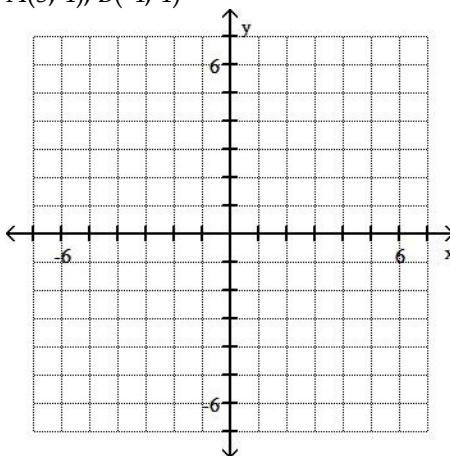


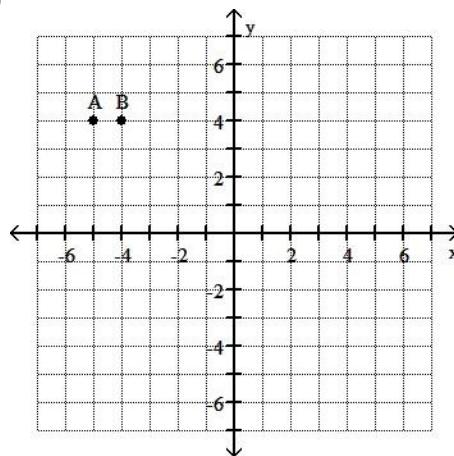
**MULTIPLE CHOICE.** Choose the one alternative that best completes the statement or answers the question.  
Plot the two points given by the ordered pairs.

1) A(5, 4), B(-4, 4)

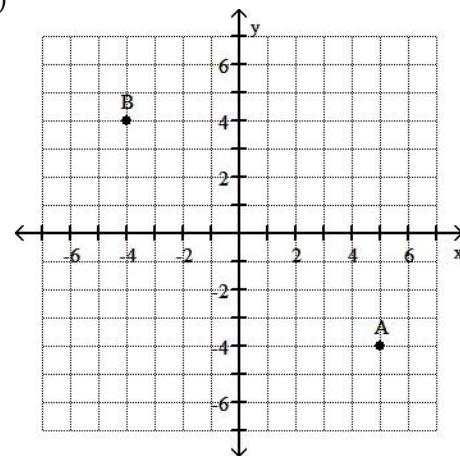
1) \_\_\_\_\_



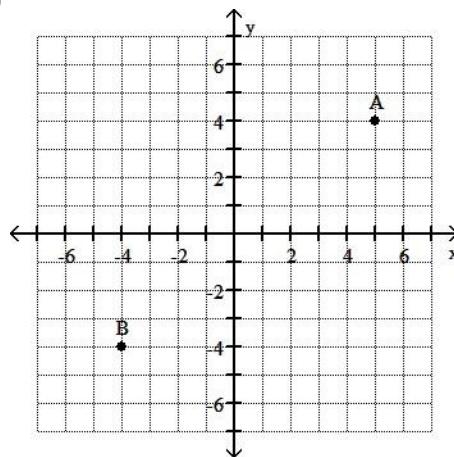
A)



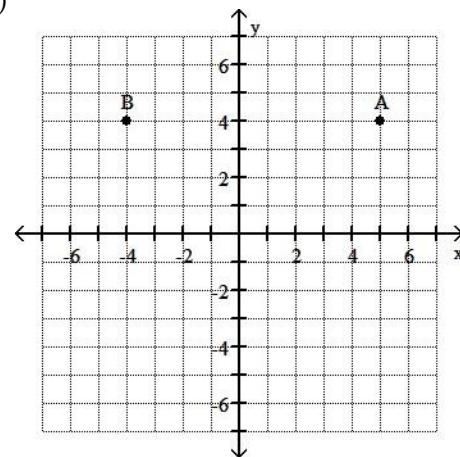
B)



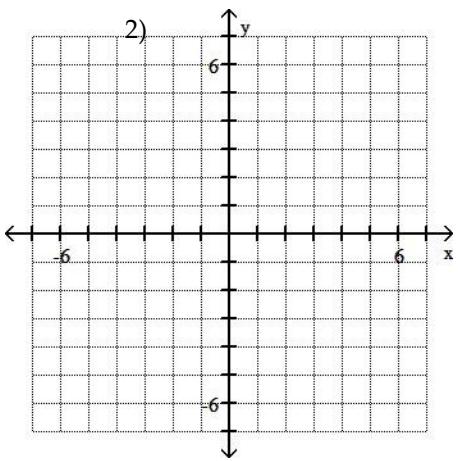
C)



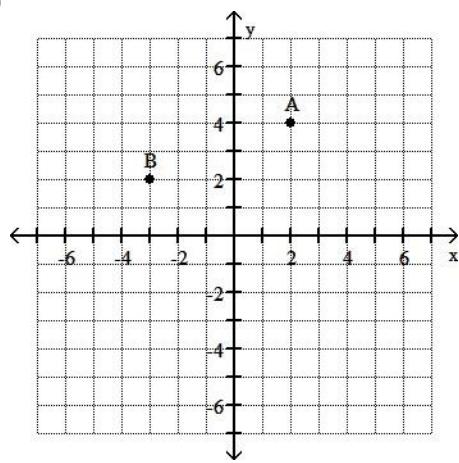
D)



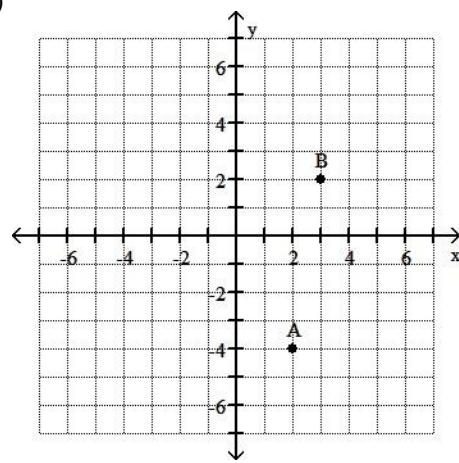
2) A(2, -4), B(-3, 2)



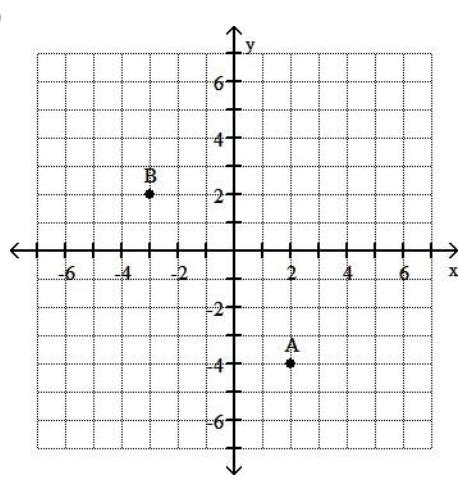
A)



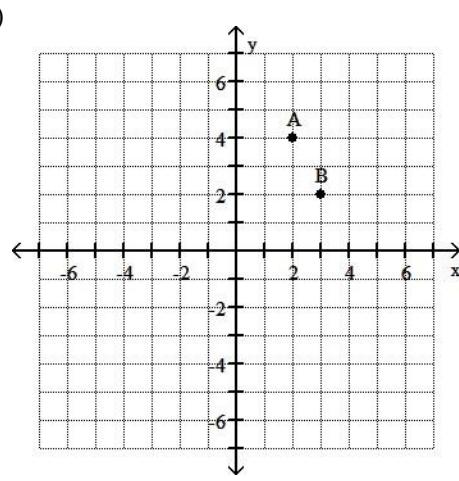
B)



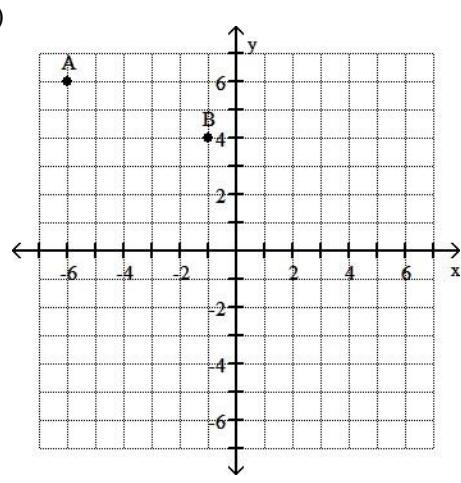
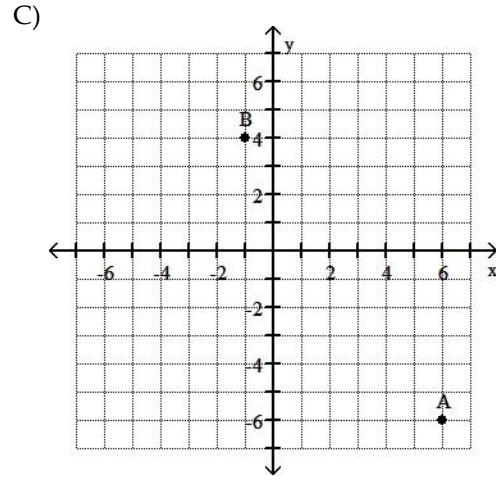
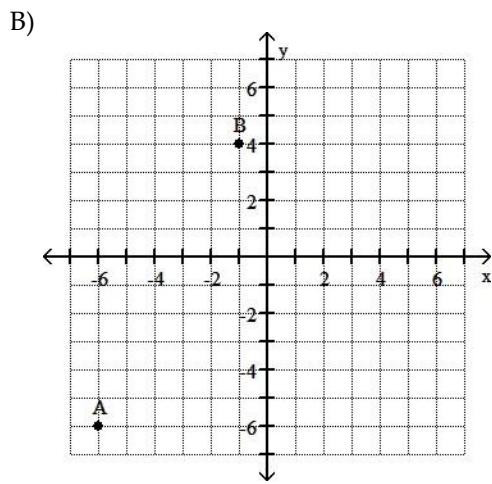
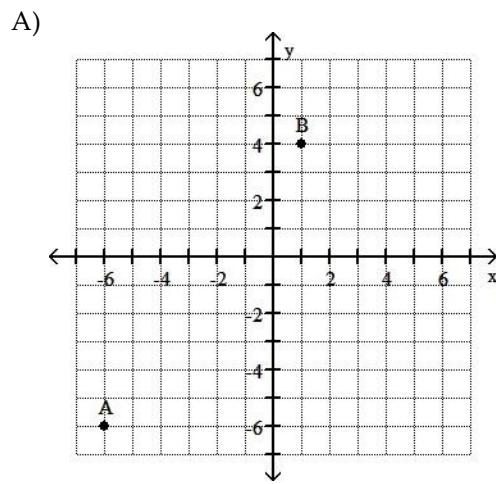
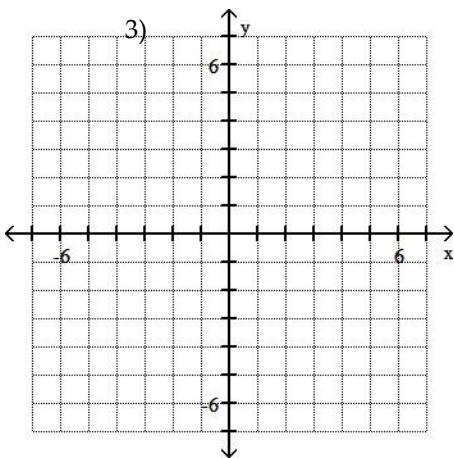
C)



