



1) If the victim is standing erect, arms down to the he or she in?	1	0, 1	s 1)
A) lateral recumbent	B) supine		
C) prone	D) anatomical		
Answer: D	,		
2) A victim lying on his or her back is in what pos	sition?		2)
A) prone	B) anatomical		
C) lateral recumbent	D) supine		
Answer: D			
3) The victim is lying face down. What position is	s he or she in?		3)
A) anatomical	B) supine		
C) lateral recumbent Answer: D	D) prone		
4) If the victim is lying on the left or right side, w	hat position is he or she in	n?	4)
A) supine	B) lateral recumbe		
C) prone	D) anatomical		
Answer: B			
5) The term of direction that indicates above or h	igher than the point of ref	erence is:	5)
A) superior. B) posterior. Answer: A	C) inferior.	D) anterior.	
) The term of direction and location that means toward the front is:			6)
A) posterior. B) inferior. Answer: D	C) superior.	D) anterior.	
7) The term lateral means:			7)
A) toward the midline.	B) to the left or rig		
C) toward the front. Answer: B	D) near the surface		
8) The term medial means:			8)
A) toward the midline or center of the body.	B) near the surface		
C) to the left or right of the midline. Answer: A	D) remote from the	e surface.	
9) The term of direction and location that means	near the surface is:		9)
A) external. B) deep. Answer: D	C) internal.	D) superficial.	
0) A modified recumbent position of the body us	ed for spinal injuries is ca	lled the:	10)
A) right recumbent position.	B) lateral recumber	nt position.	
C) Haines recovery position.	D) recovery position	on.	

11) The function of the ligament is to connect:

11) \_\_\_\_\_

A) muscle to organ. C) bone to bone. Answer: C		B) muscle to musc D) bone to muscle.		
12) How many bones make A) 226 Answer: B	up the adult skeleton? B) 206	C) 106	D) 156	12)
13) The elbow and knee are A) freely movable Answer: A	examples of what type B) slightly	· ·	) immovable	13)
14) Another name for the th A) femur. Answer: A	igh bone is the: B) fibula.	C) humerus.	D) tibia.	14)
15) The lower leg consists o A) sacrum. Answer: D	f the fibula and the: B) tarsals.	C) patella.	D) tibia.	15)
16) The spinal column consi A) 30 Answer: B	sts of bones c B) 33	alled vertebrae. C) 20	D) 23	16)
17) A muscle over which the A) skeletal muscle. C) cardiac muscle. Answer: B	ere is little or no conscio	ous control is a: B) smooth muscle. D) voluntary musc		17)
<ul><li>18) Muscles that make walk</li><li>A) cardiac muscles.</li><li>C) involuntary muscle</li><li>Answer: B</li></ul>		nd swallowing possible a B) voluntary musc D) smooth muscles	eles (skeletal).	18)
19) carry oxygena A) Arteries Answer: A	ted blood from the hear B) Veins	t to the cells of the body. C) Venules	D) Capillaries	19)
B) carry oxygen-poor			d tissue cells.	20)
21) is the passage A) Inspiration Answer: D	of air into and out of th B) Exhalation	e lungs. C) Inhalation	D) Ventilation	21)
<ul><li>22) The two upper chamber</li><li>A) atria.</li><li>C) ports.</li><li>Answer: A</li></ul>	s of the heart are called	the: B) ventricles. D) none of the abo	ve	22)

