro out doin decisio	ounding areas w ng nothing woul n.	ould pi d endai	robably bankrupt the mine, nger the health of the			
	ANS: B OBJ: 2-1	PTS: 1 NAT: AACSB: Ethi	DIF: cs	Difficult	REF: TOP:	p. 35 Business Ethics Defined			
35.	a. It is laws and regb. It is the applicatic. It does not vary fd. It is most importa-	ng holds true in the cas gulations that govern by on of moral standards from one person to ano ant for advertising agen fined rules for appropr	usiness. to busir other. ncies.	ness situations.					
	ANS: B OBJ: 2-1	PTS: 1 NAT: AACSB: Ethi	DIF: cs	Easy	REF: TOP:	p. 35 Business Ethics Defined			
36.									
	ANS: A OBJ: 2-1	PTS: 1 NAT: AACSB: Ethi	DIF: cs	Easy	REF: TOP:	p. 35 Business Ethics Defined			
37.	Brant promised to rep	pair Carolyn's car on T	hursday	y. After picking	up the	necessary part at a junkyard,			

- 37. Brant promised to repair Carolyn's car on Thursday. After picking up the necessary part at a junkyard, he discovered he could not do the job after all and that the junkyard would not buy back the part. Carolyn does not know about these developments. However, she thinks Brant will be finished with her car sometime today. What should Brant do?
 - a. try to repair the car even though he does not really know how
 - b. try to repair the car so he can at least get his money's worth out of it
 - c. call Carolyn to inform her of the problem, and recommend a reputable repair shop

- d. fake an emergency and contact Carolyn on Monday
- e. stall for time to read up on car repairs so he can practice on Carolyn's car

ANS: C	PTS: 1	DIF: Difficult	REF:	p. 35
OBJ: 2-2	NAT: AACSB: Ethi	ics	TOP:	Ethical Issues

- 38. Customers expect a firm's products to
 - a. boost sales.
 - b. be profitable.
 - c. earn a reasonable return on investment.
 - d. be available everywhere.
 - e. be safe, reliable, and reasonably priced.

ANS: E	PTS: 1	DIF: Easy	REF:	p. 35
OBJ: 2-2	NAT: AACSB: Ethi	cs	TOP:	Ethical Issues

- 39. Investors expect management to do all of the following except
 - a. consult them on ethical decisions.
 - b. increase sales.
 - c. boost the company's profit.
 - d. increase the return to the investor.
 - e. make sensible financial decisions.

ANS: A	PTS: 1	DIF: Moderate	REF:	p. 35
OBJ: 2-2	NAT: AACSB: Ethi	cs	TOP:	Ethical Issues

- 40. Tony Shinn is applying for a mortgage to purchase his first home. His credit rating is mediocre due to several late payments on his credit cards and car loan. He is upset because his friend Jerry was offered an interest rate 3 percent less than what Tony was offered by the same mortgage company. This mortgage company's actions were
 - a. unethical—both Tony and Jerry should have been charged the same interest rates, regardless of their credit histories.
 - b. ethical—this is just a part of doing business because credit history is an important indicator of future payments.
 - c. illegal—subjective factors may not be used when determining which credit offers may be extended to certain customers.
 - d. unethical if Tony is a minority and Jerry is not.
 - e. unethical and illegal—customers must all be treated the same.

ANS: B	PTS: 1	DIF: Moderate	REF: p. 35
OBJ: 2-2	NAT: AACSB: Ethi	CS	TOP: Ethical Issues

- 41. Metabo-Miracle offers a guaranteed weight loss of 10 pounds in one week without dieting or exercise. Thousands of customers purchase the products and about 200 call in with complaints that the product was ineffective. What action should Metabo-Miracle take?
 - a. It should immediately remove its products from the market, fully refund the thousands of customers' money, and close its business.
 - b. It should use persuasive techniques to get the 200 disappointed customers to try the product again each time it fails in order to decrease refunds.
 - c. It should explain to the customers that they misused the product and try to sell them more of the product.
 - d. It should discuss the product failure with the customers and then provide them with a full refund of their purchase price.
 - e. It should ignore the customers' complaints and hope they will tire of calling and writing letters.

ANS: D	PTS: 1	DIF: Difficult	REF: p. 36
OBJ: 2-2	NAT: AACSB: Ethi	CS	TOP: Ethical Issues

- 42. Ranee is a businessperson who works for a successful and admired *Fortune* 500 company. How often is Ranee likely to encounter ethical issues in the workplace?
 - a. once or twice during her career
 - b. about two to three times per year
 - c. approximately once a month
 - d. almost every week
 - e. on a daily basis

ANS: E	PTS: 1	DIF: Difficult	REF: p. 36
OBJ: 2-2	NAT: AACSB: Eth	ics	TOP: Ethical Issues

- 43. You are the executive vice president for Cooper Tire, the sixth largest U.S. tire maker. You have the responsibility to locate land for a new distribution center in Mississippi, and you own over 1,000 acres of land near one site in Tupelo. Your situation could create
 - a. a code of ethics.
 - b. the usual decision-making problems of cost versus benefit to Cooper Tire.
 - c. a wonderful, ethical opportunity to make a lot of money.
 - d. an ethical opportunity to move the distribution center to your hometown.
 - e. a conflict of interest.

ANS: E	PTS:	1	DIF:	Moderate	REF:	p. 36
OBJ: 2-2	NAT:	AACSB: Ethi	cs		TOP:	Ethical Issues

- 44. Taking credit for others' ideas or work or not meeting one's commitments in a mutual agreement are ethical issues concerning _____.
 - a. fairness and honesty
 - b. organizational relationships
 - c. conflict of interest
 - d. communications
 - e. freedom of choice

ANS:	В	PTS:	1	DIF:	Moderate	REF:	p. 36
OBJ:	2-2	NAT:	AACSB: Ethic	cs		TOP:	Ethical Issues

- 45. Publisher's Clearing House has a policy that no employees or their family members are eligible to win the big sweepstakes. This policy was likely implemented to
 - a. shrink the pool of possible winners, which increases each individual's odds of winning.
 - b. prevent employees from accepting gifts or bribes from other employees.
 - c. encourage more magazine sales.
 - d. avoid an apparent conflict of interest.
 - e. satisfy the families of Publisher's Clearing House employees.

ANS:	D	PTS:	1	DIF:	Difficult	REF:	p. 36
OBJ:	2-2	NAT:	AACSB: Ethic	cs		TOP:	Ethical Issues

- 46. A large computer manufacturer forbids its executives and managers from serving as directors or officers for Intel Corporation or any other corporations from which it might purchase component parts. The company is trying to prevent
 - a. their employees from having other jobs.
 - b. a conflict of interest.
 - c. trade secrets from being revealed.

- d. losing its executives to other organizations.
- e. fairness and honesty.

ANS: B	PTS: 1	DIF: Difficult	REF:	р. 36
OBJ: 2-2	NAT: AACSB: Ethi	ics	TOP:	Ethical Issues

47. Mattel, the maker of Barbie dolls, frequently shows television ads aimed at children on Saturday mornings, when many children are known to watch cartoons. Some of these ads mix cartoon-type animation and "real" shots of the dolls so that it is sometimes difficult for even an adult to determine what the doll can or cannot do. This *most likely* represents

- a. a conflict of interest.
- b. an ethical problem because children may be deceived about what Barbie can do.
- c. an ethical concern for many creditors of Mattel.
- d. illegal payoffs, if parents are getting more than they actually know they are paying for.
- e. that Mattel employees need better working conditions and higher pay.

ANS: B	PTS: 1	DIF: Difficult	REF: p. 37
OBJ: 2-2	NAT: AACSB: Ethi	CS	TOP: Ethical Issues

- 48. Which of the following holds true in the case of bribes?
 - a. They are unethical.
 - b. They are ethical only under certain circumstances.
 - c. They are uncommon in many foreign countries.
 - d. They are economic returns.
 - e. They are ethical.

ANS: A	PTS: 1	DIF: Easy	REF: p. 37
OBJ: 2-2	NAT: AACSB: Ethi	cs	TOP: Ethical Issues

49. When medical research indicated that a high-fiber diet might help reduce one's risk of colon cancer, a few producers of fiber cereals suggested in their advertisements that if you eat fiber cereal, you will not get cancer. This is an example of

- a. an unethical organizational relationship
- b. a conflict of interest
- c. social responsibility
- d. unethical communications
- e. ethical persuasion

ANS: D	PTS: 1	DIF: Difficult	REF:	p. 37
OBJ: 2-2	NAT: AACSB: Ethi	CS	TOP:	Ethical Issues

- 50. You are the decision maker for purchasing office equipment in your organization. One sales representative privately offers you season tickets to the Chicago Bears if you help him out. This tactic is _____.
 - a. a corporate discount
 - b. a common business practice
 - c. a bribe
 - d. personal selling
 - e. ethical

ANS: C	PTS: 1	DIF: Moderate	REF:	p. 37
OBJ: 2-2	NAT: AACSB: Ethic	cs	TOP:	Ethical Issues

51. For health-related companies such as Weight Watchers, one of the most frequent ethical issues related to communications that they face is

- a. deception.
- b. providing too much information.
- c. seeking FDA approval.
- d. experiments on animals.
- e. safe packaging.

ANS: A	PTS: 1	DIF: Moderate	REF: p. 37
OBJ: 2-2	NAT: AACSB: Ethi	ics	TOP: Ethical Issues

- 52. Which specific area of business communications presents ethical questions by sometimes containing false and misleading messages for adults and especially children?
 - a. press releases
 - b. newspaper articles
 - c. Consumer Reports' rankings
 - d. advertising
 - e. audited financial reports

ANS: D	PTS: 1	DIF: Moderate	REF:	p. 37
OBJ: 2-2	NAT: AACSB: Ethi	CS	TOP:	Ethical Issues

- 53. What are the three sets of factors that influence the standards of behavior in an organization?
 - a. organizational norms, circumstances, morals
 - b. peer pressure, attitudes, social factors
 - c. historical factors, management attitudes, opportunity
 - d. opportunity, individual factors, social factors
 - e. financial factors, opportunity, morals
 - ANS:DPTS:1DIF:ModerateREF:p.37OBJ:2-3NAT:AACSB:EthicsTOP:FactorsAffectingEthicalBehavior
 - TOP: Factors Affecting Eulical Denavior
- 54. The _____ factor affecting ethical behavior includes individual knowledge of an issue, personal values, and personal goals.
 - a. individual
 - b. social
 - c. opportunity
 - d. moral
 - e. ethical

ANS: APTS: 1DIF: EasyREF: p. 38OBJ: 2-3NAT: AACSB: EthicsTOP: Factors Affecting Ethical Behavior

- 55. At Ledbetter Industries, employees are allowed one-hour lunches, but most stroll back fifteen minutes late every day. The factor affecting the ethical behavior of Ledbetter's employees is _____.
 - a. individual
 - b. social
 - c. opportunity
 - d. code of ethics
 - e. whistle-blowing

ANS: B PTS: 1	DIF: Moderate	REF: p). 38
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- OBJ: 2-3 NAT: AACSB: Ethics
- TOP: Factors Affecting Ethical Behavior