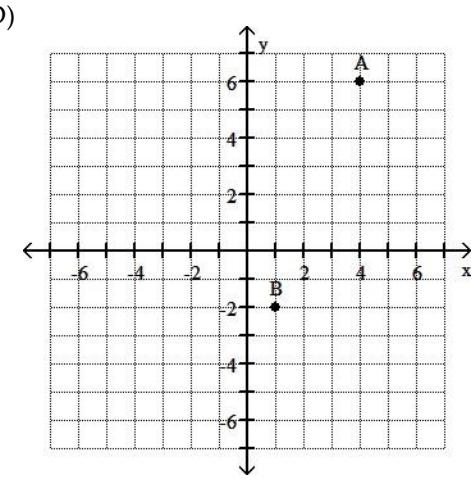
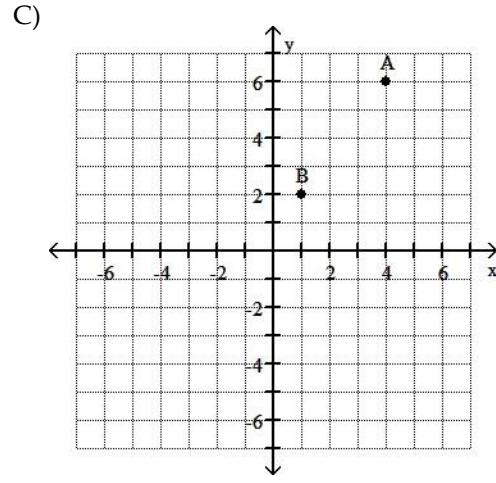
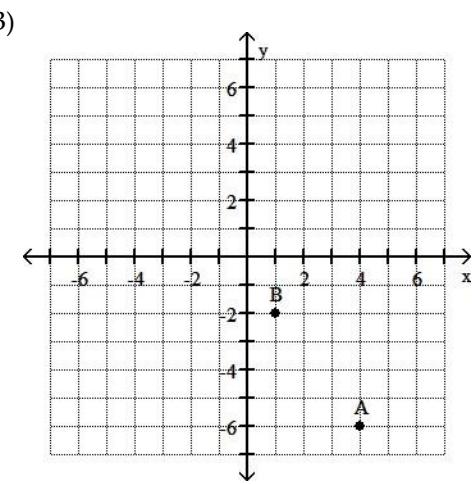
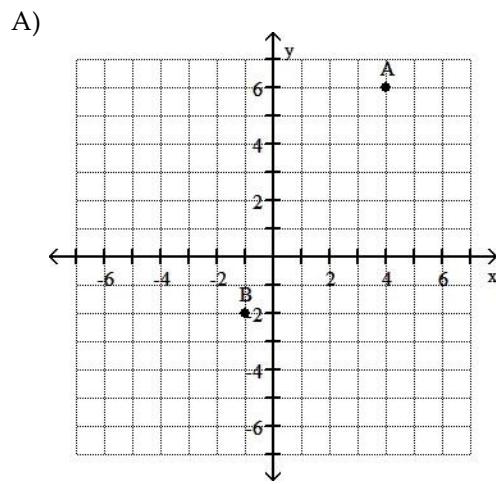
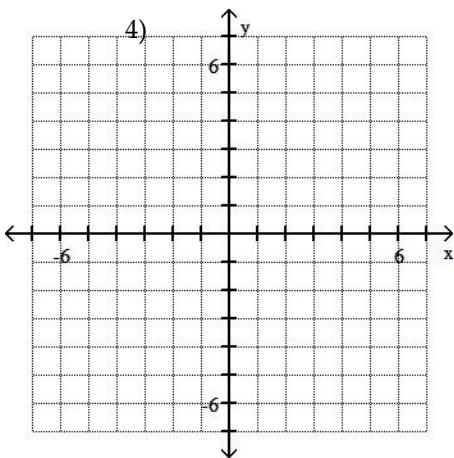
D)



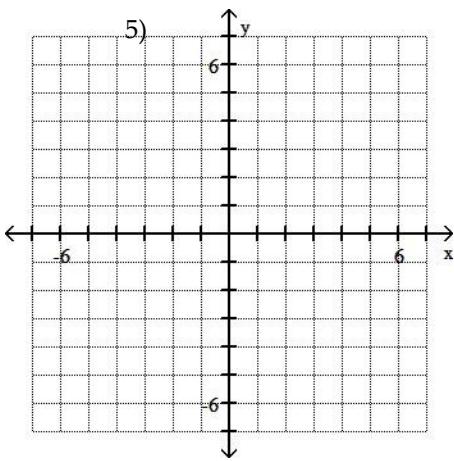
3) A(-6, -6), B(-1, 4)



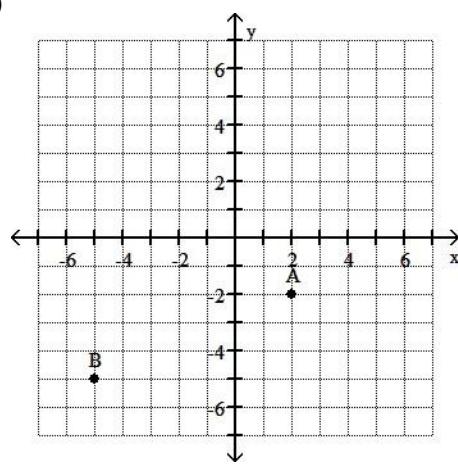
- 4) A(4, 6), B(1, -2)



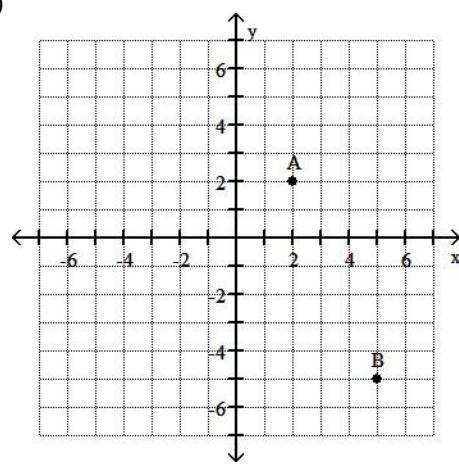
5) A(2, 2), B(-5, -5)



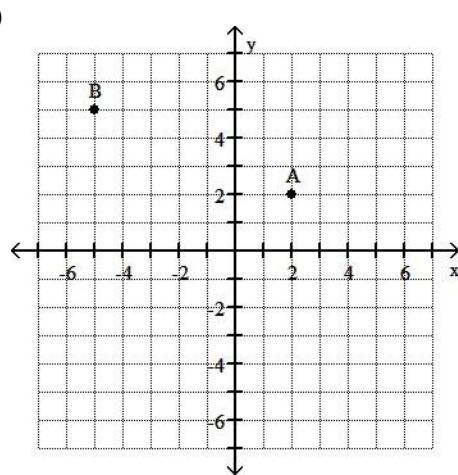
A)



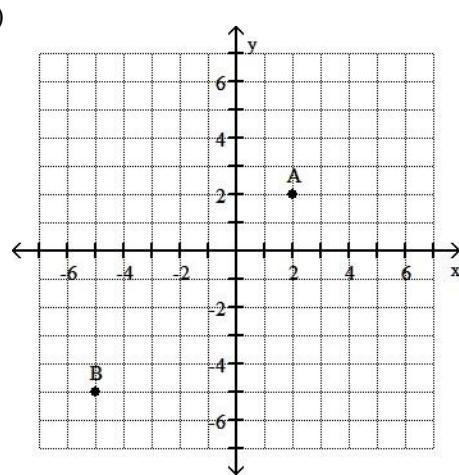
B)



