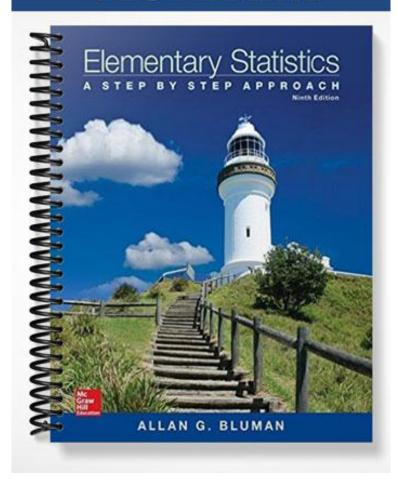
# TEST BANK



distribution?  A) make the class	width an even num per of classes desire	ed	1) _
2) The lower class limit A) True	t represents the sm	nallest data value that can be included in the B) False	e class. 2) _
ANSWER. Write the w	ord or phrase that b	pest completes each statement or answers the	question.
3) When data are collect	cted in original for	m, they are called .	3)
4) The of a	a specific class is th	he number of data values contained in it.	4)
5) If a frequency distrib	nution had class bo	undering of 122 5 147 5 what would be	->
the class width?	oution had class bo	oundaries of 132.5-147.5, what would be	5)
the class width?		hat best completes the statement or answers t	, <del></del>
the class width?	he one alternative the		the question.
the class width?  PLE CHOICE. Choose to the following frequency visitors to a health class.	he one alternative the one distribution prolinic.	hat best completes the statement or answers t	the question.
the class width?  PLE CHOICE. Choose to the following frequency visitors to a health classification with the class width?  Weight (lb)	he one alternative the one distribution prolinic.	hat best completes the statement or answers t	the question.
the class width?  PLE CHOICE. Choose the class of the following frequency visitors to a health class width?  Weight (lb) 90-99	he one alternative the one distribution prolinic.	hat best completes the statement or answers t	the question.
the class width?  PLE CHOICE. Choose to the following frequency visitors to a health classification with the following frequency visitors to a health classification with the following frequency visitors to a health classification with the following frequency visitors to a health classification with the following frequency visitors and the following frequency visitors are proportionally frequency visitors and the following frequency visitors to a health classification with the following frequency visitors and the following frequency visitors are proportionally visitors and visitors are proportionally visitors are proportionally visitors and visitors are proportionally visitors are proportionally visitors and visitors are proportionally visitors are proportionally visitors and vi	he one alternative the ency distribution prolinic.  Frequency  1	hat best completes the statement or answers t	the question.
the class width?  PLE CHOICE. Choose the class of the following frequency visitors to a health class width?  Weight (lb) 90-99	he one alternative the one distribution prolinic.  Frequency  1 4	hat best completes the statement or answers t	the question.
the class width?  PLE CHOICE. Choose to the following frequency visitors to a health control with the following frequency visitors to a health control weight (lb) 90-99 100-109 110-119	he one alternative the ency distribution prolinic.  Frequency  1  4  4	hat best completes the statement or answers t	the question.
the class width?  PLE CHOICE. Choose the class of the following frequency visitors to a health class of the following frequency visitors to a health class of the following frequency visitors to a health class of the following frequency visitors to a health class of the following frequency visitors to a health class of the following frequency visitors to a health class of the following frequency visitors to a health class of the following frequency visitors to a health class of the following frequency visitors to a health class of the following frequency visitors to a health class of the following frequency visitors to a health class of the following frequency visitors to a health class of the following frequency visitors to a health class of the following frequency visitors to a health class of the following frequency visitors to a health class of the following frequency visitors to a health class of the following frequency visitors to a health class of the following frequency visitors to a health class of the following frequency visitors to a health class of the following frequency visitors o	he one alternative the ency distribution politic.  Frequency  1 4 4 4 3	hat best completes the statement or answers t	the question.
the class width?  PLE CHOICE. Choose to the following frequency visitors to a health control of the following frequency visitors and the following frequency visitors are control of the following frequency visitors and the following frequency visitors are control of the following frequency visitors and the following frequency visitors are control of the following frequency visitors and the following frequency visitors are control of the following frequency visitors and the following frequency visitors are control of the following frequency visitors and the following frequency visitors are control of the following frequency visitors and the following frequency visitors are control of the following frequency visitors and the following frequency visitors are control of the following frequency visitors and the following frequency visitors are control of the following frequency visitors and the following frequency visitors are control of the following frequency visitors and	he one alternative the ency distribution prolinic.  Frequency  1 4 4 3 7	hat best completes the statement or answers t	the question.
the class width?  PLE CHOICE. Choose the class width?  6) The following frequency visitors to a health class width?  Weight (lb)  90-99  100-109  110-119  120-129  130-139  140-149	he one alternative the ency distribution prolinic.  Frequency  1  4  4  3  7  6	hat best completes the statement or answers t	the question.
the class width?  PLE CHOICE. Choose to the following frequency visitors to a health color wisitors wi	he one alternative the ency distribution prolinic.  Frequency  1  4  4  3  7  6  4  2	hat best completes the statement or answers t	the question.

1	

C) 19.5

C) 10.5 and 18.5

D) 4.5

D) 11 and 18

8) \_

7) For the class 5-19, the upper class limit is

8) What are the boundaries of the class 11-18?

A) 19

A) 7

B) 5

B) 7.5 and 21.5

	9) in an ungrouped ire	equency distribution of the	ie average age of nigh	school graduates, what	9)	
	would be the bound	laries for the class of gra	duates who were repo	rted to be 18 years old?		
	A) 17.6-18.5 year	•	B) 17.5-18.5 year	-		
	C) 17-19 years of		D) 17.6-19.5 year			
	0) 17 17 years of	u	b) 17.0 15.5 year	is old		
	10) What is the midpoi	nt of the class 6-10?			10)	
	A) 8.5	B) 8	C) 4	D) 5	10)	
	7 9 0.3	<i>b</i> ) 0	O) <del>4</del>	<i>D</i> ) <i>3</i>		
	11) Great wants to cons	truct a frequency distrib	ution for the political a	iffiliation of the	11)	
	<u> </u>	's Hardware Store. Wha	-		''/	
	A) categorical	B) grouped	C) ungrouped	D) cumulative		
	ry categorical	b) grouped	o) ungrouped	b) cumulative		
	12) What is the lower c	lass limit of the class 13-	-179		12)	
	A) 12.5	B) 13	C) 15	D) 17	/	
	, 12.0	-, 15	-, 10	-/ 1/		
	13) What is the midpoin	nt of the class 17–20?			13)	
	A) 3	B) 18	C) 18.5	D) 1.5		
	. 4 3	5) 10	0) 10.5	5) 1.5		
	14) What is the upper of	lass boundary of the clas	es 23-35 ?		14)	
	A) 35	B) 7	c) 35.5	D) 7.5	/	
	74 33	5) /	0) 33.3	<i>D)</i> 7.3		
	15) If the limits for a cla	ass were 20-38, the bour	ndaries would be 19 5-	38 5	15)	
	A) True	255 Were 20 50, the both	B) False	30.3.	10)	
	, y Truc		b) I disc			
SHO	RT ANSWER. Write the v	vord or phrase that best co	ompletes each statement	or answers the question		
		-	-	-		
	16) For grouped freque	ncy distributions, the	is obtained b	y adding the 16) _		
	lower and upper lin	nits and dividing by 2.				
MUL	TIPLE CHOICE. Choose	the one alternative that be	est completes the statem	ent or answers the questi	ion.	
	17) What is the lower c	lass limit in the class 8-1	2?		17)	
	A) 8	B) 8.5	C) 10	D) 7.5	, <u> </u>	
	, -	, 5.5	,	,		
	18) Which of the follow	ing pairs of class limits	would be appropriate f	for grouping the	18)	
	numbers 11, 14, 9,	0 1	Would of appropriate 1	or growping und		
	A) 9-11 and 12-1		B) 9-12 and 13-1	6		
	C) 9-11 and 14-1		D) 8-12 and 12-1			
	√, 7 11 and 1 <del>1</del> -1	<u> </u>	2, 0 12 and 12-1			
	19) Thirty students reco	orded the colors of their	eves choosing from th	ne colors brown blue	19)	
	•	ack. This data can be ap	•		. //	
	Sicon, nazor, and or		Propriesory summerize	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		
	A) catagorical fro	. · quency distribution	R) open anded d	stribution		
	C) upper boundar	_	B) open-ended di D) grouped frequ			
	oj apper boalidal	. <b>y</b>	b) grouped nequ	chey distribution		