56. Publix, a southeastern grocery store chain, has signs saying that tips are not accepted and employees are all informed of this policy. However, many of the baggers commonly accept tips from customers anyway and they often compare to see who makes the most. The factor affecting the ethical behavior of Publix's employees is _____.

a. individual

b. social

- c. opportunity
- d. demographic
- e. internal code

ANS:BPTS:1DIF:DifficultREF:p.38OBJ:2-3NAT:AACSB:EthicsTOP:FactorsAffectingEthicalBehavior

- 57. At Victoria's Secret, managerial approval is required whenever an employee makes a purchase at the store using an employee discount. Which factor affecting ethical behavior is Victoria's Secret seeking to control?
 - a. individual
 - b. social
 - c. moral
 - d. circumstantial
 - e. opportunity

ANS: EPTS: 1DIF: ModerateREF: p. 38OBJ: 2-3NAT: AACSB: Ethics

TOP: Factors Affecting Ethical Behavior

- 58. Ed works in a position where there is very little supervision. In fact, although he considers himself ethical, he figures he could go away for a week without anyone noticing. Which general set of factors is *most likely* to influence Ed's ethical behavior?
 - a. individual
 - b. social
 - c. moral
 - d. circumstantial
 - e. opportunity

ANS: EPTS: 1DIF: DifficultREF: p. 38OBJ: 2-3NAT: AACSB: EthicsTOP: Factors Affecting Ethical Behavior

59. All of the following are factors that affect the level of ethical behavior in an organization except

- a. individual factors
- b. social factors
- c. opportunity
- d. demographic factors
- e. moral values

ANS:DPTS:1DIF:EasyREF:p. 38-39OBJ:2-3NAT:AACSB:EthicsTOP:Factors Affecting Ethical Behavior

- 60. If a company deals with violations of its ethical codes _____, the opportunity to be unethical will be reduced.
 - a. leisurely and lightly

- b. firmly and consistently
- c. on a case-by-case basis
- d. quietly and erratically
- e. frequently and severely

ANS:	В	PTS:	1	DIF:	Moderate	REF: p. 39
OBJ:	2-3	NAT:	AACSB: Ethi	cs		_
TOP:	Factors Affec	ting Eth	ical Behavior			

- 61. What is probably the *most* effective way for a company to encourage ethical behavior? a. hire employees who are ethical and in agreement with the company's views
 - b. have ethics training sessions for interested employees
 - c. threaten employees with immediate termination for unethical behavior
 - d. post signs discouraging sexual harassment and discrimination
 - e. develop and enforce a written code of ethics for the organization

ANS:EPTS:1DIF:ModerateREF:p. 39OBJ:2-4NAT:AACSB:EthicsTOP:Encouraging Ethical Behavior

- 62. The American Apparel Manufacturers Association exerts pressure on its members to comply with the ethical standards of the industry and provides information and benefits for textile companies. This company is an example of a(n) _____.
 - a. regulatory agency
 - b. government agency
 - c. trade association
 - d. industry organization
 - e. membership club

ANS: CPTS: 1DIF: DifficultREF: p. 39OBJ: 2-4NAT: AACSB: Ethics

TOP: Encouraging Ethical Behavior

63. Wal-Mart expects its code of ethics to provide all of the following benefits *except*

- a. creating an outline for ethical policies and standards.
- b. encouraging employees to behave ethically.
- c. communicating the company's expectations to the employees.
- d. describing what to do in every ethical situation.
- e. detailing the punishment that will be given for an ethical breech.

ANS:	D	PTS:	1	DIF:	Easy	REF: p. 39
OBJ:	2-4	NAT:	AACSB:	Ethics		_
TOP:	Encouraging 1	Ethical	Behavior			

- 64. The human resources manager at Swingline, Inc., a manufacturer of office staplers, wants to encourage a more ethical climate in the organization. A likely way for Swingline to do this is to
 - a. make certain that Swingline has a company code of ethics that is enforced.
 - b. add an ethics department whose job is to constantly watch employees to be certain they behave.
 - c. develop a system of security cameras, telephone monitoring, and one-way mirrors to be certain that employees behave appropriately.
 - d. avoid any mention of ethics to employees so that they will not think unethical thoughts.
 - e. do none of the above. All of these practices are illegal because they take away an employee's constitutional right of free choice.

ANS:	А	PTS:	1	DIF:	Difficult	REF: p. 39
OBJ:	2-4	NAT:	AACSB: Ethi	cs		-
TOP:	Encouraging H	Ethical J	Behavior			

- 65. Which of the following is the most effective way to encourage ethical business behavior?
 - a. pass government regulations
 - b. provide guidelines from trade associations
 - c. include an ethics clause in a labor contract
 - d. establish and enforce a code of ethics
 - e. rely on employees to blow the whistle

ANS:	D	PTS:	1	DIF:	Easy	REF:	p. 39
OBJ:	2-4	NAT:	AACSB: Ethi	cs			_
TOD	E	24.1.1.1.1	D - 1				

TOP: Encouraging Ethical Behavior

- 66. Rose Martinez walked into her office and found a large, extravagant bouquet on her desk. Before she had time to read the card, her secretary said it was from Mr. Tanner at Zero Corporation. The secretary knew Mr. Tanner was trying to negotiate a sales deal with the company. Thus, she remarked that the beautiful flowers should help Ms. Martinez make her decision. Although Ms. Martinez did not know how to respond to Mr. Tanner's gift, she thought an answer might be in her company's _____.
 - a. sales procedures
 - b. sales manual
 - c. employee handbook
 - d. code of ethics
 - e. sales training tapes

ANS:	D		PTS:	1	DIF:	Difficult	REF:	p. 39-40
OBJ:	2-4		NAT:	AACSB	: Ethics			
TOD	Г	•	T-1 1	D 1 '				

TOP: Encouraging Ethical Behavior

- 67. As a result of the Bhopal incident, in which a toxic gas leak killed thousands of people, officials at Union Carbide have dedicated themselves to operating their business ethically. Ways in which the company can encourage ethical behavior include all of the following *except*
 - a. formalizing a corporate code of ethics.
 - b. encouraging whistle-blowing.
 - c. holding ethics training sessions.
 - d. requiring that ethical behavior be profitable.
 - e. promoting open decision making.

ANS:DPTS:1DIF:DifficultREF:p. 39-42OBJ:2-4NAT:AACSB:EthicsTOP:Encouraging Ethical Behavior

- 68. Some Enron executives were aware of the financial problems the company was facing and yet failed to reveal this information to the public. These actions taken by Enron executives were
 - a. moral.
 - b. normal.
 - c. in the best interests of the shareholders.
 - d. unethical.
 - e. in the best interests of the employees.
 - ANS: D PTS: 1 DIF: Moderate REF: p. 40
 - OBJ: 2-4 NAT: AACSB: Ethics
 - TOP: Encouraging Ethical Behavior

- 69. Megan Miller is an ethics officer at a large financial institution. She likely performs all of the following duties *except*
 - a. coordinating ethical conduct.
 - b. providing advice to employees when they are uncertain.
 - c. giving top management advice about their decisions.
 - d. encouraging all employees to be whistle-blowers.
 - e. determining the punishment for ethical violations.

ANS: D	PTS: 1	DIF: Moderate	REF: p. 40
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OBJ: 2-4 NAT: AACSB: Ethics

TOP: Encouraging Ethical Behavior

- 70. Tom stormed into the office, exclaiming, "That's the last straw! I've experienced unethical behavior at this company one time too many. I'll be calling the press immediately." It appears that Tom is about to engage in _____.
 - a. an unethical practice
 - b. corporate ethics
 - c. whistling
 - d. trumpeting
 - e. whistle-blowing

ANS:	Е	PTS:	1	DIF:	Moderate	REF:	p. 40
OBJ:	2-4	NAT:	AACSB: Ethi	cs			

TOP: Encouraging Ethical Behavior

- 71. A whistle-blower is a person who
 - a. announces the beginning and end of a work shift.
 - b. praises his or her own accomplishments.
 - c. does public relations work for a company.
 - d. accepts responsibility when a company is in trouble with the government.
 - e. reports illegal or unethical conduct within his or her organization.

ANS:	E	PTS:	1	DIF:	Easy	REF: p. 40
OBJ:	2-4	NAT:	AACSB: Ethic	cs		

TOP: Encouraging Ethical Behavior

- 72. Which of the following scenarios provides the best example of whistle-blowing?
 - a. Jonathon fails to meet his sales quota for the month and is reported to the regional manager for special review.
 - b. Christine tells her husband about illegal environmental dumping she suspects her company is doing.
 - c. William gives an interview on NBC's *Dateline* about the opportunities available at his company.
 - d. Geena speaks to her boss about how uncomfortable she is with the sexual jokes one of her coworkers frequently tells at the office.
 - e. Marie has grown tired of her company's unsafe practices and reports them to OSHA, a governmental agency that regulates safety.

ANS: E PTS: 1 DIF: Difficult REF: p. 40

- OBJ: 2-4 NAT: AACSB: Ethics TOP: Encouraging Ethical Behavior
- 73. Certain executives were aware of the financial difficulties of WorldCom. What action might they have taken to help the owners, employees, and communities involved?
 - a. whistle-blowing

- b. selling their shares of WorldCom
- c. leaving the company
- d. transferring to a more ethical division
- e. denying their knowledge of the company's problems

ANS:	А	PTS:	1	DIF:	Moderate	REF: p. 40
OBJ:	2-4	NAT:	AACSB:	Ethics		_
TOP:	Encouraging l	Ethical	Behavior			

74. After consulting his company's code of ethics, Mark is still unsure of whether or not the decision he is about to make is ethical. Which of the following actions would be *most* appropriate?

- a. ask his wife what she would do in this situation
- b. calculate the decision's bottom-line impact and do whatever increases profit the most
- c. determine whether coworkers, suppliers, and customers would approve of the action
- d. go with his gut feeling because Mark considers himself to be an ethical individual
- e. avoid making the decision and any other decision with ethical implications

ANS:CPTS:1DIF:DifficultREF:p. 42OBJ:2-4NAT:AACSB:EthicsTOP:Encouraging Ethical Behavior

- 75. The recognition that business activities affect society and the consideration of that impact when making business decisions is referred to as _____.
 - a. business ethics
 - b. corporate ethics
 - c. code of ethics
 - d. community responsibility
 - e. social responsibility

ANS: EPTS: 1DIF: EasyREF: p. 42OBJ: 2-4NAT: AACSB: Ethics

TOP: Encouraging Ethical Behavior

76. Which of the following holds true in the case of social responsibility?

- a. It has little or no associated costs.
- b. It can be extremely expensive and provides very little benefit to a company.
- c. It has become less important as businesses become more competitive.
- d. It is generally a crafty scheme to put competitors out of business.
- e. It is costly but provides tremendous benefits to society and the business.

ANS:EPTS:1DIF:EasyREF:p. 42OBJ:2-4NAT:AACSB:EthicsTOP:Encouraging Ethical Behavior

77. Which of the following examples *least* represents the definition of social responsibility?

- a. Home Depot provides resources and volunteers for Habitat for Humanity.
- b. GE supports food banks and helps renovate homeless shelters.
- c. Military members pledge a portion of their salary to the United Way.
- d. Avon donates a portion of its profits to breast cancer research.
- e. AT&T supports education, health, and the environment through donations and volunteers.