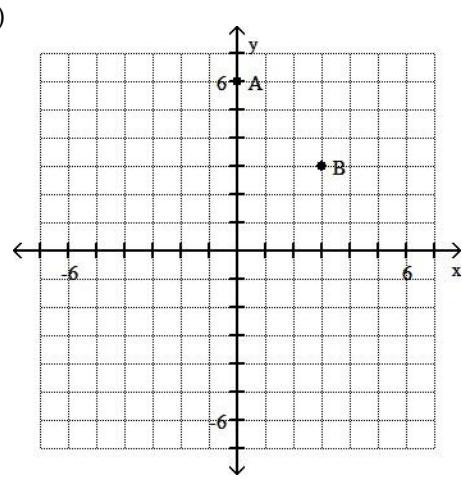
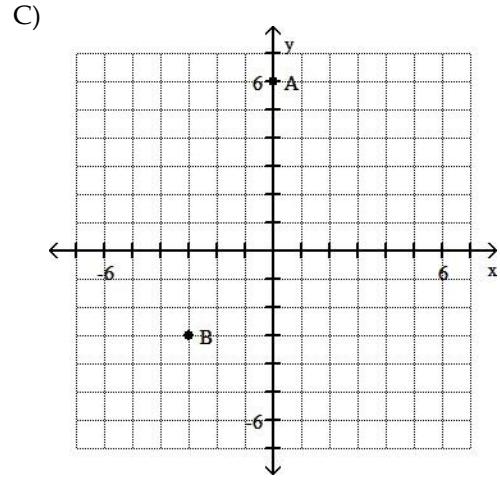
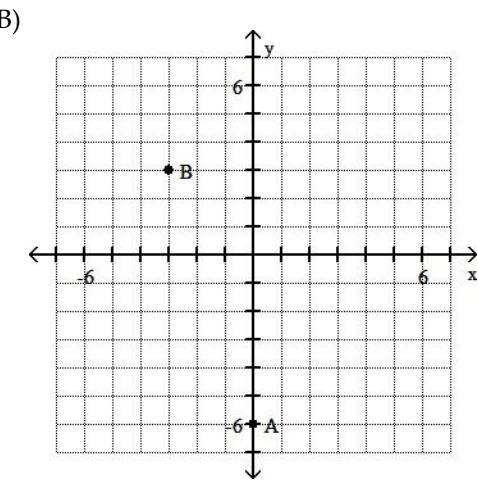
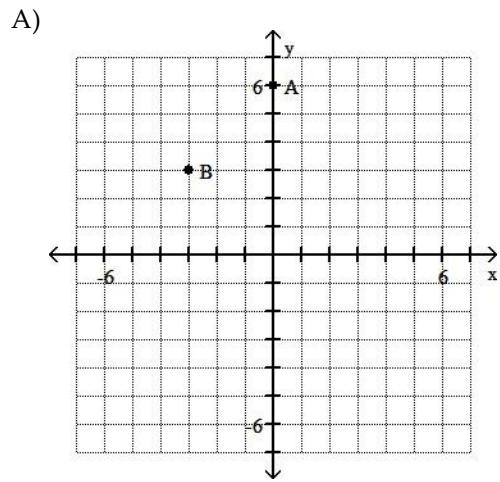
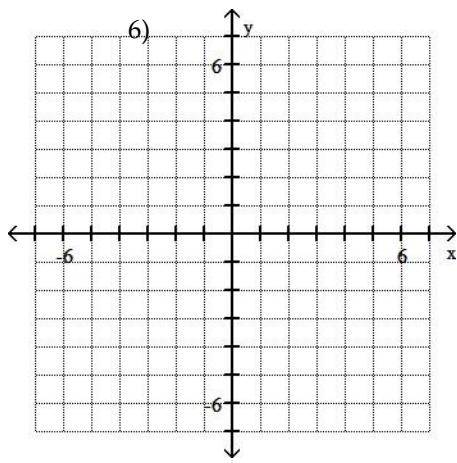
C)



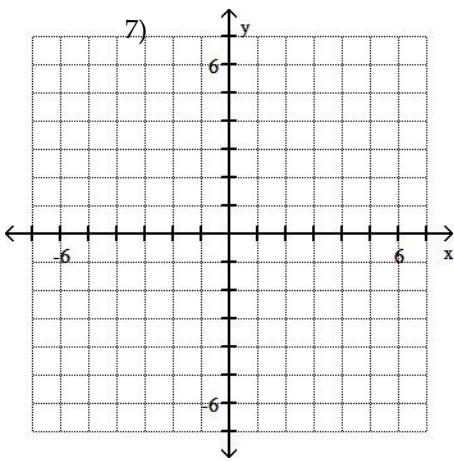
D)



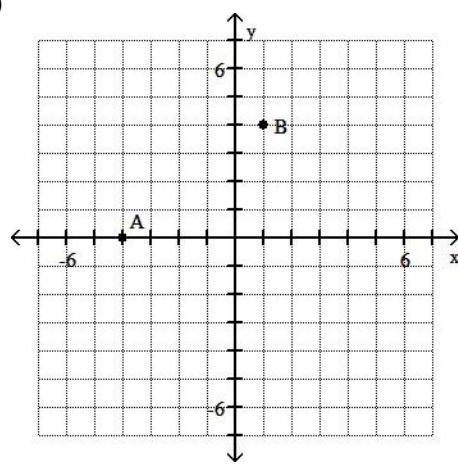
6) A(0, 6), B(-3, 3)



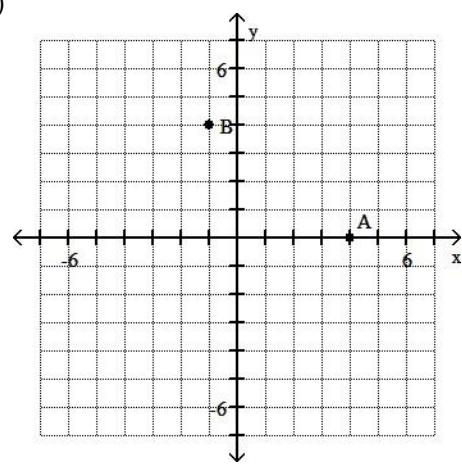
7) A(-4, 0), B(-1, 4)



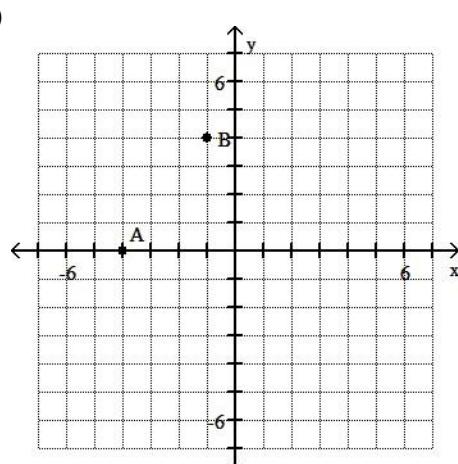
A)



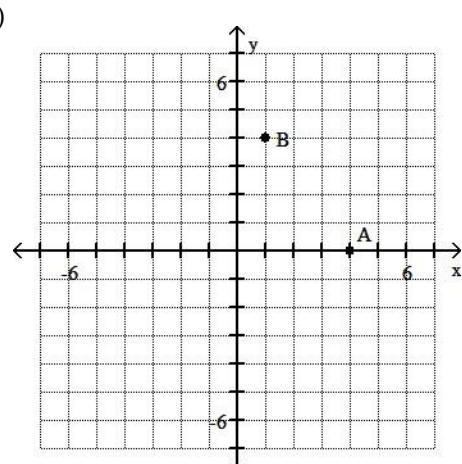
B)



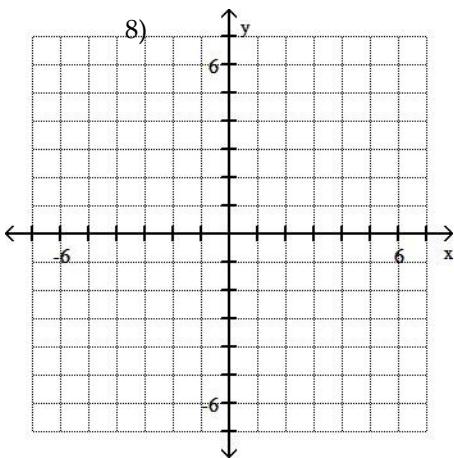
C)



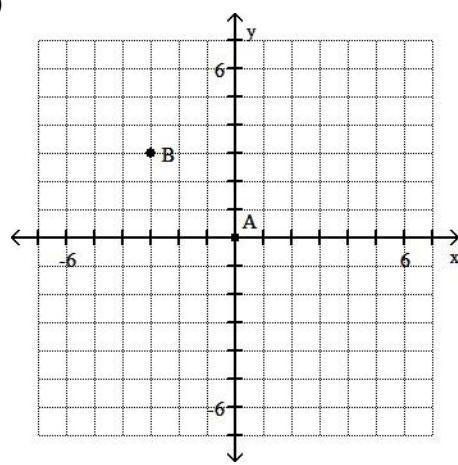
D)



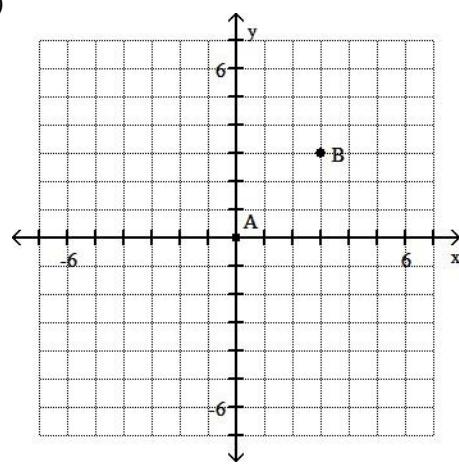
8) A(0, 0), B(3, 3)



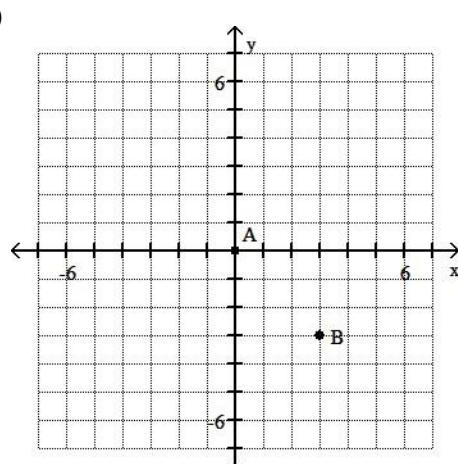
A)