20) What are the boundaries	s of the clas	s 1.87-3.43?			20)
A) 1.865-3.435	В) 1.87-3	.43	C) 1.82-3.48	D) 1.879-3.439	
21) For the class 16.3-23.8	, the width is	s 8.5.			21)
A) False			B) True		
SHORT ANSWER. Write the word	l or phrase th	at best comple	etes each statement o	r answers the question.	
22) When the range is large			eral units in width a	re needed, a 22) _	
frequenc	y distribution	n is used.			
MULTIPLE CHOICE. Choose the	one alternati	ve that best co	mpletes the stateme	nt or answers the question	on.
23) The cumulative frequer	ncy for a class	ss is the sum	of the frequencies o	f the classes less than	23)
and equal to the upper	boundary of	the specific of			
A) False			B) True		
24) A recent statistics exan	n vielded the	following 25	scores Construct :	a grouped frequency	24)
distribution with the cla	-	_	Scores. Construct	a grouped nequency	,
63 86 77 51 67					
55 89 63 68 96					
81 82 44 80 90					
77 87 74 91 59					
77 79 45 87 97					
Class Limits	Tally	Frequency			
41-50					
51-60					
61-70					
71-80					
81-90					
91-100					
A)			B)		
	Frequency		Class Limits	Frequency	
41-50	2		41-50	2	
51-60	3		51-60	3	
61-70	5		61-70	4	
71-80	5		71-80	6	
81-90	6		81-90	7	
91-100	4		91-100	3	

		D)	
Class Limits	Frequency	Class Limits	Frequency
41-50	3	41-50	2
51-60	2	51-60	2
61-70	4	61-70	5
71-80	7	71-80	6
81-90	6	81-90	7
91-100	3	91-100	3

25) The following frequency distribution presents the frequency of passenger vehicles that pass through a certain intersection from 8:00 AM to 9:00 AM on a particular day.

25)	

Vehicle Type	Frequency
Motorcycle	11
Sedan	60
SUV	80
Truck	39

What is the relative frequency of the Motorcyle category?

A) 11%

C)

B) 0.138

C) 0.058

D) 11

26) The following frequency distribution presents the frequency of passenger vehicles that pass through a certain intersection from 8:00 AM to 9:00 AM on a particular day.

Vehicle Type	Frequency
Motorcycle	8
Sedan	87
SUV	88
Truck	31

Construct a relative frequency distribution for the data.

A)

Vehicle Type	Relative Frequency
Motorcycle	0.037%
Sedan	0.407%
SUV	0.411%
Truck	0.145%

B)

Vehicle Type	Relative Frequency
Motorcycle	0.091
Sedan	0.989
SUV	1
Truck	0.352

C)

Vehicle Type	Relative Frequency
Motorcycle	0.08
Sedan	0.87
SUV	0.88
Truck	0.31

D)

Vehicle Type	Relative Frequency
Motorcycle	0.037
Sedan	0.407
SUV	0.411
Truck	0.145

SHORT ANSWER. Write the word or phrase that best completes each statement or answers the question.

27) Construct a frequency polygon from the following frequency distribution.

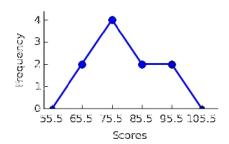
<b>Temperature</b>	<b>Frequency</b>
28.5-31.5	1
31.5-34.5	3
34.5-37.5	6
37.5-40.5	10
40.5-43.5	8
43.5-46.5	7

MULTIPLE CHOICE. Choose the one alternative that best completes the statement or answers the question.

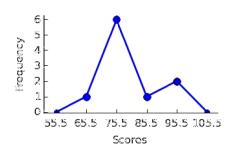
28) A recent statistics exam yielded the following 10 scores. Construct a frequency polygon distribution using the class limits shown below.

Class Limits	Midpoints	Tally	Frequency
61-70			
71-80			
81-90			
91-100			

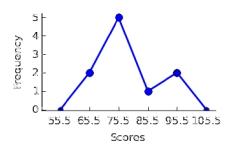


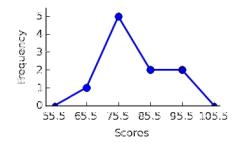


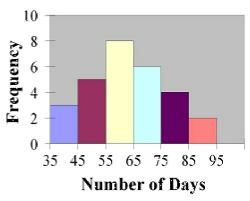
## B)



## C)







- A) 75-85
- B) 55-65
- C) 65-75
- D) 85-95

30) Find the class with the greatest number of data values



- 10 8 6 4 2 0 35 45 55 65 75 85 95 Number of Days
  - A) 55-65
- B) 75-85
- C) 65-75
- D) 85-95

31) One hundred students are shown an eight-digit number on a piece of cardboard for three seconds and are asked to then recite the number from memory. The process is repeated until the student accurately recites the entire number from memory. The following histogram presents the number of trials it took each student to memorize the number.



How many students memorized the number in three trials or less?

A) 87

B) 3

c) 14

32) An ogive is also called a cumulative frequency graph.

B) True

32) \_\_\_\_\_

SHORT ANSWER. Write the word or phrase that best completes each statement or answers the question.

33) The three most commonly used graphs in research are the histogram, the , and the cumulative frequency graph (ogive).

33) \_\_\_\_\_

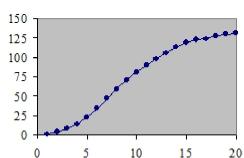
MULTIPLE CHOICE. Choose the one alternative that best completes the statement or answers the question.

34) Which of the following could be a cumulative frequency graph?

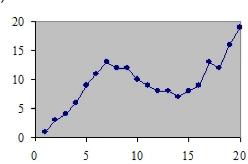
34) \_\_\_\_\_

A)

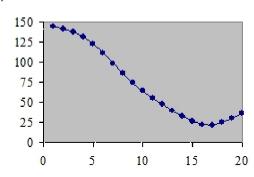
A) False

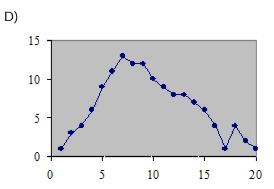


B)



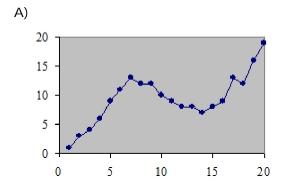
C)

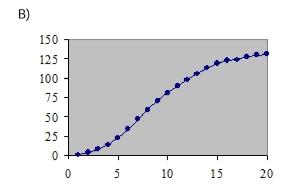


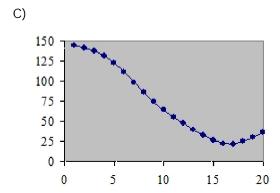


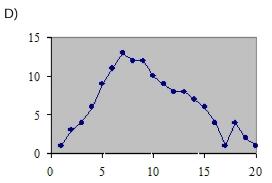
35) Which of the following could be an ogive?





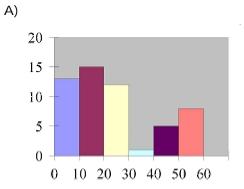




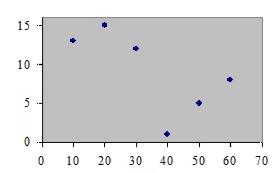


36) Which of the following is a histogram?

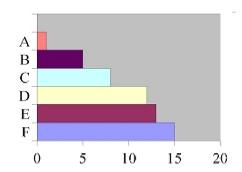


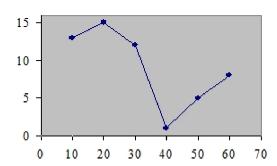


B)



C)





37) The frequency polygon and the histogram are two different ways to represent the same data set.