ANS: C PTS: 1 DIF: Moderate REF: p. 42

OBJ: 2-4 NAT: AACSB: Ethics

TOP: Encouraging Ethical Behavior

- 78. Kenneth worked in the steel industry in the early 1900s. Which *most likely* describes the amount of time Kenneth worked per week?
 - a. He was lucky to have the job at all and probably only workrd twenty hours per week.
 - b. He shared his job with another individual and worked thirty hours per week.
 - c. He worked a standard week of forty hours.
 - d. He worked over sixty hours a week.
 - e. He spent about sixteen hours a day, six days a week at the factory.

ANS:DPTS:1DIF:ModerateREF:p.9.OBJ:2-5NAT:AACSB:EthicsTOP:The Evolution of Social Responsibility in Business

- 79. Six of the most important federal laws passed between 1887 and 1914 supported which of the following?
 - a. foreign trade
 - b. increased production
 - c. competition
 - d. elimination of unions
 - e. more social responsibility

ANS: CPTS: 1DIF: ModerateREF: p. 47OBJ: 2-5NAT: AACSB: Ethics

TOP: The Evolution of Social Responsibility in Business

- 80. Which of the following best defines the term Caveat emptor?
 - a. It is a French term that implies laissez faire.
 - b. It implies disagreements over peer evaluations.
 - c. It is a Latin phrase meaning "let the buyer beware."
 - d. It is a Latin phrase meaning "let the seller beware."
 - e. It is a Latin phrase meaning "the cave is empty."

ANS: C	PTS: 1	DIF: Easy	REF: p. 47
OBJ: 2-5	NAT: AACSB: A	Analytic	

TOP: The Evolution of Social Responsibility in Business

- 81. Before the 1930s, most government involvement in day-to-day business was aimed at a. nonpayment of income taxes.
 - b. discrimination.
 - c. protection of the free-market system.
 - d. consumer rights.
 - e. employment practices of factories.

ANS: CPTS: 1DIF: EasyREF: p. 47OBJ: 2-5NAT: AACSB: Ethics

UBJ: 2-5 NAT: AACSB: Ethics

TOP: The Evolution of Social Responsibility in Business

- 82. In the first three decades of the twentieth century, working conditions were horrible and dangerous, and abuses were common. Most people of the time believed these abuses would be rectified by
 - a. strict government action to punish the offenders.
 - b. a shift to a communist economy.
 - c. consumer advocacy groups who promoted social responsibility.
 - d. competition and action of the marketplace.
 - e. returning to a less industrialized society.

ANS: D PTS: 1 DIF: Difficult REF: p. 47

OBJ: 2-5 NAT: AACSB: Ethics

TOP: The Evolution of Social Responsibility in Business

- 83. Harold Finn III and his son, father, and grandfather gathered last week to compare notes on their business. Harold's grandfather started the business in 1928. His father became active in 1947, Harold in 1965, and his son in 1983. During their conversations, they discovered that many things about the past were similar to conditions today, although others were quite different. For example, after the 1930s
 - a. government protection of workers and consumers increased.
 - b. working conditions were often deplorable by today's standards.
 - c. there was a period of laissez-faire business conditions.
 - d. the average work week under the law once exceeded fifty hours.
 - e. businesses were free to operate pretty much as they chose.

ANS: APTS: 1DIF: DifficultREF: p. 47-48OBJ: 2-5NAT: AACSB: Ethics

TOP: The Evolution of Social Responsibility in Business

- 84. Early government regulations that affected American business include all of the following except the
 - a. Interstate Commerce Act.
 - b. Sherman Antitrust Act.
 - c. Federal Trade Commission Act.
 - d. Clayton Antitrust Act.
 - e. Americans with Disabilities Act.

ANS: E	PTS: 1	DIF:	Moderate	REF: p. 48
OBJ: 2-5	NAT: AACSB: E	thics		

TOP: The Evolution of Social Responsibility in Business

- 85. Which president led the way in creating programs to improve the working and social conditions in the United States in the 1930s?
 - a. Teddy Roosevelt
 - b. Calvin Coolidge
 - c. Franklin Roosevelt
 - d. Woodrow Wilson
 - e. Herbert Hoover

ANS: CPTS: 1DIF: EasyREF: p. 48OBJ: 2-5NAT: AACSB: AnalyticTOP: The Evolution of Social Personalibility in Pusiness

- TOP: The Evolution of Social Responsibility in Business
- 86. What led most directly to increased government involvement with regulating business and its dealings with society?
 - a. the Industrial Revolution
 - b. president Kennedy's consumer bill of rights
 - c. the collapse of the oil industry
 - d. the Great Depression
 - e. the end of World War I

ANS:DPTS:1DIF:EasyREF:p. 48OBJ:2-5NAT:AACSB:EthicsTOP:The Evolution of Social Responsibility in Business

87. With who does social responsibility of business have to begin?a. government

- b. management
- c. consumers
- d. consumer protection groups
- e. society

ANS:BPTS:1DIF:EasyREF:p.48OBJ:2-6NAT:AACSB:EthicsTOP:Two Views of Social Responsibility

- 88. The economic model of social responsibility was developed in a period when the primary concern of firms was
 - a. long-term success and profitability.
 - b. improving the quality of life.
 - c. short-run profits and survival.
 - d. complete customer satisfaction and expansion.
 - e. having safe and satisfied employees.

ANS:CPTS:1DIF:ModerateREF:p. 48OBJ:2-6NAT:AACSB: EthicsTOP:Two Views of Social Responsibility

- 89. The manager of a large chain recently spoke to a group of college students about making it in the business world. He focused particularly on the importance of fulfilling the purpose of the business organization: that is, to produce and market profitable products needed by society. In doing so, he indicated that a stockholder, not the society as a whole, invests in a corporation to earn a return on his or her investment and that a firm is legally obligated to act in stockholders' interests. What concept do the manager's comments reveal?
 - a. the socioeconomic model of social responsibility
 - b. the economic model of social responsibility
 - c. the strictest model of social responsibility
 - d. consumerism
 - e. the rights of employees

ANS:	В	PTS:	1	DIF:	Difficult	REF:	p. 48-49
OBJ:	2-6	NAT:	AACSB: Ethic	cs			-
TOP:	Two Views of	f Social	Responsibility				

- 90. The manager of a successful local restaurant believes his responsibilities are to provide delicious meals and excellent service, provide jobs, comply with laws and the IRS, and earn a respectable profit on the restaurant. These are the manager's only concerns. What concept does this indicate?
 - a. Socialism
 - b. the economic model of social responsibility
 - c. the socioeconomic model of social responsibility
 - d. consumer protectionism
 - e. a lack of social responsibility

ANS:	В	PTS:	1	DIF:	Difficult	REF:	p. 48-49
OBJ:	2-6	NAT:	AACSB: Ethi	cs			
TOP:	Two Views of	f Social	Responsibility				

- 91. "We are busy producing and marketing profitable products for society to enjoy! Now you want us to provide legal services, day-care centers, and counseling for AIDS victims and alcohol and drug abusers. If we do all these things, what role will the government, church, and family play?" exclaimed the vice president of Milam Corporation. This manager's comments reveal what concept?
 - a. the socioeconomic model of social responsibility

- b. the economic model of social responsibility
- c. the strictest model of social responsibility
- d. the need to preserve management rights
- e. consumerism

ANS:	В	PTS:	1	DIF:	Difficult	REF:	p. 48-49
OBJ:	2-6	NAT:	AACSB: Ethi	cs			-
TOP:	Two Views of	f Social	Responsibility				

- 92. By establishing Ronald McDonald Houses, temporary lodging for individuals with seriously ill family members, McDonald's has committed itself to more than just shareholder wealth maximization. The corporation's active role in improving societal conditions suggests that it is responsive to which of the following arguments?
 - a. Corporate resources should be devoted to maximizing profits, not to solving society's problems.
 - b. Individual businesses should not be responsible for solving problems that affect all of society.
 - c. Socially responsible actions by business firms increase the role of government in business.
 - d. Businesses are ill-equipped to handle today's complex social issues.
 - e. Social responsibility promotes environmental stability and long-run profitability.

ANS:	E	PTS:	1	DIF:	Difficult	REF: p. 49
OBJ:	2-6	NAT:	AACSB: Ethi	cs		-
TOP:	Two Views of	f Social	Responsibility			

- 93. Roger, a bank manager, holds the economic model of social responsibility view. What is he *most likely* to say about the connection between taxes and social responsibility?
 - a. Because he is a responsible man, he pays his taxes and does not try to cheat the IRS.
 - b. Although taxes contribute to social welfare, it is only the beginning of his bank's responsibility to society.
 - c. Taxes are a required evil from which he sees very little benefit in his community.
 - d. By making a profit and paying taxes that meet the needs of society, Roger has fulfilled his social responsibility.
 - e. It is better to make a small profit and therefore pay less taxes than to contribute to social responsibility.

ANS:	D	PTS:	1	DIF:	Difficult	REF: p. 49
OBJ:	2-6	NAT:	AACSB: Ethi	cs		_
TOD	T V		D '1 '1'			

TOP: Two Views of Social Responsibility

- 94. Joe, a restaurant supplies and equipment business manager, believes in the economic model of social responsibility. Which of the following would *most likely* be a quote from Joe in relation to social responsibility?
 - a. "What a waste of time for everyone!"
 - b. "I fully support it."
 - c. "That is someone else's job."
 - d. "It's expensive, but worth it."
 - e. "Not in my line of work."

ANS: C PTS: 1 DIF: Difficult REF: p. 49

OBJ: 2-6 NAT: AACSB: Ethics

TOP: Two Views of Social Responsibility

- 95. Long-distance providers are becoming increasingly concerned about certain activities within their industry. Various companies come together voluntarily to implement new standards of social responsibility that members must abide by. What seems to be the primary motivation in this case for an increased interest in social responsibility?
 - a. Because corporations are creations of society, they are responsible for giving back to the communities in which they operate.
 - b. These companies have realized it is in their best interest to increase their social responsibility before they are once again subject to stricter regulations.
 - c. These companies are using social responsibility as a means to increase their profitability, both in the short term and long term.
 - d. Long-distance providers have started taking pride in their industry and its record for social responsibility.
 - e. They feel a responsibility to their stockholders, employees, the government, investors, and society as a whole.

ANS:	В	PTS:	1	DIF:	Difficult	REF: p. 49
OBJ:	2-6	NAT:	AACSB: Ethi	cs		
TOD	T V		D '1'1'			

TOP: Two Views of Social Responsibility

- 96. Which of the following is an argument for increased social responsibilities?
 - a. Because business is part of our society, it cannot ignore social issues.
 - b. Management must be concerned with providing a return on owners' investments.
 - c. Corporate time and money should be used to maximize profits.
 - d. Individual businesses should not be expected to solve society's problems.
 - e. Social issues are the responsibility of government officials.