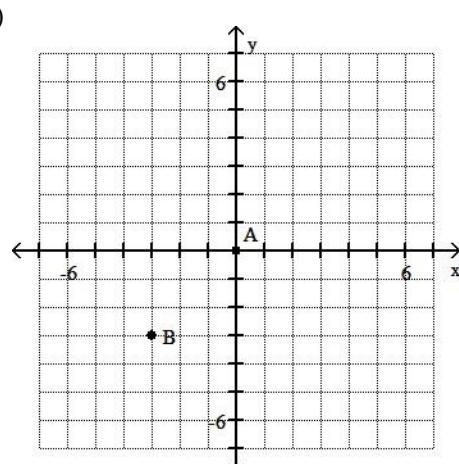
B)



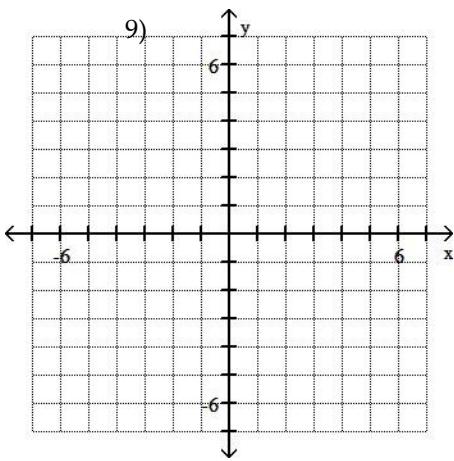
C)



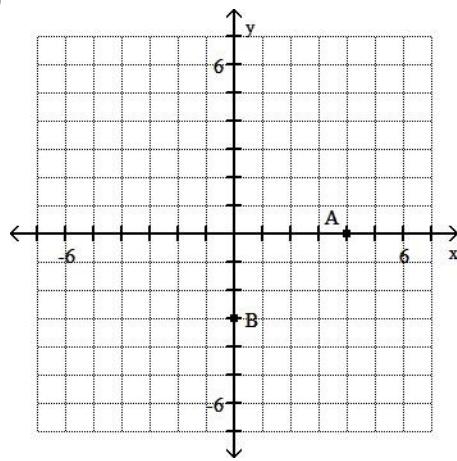
D)



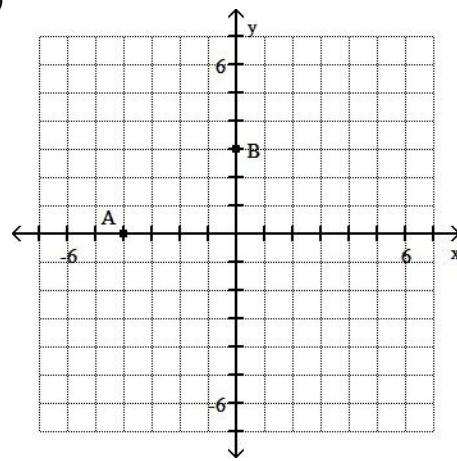
9) A(-4, 0), B(0, 3)



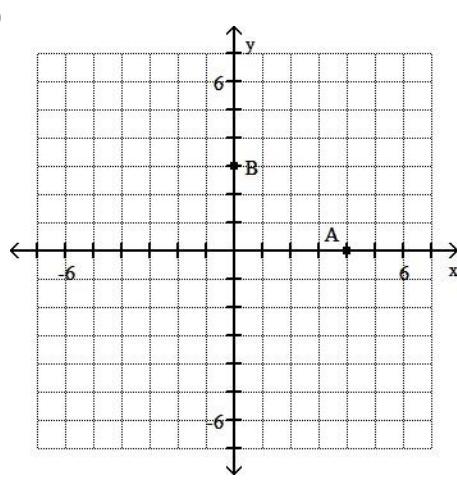
A)



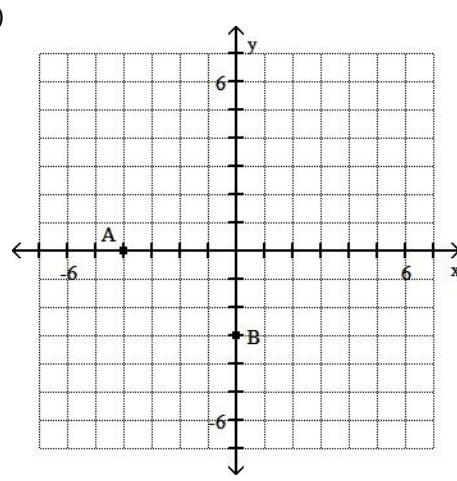
B)



C)



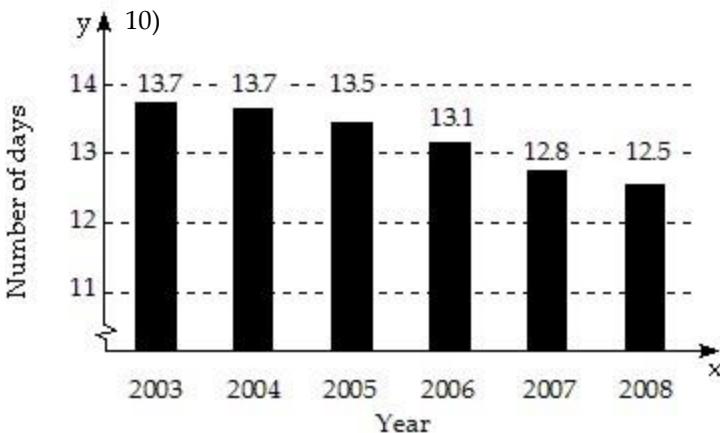
D)



Express the data in the graph as ordered pairs, letting the first coordinate represent the year and the second coordinate represent the amount.

10) Summer Vacation:

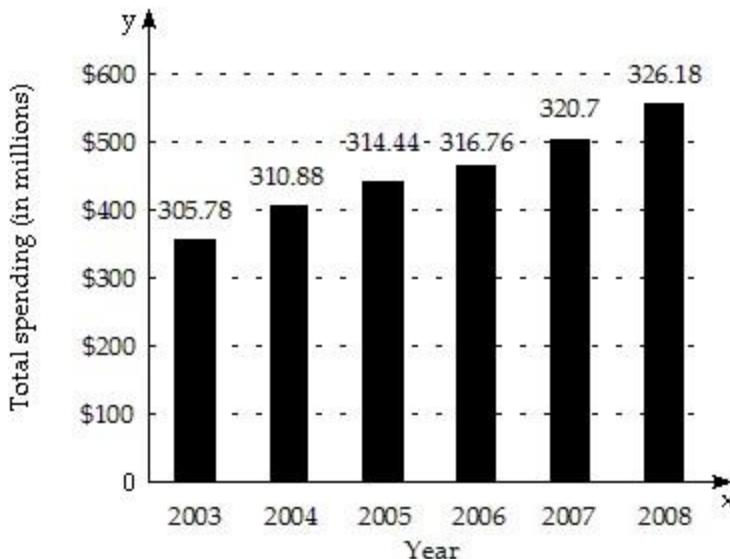
The length of the average summer vacation is decreasing.



- A) (2003, 13.7), (2004, 13.7), (2005, 13.5), (2006, 13.1), (2007, 12.8), (2008, 12.5)  
 B) (2003, 13.7), (2004, 13.7), (2005, 13.1), (2006, 13.5), (2007, 12.8), (2008, 12.5)  
 C) (13.7, 2003), (13.7, 2004), (13.5, 2005), (13.1, 2006), (12.5, 2007), (12.8, 2008)  
 D) (13.7, 2003), (13.7, 2004), (13.5, 2005), (13.1, 2006), (12.8, 2007), (12.5, 2008)

11) Total Advertisement Spending for Basketball Tournament

11) \_\_\_\_\_



- A) (305.78, 2003), (310.88, 2004), (314.44, 2005), (316.76, 2006), (320.7, 2007), (326.18, 2008)  
 B) (1, 305.78), (2, 310.88), (3, 314.44), (4, 316.76), (5, 320.7), (6, 326.18)  
 C) (2003, 310.88), (2004, 305.78), (2005, 314.44), (2006, 320.7), (2007, 316.76), (2008, 326.18)  
 D) (2003, 305.78), (2004, 310.88), (2005, 314.44), (2006, 316.76), (2007, 320.7), (2008, 326.18)

Use substitution to determine whether the given ordered pair is a solution of the given equation.

12) (-2, -14);  $y = 5x - 4$

12) \_\_\_\_\_

A) Yes

B) No

13) (4, 3);  $y = -3x + 15$

13) \_\_\_\_\_

A) Yes

B) No

14) (3, 3);  $3x + 2y = 15$

14) \_\_\_\_\_

A) Yes

B) No

15) (5, 5);  $2x - 3y = 25$

15) \_\_\_\_\_

A) Yes

B) No

16)  $\left[0, \frac{3}{8}\right]$ ;  $4x + 8y = 5$   
A) Yes

16) \_\_\_\_\_

17)  $\left[\frac{2}{3}, \frac{3}{4}\right]$ ;  $6x - 4y = 1$   
A) Yes

17) \_\_\_\_\_

18)  $\left[\frac{2}{3}, \frac{1}{4}\right]$ ;  $6x - 4y = 1$   
A) Yes

18) \_\_\_\_\_

19)  $(0, 5)$ ;  $x^2 + y^2 = 25$   
A) Yes

19) \_\_\_\_\_

20)  $(2.1, 4.4)$ ;  $x^2 + y^2 = 25$   
A) Yes

20) \_\_\_\_\_

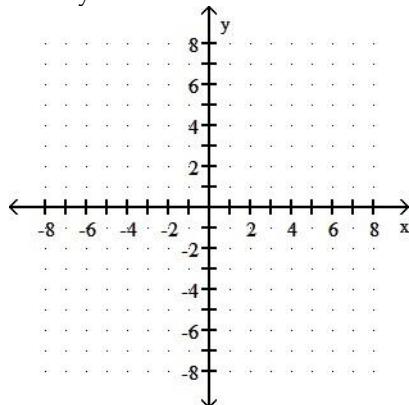
21)  $(4, -1)$ ;  $4x + 3y^2 = 19$   
A) Yes

21) \_\_\_\_\_

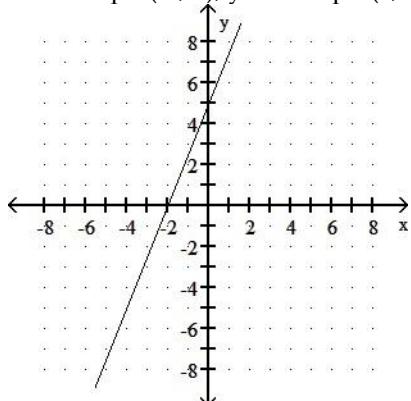
Find the intercepts and then graph the line.