37) \_\_\_\_\_

A) True

B) False

38) For a given data set, the ogive and the frequency polygon will have the same overall shape.

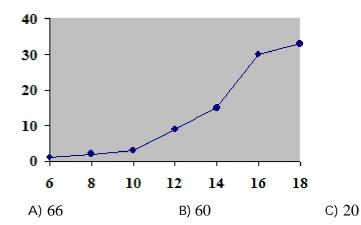
38) \_\_\_\_\_

A) True

B) False

39) Using the ogive shown below, what is the cumulative frequency of data values less than or equal to 16?

39) \_\_\_\_\_



- D) 30
- 40) Graphs that show distributions using proportions instead of raw data as frequencies are called

40) \_\_\_\_\_

A) relative frequency graphs.

B) frequency polygons.

C) ogive graphs.

- D) histograms.
- 41) Which type of graph represents the data by using vertical bars of various heights to indicate frequencies?

41) \_\_\_\_\_

A) cumulative frequency

B) frequency polygon

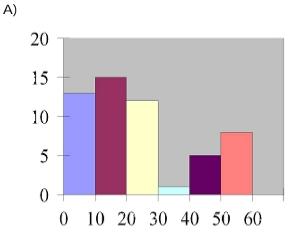
C) histogram

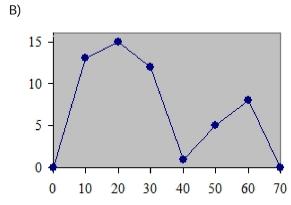
D) ogive

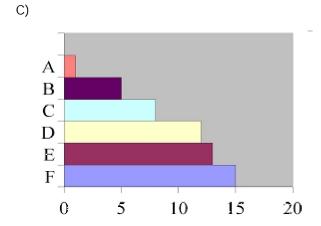
- 42) The frequency polygon is a graph that displays the data by using lines that connect points plotted for the frequencies at the midpoints of the classes.
  - A) False B) True
- 43) A histogram is a graph that represents the cumulative frequencies for the classes in a frequency distribution.

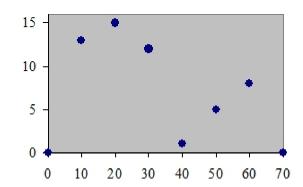
42) \_\_\_\_\_

- A) False B) True
- 44) Which of the following is a frequency polygon?



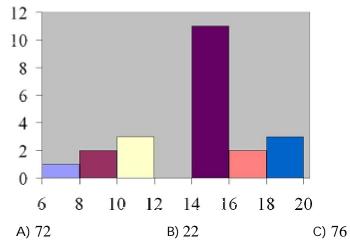






45) How many values are in the data set whose histogram is shown below?

45) \_\_\_\_



D) 6

46) Given the following frequency distribution, how many pieces of data were less than 28.5? 46)

C) 13

Class Boundaries	Frequencies
13.5-18.5	4
18.5-23.5	9
23.5-28.5	12
28.5-33.5	15
33.5-38.5	17
A) 12	B) 44

D) 25

SHORT ANSWER. Write the word or phrase that best completes each statement or answers the question.

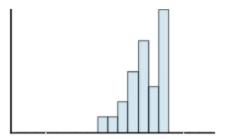
47) If the graph of a frequency distribution has a peak and the data tapers off more slowly to the right and more quickly to the left, the distribution is said to be

47) \_\_\_\_\_

#### MULTIPLE CHOICE. Choose the one alternative that best completes the statement or answers the question.

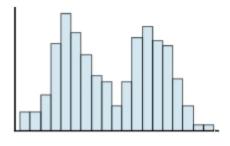
48) Classify the histogram as skewed to the left, skewed to the right, or approximately symmetric.





- A) approximately symmetric
- B) skewed to the left
- C) skewed to the right
- 49) Classify the histogram as unimodal or bimodal.





A) unimodal

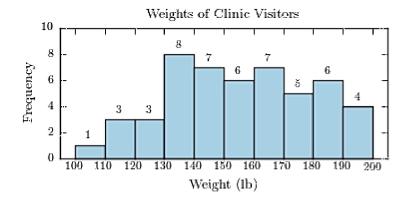
- B) bimodal
- 50) The following frequency distribution presents the weights in pounds (lb) of a sample of visitors to a health clinic.

50)	

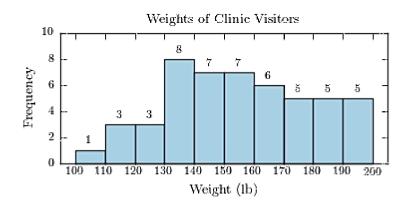
Weights of Clinic Visitors		
Weight (lb)	Frequency	
100 - 109	1	
110 - 119	3	
120 - 129	3	
130 - 139	8	
140 - 149	7	
150 - 159	7	
160 - 169	6	
$170\!-\!179$	5	
180 - 189	6	
190 - 199	4	

Construct a frequency histogram.

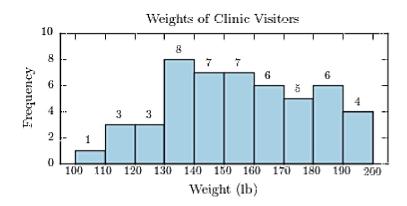


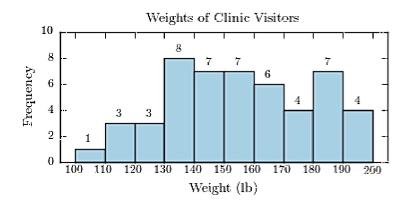


## B)



## C)

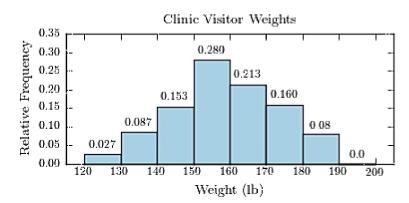




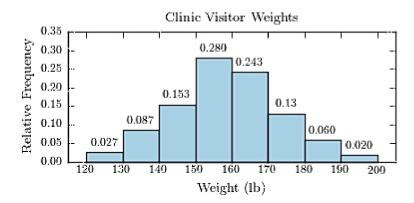
Clinic Visitor Weights		
Weight (lb)	Frequency	
120-129	4	
130-139	13	
140 - 149	23	
150-159	42	
160-169	32	
170-179	$^{24}$	
180 - 189	9	
190-199	3	

Construct a relative frequency histogram.

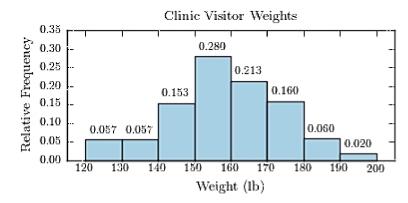
A)

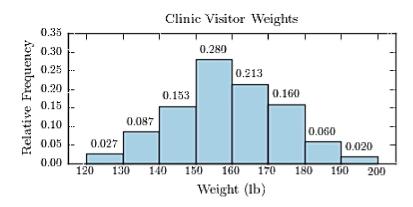


B)









52) The following table presents the purchase totals (in dollars) of a random sample of gasoline purchases at a convenience store.

52)

Construct a frequency distribution using a class width of 10, and using 0 as the lower class limit for the first class.