ANS:	А	PTS:	1	DIF:	Easy	REF: p. 49
OBJ:	2-6	NAT:	AACSB: E	thics		
TOP:	Two Views of	f Social	Responsibil	ity		

- 97. "We are busy producing and marketing profitable products for society to enjoy! Now you want us to provide legal services, day-care centers, and counseling for AIDS victims and alcohol and drug abusers. If we do all these things, what role will the government, church, and family play?" exclaimed the vice president of Milam Corporation. What persuasive argument would you use to influence this manager to become more socially responsive?
 - a. Business has the technical, financial, and managerial resources needed to tackle today's complex economic issues.
 - b. Social problems affect society in general, so individual businesses probably should not be expected to solve these problems.
 - c. By helping to solve social issues, business can create a more stable environment for long-term profitability.
 - d. Socially responsible decision making by business firms will not prevent increased government intervention, which only forces businesses to do what they fail to do voluntarily.
 - e. Corporate time, money, and talent should be used to maximize profits, not to solve society's problems.

ANS:	С	PTS:	1	DIF:	Difficult	REF: p. 49
OBJ:	2-6	NAT:	AACSB: Ethi	cs		
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TOP: Two Views of Social Responsibility

- 98. The socioeconomic model of social responsibility
 - a. holds that society will benefit most when business is left alone to produce and market profitable products.
 - b. emphasizes that social responsibility is someone else's responsibility.

- c. holds that a firm is legally obligated to act in the economic interests of its stockholders.
- d. states that managers who concentrate on profit indirectly fulfill their social responsibilities.
- e. emphasizes profits as well as the effect of business decisions on society.

ANS:	E	PTS:	1	DIF:	Easy	REF: p. 49
OBJ:	2-6	NAT:	AACSB:	Ethics		
TOP:	Two Views of	f Social	Responsi	bility		

- 99. All of the following are arguments against increased social responsibility except
 - a. "social issues are the responsibility of government officials elected for that purpose."
 - b. "companies should maximize profits, not solve society's problems, with their time, money, and talent."
 - c. "because social problems affect society in general, businesses should not be expected to solve these problems."
 - d. "social responsibility by firms can prevent increased government intervention."
 - e. "business managers are primarily responsible to stockholders for providing them a good return."

ANS:DPTS:1DIF:ModerateREF:p.9OBJ:2-6NAT:AACSB:EthicsTOP:Two Views of Social Responsibility

- 100. The economic model of social responsibility places primary emphasis on
 - a. quality of life.
 - b. active government involvement.
 - c. conservation of natural resources.
 - d. economic return.
 - e. the balance of economic return and social return.
 - ANS: DPTS: 1DIF: ModerateREF: p. 50OBJ: 2-6NAT: AACSB: Ethics

TOP: Two Views of Social Responsibility

- 101. Which of the following *best* describes the trend in social responsibility models used by companies?
 - a. Most companies are changing from a socioeconomic approach, to an economic approach, to social responsibility.
 - b. There has really been no pattern of change over the last century because most companies take a socioeconomic approach.
 - c. There has been a sporadic shift back and forth between the economic and socioeconomic model as the best business solution.
 - d. Relatively little transformation has left the economic model as the philosophy for most businesses.
 - e. More companies have been bypassing the economic model in favor of the socioeconomic model in recent years.

ANS:	E	PTS:	1	DIF:	Difficult	REF: p. 5	50
OBJ:	2-6	NAT:	AACSB: Ethi	cs			
ΤOP·	Two Views of	Social	Responsibility				

TOP: Two Views of Social Responsibility

102. The socioeconomic model of social responsibility places primary emphasis on _____.

- a. quality of life
- b. production
- c. economic return
- d. exploitation of natural resources

e. profit

ANS: A	PTS:	1	DIF:	Easy	REF: p. 50
OBJ: 2-6	NAT:	AACSB: Ethics	5		-

TOP: Two Views of Social Responsibility

103. Which of the following is an argument against social responsibility?

- a. Business has resources needed to tackle today's complex social issues.
- b. Because business is a part of our society, it cannot ignore social issues.
- c. Corporate time, money, and talent should be used to maximize profits.
- d. By helping resolve social issues, business can create a more stable environment.
- e. Socially responsible decision making by firms can prevent increased government intervention.

ANS:	С	PTS: 1	DIF:	Easy	REF: p. 50
OBJ:	2-6	NAT: AACSB: Ethi	cs		

TOP: Two Views of Social Responsibility

104. Primary emphasis in the economic model of social responsibility is on

- a. quality of life.
- b. conservation of resources.
- c. market-based decisions.
- d. production.
- e. the firm's and community's interests.

ANS:	D	PTS:	1	DIF:	Easy	REF: p. 50
OBJ:	2-6	NAT:	AACSB: Ethi	cs		_
TOP:	Two Views of	f Social	Responsibility			

105. Karen is the assistant manager of a midsized logistics firm. She believes her manager, Michael, has become carried away with supporting nonprofit organizations and encouraging employees to do community service. What argument would Karen *most likely* use to turn Michael to her point of view?

- a. Socially responsible decision making by firms can prevent increased government regulation.
- b. Social problems affect society in general, so it is important to protect our society.
- c. The company's time and money should be spent maximizing the owner's wealth, not solving society's problems.
- d. By contributing to social issues, business will decrease its opportunity for long-run profitability.
- e. The logistics business has unique resources that could be used to address serious social issues.

ANS: CPTS: 1DIF: DifficultREF: p. 50OBJ: 2-6NAT: AACSB: EthicsTOP: Two Views of Social Responsibility

- 106. By ensuring that products are safe and reliable, the Food and Drug Administration and the Consumer Product Safety Commission are taking part in a movement known as _____.
 - a. protectionism
 - b. consumerism
 - c. product activism
 - d. socialism
 - e. product liability management

ANS: B PTS: 1	DIF:	Moderate	REF: p. 51
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- 107. Which president stated that consumers have the right to safety, to be informed, to choose, and to be heard?
 - a. Franklin D. Roosevelt
 - b. Dwight D. Eisenhower
 - c. Lyndon B. Johnson
 - d. John F. Kennedy
 - e. George H. Bush

ANS:	D	PTS:	1	DIF:	Easy	REF:	p. 51
OBJ:	2-7	NAT:	AACSB: Ethic	cs		TOP:	Consumerism

108. _____ consists of all activities undertaken to protect the rights of consumers.

- a. Consumerism
- b. Bill of rights
- c. Lobbying
- d. Caveat emptor
- e. Protectionism

ANS:	А	PTS:	1 DIF:	:	Easy	REF:	p. 51
OBJ:	2-7	NAT:	AACSB: Ethics			TOP:	Consumerism

- 109. The Audi 5000S was investigated because of reported instances of unintended acceleration. The investigating body concluded that the acceleration was not a result of a system malfunction but was instead due to driver error. However, they also said that the awkward placement of the brake and accelerator pedals was the primary contributor to these driver errors. By designing this part of the 5000S in an ergonomically inefficient manner, Audi ignored which of the four basic rights of consumers?
 - a. the right to be informed
 - b. the right to choose
 - c. the right to safety
 - d. the right to be heard
 - e. the right to comfort

ANS: C	PTS: 1	DIF: Difficult	REF:	p. 51
OBJ: 2-7	NAT: AACSB: Ethi	cs	TOP:	Consumerism

- 110. Whirlpool fails to provide an instruction manual with a certain type of new washing machine. Which basic consumer right does Whirlpool's action violate?
 - a. the right to convenience
 - b. the right to choose
 - c. the right to be heard
 - d. the right to safety
 - e. the right to courteous service

ANS: D	PTS: 1	DIF: Moderate	REF:	p. 51
OBJ: 2-7	NAT: AACSB: Ethi	cs	TOP:	Consumerism

- 111. Erin decides to try out her new iron on the pesky wrinkles she has on her legs. She suffers rather severe burns and is infuriated with the manufacturer because she feels her right to safety has been violated. Is Erin correct?
 - a. Yes, the right to safety implies that a customer will never be injured by a product.
 - b. Yes, the iron should have been recalled when this defect was first discovered.
 - c. No, products must be safe for their intended use, and Erin's experiment was clearly beyond

the intended use.

- d. No, as long as the instructions mentioned that when ironing skin burns sometimes occur, they are not to blame.
- e. No, the company instead violated her right to choose.

ANS: C	PTS: 1	DIF: Difficult	REF:	p. 51
OBJ: 2-7	NAT: AACSB: Ethi	ics	TOP:	Consumerism

- 112. MasterCard sends a customer a memo that discloses the true cost of borrowing with each billing statement. It does this because it realizes that the customer has the right to
 - a. choose.
 - b. obtain credit.
 - c. be heard.
 - d. be informed.
 - e. safety.

ANS: D	PTS: 1	DIF: Moderate	REF: p. 51
OBJ: 2-7	NAT: AACSB: Eth	ics	TOP: Consumerism

113. The motion picture industry uses a rating system to describe the content of its movies. Movies are accompanied by ratings such as PG (parental guidance suggested) or R (not suitable for those under 17). This acting such as performance suggested is to be accompanied by rating such as the suggested of the suggested of the subscript such as the suggested of the suggested of the suggested of the subscript such as the suggested of the suggested of the subscript such as the suggested of the subscript such as the suggested of the subscript such as the subscript su

- 17). This rating system satisfies consumers' right to
- a. be heard.
- b. safety.
- c. be informed.
- d. censorship.
- e. watch what they want to watch.

ANS: C	PTS: 1	DIF: Difficult	REF: p. 51
OBJ: 2-7	NAT: AACSB: Ethi	ics	TOP: Consumerism

114. One reason American business must be concerned about product safety is that

- a. labor unions will demand better contracts.
- b. the government will increase its requirements for disclosure.
- c. consumers demand safe products.
- d. companies will be banned from competing.
- e. limitations will be placed on the sale of products.

ANS: C	PTS: 1	DIF: Moderate	REF: p. 51
OBJ: 2-7	NAT: AACSB: Ethi	cs	TOP: Consumerism

- 115. Product labels on detergent that indicate ingredients and laundering methods are examples of which provision of Kennedy's consumer bill of rights?
 - a. the right to be heard
 - b. the right to choose
 - c. the right to purchase
 - d. the right to be informed
 - e. the right to safety

ANS: D	PTS: 1	DIF: Moderate	REF: p. 51
OBJ: 2-7	NAT: AACSH	B: Ethics	TOP: Consumerism

116. Wonder Bread advertised that its bread "builds strong bodies." This claim was considered deceptive and thus a violation of the consumer's right to _____. The claim was a violation not because it was untrue but because the same claim was true of other breads, and people seeing the advertisement might have thought that Wonder Bread was unique.

a. safety

- b. be heard
- c. be informed
- d. choose
- e. life

ANS:	С	PTS:	1	DIF:	Difficult	REF:	p. 51
OBJ:	2-7	NAT:	AACSB: Ethic	cs		TOP:	Consumerism

- 117. An instruction pamphlet detailing steps for the care and use of a new electric appliance would fulfill which provisions of Kennedy's consumer bill of rights?
 - a. the right to safety and the right to be informed
 - b. the right to be instructed and the right to safety
 - c. the right to be aware and the right to choose
 - d. the right to choose and the right to vote
 - e. the right to be heard and the right to sue

ANS: A	PTS: 1	DIF: Difficult	REF: p. 51
OBJ: 2-7	NAT: AACSB: Eth	ics	TOP: Consumerism

- 118. The statement "Warning: The Surgeon General Has Determined That Cigarette Smoking Is Dangerous to Your Health" supports the consumers' rights to
 - a. safety and to be informed.
 - b. life and to be informed.
 - c. choose and to safety.
 - d. work and to be informed.
 - e. safety and to be heard.