22)  $5x + 2y = -10$

22) \_\_\_\_\_

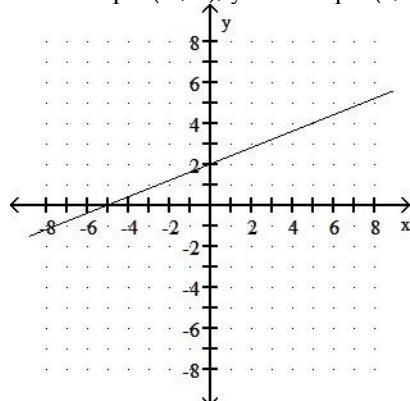


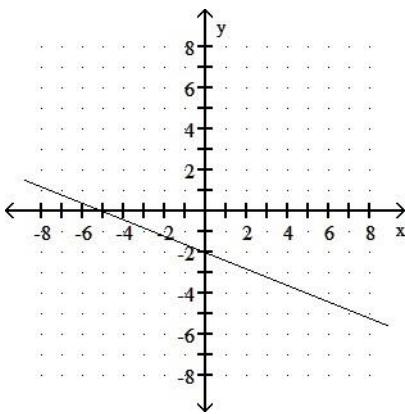
A) x-intercept:  $(-2, 0)$ ; y-intercept:  $(0, 5)$



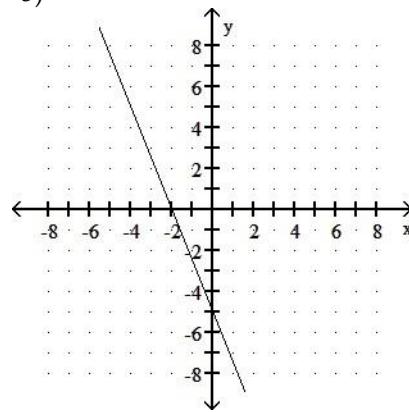
C) x-intercept:  $(-5, 0)$ ; y-intercept:  $(0, -2)$

B) x-intercept:  $(-5, 0)$ ; y-intercept:  $(0, 2)$

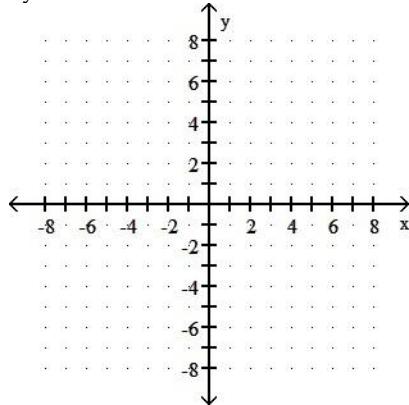




D)  
 x-i  
 nt  
 er  
 ce  
 pt:  
 $(-2,$   
 $, 0);$   
 y-i  
 nt  
 er  
 ce  
 pt:  
 $(0,$   
 $-5)$

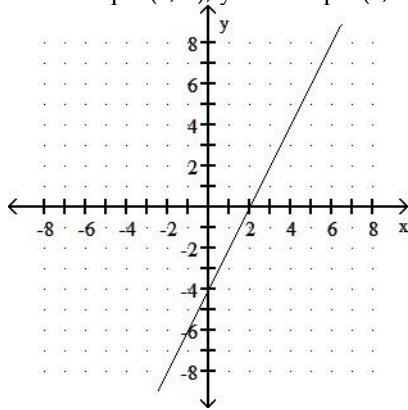


23)  $2y - 4x = -8$

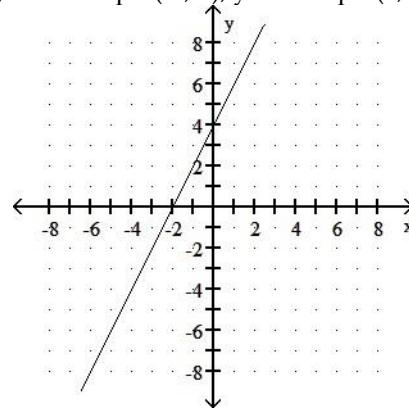


23) \_\_\_\_\_

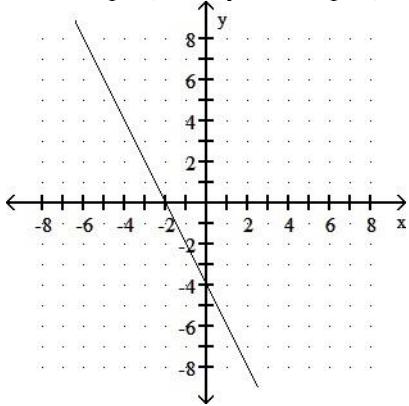
- A) x-intercept:  $(2, 0)$ ; y-intercept:  $(0, -4)$



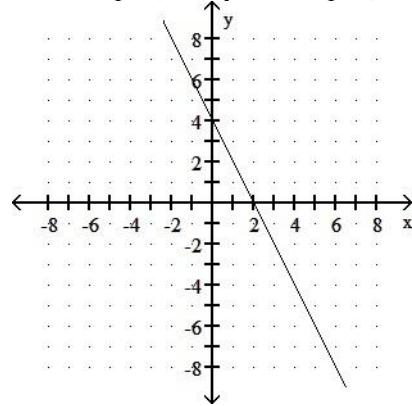
- B) x-intercept:  $(-2, 0)$ ; y-intercept:  $(0, 4)$



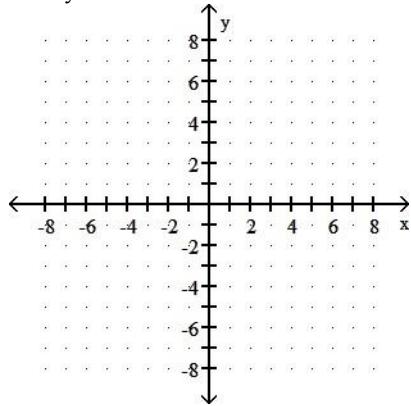
C) x-intercept:  $(-2, 0)$ ; y-intercept:  $(0, -4)$



D) x-intercept:  $(2, 0)$ ; y-intercept:  $(0, 4)$

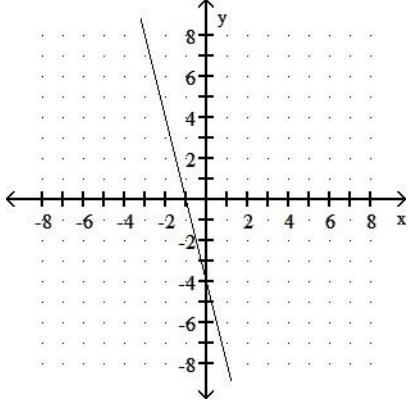


24)  $4x + y = 4$

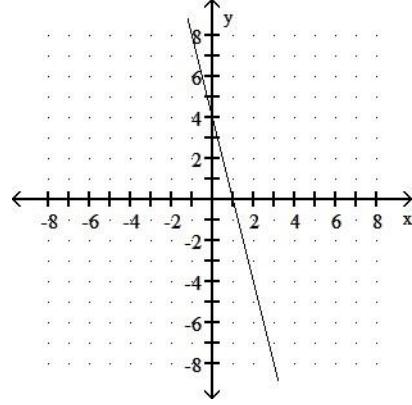


24) \_\_\_\_\_

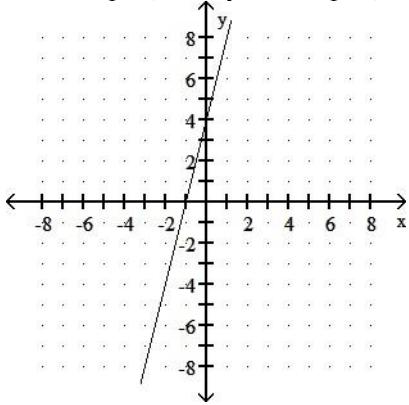
A) x-intercept:  $(-1, 0)$ ; y-intercept:  $(0, -4)$



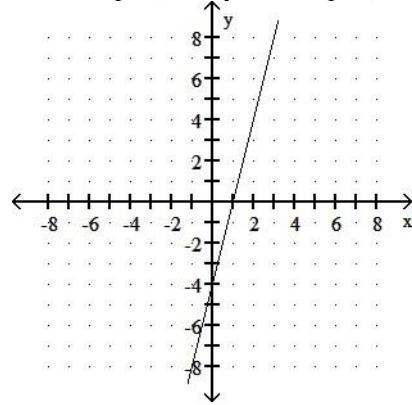
B) x-intercept:  $(1, 0)$ ; y-intercept:  $(0, 4)$



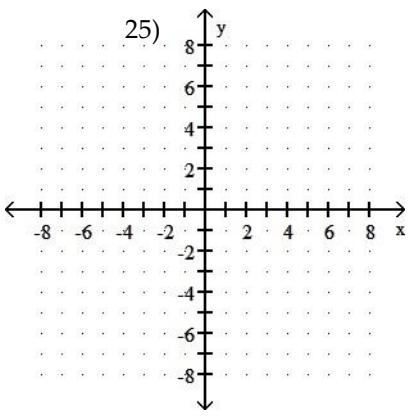
C) x-intercept:  $(-1, 0)$ ; y-intercept:  $(0, 4)$



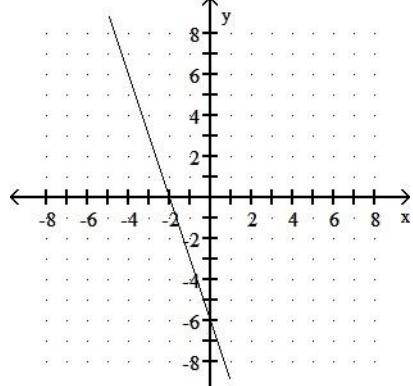
D) x-intercept:  $(1, 0)$ ; y-intercept:  $(0, -4)$