76.59	48.55	93.66	60.17	39.10
93.28	65.43	34.12	80.41	77.16
80.07	93.46	39.19	43.84	44.70
68.74	89.98	6.97	52.86	68.93

A)

Convenience Store Gas Purchases		
Amount (dollars)	Frequency	
0.00-9.99	1	
10.00 - 19.99	0	
20.00-29.99	0	
30.00-39.99	4	
40.00-49.99	2	
50.00-59.99	1	
60.00-69.99	4	
70.00 - 79.99	2	
80.00-89.99	3	
90.00-39.99	3	

Convenience Store Gas Purchases		
Amount (dollars)	Frequency	
0.00-9.99	1	
10.00 - 19.99	0	
20.00-29.99	1	
30.00-39.99	2	
40.00-49.99	3	
50.00-59.99	1	
60.00-69.99	4	
76.00 - 79.99	2	
80.00-89.99	3	
90.00-99.99	3	

B)

D)

C) Convenience Store Gas Purchases

Convenience Store	Gas Purchases
Amount (dollars)	Frequency
0.00-9.99	1
10.00 - 19.99	0
20.00-29.99	0
30.00-39.99	3
40.00-49.99	3
50.00-59.99	1
60.00-69.99	4
70.00-79.99	2
80.00-89.99	3
90.00-99.99	3

Convenience Store Gas Purchases Amount (dollars) Frequency 0.00-9.99 1 10.00 - 19.99 $\mathbf{0}$ 20.00-29.99 03 30.00-39.99 40.00 - 49.993 50.00-59.99 60.00 - 69.99476.00 - 79.99 $^{2}$ 80.00-89.99  $^4$ 90.00 - 99.992

53) The following table presents the purchase totals (in dollars) of a random sample of gasoline purchases at a convenience store.

53) \_\_\_\_\_

Construct a relative frequency distribution using a class width of 10, and using 0 as the lower class limit for the first class.

44.52	72.67	51.20	59.41	64.86
98.05	80.24	56.18	51.93	46.17
88.08	46.49	24.48	50.26	36.77
27.61	6.56	22.75	36.65	74.55

A)

Convenience Sta	ore Gas Purchases
Amount (dollars)	Relative Frequency
0.00-9.99	0.050
10.00 - 19.99	0.000
20.00-29.99	0.150
30.00-39.99	0.100
40.00 - 49.99	0.150
50.00-59.99	0.250
60.00-69.99	0.040
70.00-79.99	0.110

80.00-89.99

90.00 - 99.99

0.100

0.050

B)

Convenience Sto	ore Gas Purchases
Amount (dollars)	Relative Frequency
0.00-9.99	0.050
10.00 - 19.99	0.000
20.00-29.99	0.150
30.00-39.99	0.100
40.00-49.99	0.150
50.00-59.99	0.250
60.00-69.99	0.050
70.00-79.99	0.100
80.00-89.99	0.100
90.00-99.99	0.050

C)

Convenience Sta	ore Gas Purchases
Amount (dollars)	Relative Frequency
0.00-9.99	0.050
10.00 - 19.99	0.000
20.00-29.99	0.150
30.00-39.99	0.100
40.00 - 49.99	0.150
50.00-59.99	0.240
60.00-69.99	0.060
70.00-79.99	0.100
80.00-89.99	0.100
90.00-99.99	0.050

Convenience Sta	ore Gas Purchases
Amount (dollars)	Relative Frequency
0.00 - 9.99	0.035
10.00 - 19.99	0.015
20.00-29.99	0.150
30.00-39.99	0.100
40.00 - 49.99	0.150
50.00-59.99	0.250
60.00-69.99	0.050
70.00-79.99	0.100
80.00-89.99	0.100
90.00-99.99	0.050

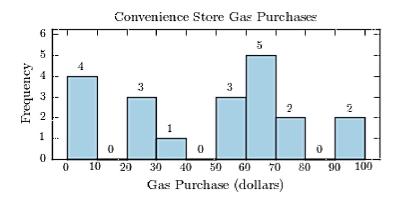
54) The following table presents the purchase totals (in dollars) of a random sample of gasoline purchases at a convenience store.

54) \_\_\_\_\_

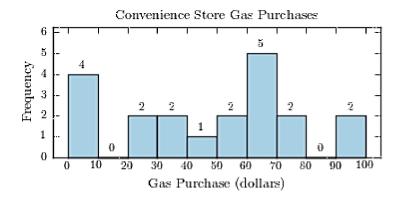
Construct a frequency histogram using a class width of 10, and using 0 as the lower class limit for the first class.

95	99	4	75	23
26	27	65	68	69
31	7	72	67	46
0	46	1	53	67

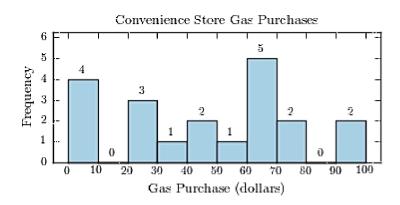
A)



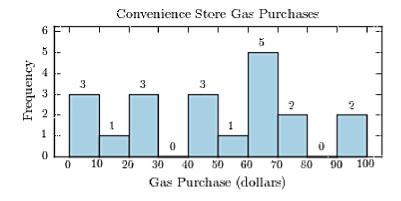




C)



D)



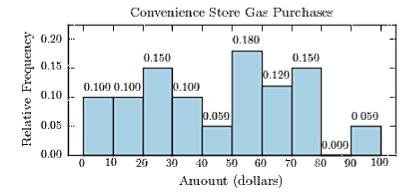
55) The following table presents the purchase totals (in dollars) of a random sample of gasoline purchases at a convenience store.

55)

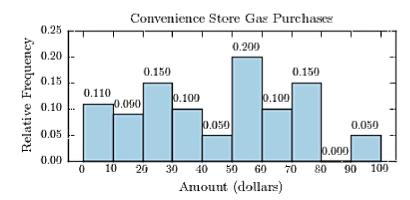
Construct a relative frequency histogram using a class width of 10, and using 0 as the lower class limit for the first class.

51.13	6.11	36.05	22.27	94.54
49.64	52.78	79.28	51.88	6.29
33.57	53.92	24.91	23.89	79.10
14.86	63.94	15.87	76.44	60.96

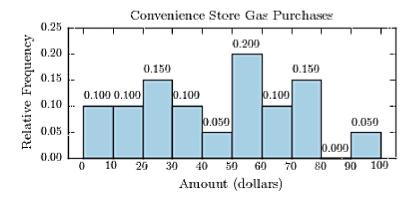
A)

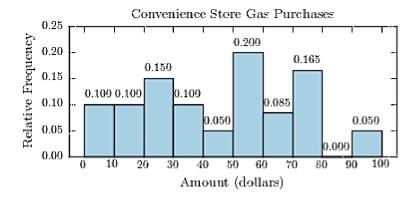


B)



C)





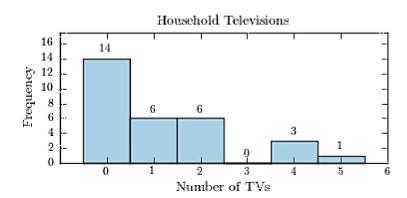
56) Thirty households were surveyed for the number of televisions in each home. Following are the results.

56)	

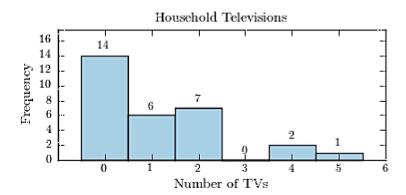
_										
	2	2	0	1	1	2	0	0	5	2
	4	$\dot{4}$	2	1	0	0	0	0	$\theta$	<b>6</b>
	0	2	0	0	3	1	1	1	0	0

Construct a frequency histogram.

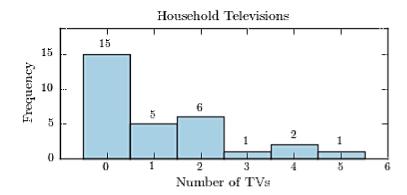
A)



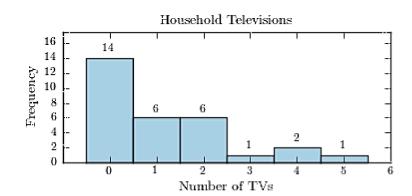
B)



C)



D)



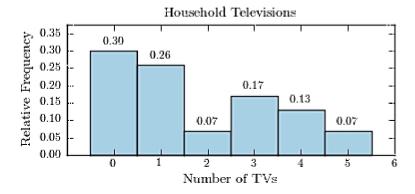
57) Thirty households were surveyed for the number of televisions in each home. Following are the results.

57) \_\_\_

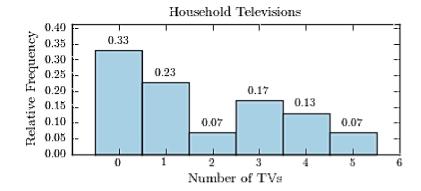
4	0	4	3	0	0	4	1	0	4
$\mathbf{c}$	1	1	0	1	1	5	2	5	1
3	0	3	0	1	0	3	2	3	0

Construct a relative frequency histogram.