23) The, which pu	umps blood through the b	ody, is the strongest and	thickest part of the	23)
heart. A) right atria Answer: C	B) right ventricle	C) left ventricle	D) left atria	
24) Which artery supplies t	the heart with a blood sup	ply?		24)
A) brachial Answer: C		-	D) femoral	
25) Respiration is the exchange of oxygen and carbon dioxide. This takes place between the capillaries and the:				25)
A) trachea. Answer: B	B) alveoli.	C) artery.	D) bronchi.	
26) The skin is the body's l	argest organ. The layer tha	at contains the sensory n	erves is the:	26)
A) hypodermis. Answer: B	B) dermis.	C) epidermis.	D) adipose.	
27) Endocrine glands secre	te directly into the	he bloodstream.		27)
	B) chemicals		D) hormones	,
28) are the two main structural divisions of the nervous system.				28)
A) Central and perip		B) Voluntary and au		
C) Sympathetic and j Answer: A	parasympathetic	D) none of the above		
29) There are two functiona and the nervo		system. They are the	nervous system	29)
A) sympathetic, para	sympathetic			
C) voluntary, autonc Answer: C	omic	D) none of the above		
-	30) The part of the nervous system that responds to stress, pain, injury, and blood loss with the classic <i>fight or flight</i> syndrome is the:			
A) peripheral.		B) parasympathetic.		
C) voluntary. Answer: D		D) sympathetic.		
31) The nervous system ha	s two main functions: com	munication and		31)
A) sensation		B) control		
C) reaction Answer: B		D) none of the above		
	32) The nervous system influences the activities of the involuntary muscles and glands.			
A) involuntary		B) autonomic		
C) peripheral Answer: B		D) parasympathetic		
33) Which one of the following is <u>not</u> contained in the dermis layer of skin?				33)
A) hair follicles		B) sensory nerves		

C) cells that give th Answer: C	ne skin its color	D) sweat glands	
34) The skin consists of th A) insulate the bod C) give pigment to Answer: D	y.	B) house blood vessels. D) all of the above	34)
35) The normal breathing A) 15-30 breaths/m C) 12-20 breaths/m Answer: C	inute.	B) 25-50 breaths/minute. D) none of the above	35)
<b>TRUE/FALSE. Write 'T' if the</b> 36) Anatomy deals with t Answer: <sub>o</sub> True	statement is true and 'F' if the functions of the living b False		36)
	ce down on his stomach. Th JFalse	ne victim is in supine position.	37)
38) The modified Haines vomiting. Answer: 👩 True	recovery position is used w False	when spinal injury is suspected and the victim is	38)
39) Medial means toward Answer: 👩 True	l the midline or center of th False	e body.	39)
	p of the ribs, sternum, and j False	pelvis.	40)
41) Bones and their adjac Answer: 🧕 True	ent tissues help to move, su False	upport, and protect the vital organs.	41)
42) The structure of a joir articulate at the joint. Answer: 👩 True		ovement that is possible because the bone ends	42)
,	o known as voluntary musc False	le.	43)
nervous system.		ntraction without signals from the central	44)
Answer: 🧔 True 45) The circulatory syster lymphatic.	False n has two major fluid trans	portation systems: the cardiovascular and the	45)
Answer: 👩 True	False		
46) The elimination of bo Answer: 🧑 True	dy wastes is a function of tl False	he digestive system.	46)
47) First Aid care is requi	ired for any blunt or penetra	ating injury to the abdomen.	47)

Answer: 👩 True 🛛 False

48)	The heart is a three-cha Answer: True	ambered pump. False	48)
	The abdominal cavity	is separated from the thoracic cavity by the diaphragm.	49)
50)	Answer:  True The thoracic cavity inc Answer:  True	False ludes: heart, trachea, lungs, large vessels, and esophagus. False	50)
	The abdominal cavity i	includes: liver, spleen, gallbladder, intestines, pancreas, appendix, and	51)
	stomach. Answer: 👩 True	False	

1) D 2) D 3) D 4) B 5) A 6) D 7) B 8) A 9) D 10) C 11) C 12) B 13) A 14) A 15) D 16) B 17) B 18) B 19) A 20) B 21) D 22) A 23) C 24) C 25) B 26) B 27) D 28) A 29) C 30) D 31) B 32) B 33) C 34) D 35) C 36) TRUE 37) FALSE 38) TRUE 39) TRUE 40) FALSE 41) TRUE 42) TRUE 43) FALSE 44) TRUE 45) TRUE 46) TRUE 47) TRUE 48) FALSE 49) TRUE 50) TRUE 51) TRUE