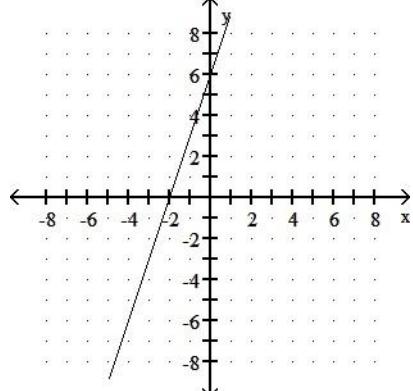
25)  $3x - y = -6$



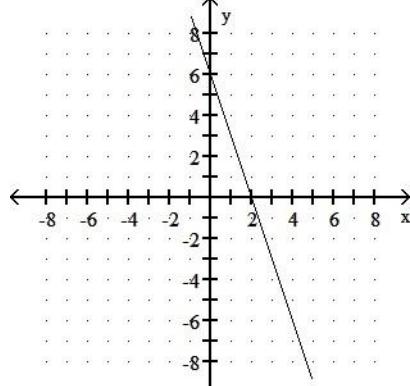
- A) x-intercept: (-2, 0); y-intercept: (0, -6)



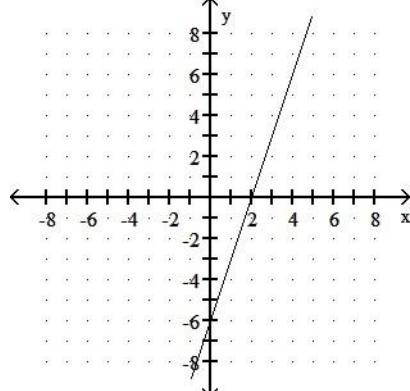
- C) x-intercept: (-2, 0); y-intercept: (0, 6)



- B) x-intercept: (2, 0); y-intercept: (0, 6)

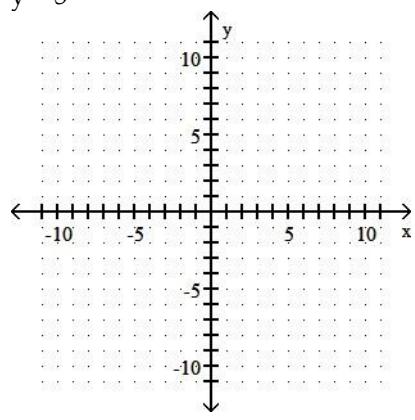


- D) x-intercept: (2, 0); y-intercept: (0, -6)



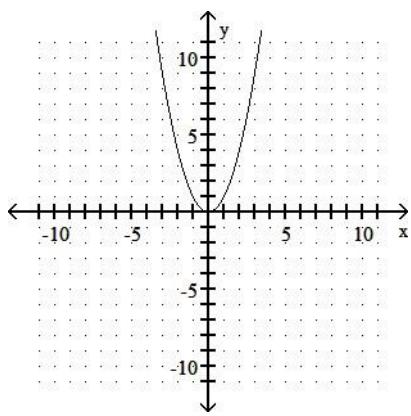
**Graph the equation.**

26)  $y = 5x^2$

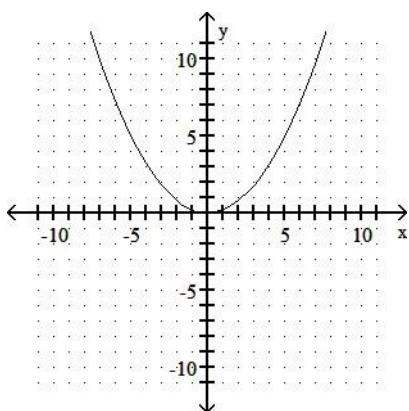


A)

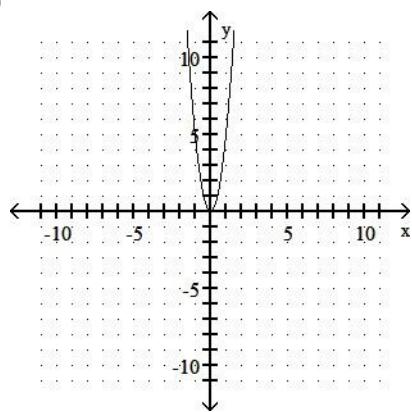
26) \_\_\_\_\_



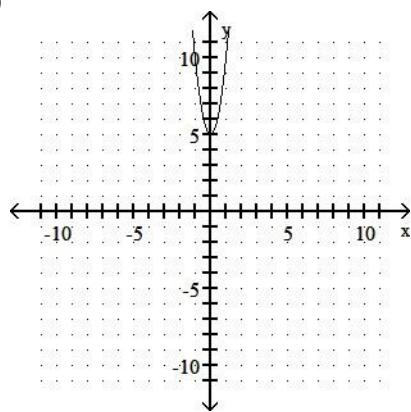
B)



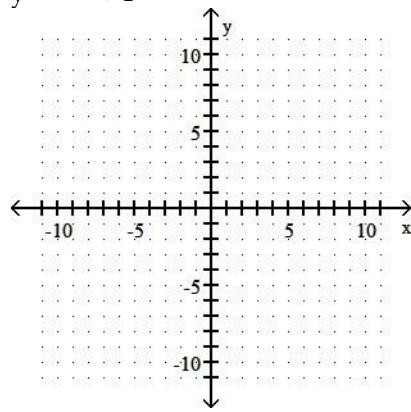
C)



D)

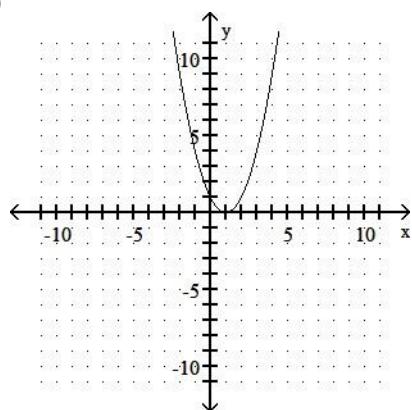


27)  $y = x^2 + 1$

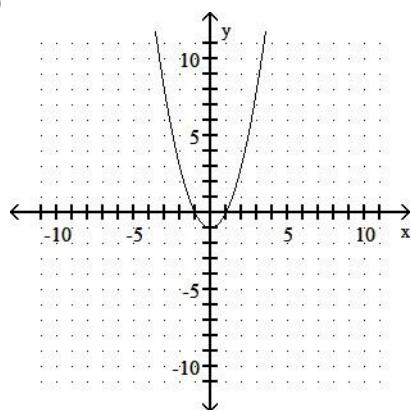


27) \_\_\_\_\_

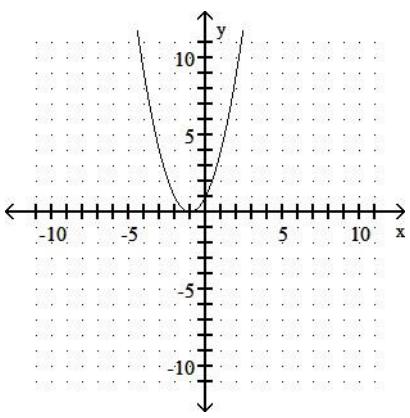
A)



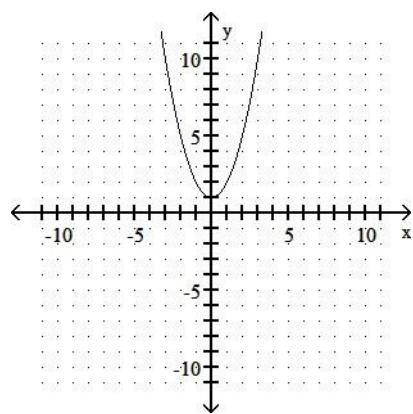
B)



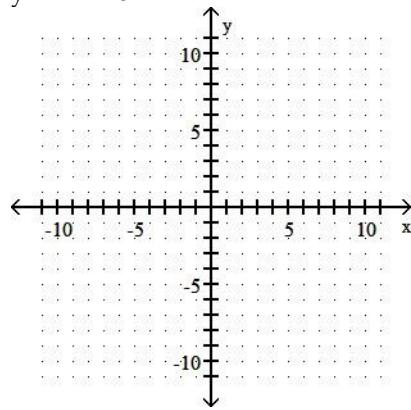
C)



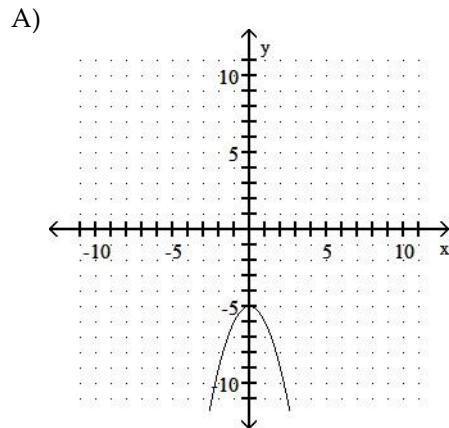
D)