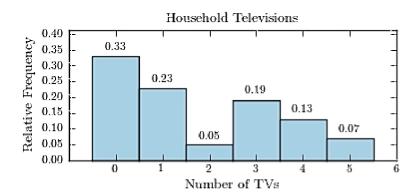
A)

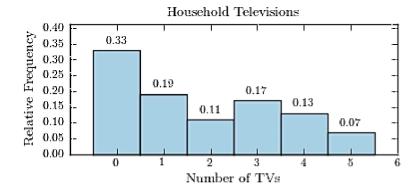


B)



C)

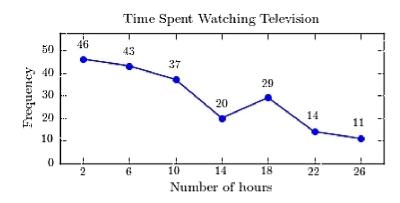




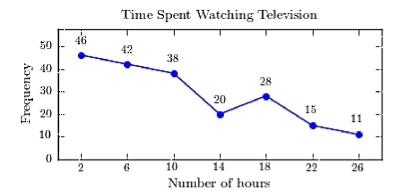
Time Spent Watch	ing Television
Number of hours	Frequency
0.0-3.9	46
4.0 - 7.9	43
8.0 - 11.9	37
12.0 - 15.9	20
16.0 - 19.9	28
20.0-23.9	15
24.0-27.9	11

Construct a frequency polygon for the frequency distribution.

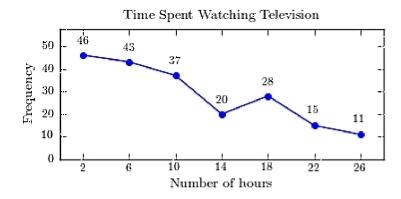
A)

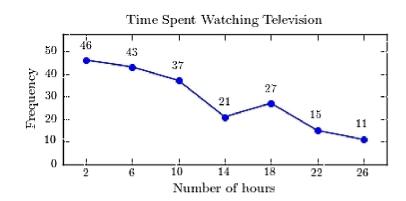


B)









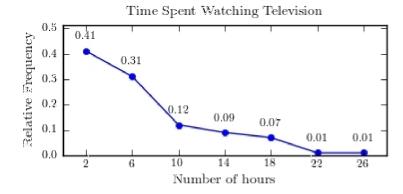
59) A sample of 200 high school students were asked how many hours per week they spend watching television. The following frequency distribution presents the results.

59)

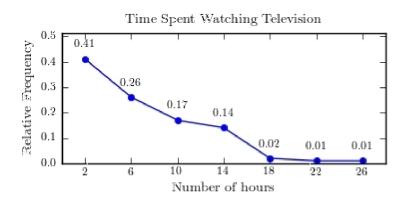
Time Spent Watch	ing Television	
Number of hours	Frequency	•
0.0-3.9	81	•
4.0-7.9	51	
8.0-11.9	34	
12.0-15.9	17	
16.0-19.9	13	
20.0-23.9	2	
24.0-27.9	2	

Construct a relative frequency polygon for the frequency distribution.

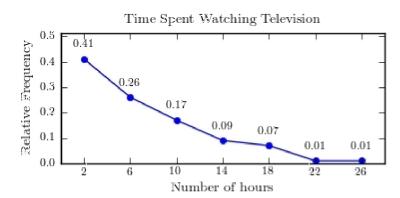


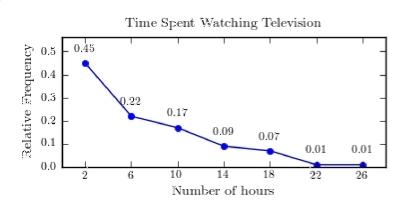


## B)



## C)

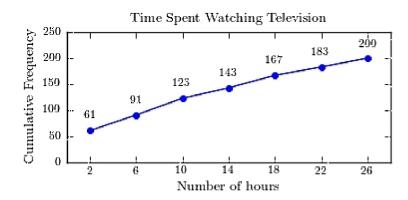




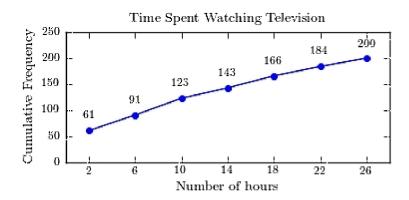
Time Spent Watching Television	
Number of hours	Frequency
0.0-3.9	61
4.0 - 7.9	30
8.0-11.9	32
12.0 - 15.9	20
16.0 - 19.9	23
20.0-23.9	18
24.0 - 27.9	16

Construct a frequency ogive for the frequency distribution.

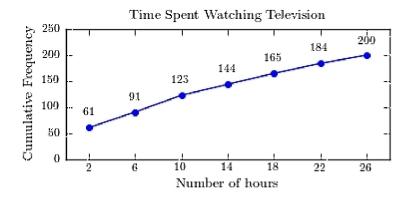
A)



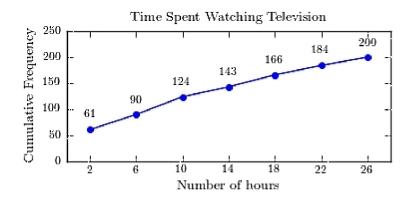
B)



C)



D)



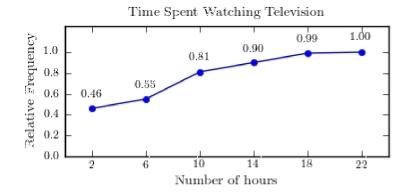
61) A sample of 200 high school students were asked how many hours per week they spend watching television. The following frequency distribution presents the results.

61)

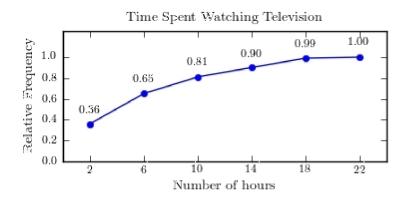
Time Spent Watching Television		
Number of hours	Frequency	
0.0-3.9	7.1	
4.0-7.9	59	
8.0-11.9	32	
12.0-15.9	18	
16.0-19.9	38	
20.0-23.9	2	
•		

Construct a relative frequency ogive for the frequency distribution.

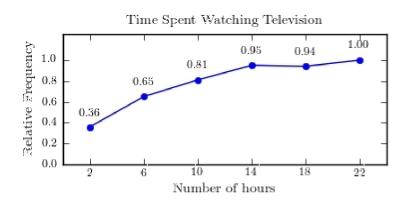


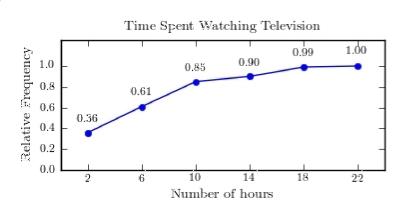


## B)



## C)

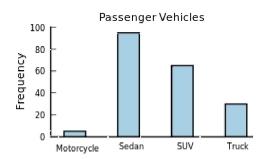




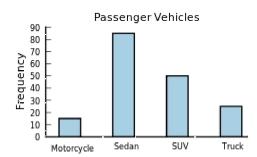
Vehicle Type	Frequency
Motorcycle	5
Sedan	95
SUV	65
Truck	30

Construct a frequency bar graph for the data.

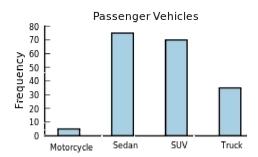
A)

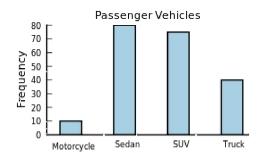


B)



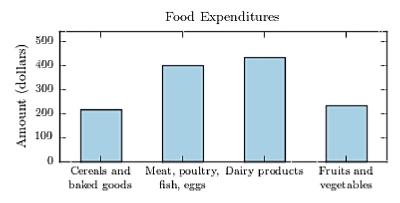
C)





63) The following bar graph presents the average amount a certain family spent, in dollars, on 63) \_\_\_\_\_\_ various food categories in a recent year.