ANS: A	PTS: 1	DIF: Moderate	REF:	p. 51
OBJ: 2-7	NAT: AACSB: Ethi	cs	TOP:	Consumerism

- 119. In the 1970s, the Pinto, a subcompact car manufactured by Ford, was known to catch fire when rear-ended, even at inner-city speeds. This stripped consumers of their right to
 - a. choose.
 - b. be informed.
 - c. be protected.
 - d. be heard.
 - e. safety.

ANS: E	PTS: 1	DIF: Moderate	REF:	p. 51
OBJ: 2-7	NAT: AACSB: Ethi	cs	TOP:	Consumerism

- 120. When Ford discovered the fault with its Pinto model that caused the car to explode easily when hit from the rear, what action should it have taken to preserve basic consumer rights?
 - a. Ford should have performed a cost benefit analysis to determine whether it would save more money by doing nothing or by rectifying the problem.
 - b. Ford should have launched a campaign warning consumers of the defect so they would avoid getting in accidents.
 - c. Ford should have warned consumers of the explosions, recalled all of the defective automobiles, and corrected the problem.
 - d. Ford should have quietly ignored the problem and phased the Pinto out of its automobile

lineup.

e. Ford should have redesigned the automobile to make it safer for consumers in the future.

ANS: C	PTS: 1	DIF: Difficult	REF: p. 51
OBJ: 2-7	NAT: AACSB: Ethi	cs	TOP: Consumerism

- 121. Lisa buys a new pillow and rips off the manufacturer's tag. She then reads the tag and is amused at its warning that, under penalty of law, the tag should not be removed and the pillow could cause suffocation. What consumer right is the manufacturer guarding against?
 - a. the right to consumer education
 - b. the right to choose
 - c. the right to be informed
 - d. the right to be heard
 - e. the right to courteous service

ANS: C	PTS: 1	DIF: Difficult	REF: p. 51
OBJ: 2-7	NAT: AACSB: Ethi	ics	TOP: Consumerism

- 122. What does the government encourage in order to protect the consumer's right to choose?
 - a. competition
 - b. monopolies
 - c. trust laws
 - d. divestitures
 - e. cooperation

ANS: A	PTS: 1	DIF: Easy	REF:	p. 52
OBJ: 2-7	NAT: AACSB: Ethi	ics	TOP:	Consumerism

- 123. What two additional rights have been added to Kennedy's original consumer bill of rights?
 - a. right to choose and right to satisfaction
 - b. right to listen and right to education
 - c. right to consumer education and right to service
 - d. right to service and right to privacy
 - e. right to reparation and right to privacy

ANS:	С	PTS: 1	D	DIF:	Moderate	REF:	p. 52
OBJ:	2-7	NAT: A	ACSB: Ethics			TOP:	Consumerism

- 124. Steve had a problem with a coffee maker he purchased recently. He has been trying for days to speak with the company by calling its toll-free number, but it rings forever or sends him through a long menu with no opportunity to speak to an individual or to leave a message. Steve feels his basic consumer right to _____ has been violated.
 - a. safety
 - b. be informed
 - c. be heard
 - d. choose
 - e. privacy

ANS: C	PTS: 1	DIF: Difficult	REF:	p. 52
OBJ: 2-7	NAT: AACSB: Ethi	cs	TOP:	Consumerism

- 125. Citizens have a right to demonstrate against unfair rate increases and safety violations as well as other issues. In doing so, they exercise their right to
 - a. be heard.
 - b. be informed.

	c. safety. d. choose. e. vote.	
	ANS: APTS: 1DIF: ModerateREF: p. 52OBJ: 2-7NAT: AACSB: EthicsTOP: Consumerism	
126.	If Casio were to buy out all other calculator manufacturers, what consumer right would be at stake a. the right to choose b. the right to be heard c. the right to safety d. the right to service e. the right to be informed	?
	ANS: APTS: 1DIF: ModerateREF: p. 52OBJ: 2-7NAT: AACSB: EthicsTOP: Consumerism	
127.	 The right to be heard implies that companies should listen to consumer complaints and a. thank them for their time. b. give them a full refund. c. do whatever the consumer requests. d. do nothing—just listening is enough. e. take appropriate action. 	

ANS: E	PTS: 1	DIF: Moderate	REF: p. 52
OBJ: 2-7	NAT: AACSB: Ethi	cs	TOP: Consumerism

128. Anne's new necklace breaks the day after she purchases it. She tries to get it fixed or replaced and feels that she has been given the runaround by both the retailer and the manufacturer of the necklace. She is treated rudely and finally told she will have to drive two hours to a company-approved repair center to have the necklace fixed. Anne is certain that her consumer right to _____ has been ignored by both companies.

- a. be heard
- b. safety
- c. be informed
- d. service
- e. consumer education

ANS: D	PTS: 1	DIF: Difficult	REF:	p. 52
OBJ: 2-7	NAT: AACSB: Ethi	cs	TOP:	Consumerism

- 129. When DVD players were first introduced, the price was very high, thereby preventing the average consumer from purchasing one. Today, however, as a result of increased competition in the market, most consumers can afford one because they are significantly cheaper. By reducing the price of these products and ensuring a large number of product offerings, competition has promoted consumers' right to
 - a. inexpensive products.
 - b. be informed.
 - c. be heard.
 - d. quality products.
 - e. choose.

ANS:	E	PTS:	1	DIF:	Difficult	REF:	p. 52
OBJ:	2-7	NAT:	AACSB: Ethi	cs		TOP:	Consumerism

130. Which president stated that consumers have the right to consumer education? a. Franklin D. Roosevelt b. John F. Kennedy c. Lyndon B. Johnson d. Gerald R. Ford e. Bill Clinton ANS: D PTS: 1 DIF: Easy REF: p. 52 OBJ: 2-7 NAT: AACSB: Ethics TOP: Consumerism 131. Which president stated that consumers have the right to service? a. Franklin D. Roosevelt b. John F. Kennedy c. Lyndon B. Johnson d. Gerald R. Ford e. Bill Clinton ANS: E PTS: 1 DIF: Easy REF: p. 52 TOP: Consumerism OBJ: 2-7 NAT: AACSB: Ethics 132. The major forces in consumerism are a. individual consumer advocates b. consumer organizations c. consumer education programs d. consumer laws e. All of the above are correct. ANS: E PTS: 1 DIF: Easy REF: p. 52 OBJ: 2-7 NAT: AACSB: Ethics **TOP:** Consumerism 133. Louise registers for a consumer education course at her high school. She is likely to learn about all of the following topics *except* a. how to prepare for a successful job interview. b. what to consider when purchasing a car. c. the provisions of consumer protection laws. d. the available sources of consumer information. e. Kennedy's consumer bill of rights. REF: p. 52 ANS: A PTS: 1 DIF: Easy NAT: AACSB: Ethics OBJ: 2-7 TOP: Consumerism 134. Major advances in consumerism have come through a. federal legislation. b. state legislation. c. local legislation. d. business firms. e. trade organizations. ANS: A PTS: 1 DIF: Easy REF: p. 52 OBJ: 2-7 NAT: AACSB: Ethics **TOP:** Consumerism

135. You were hired as a television anchorwoman this year. After a few months your supervisor demoted you because you were said to be too old, unattractive, and not deferential enough to be a men. You believe this supervisor has violated your right to

a. safety and security.

- b. be heard.
- c. be informed.
- d. life.
- e. equal treatment in the workplace.

ANS: E	PTS: 1	DIF: Moderate	REF: p. 54
OBJ: 2-8	NAT: AACSB: Eth	ics	TOP: Employment Practices

- 136. A plan designed to increase the number of minority employees within an organization is known as
 - a. the Fair Labor Standards Act.
 - b. the Equal Employment Opportunity Commission.
 - c. the Better Business Bureau.
 - d. an affirmative action program.
 - e. the Clayton Act.

ANS: D	PTS: 1	DIF:	Easy R	EF:	p. 54
OBJ: 2-8	NAT: A	ACSB: Ethics	T	OP:	Employment Practices

- 137. In 2001, Susan Scholz was fired from her sales clerk's job at the Walgreens store in North Mall after refusing to work on Sundays. The Christian Reformed Church, of which she was a member, prohibited working on Sunday. Therefore, she did not go to work on those days even though she was scheduled to do so. Ms. Scholz filed a lawsuit against the company because she felt her rights had been violated. Which right(s) was/were violated?
 - a. the rights to be heard and to work
 - b. the rights to safety and to be informed
 - c. the rights to be informed and to be heard
 - d. the rights to life and to work
 - e. the right to equal treatment in the workplace

ANS: E	PTS: 1	DIF: Difficult	REF: p. 54
OBJ: 2-8	NAT: AACSB: Eth	ics	TOP: Employment Practices

- 138. Which of the following accurately describes the objective of affirmative action?
 - a. If 30 percent of the local population is Hispanic, then 30 percent of a company's engineers should be Hispanic.
 - b. If 55 percent of the local population is female, then 55 percent of all companies' employees should be female throughout all levels of the organizations.
 - c. If 20 percent of the engineers in the local area are African American, then a company should have about 20 percent African American employees on its engineering staff.
 - d. If 40 percent of the engineers available locally are African American, then a company should have about 1 out of 10 African American engineers.
 - e. If 40 percent of the local population is Hispanic, the school systems should have 40 percent Hispanic teachers.

ANS: C	PTS: 1	DIF: Difficult	REF: p. 54
OBJ: 2-8	NAT: AACSB: Ethi	ics	TOP: Employment Practices

- 139. One problem affirmative action programs have encountered is
 - a. that not all businesspeople favor such programs.
 - b. the identification of minority groups.
 - c. the government's reclassification of groups.
 - d. the completion of the required paperwork.
 - e. training the hard-core unemployed.

ANS: A PTS: 1 DIF: Moderate REF: p. 55

- 140. A government agency with the power to investigate complaints of discrimination and to sue firms practicing employment discrimination is known as the
 - a. Better Business Bureau.
 - b. National Alliance of Business.
 - c. Civil Service Commission.
 - d. Equal Employment Opportunity Commission.
 - e. Interstate Commerce Commission.

ANS: D	PTS: 1	DIF: Easy	REF: p. 55
OBJ: 2-8	NAT: AACSB: Eth	ics	TOP: Employment Practices

- 141. What have the courts ruled about quotas as a part of affirmative action programs?
 - a. Courts have confirmed their usefulness in correcting past failures.
 - b. Courts have restricted the use of quotas to certain occupations with severe obstacles to overcome.
 - c. Courts have ruled the quotas unconstitutional and condemned companies for using them.
 - d. Courts have supported the use of quotas on a wide basis throughout the United States.
 - e. Courts have ruled quotas unconstitutional but commended their purpose.