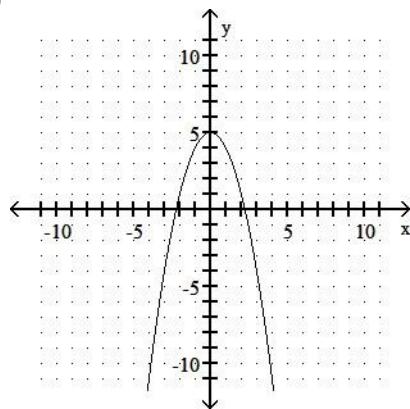
28)  $y = -x^2 - 5$



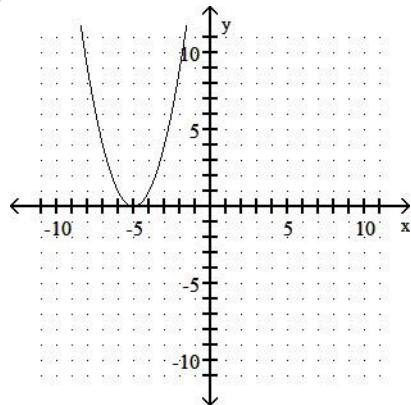
28) \_\_\_\_\_



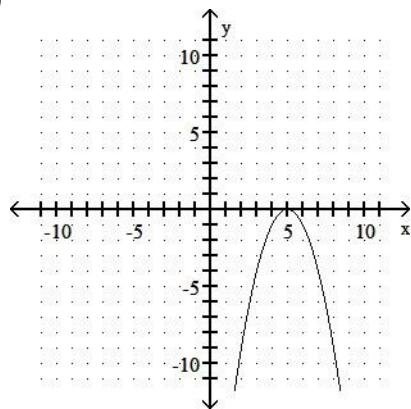
C)



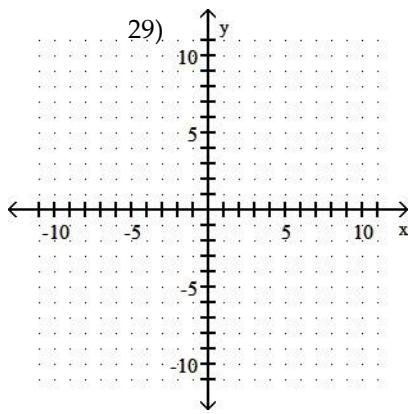
B)



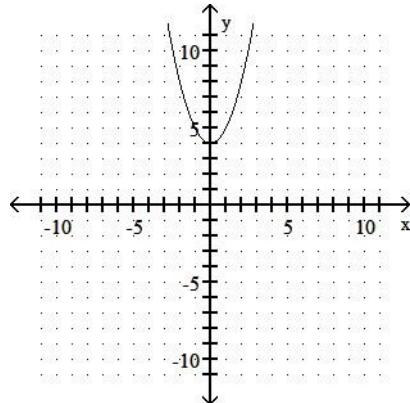
D)



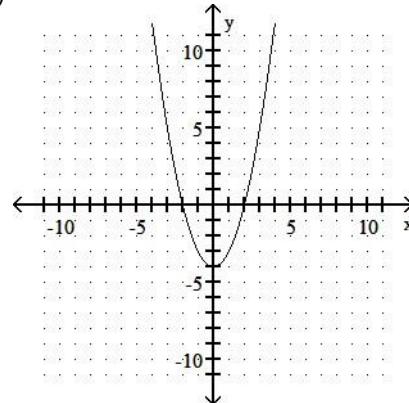
29)  $y = x^2 + 4$



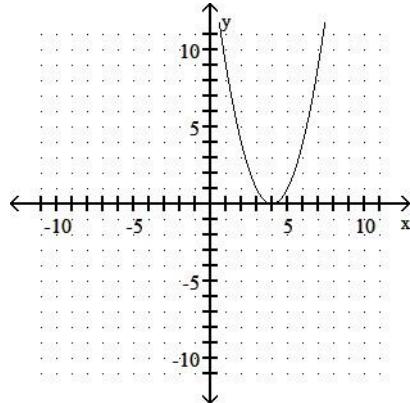
A)



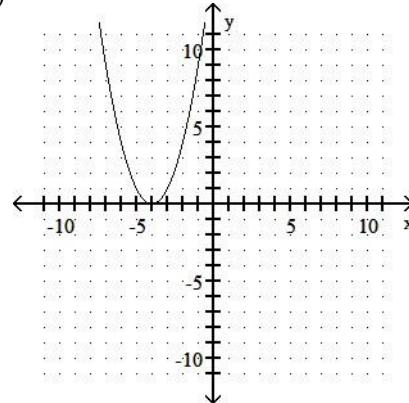
B)



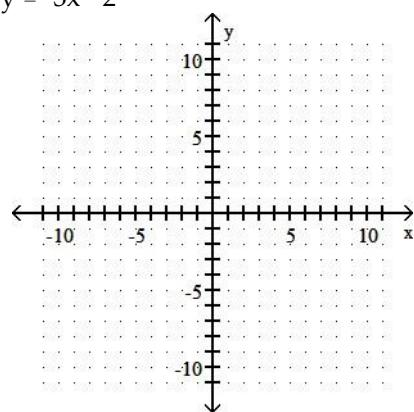
C)



D)

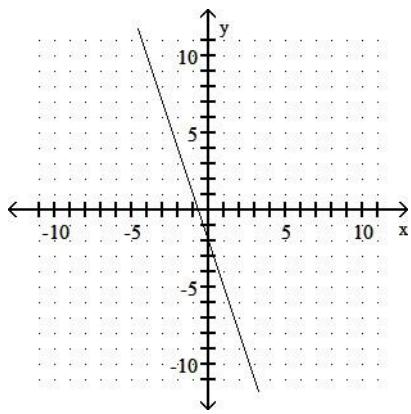


30)  $y = -3x - 2$

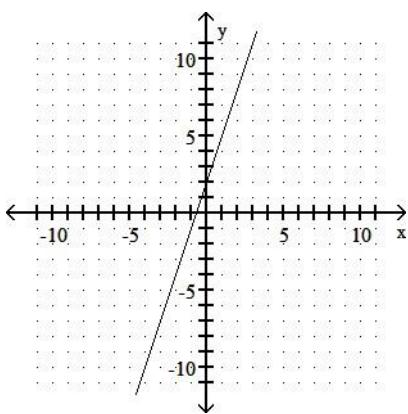


A)

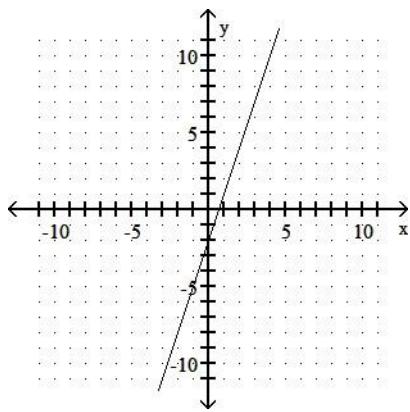
30) \_\_\_\_\_



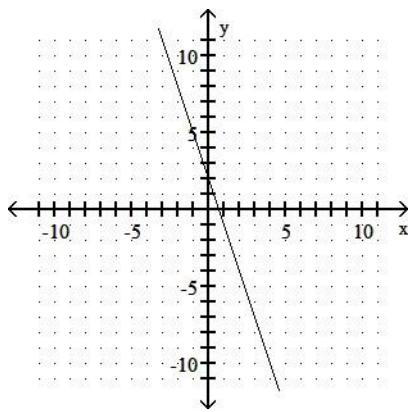
B)



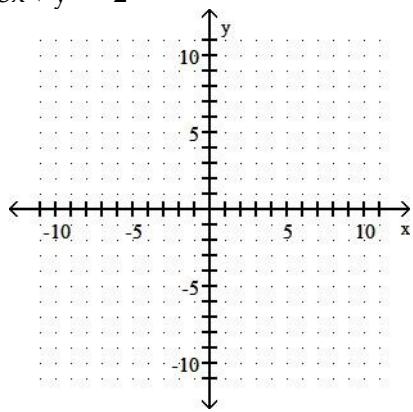
C)



D)

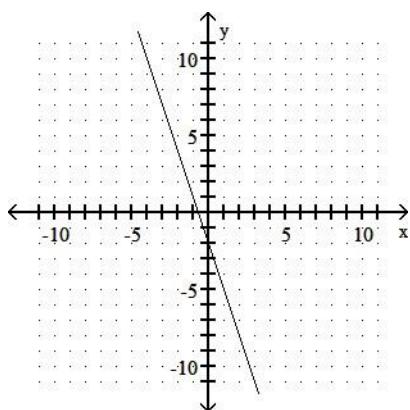


31)  $3x + y = -2$

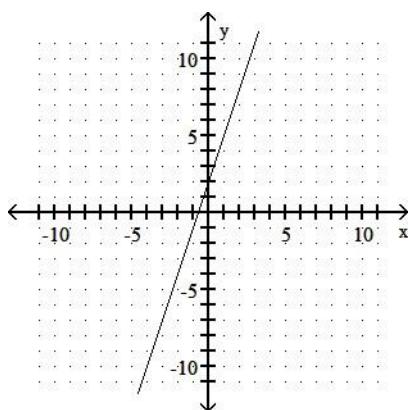


31) \_\_\_\_\_

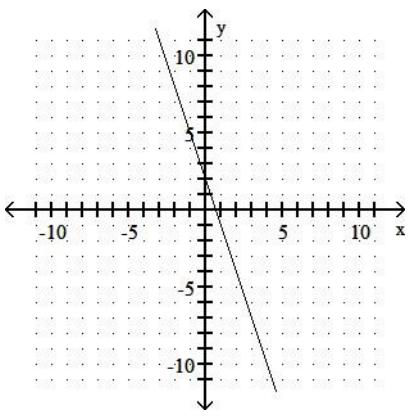
A)



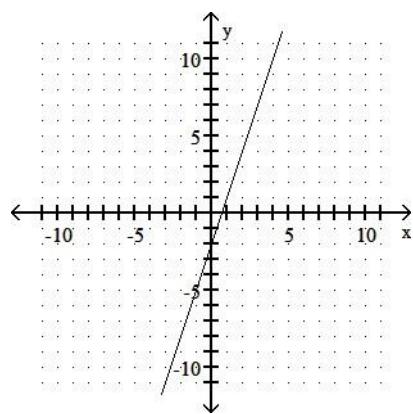
B)