On which food category was the most money spent?



A) Dairy products

B) Fruits and vegetables

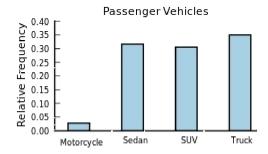
C) Meat poultry, fish, eggs

- D) Cereals and baked goods
- 64) The following frequency distribution presents the frequency of passenger vehicles that pass through a certain intersection from 8:00 AM to 9:00 AM on a particular day.

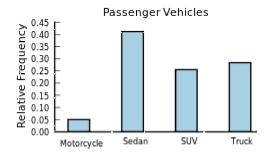
Vehicle Type	Frequency
Motorcycle	9
Sedan	54
SUV	27
Truck	53

Construct a relative frequency bar graph for the data.

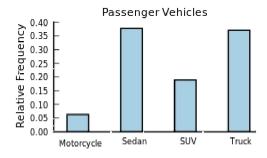
## A)

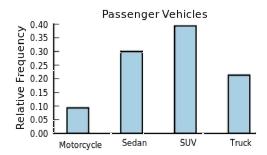


## B)



## C)

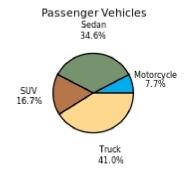




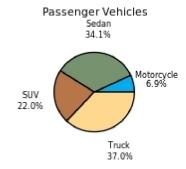
Vehicle Type	Frequency
Motorcycle	9
Sedan	20
SUV	25
Truck	39

Construct a pie chart for the data.

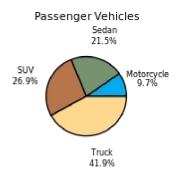
A)



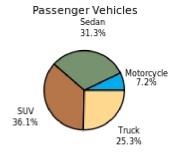
B)



C)



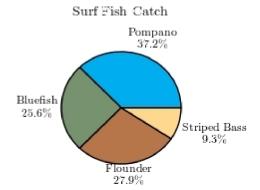
D)



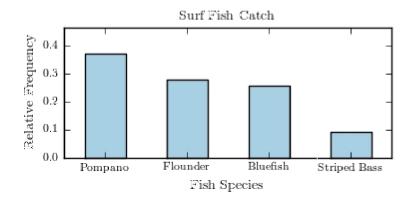
66) The following pie chart presents the percentages of fish caught in each of four ratings categories.

66)

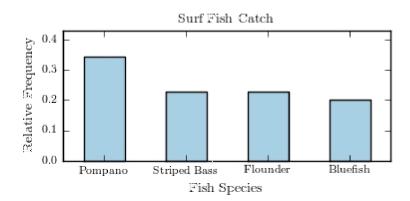
Match this pie chart with its corresponding Parato chart.



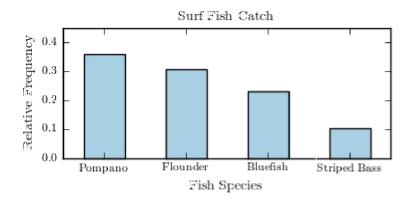
A)



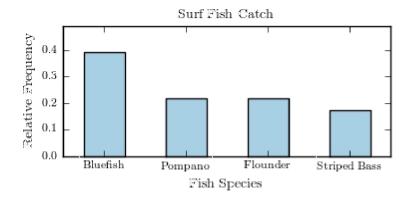
B)



C)



D)



SHORT ANSWER. Write the word or phrase that best completes each statement or answers the question.

67`	Construct a	Pareto	chart fo	or the	following	distribution:
01	Constituct	i i aicio	Chart I	or the	10110 WILLS	distribution.

67)	
-----	--

Year in School	<b>Number of Students</b>
Freshmen	28
Sophomores	14
Juniors	40
Seniors	18

68) Construct a Pareto chart for the following distribution:

<u>Major</u>	<b>Number of Students</b>
Business	49
Science	15
Engineering	41
Social Sciences	8
Liberal Arts	33
Education	22

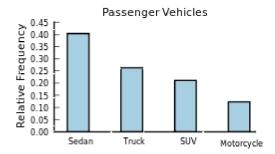
MULTIPLE CHOICE. Choose the one alternative that best completes the statement or answers the question.

69) The following frequency distribution presents the frequency of passenger vehicles that pass through a certain intersection from 8:00 AM to 9:00 AM on a particular day.

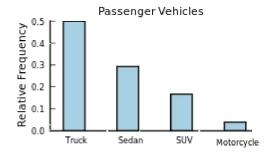
Vehicle Type	Frequency
Motorcycle	14
Sedan	46
SUV	24
Truck	30

Construct a relative frequency Parato chart for the data.

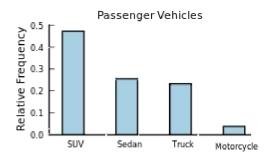
A)



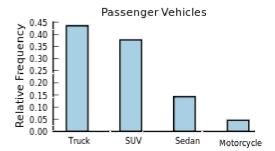
B)



C)



D)



#### SHORT ANSWER. Write the word or phrase that best completes each statement or answers the question.

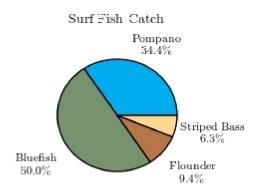
70) A local fundraiser wants to graphically display the contributions he has received over the past five years. Construct a time series graph for the following data.

<u>Year</u>	<b>Contributions</b>
1996	\$550
1997	\$700
1998	\$800
1999	\$1050
2000	\$1200

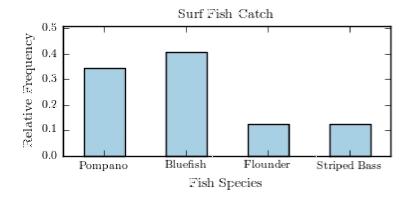
### MULTIPLE CHOICE. Choose the one alternative that best completes the statement or answers the question.

71) The following pie chart presents the percentages of fish caught in each of four ratings categories.

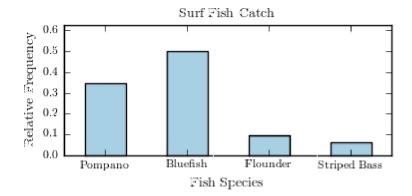
Match this pie chart with its corresponding bar graph.



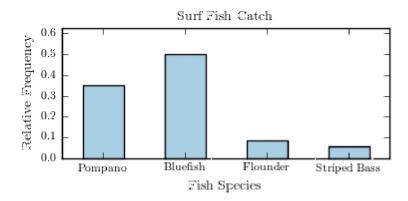
A)



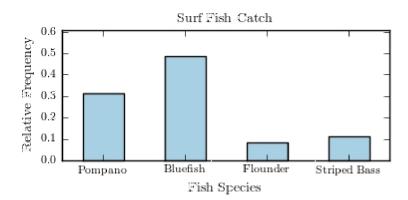
B)



C)

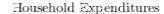


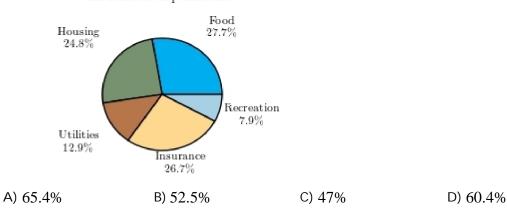
D)



72) Following is a pie chart that presents the percentages spent by a certain household on its five largest annual expenditures. What percentage of the money spent was spent on food, housing, and utilities?







### ESSAY. Write your answer in the space provided or on a separate sheet of paper.

73) The following information shows the colors of cars preferred by customers. Draw a pie graph and indicate how many degrees that black represents in a pie graph?