ANS:	E	PTS:	1	DIF:	Difficult	REF:	p. 55
OBJ:	2-8	NAT:	AACSB: Ethi	cs		TOP:	Employment Practices

- 142. Historically a discrepancy exists between the pay for women and men of equal qualifications. Which statement *most* accurately describes this inequality?
 - a. Although the pay discrepancy between men and women used to be quite large, it is nonexistent today.
 - b. Despite threats of legal action, women still make significantly less than men of equal background.
 - c. So much has been done to correct this discrepancy that women, on average, earn more than men of equal qualifications.
 - d. The discrepancy in pay has shifted back and forth the last three decades; that is, sometimes women are paid more and sometimes men are paid more.
 - e. Women and men of equal qualifications have, for the past two decades, made approximately the same amount of money from similar occupations.

ANS: B	PTS: 1	DIF: Difficult	REF: p. 55
OBJ: 2-8	NAT: AACSB: Eth	ics	TOP: Employment Practices

- 143. What are the two major problems that affirmative action programs have faced?
 - a. quotas and lack of acceptance by some businesspeople
 - b. unrealistic expectations and strict enforcement
 - c. lack of enforcement and lack of acceptance
 - d. reverse discrimination and lawsuits
 - e. quotas and the EEOC

ANS: A	PTS: 1	DIF: Moderate	REF:	p. 55
OBJ: 2-8	NAT: AACSB: Ethi	cs	TOP:	Employment Practices

- 144. Elizabeth believes her company has discriminated against her because her minority coworkers, who are less qualified, have been promoted ahead of her. Which agency should Elizabeth contact?
 - a. National Alliance of Business
 - b. Affirmative Action Council
 - c. Equal Employment Opportunity Commission

- d. Federal Trade Commission
- e. Fair Employment Practices Agency

ANS: C	PTS: 1	DIF: Moderate	REF: p. 55
OBJ: 2-8	NAT: AACSB: Ethi	ics	TOP: Employment Practices

- 145. Which organization was established to train the hard-core unemployed?
 - a. Better Business Bureau
 - b. Equal Employment Opportunity Commission
 - c. Environmental Protection Agency
 - d. Affirmative Action Committee
 - e. National Alliance of Business

ANS: E	PTS: 1	DIF: Easy	REF: p. 56
OBJ: 2-8	NAT: AACSB: Ethi	cs	TOP: Employment Practices

146. The National Alliance of Business is a combined effort between

- a. the EEOC and local government.
- b. businesses and community leaders.
- c. government and all businesses.
- d. businesses and the EEOC.
- e. instructors and students.

ANS: B	PTS: 1	DIF: Easy	REF: p. 56
OBJ: 2-8	NAT: AACSB: Eth	ics	TOP: Employment Practices

- 147. Bob Johnson has a tenth-grade education and has been employed only once, for a very short period of time, since quitting school five years ago. His poor education and chronic history of unemployment suggest that he could be helped greatly by contacting the
 - a. National Alliance of Business.
 - b. Equal Employment Opportunity Commission.
 - c. local Chamber of Commerce.
 - d. American Federation of Labor.
 - e. Affirmative Action Bureau.

ANS: A	PTS: 1	DIF: Moderate	REF: p. 56
OBJ: 2-8	NAT: AACSB:	Ethics	TOP: Employment Practices

- 148. _____ is the contamination of water, air, or land through the actions of people in an industrialized society.
 - a. Wasteful
 - b. Recycling
 - c. Redesign
 - d. Disposal
 - e. Pollution

ANS:	E	PTS:	1	DIF:	Easy	REF: p	. 56
OBJ:	2-9	NAT:	AACSB:	Ethics		_	
TOP:	Concern for th	ne Envir	onment				

- 149. The agency charged with protecting our environment is the
 - a. National Alliance of Business.
 - b. Interstate Commerce Commission.
 - c. National Recovery Administration.
 - d. Environmental Protection Agency.

e. Civilian Conservation Corps.

ANS: D	PTS: 1	DIF:	Easy	REF: p). 56

OBJ: 2-9 NAT: AACSB: Ethics TOP: Concern for the Environment

- 150. Over the past several decades, concern for the environment has
 - a. been relatively steady because people expect to live in a clean and safe environment.
 - b. increased significantly because pollution became a threat to life and health.
 - c. been carefully handled by businesses because they are the primary source of pollutants.
 - d. become stronger in the United States but not yet in the rest of the world.
 - e. decreased because today's industrialized processes are naturally more environmentally friendly.

ANS: B PTS: 1 DIF: Moderate REF: p. 56

OBJ: 2-9 NAT: AACSB: Ethics

TOP: Concern for the Environment

- 151. Jennifer, a recent college graduate, has always been concerned about protecting the environment and now hopes to play a major role in seeing that legislation for protecting the environment is enforced. With whom should Jennifer seek employment?
 - a. a large, environmentally friendly corporation
 - b. the Equal Employment Opportunity Commission
 - c. the Environmental Protection Agency
 - d. a recycling center
 - e. the Commission for Cleaner Air

ANS:	С	PTS:	1	DIF:	Moderate	REF: p. 56
OBJ:	2-9	NAT:	AACSB:	Ethics		
TOP:	Concern for th	ne Envir	ronment			

- 152. HGR Chemical Company believes the environmental regulations for its industry are much more stringent than necessary, which likely means
 - a. they are impossible to comply with.
 - b. they will not improve the quality of the drinking water.
 - c. they are unfair to chemical plants.
 - d. they are too expensive to comply with.
 - e. HGR is not concerned with the environment.

ANS:	D	PTS:	1	DIF:	Difficult	REF: p. 56
OBJ:	2-9	NAT:	AACSB:	Ethics		_
TOP:	Concern for th	he Envi	ronment			

- 153. Residents around Lake Gunter have been warned not to drink their water because it contains some unknown chemical contaminant that could be harmful. What is this called?
 - a. pollution
 - b. negligence
 - c. carelessness
 - d. recovery
 - e. biological disaster

ANS:	А	PTS:	1	DIF:	Easy	REF:	p. 56	
OBJ:	2-9	NAT:	AACSB: A	Analytic				
TOP:	Concern for th	ne Envir	onment					

- 154. Which of the following is the *most* important legislation in improving the condition of U.S. waters?
 - a. National Environmental Policy Act
 - b. Clean Water Act
 - c. Water Quality Improvement Act
 - d. Water Pollution Control Act
 - e. Resource Conservation and Recovery Act

ANS: B PTS: 1 REF: p. 56 DIF: Easy OBJ: 2-9 NAT: AACSB: Ethics

TOP: Concern for the Environment

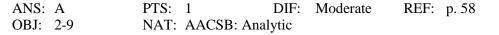
- 155. The governments of the United States and Canada have recently signed an agreement to cooperate in eliminating acid rain. Their efforts are primarily an attempt to reduce
 - a. water pollution.
 - b. hazardous waste.
 - c. noise pollution.
 - d. land pollution.
 - e. northern precipitation.

ANS: A PTS: 1 DIF: Moderate REF: p. 57 OBJ: 2-9 NAT: AACSB: Analytic

- TOP: Concern for the Environment
- 156. The law that established the Environmental Protection Agency was the
 - a. National Environmental Policy Act of 1970.
 - b. Clean Air Amendment of 1970.
 - c. Resource Recovery Act of 1970.
 - d. Resource Conservation and Recovery Act of 1984.
 - e. Clean Air Act Amendment of 1977.
 - ANS: A REF: p. 57 PTS: 1 DIF: Easy NAT: AACSB: Ethics OBJ: 2-9
 - TOP: Concern for the Environment
- 157. When sulfur emitted by smokestacks combines with moisture in the atmosphere to form acids that are spread by the wind, _____ results.
 - a. air pollution
 - b. fire
 - c. acid rain
 - d. emissions
 - e. wet pollution

ANS: C DIF: Moderate REF: p. 57 PTS: 1 OBJ: 2-9 NAT: AACSB: Analytic TOP: Concern for the Environment

- 158. What is the major source of human emissions of air pollution in the upper atmosphere?
 - a. aircraft
 - b. automobiles
 - c. acid rain
 - d. volcanoes
 - e. factories



TOP: Concern for the Environment

159.	What specific	gas is	internationally	considered a to	p concern	for air	pollution?

- a. carbon monoxide
- b. nitrogen dioxide
- c. carbon dioxide
- d. greenhouse gas
- e. hydrogen monoxide

ANS: CPTS: 1DIF: ModerateREF: p. 58OBJ: 2-9NAT: AACSB: AnalyticTOP: Concern for the Environment

TOP: Concern for the Environment

- 160. Which type of pollution has seen the *least* improvement since environmental issues became important?
 - a. land
 - b. air
 - c. ocean
 - d. water
 - e. factory

ANS: APTS: 1DIF: EasyREF: p. 58OBJ: 2-9NAT: AACSB: AnalyticTOP: Concern for the Environment

- 161. Congress created the _____ in 1980 to help pay for cleaning up land polluted with chemicals and toxic wastes.
 - a. Environmental Protection Agency
 - b. Land Pollution Act
 - c. Clean-Up Fund
 - d. Landfill Recovery Fund
 - e. Superfund

ANS: EPTS: 1DIF: EasyREF: p. 59OBJ: 2-9NAT: AACSB: EthicsTOP: Concern for the Environment

- 162. Kathy has noticed that the airport in her city is away from where most people live and work, and it takes a while to get there. This location was probably strategically designed to reduce _____.
 - a. air pollution
 - b. noise pollution
 - c. highway traffic
 - d. air traffic
 - e. land pollution

ANS: BPTS: 1DIF: ModerateREF: p. 59OBJ: 2-9NAT: AACSB: EthicsTOP:Concern for the Environment

- TOP: Concern for the Environment
- 163. Dinesh lives in Phoenix where he hears almost daily reports about the high levels of ozone along with suggestions on when individuals should purchase gasoline. As he views the hazy condition in the sky, he decides the government is basically ignoring environmental problems. Which statement *best* describes the government's involvement?
 - a. The government relies mostly on businesses to control various types of pollution and expects them to cover the costs.
 - b. Although the government has established several environmental agencies, actual spending

on reducing pollution is only about \$100 million per year.

- c. The government is delegating most of the responsibility for a cleaner environment to individuals and nonprofit organizations.
- d. The government is encouraging technology that will eliminate pollution but not supporting this research financially.
- e. The government is spending several billions of dollars a year to reduce various types of pollution.

ANS: EPTS: 1DIF: DifficultREF: p. 59OBJ: 2-9NAT: AACSB: Ethics

TOP: Concern for the Environment

- 164. Noise pollution can be reduced by
 - a. cleaning up land polluted with chemicals and industrial waste.
 - b. modifying machinery and equipment.
 - c. banning strip-mining of coal.
 - d. nonselective cutting of forests.
 - e. the development of agricultural land for housing and industry.