<u>Color</u>	<u>Number</u>
Red	50
Black	60
White	30
Green	20
Blue	40

### SHORT ANSWER. Write the word or phrase that best completes each statement or answers the question.

74) Construct a pie chart for the following distribution:

74)	

Year in School	<b>Number of Students</b>
Freshmen	28
Sophomores	14
Juniors	40
Seniors	18

<u>Major</u>	<u>Number</u>	of Students		
Business		128		
Science		36		
Engineering		60		
Social Sciences		40		
Liberal Arts		88		
Education		48		
TIPLE CHOICE. Choose th	e one alternative that b	est completes the state	ement or answers the quest	ion.
	g a pie graph to represe She found that 8 of 24 graph, this would repre	classmates did hom	ework for three hours	76)
A) 240°	B) 120°	C) 135°	D) 45°	
RT ANSWER. Write the wo	•		•	
Cookie Types	Number Sold			
Chocolate Chip	20			
Peanut Butter	15			
Oatmeal	30			
Sugar	10			
TIPLE CHOICE. Choose th	e one alternative that b	est completes the state	ement or answers the quest	ion.
78) A weatherman record	ds the amount of rain the	nat fell in Portland, C	Oregon each day for a	78)
	raph should he use to		anges during the year?	, <u>—</u>
79) A time series graph re	epresents data that occ	eur over a specific tin	me period.	79)
A) True		B) False		
•	not have which of the flayed by the heights of nged from highest to le	f vertical bars	?	80)

75) Construct a pie chart for the following distribution:

81) A pie graph is <u>not</u> useful in showing which of the following characteristics of	a data set?	81)
A) frequency changes over time		
B) categories that make up the smallest proportions of the total		
C) relative frequencies for each category in the distribution		
D) categories that make up the largest proportions of the total		
82) A time series graph is useful for which of the following purposes?		82)
A) representing the cumulative frequencies of the data at a specific time		
B) representing relative frequencies of categories at a specific time	es over time make up the smallest proportions of the total ies for each category in the distribution make up the largest proportions of the total useful for which of the following purposes? cumulative frequencies of the data at a specific time tive frequencies of categories at a specific time frequencies of the data, sorted from largest to smallest changing frequencies of a data category over a period time  useful for detecting trends that occur over the period of time.  B) True  e used to represent the frequencies with which certain courses are iddle School?  B) Pareto chart D) pictograph  st represent the number of inches of rain that has fallen in Ohio each nths.  B) True  rd or phrase that best completes each statement or answers the question.  hite, wheat, and rye bread sold at a supermarket each week graph.  ph would most appropriately represent the number of statistics for each of the past ten years.  t statistics exam are shown below. Construct a stem and leaf  88)	
C) representing the frequencies of the data, sorted from largest to smallest		
D) representing the changing frequencies of a data category over a period ti	allest proportions of the total tegory in the distribution gest proportions of the total  ch of the following purposes? quencies of the data at a specific time so of categories at a specific time the data, sorted from largest to smallest tencies of a data category over a period time secting trends that occur over the period of time.  B) True  B) Pareto chart D) pictograph  e number of inches of rain that has fallen in Ohio each B) True  t best completes each statement or answers the question.  d rye bread sold at a supermarket each week  appropriately represent the number of cics for each of the past ten years.  m are shown below. Construct a stem and leaf  82)	
83) A time series graph is useful for detecting trends that occur over the period of	time.	83)
A) False B) True		
34) Which graph should be used to represent the frequencies with which certain co	ourses are	84)
taken at Highlands Middle School?		
A) time series graph  B) Pareto chart		
C) pie graph D) pictograph		
85) A pie graph would best represent the number of inches of rain that has fallen i	n Ohio each	85)
day for the past 2 months.		
•		
T ANSWER. Write the word or phrase that best completes each statement or answers	the question.	
86) The percentages of white, wheat, and rye bread sold at a supermarket each we	eek 86) _	
is best shown using a graph.		
graph would most appropriately represent the number of	87)	
students that were enrolled in Statistics for each of the past ten years.		
88) The scores on a recent statistics exam are shown below. Construct a stem and	leaf 88)	
plot for the data.		
98, 73, 64, 69, 86, 89, 77, 86, 91, 73		
89) Given the following two sets of data, draw a back-to-back stem and leaf plot.	89)	
A - 12, 22, 22, 24, 34, 31, 26, 35, 27, 39, 49, 10	, <u> </u>	
11 12, 22, 22, 27, 37, 31, 20, 33, 27, 37, 10		

## MULTIPLE CHOICE. Choose the one alternative that best completes the statement or answers the question.

90) Construct a stem-and-leaf plot for the following data.

90)		
90)		

28	47	19	39	30	54	48	21	58	52
36	36	53	63	29	24	43	30	30	46

	١	١
_	٦	. )

1	9
2	1489
3	000669
4	3678
5	2348
6	3
4 5	3678 2348

B)

1	9
2	1489
3	00066
4	36789
5	2348
6	3

C'

1	9
2	1489
3	000669
4	3678
5	248
6	33

D)

1	9
2	1489
3	00669
4	03678
5	2348
6	3

 7.0
 7.4
 10.4
 10.9
 9.7
 9.3
 7.3
 8.7
 7.1
 5.4
 6.6
 9.3

 9.8
 8.9
 9.3
 7.7
 8.4
 8.7
 8.8
 7.3
 2.4
 2.5
 9.6
 8.8

A)

	5
2	
3	4
4	
5	$\Delta$
6	6
7	013347
8	477889
9	333678
10	49

B)

2	45
3	
4	
5	Ą
6	36
7	0147
8	3477889
9	333678
10	49

C)

2	45
3	
4	
5	4
6	6
7	013347
8	477889
9	333678
10	49

D)

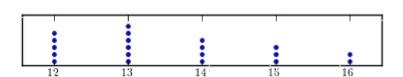
2	45
3	
4	
5	Ą
6	6
7	01334
8	34777889
9	33678
1.0	49

92) Construct a dotplot for the following data.

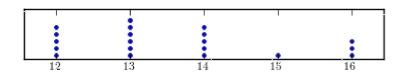
16 13 14 12 15 13 14 14 12 13 14 14 12 13 14 14 12 13

92) \_\_\_\_

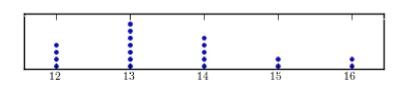
A)



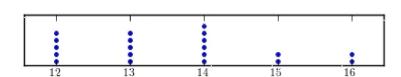




# C)

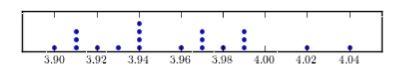


## D)

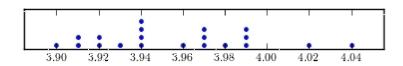


3.99		3.97			3.92				4.04
3.98	3.94	3.96	3.97	3.94	3.99	3.93	3.90	3.97	3.99

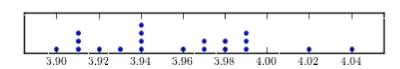
A)



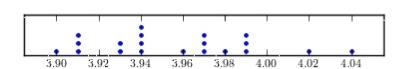
B)



C)



D)



94) Following are the numbers of Dean's List students in a random sample of 20 university courses. Construct a dotplot for these data.

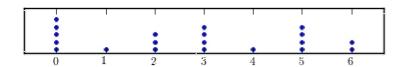
0 1 0 3 3

2 5 5 0 2

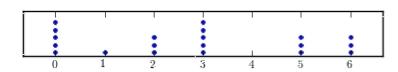
3 5 6 0 3

4 5 2 6 0

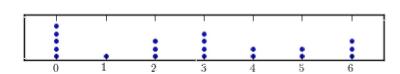
A)



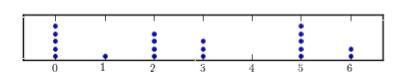
B)



C)

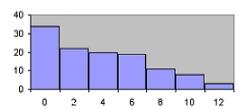


D)

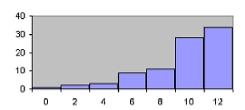


97)

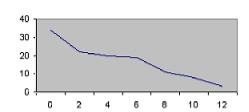
98)



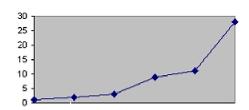
B)



C)



D)



96) A stem and leaf plot has the advantage over a grouped frequency distribution of retaining the actual data while still showing them in graphical form.