ANS:	В	PTS:	1	DIF:	Easy	REF:	p. 59
OBJ:	2-9	NAT:	AACSB:	Analytic			
TOP:	Concern for th	ne Envir	onment				

- 165. Residents living near Los Angeles International Airport complained to the city that the airport was guilty of _____ pollution.
 - a. land
 - b. noise
 - c. air
 - d. water
 - e. business
 - ANS: BPTS: 1DIF: EasyREF: p. 59OBJ: 2-9NAT: AACSB: AnalyticTOP: Concern for the Environment
- 166. The Noise Control Act of 1972 established noise emission standards for all of the following except
 - a. aircraft
 - b. airports
 - c. railroads
 - d. intracity cab services
 - e. interstate motor carriers

ANS:	D	PTS:	1	DIF:	Moderate	REF: p. 59	
OBJ:	2-9	NAT:	AACSB: Eth	ics		_	
TOP:	Concern for th	he Envi	ronment				

- 167. Gabriel is an environmentalist with very strong beliefs about who should pay for environmental cleanup. What is *most likely* to be Gabriel's view?
 - a. He believes that tax money should be used for environmental cleanup because everyone contributes to pollution.
 - b. He feels that there should be a governmental tax imposed on every item to cover the cost of its pollution.
 - c. He feels that individuals, not businesses, should foot the bill for environmental cleanup because individuals are the ones who benefit.

- d. He feels environmental costs are a part of doing business, which should be paid by businesses.
- e. He believes those who are concerned about the environment and pollution should pay the costs.

ANS: DPTS: 1DIF: DifficultREF: p. 59OBJ: 2-9NAT: AACSB: Ethics

TOP: Concern for the Environment

- 168. A program to implement social responsibility in business begins with
 - a. total commitment of the firm.
 - b. careful planning.
 - c. appointment of a director.
 - d. a board of directors meeting.
 - e. conducting a social audit.

ANS: APTS: 1DIF: EasyREF: p. 59OBJ: 2-10NAT: AACSB: EthicsTOP: Implementing a Program of Social Responsibility

- 169. Babkok Corporation set up an effective program for social responsibility. Its top managers developed a policy statement outlining key areas of concern. This statement will serve as a guide for other employees as they become involved in the program. Now,
 - a. a committee of managers should be appointed to plan the program.
 - b. employees should be appointed to submit suggestions to management.
 - c. a top-level executive should be appointed to direct implementation of the program.
 - d. employees should evaluate the program.
 - e. the program director should prepare a social audit for the firm at specified intervals.

ANS: A PTS: 1 DIF: Difficult REF: p. 60

OBJ: 2-10 NAT: AACSB: Ethics

TOP: Implementing a Program of Social Responsibility

- 170. Which of the following is *not* one of the steps in developing and implementing a program of social responsibility?
 - a. planning
 - b. the social audit
 - c. commitment of employees
 - d. appointment of a director
 - e. commitment of top executives

ANS: CPTS: 1DIF: ModerateREF: p. 60OBJ: 2-10NAT: AACSB: Ethics

TOP: Implementing a Program of Social Responsibility

- 171. Travis is in charge of writing a report for his company that talks about the quality and safety of his company's products, business practices, involvement in the community, human resources, and efforts to reduce pollution. This is called a(n) _____.
 - a. ethics report
 - b. social audit
 - c. compliance review
 - d. responsibility policy
 - e. citizenship report

ANS: B PTS: 1	DIF: Difficult	REF: p. 60
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OBJ: 2-10 NAT: AACSB: Ethics

TOP: Implementing a Program of Social Responsibility

- 172. A social audit is a
 - a. review of the costs of operating a social program.
 - b. report of what a business has done and is doing about social issues.
 - c. review of a tax statement by the Internal Revenue Service.
 - d. review of management's social activity for the year.
 - e. report filed by social sector accountants.

ANS:	В	PTS:	1	DIF:	Easy	REF: p. 60
OBJ:	2-10	NAT:	AACSB: Ethi	cs		_
TOP:	Implementing	a Prog	ram of Social R	lespons	sibility	

- 173. The company you work for recently has committed itself to implementing a program of social responsibility. After the company has gotten the commitment of top executives, planned the program, and appointed a program director, you suggest that a(n) _____ be prepared periodically to evaluate the success of the program.
 - a. research report
 - b. social audit
 - c. ethics evaluation
 - d. departmental memorandum
 - e. social actions report

ANS:	В	PTS:	1	DIF:	Difficult	REF:	p. 60
OBJ:	2-10	NAT:	AACSB: Ethi	cs			
TOP:	Implementing	a Prog	ram of Social H	Respons	sibility		

TRUE/FALSE

174. Ethics is the study of right and wrong and of the morality of the choices we make.

ANS: T	PTS: 1	DIF: Easy	REF: p. 35
OBJ: 2-1	NAT: AACSB: Ethi	ics	TOP: Business Ethics Defined

175. An ethical decision or action is one that is right according to some standard of behavior.

ANS: T	PTS: 1	DIF: Easy	REF: p. 35
OBJ: 2-1	NAT: AACSB: Eth	ics	TOP: Business Ethics Defined

176. The field of business ethics applies moral standards to business situations.

ANS: T	PTS: 1	DIF: Easy	REF: p. 35
OBJ: 2-1	NAT: AACSB: Ethi	ics	TOP: Business Ethics Defined

177. Ethical issues often arise out of business's relationships with investors, customers, employees, creditors, or competitors.

ANS: T	PTS:	1	DIF:	Moderate	REF:	p. 35
OBJ: 2-2	NAT:	AACSB: Ethic	cs		TOP:	Ethical Issues

178. Businesspeople face ethical issues every day, and some of these issues can be difficult to assess.

ANS: T PTS: 1 DIF: Easy REF: p. 35

	OBJ: 2-2	NAT: AACSB: Ethics		TOP:	Ethical Issues
179.	Fairness and honesty	v in business are two importar	nt ethical concer	ns.	
	ANS: T OBJ: 2-2	PTS: 1 DIF: NAT: AACSB: Ethics	Easy	REF: TOP:	p. 35 Ethical Issues
180.	Relationships with c	ustomers and coworkers rarel	y create ethical	probler	ns.
	ANS: F OBJ: 2-2	PTS: 1 DIF: NAT: AACSB: Ethics	Easy	REF: TOP:	p. 36 Ethical Issues
181.	False and misleading	g advertising is illegal and une	ethical.		
	ANS: T OBJ: 2-2	PTS: 1 DIF: NAT: AACSB: Ethics	Easy	REF: TOP:	p. 37 Ethical Issues
182.	All bribes are unething	cal.			
	ANS: T OBJ: 2-2	PTS: 1 DIF: NAT: AACSB: Ethics	Moderate	REF: TOP:	p. 37 Ethical Issues
183.	Customers are so use	ed to misleading advertising t	hat it no longer	infuriat	es them.
	ANS: F OBJ: 2-2	PTS: 1 DIF: NAT: AACSB: Ethics	Easy	REF: TOP:	p. 37 Ethical Issues
184.	Sponsors of advertise	ements aimed at children mus	st be especially of	careful	to avoid misleading messages.
	ANS: T OBJ: 2-2	PTS: 1 DIF: NAT: AACSB: Ethics	Easy	REF: TOP:	p. 37 Ethical Issues
185.	An individual's mora behavior.	l values and central, value-re	lated attitudes c	learly in	nfluence one's business
	ANS: T OBJ: 2-3 TOP: Factors Affec	PTS: 1 DIF: NAT: AACSB: Ethics eting Ethical Behavior	Easy	REF:	p. 38
186.	Most authorities agree	ee that business ethics should	be improved.		
	ANS: T OBJ: 2-4 TOP: Encouraging	NAT: AACSB: Ethics	Easy	REF:	p. 39
187.	Employees have an e them with a code of e	easier time determining what ethics.	is acceptable be	havior	if their company provides
	ANS: T OBJ: 2-4 TOP: Encouraging	PTS: 1 DIF: NAT: AACSB: Ethics Ethical Behavior	Moderate	REF:	p. 39
188.	A code of ethics is a	written guide to acceptable a	nd ethical behav	vior as c	defined by an organization.

	ANS:TPTS:1DIF:EasyREF:p. 39OBJ:2-4NAT:AACSB:EthicsTOP:Encouraging Ethical Behavior
189.	The Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002 deals with corporate responsibility, conflicts of interest, and corporate accountability.
	ANS:TPTS:1DIF:EasyREF:p. 39OBJ:2-4NAT:AACSB:EthicsTOP:Encouraging Ethical Behavior
190.	The Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002 gives those who report corporate misconduct sweeping new legal protection.
	ANS:TPTS:1DIF:EasyREF:p. 39OBJ:2-4NAT:AACSB:EthicsTOP:Encouraging Ethical Behavior
191.	It is easy for an organization to develop ethics codes, policies, and procedures to deal with all relationships and every situation.
	ANS:FPTS:1DIF:EasyREF:p. 39OBJ:2-4NAT:AACSB:EthicsTOP:Encouraging Ethical Behavior
192.	During the 1980s, very few organizations created and implemented ethics codes.
	ANS:FPTS:1DIF:EasyREF:p. 40OBJ:2-4NAT:AACSB:EthicsTOP:Encouraging Ethical Behavior
193.	A corporate code of ethics officer informs the press about unethical practices within the organization.
	ANS:FPTS:1DIF:DifficultREF:p. 40OBJ:2-4NAT:AACSB:EthicsTOP:Encouraging Ethical Behavior
194.	Whistle-blowing is informing the press or government officials about unethical practices within one's organization.
	ANS:TPTS:1DIF:EasyREF:p. 40OBJ:2-4NAT:AACSB:EthicsTOP:Encouraging Ethical Behavior
195.	Those who "blow whistles" sometimes lose their jobs.
	ANS:TPTS:1DIF:EasyREF:p. 40-41OBJ:2-4NAT:AACSB:EthicsTOP:Encouraging Ethical Behavior
196.	A businessperson can take some comfort when faced with an ethical dilemma by talking openly about it with management because ethical decisions will always withstand scrutiny.

ANS: T PTS: 1 DIF: Difficult REF: p. 42

OBJ: 2-4 NAT: AACSB: Analytic TOP: Encouraging Ethical Behavior

197. Social responsibility does not cost money.

ANS: FPTS: 1DIF: EasyREF: p. 42OBJ: 2-4NAT: AACSB: EthicsTOP: Encouraging Ethical Behavior

198. Customers can't find out which firms are acting responsibly and which are not.

ANS: FPTS: 1DIF: ModerateREF: p. 42OBJ: 2-4NAT: AACSB: EthicsTOP: Encouraging Ethical Behavior

199. Businesses' record of social responsibility today is much better than in past decades.

ANS: TPTS: 1DIF: EasyREF: p. 47OBJ: 2-5NAT: AACSB: EthicsTOP: The Evolution of Social Responsibility in Business

200. During the first quarter of the twentieth century, working conditions were deplorable by today's standards.

ANS: TPTS: 1DIF: EasyREF: p. 47OBJ: 2-5NAT: AACSB: EthicsTOP: The Evolution of Social Responsibility in Business

201. When translated, *caveat emptor* means "let the buyer beware."

ANS:	Т	PTS:	1	DIF:	Easy	REF:	p. 47
OBJ:	2-5	NAT:	AACSB: Ethi	cs			
TOP:	The Evolution	of Soc	ial Responsibil	ity in B	susiness		

202. President Franklin D. Roosevelt's program for restoring the economy and improving social conditions became the foundation for increased government involvement in business.

ANS: TPTS: 1DIF: ModerateREF: p. 48OBJ: 2-5NAT: AACSB: EthicsTOP: The Evolution of Social Responsibility in Business

203. Awareness of businesses' social responsibilities has increased along with government involvement.

ANS: TPTS: 1DIF: EasyREF: p. 48OBJ: 2-5NAT: AACSB: EthicsTOP: The Evolution of Social Responsibility in Business

204. Within a firm, social responsibility begins with management's attitude.

ANS: TPTS: 1DIF: EasyREF: p. 48OBJ: 2-6NAT: AACSB: EthicsTOP: Two Views of Social Responsibility

205. The economic model of social responsibility emphasizes profits.

	ANS: T OBJ: 2-6 TOP: Two Views of	NAT:	AACSB: Anal		Easy	REF:	p. 48-49
206.	The socioeconomic r society.	nodel o	f social response	ibility	emphasizes the	effect of	of business decisions on
	ANS: T OBJ: 2-6 TOP: Two Views of		AACSB: Ethic		Easy	REF:	p. 49
207.	Increasing numbers of	of mana	gers have adopt	ed the	socioeconomic	model	of social responsibility.
	ANS: T OBJ: 2-6 TOP: Two Views of		AACSB: Ethic	DIF: cs	Moderate	REF:	p. 49
208.	There are many more	e social	ly responsible b	usiness	ses today than the	here we	ere ten years ago.
	ANS: T OBJ: 2-6 TOP: Two Views of		AACSB: Ethic		Easy	REF:	p. 49
209.	In support of their po allowed to ignore soo			ne soci	peconomic mod	lel argu	e that businesses should be
	ANS: F OBJ: 2-6 TOP: Two Views of		AACSB: Ethic		Moderate	REF:	p. 49
210.	Much consumer-orie as the consumer bill			own ou	t of the stateme	nt of siz	x rights, which became known
	ANS: T OBJ: 2-7	PTS: NAT:	1 AACSB: Ethic	DIF: cs	Easy	REF: TOP:	p. 51 Consumerism
211.	President Franklin D choose, and to be hea		velt declared the	at cons	umers are entit	led to s	afety, to be informed, to
	ANS: T OBJ: 2-7	PTS: NAT:	1 AACSB: Ethic	DIF: cs	Moderate	REF: TOP:	p. 51 Consumerism
212.	Consumerism consis	ts of all	activities under	rtaken 1	to protect the ri	ghts of	consumers.
	ANS: T OBJ: 2-7	PTS: NAT:	1 AACSB: Ethic	DIF: cs	Easy	REF: TOP:	p. 51 Consumerism
213.	The Food and Drug A recall them is most c					aking c	or selling defective products to
	ANS: F OBJ: 2-7	PTS: NAT:	1 AACSB: Ethic	DIF: cs	Moderate	REF: TOP:	p. 51 Consumerism

214. Recently, consumers and the government have been losing an increasing number of product liability lawsuits against sellers of defective products.

ANS:	F	PTS:	1	DIF:	Difficult	REF:	p. 51
OBJ:	2-7	NAT:	AACSB: Ethic	cs		TOP:	Consumerism

215. One major reason for improving product safety is the consumer's demand for safe products.

ANS: T	PTS: 1	DIF: Easy	REF:	p. 51
OBJ: 2-7	NAT: AACSB: Ethic	cs	TOP:	Consumerism

216. Manufacturers are not required by law to inform consumers about the potential dangers of using their products.

ANS: F	PTS: 1	DIF: Moderate	REF:	p. 51
OBJ: 2-7	NAT: AACSB: Eth	nics	TOP:	Consumerism

217. The right to consumer education entitles people to be fully informed about their rights as consumers.

ANS: T	PTS: 1	DIF: Easy	REF: p. 52
OBJ: 2-7	NAT: AACSB: Ethi	cs	TOP: Consumerism

218. The right to service entitles consumers to convenience, courtesy, and responsiveness from manufacturers and sellers of consumer products.

ANS: T	PTS: 1	DIF: Moderate	REF:	p. 52
OBJ: 2-7	NAT: AACSB: Ethi	cs	TOP:	Consumerism

219. Two additional rights added in the last decade are the right to consumer education and the right to courteous service.

ANS: T	PTS:	1 DIF:	Easy	REF:	p. 52
OBJ: 2-7	NAT: A	AACSB: Ethics		TOP:	Consumerism

220. The right to choose means that consumers must have a choice of products offered by different manufacturers and sellers.

ANS:	Т	PTS:	1	DIF:	Moderate	REF:	p. 52
OBJ:	2-7	NAT:	AACSB: Eth	ics		TOP:	Consumerism

221. The lesser the competition, the greater the choice available to consumers.

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ANS: FPTS: 1DIF: EasyREF: p. 52OBJ: 2-7NAT: AACSB: EthicsTOP: Consumerism
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222. Consumer advocates, such as Ralph Nader, take it upon themselves to protect the rights of consumers.

ANS:	Т	PTS:	1	DIF:	Easy	REF:	p. 52
OBJ:	2-7	NAT:	AACSB: Ethic	cs		TOP:	Consumerism

223. Increasingly, consumer education is becoming a part of high school and college curricula and adult-education programs.

ANS: T PTS: 1 DIF: Easy REF: p. 52

	OBJ: 2-7	NAT: AACSB: Ethics	ТОР	: Consumerism
224.	Major advances in co	onsumerism have come throug	gh federal legislation.	
	ANS: T OBJ: 2-7	PTS: 1 DIF: NAT: AACSB: Ethics		p. 52 Consumerism
225.		n program is designed to ensu as in the surrounding commu		oyees are represented in about
	ANS: T OBJ: 2-8	PTS: 1 DIF: NAT: AACSB: Ethics		p. 54Employment Practices
226.	Affirmative action pl hiring, training, pron	ans encompass all areas of hunching the notion, and pay.	iman resources mana	gement, including recruiting,
	ANS: T OBJ: 2-8	PTS: 1 DIF: NAT: AACSB: Ethics		p. 54Employment Practices
227.	The hard-core unemp convictions.	bloyed are made up of mental	ly ill individuals and	those with prior criminal
	ANS: F OBJ: 2-8	PTS: 1 DIF: NAT: AACSB: Ethics		p. 55Employment Practices
228.	A successful program	n for training hard-core unem	ployed people is the l	National Alliance of Business.
	ANS: T OBJ: 2-8	PTS: 1 DIF: NAT: AACSB: Ethics		p. 56Employment Practices
229.	The EPA was created environment.	l by the government to develo	op new and improved	ways to clean and improve the
	ANS: F OBJ: 2-9 TOP: Concern for th	NAT: AACSB: Ethics	Easy REF	p. 56
230.	Once they are made a by the EPA.	aware of the pollution probler	n, most firms respond	l rather than waiting to be cited
	ANS: T OBJ: 2-9 TOP: Concern for th	PTS: 1 DIF: NAT: AACSB: Ethics he Environment	Moderate REF	p. 56
231.	Improved water qual	ity is not only necessary, it is	attainable at no cost.	
	ANS: F OBJ: 2-9 TOP: Concern for th	PTS: 1 DIF: NAT: AACSB: Analytic he Environment	Easy REF	: p. 57
232.	Fortunately, the acid	-rain problem has been solved	l in recent years.	
	ANS: F OBJ: 2-9	PTS: 1 DIF: NAT: AACSB: Analytic	Moderate REF	: p. 57

TOP: Concern for the Environment

233. Of the three factors mentioned as contributors to air pollution, only the combination of weather and geography cannot be changed.

ANS: TPTS: 1DIF: ModerateREF: p. 58OBJ: 2-9NAT: AACSB: AnalyticTOP: Concern for the Environment

234. Air and water quality may be improving, but land pollution is still a serious problem in many areas.

ANS:	Т	PTS:	1	DIF:	Easy	REF:	p. 58
OBJ:	2-9	NAT:	AACSB: Ana	lytic			
TOP:	Concern for th	he Envir	ronment				

235. The fundamental issues concerning land pollution are how to restore already contaminated land and how to prevent further contamination.

ANS: TPTS: 1DIF: ModerateREF: p. 58OBJ: 2-9NAT: AACSB: AnalyticTOP: Concern for the Environment

236. The \$1.6 billion Superfund created in 1980 is to be used to develop successful ways of storing land pollutants.

ANS: FPTS: 1DIF: EasyREF: p. 59OBJ: 2-9NAT: AACSB: EthicsTOP: Concern for the Environment

237. People exposed to loud noises for a long time can suffer permanent hearing loss.

ANS:	Т	PTS:	1	DIF:	Easy	REF:	p. 59
OBJ:	2-9	NAT:	AACSB: An	alytic			
TOP:	Concern for th	ne Envir	ronment	•			

238. Negotiated settlements for cleaning up hazardous wastes became known as sweetheart deals because the EPA helped only those companies friendly to them.

ANS: FPTS: 1DIF: DifficultREF: p. 59OBJ: 2-9NAT: AACSB: AnalyticTOP: Concern for the Environment

239. Consumers will probably pay in large part for cleaning up our environment through increased taxes or increased product costs.

ANS: TPTS: 1DIF: ModerateREF: p. 59OBJ: 2-9NAT: AACSB: AnalyticTOP: Concern for the Environment

240. A firm's social responsibility program will be ineffective if it has less than the total commitment of the company's top business officials.

ANS: TPTS: 1DIF: ModerateREF: p. 59OBJ: 2-10NAT: AACSB: Ethics

TOP: Implementing a Program of Social Responsibility

241. An effective program for social responsibility takes time, money, and organization.

ANS:TPTS:1DIF:EasyREF:p. 59OBJ:2-10NAT:AACSB:EthicsTOP:Implementing a Program of Social Responsibility

- 242. The planning stage of a social responsibility program can involve outside consultants to help develop it.
 - ANS: TPTS: 1DIF: ModerateREF: p. 60OBJ: 2-10NAT: AACSB: EthicsTOP: Implementing a Program of Social Responsibility
- 243. The director of a company's social responsibility program should be a consumer advocate who can express the social issues facing the firm to the organization's management.

ANS: FPTS: 1DIF: ModerateREF: p. 60OBJ: 2-10NAT: AACSB: EthicsTOP: Implementing a Program of Social Responsibility

244. One way a social responsibility program can be funded is by passing on the cost to the consumer in the form of higher prices.

ANS: TPTS: 1DIF: ModerateREF: p. 60OBJ: 2-10NAT: AACSB: EthicsTOP: Implementing a Program of Social Responsibility

245. A social responsibility program may be funded by the federal government through tax reductions or other incentives.

ANS: TPTS: 1DIF: ModerateREF: p. 60OBJ: 2-10NAT: AACSB: EthicsTOP: Implementing a Program of Social Responsibility