A) False

B) True

97) An automobile dealer wants to construct a pie graph to represent types of cars sold in July. He sold 72 cars, 16 of which were convertibles. How many degrees should be used for the convertibles section?

A)  $80^{\circ}$ 

B) 100°

C)  $60^{\circ}$ 

D) 50°

98) If a data set showing types of pizza ordered at a particular restaurant indicates 24 out of 72 orders were for pepperoni pizza, how many degrees would be needed to represent pepperoni pizza in a pie chart?

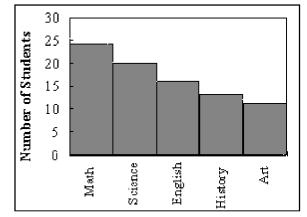
A)  $150^{\circ}$ 

B) 90°

C)  $60^{\circ}$ 

D) 120°

- 99) A Pareto chart is useful for showing percentages of the total at different times.
  - A) False B) True
- 100) What type of graph is the figure below?



- A) Pareto chart
- B) ogive
- C) pie graph
- D) pictograph
- 101) Graphs give a visual representation that may enable readers to analyze and interpret data more easily than simply looking at tables of numbers.
  - A) False

- B) True
- 102) When making Pareto charts, data should be arranged

according to frequency.

A) with increasing time

B) from smallest to largest

C) clockwise

- D) from largest to smallest
- 103) A Pareto chart arranges data from largest to smallest according to frequencies.

103)

101)

102)

100)

A) True

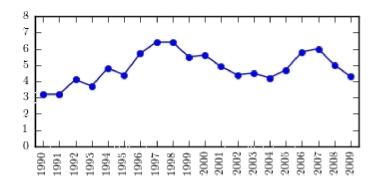
- B) False
- 104) When two sets of data collected over specific periods of time are compared on the same graph using two lines, it is called a compound time series graph.
- 104)

A) False

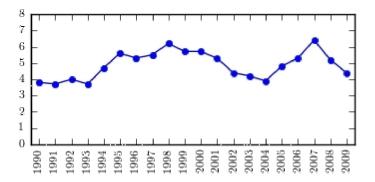
B) True

Year	Percent Growth	Year	Percent Growth
1990	3.1	2000	5.5
1991	3.3	2001	5.2
1992	4.3	2002	4.4
1993	3.5	2003	4.2
1994	4.4	2004	4.1
1995	5.7	2005	4.7
1996	5.2	2006	5.9
1997	6.4	2007	6.2
1998	5.6	2008	5.2
1999	5.8	2009	4.6

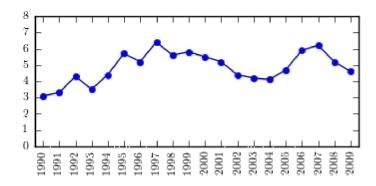
A)



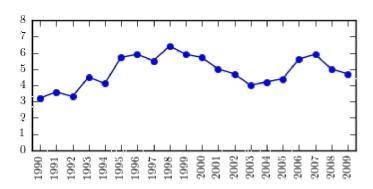
B)



C)

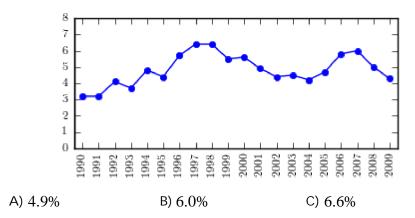


D)

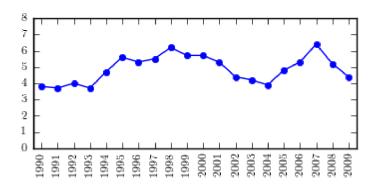


106) The following time-series plot presents the population growth (in percent) of a suburb of Atlanta, Georgia for each of the years 1990 through 2009. Estimate the rate of growth in 2007.

106) \_\_\_



D) 7.0%

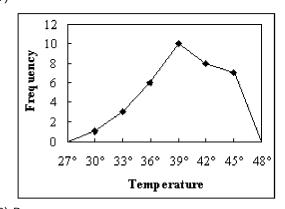


- A) about 1.4 percentage points
- B) about 3.0 percentage points
- C) about 2.9 percentage points
- D) about 2.1 percentage points

## Answer Key

## Testname: UNTITLED2

- 1) A
- 2) A
- 3) raw data
- 4) frequency
- 5) 15
- 6) C
- 7) A
- 8) C
- 9) B
- 10) B
- 11) A
- 12) B
- 13) C
- 14) C
- 15) A
- 16) class midpoint
- 17) A
- 18) B
- 19) A
- 20) A
- 21) A
- 22) grouped
- 23) B
- 24) B
- 25) C
- 26) D
- 27)

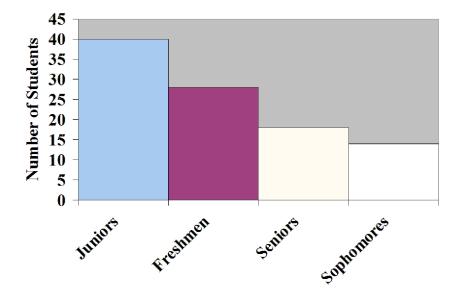


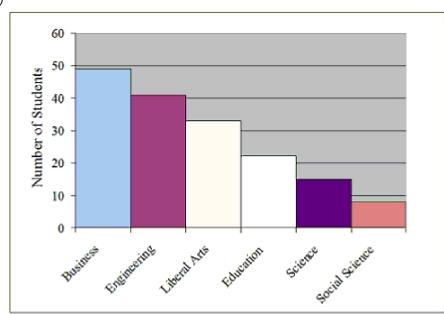
- 28) B
- 29) D
- 30) A
- 31) D
- 32) B
- 33) frequency polygon
- 34) A
- 35) B
- 36) A
- 37) A

## Answer Key

Testname: UNTITLED2

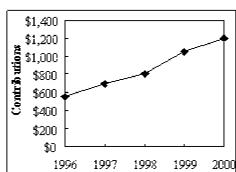
- 38) B
- 39) D
- 40) A
- 41) C
- 42) B
- 43) A
- 44) B
- 45) B
- 46) D
- 47) right-skewed
- 48) B
- 49) B
- 50) C
- 51) D
- 52) C
- 53) B
- 54) C
- 55) C
- 56) D
- 57) B
- 58) C
- 59) C
- 60) B 61) B
- 62) A
- 63) A
- 64) C
- 65) C
- 66) A
- 67)





69) A

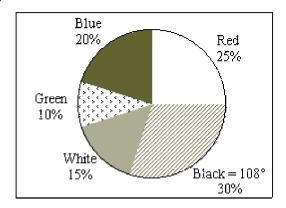
70)

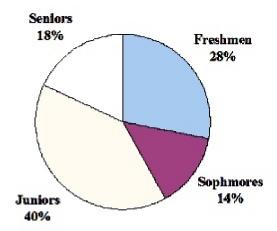


71) B

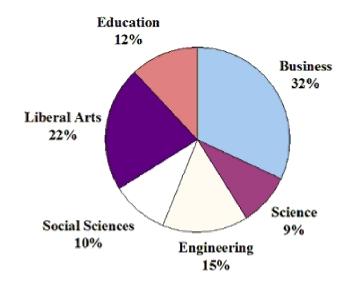
72) A

73)

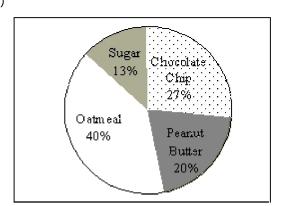




75)



76) B



- 78) C
- 79) A
- 80) D
- 81) A
- 82) D
- 83) B
- 84) B
- 85) A
- 86) pie
- 87) time series
- 88) 6 4 9
  - 7 | 3 3 7
  - 8 | 669
  - 9 | 18

89)

- 90) A
- 91) C
- 92) D
- 93) A
- 94) A
- 95) A
- 96) B
- 97) A
- 98) D
- 99) A
- 100) A
- 101) B
- 102) D 103) A
- 104) B
- 105) C

Answer Key Testname: UNTITLED2

106) B 107) D