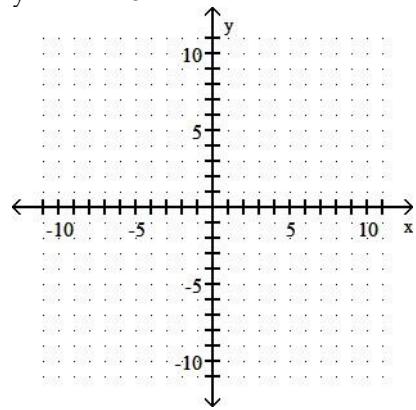
C)



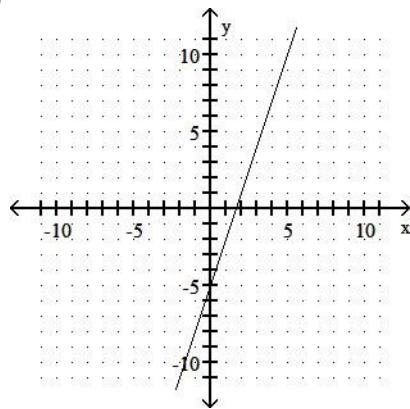
D)



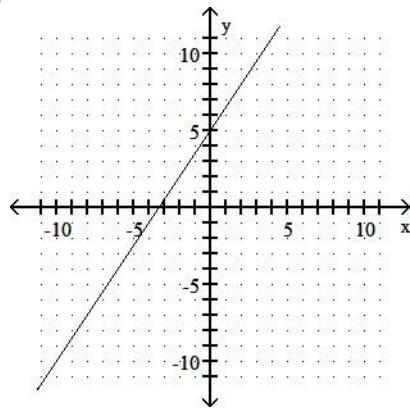
32)  $\frac{3}{2}x - 5$



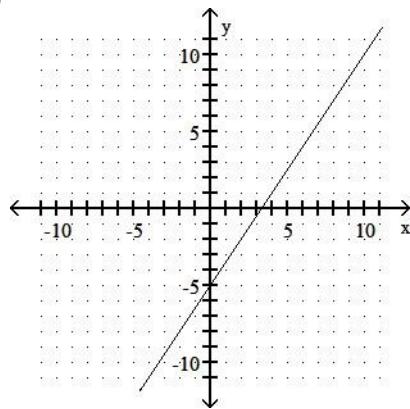
A)



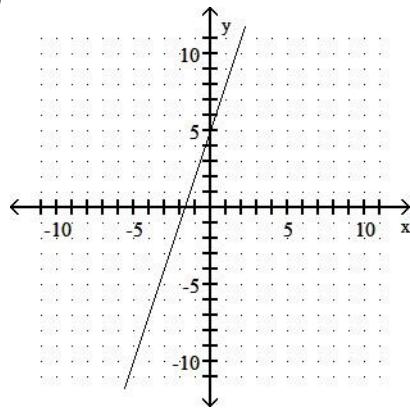
C)



B)

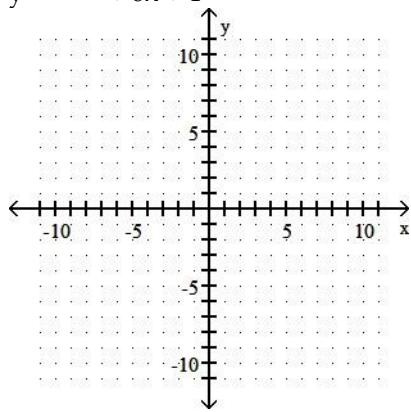


D)



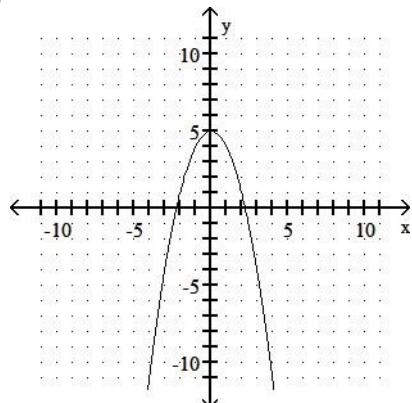
32) \_\_\_\_\_

$$33) y = x^2 + 6x + 4$$

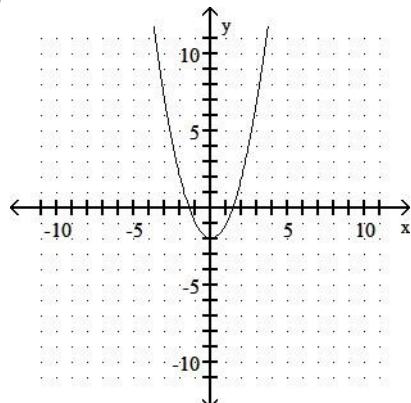


$$33) \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$$

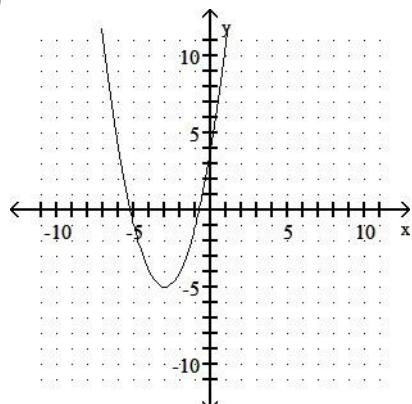
A)



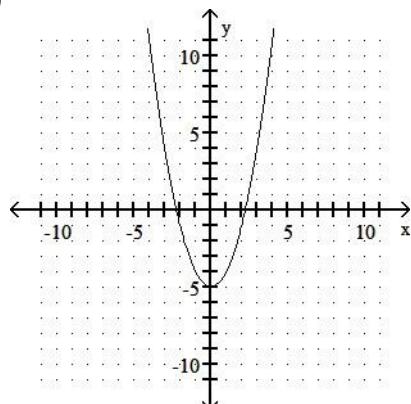
B)



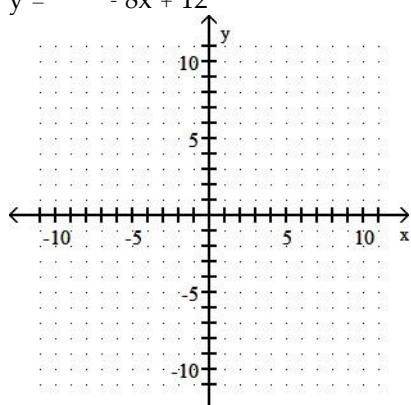
C)



D)

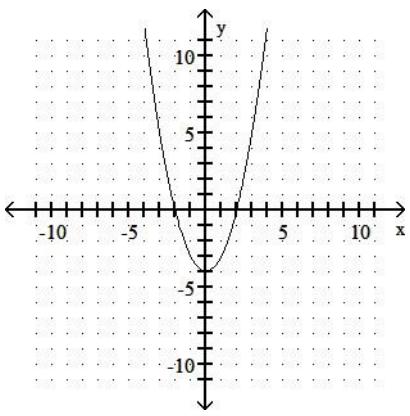


$$34) y = x^2 - 8x + 12$$

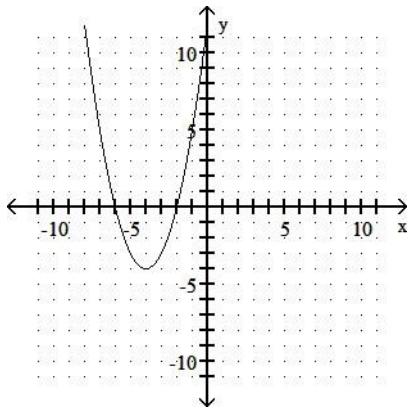


$$34) \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$$

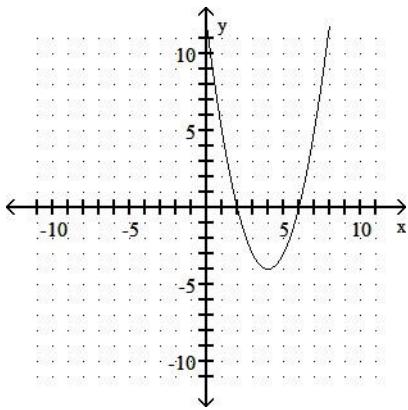
A)



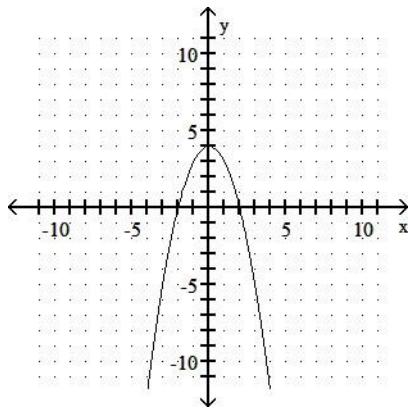
B)



C)



D)



**Find the distance between the pair of points. Give an exact answer, and where appropriate, an approximation to three decimal places.**

35)  $(0, 0)$  and  $(x, y)$

A)  $x + y$

B)  $x^2 + y^2$

C)  $\sqrt{x^2 + y^2}$

D)  $\sqrt{x + y}$

35) \_\_\_\_\_

36)  $\left(-\frac{5}{4}, 2\right)$  and  $\left(-\frac{5}{4}, \frac{1}{2}\right)$

A)  $\frac{7}{2}$

B)  $\frac{25}{4}$

C)  $\frac{3}{2}$

D)  $\frac{5}{2}$

36) \_\_\_\_\_

37)  $(3, 3)$  and  $(7, 8)$

A)  $\sqrt{18}, 4.243$

B)  $\sqrt{2}, 1.414$

C)  $\sqrt{41}, 6.403$

D)  $\sqrt{82}, 9.055$

37) \_\_\_\_\_

38)  $(1, 4)$  and  $(0, 7)$

A)  $\sqrt{20}, 4.472$

B)  $\sqrt{10}, 3.162$

C)  $\sqrt{4}, 2.000$

D)  $\sqrt{8}, 2.828$

38) \_\_\_\_\_

39)  $(-3, -2)$  and  $(0, 2)$

A) 25

B) 7

C) 5

D)  $\sqrt{50}, 7.071$

39) \_\_\_\_\_

40)  $(0.5, 1.0)$  and  $(3.4, 1.9)$

A) 6.894

B) 5.880

C) 4.860

D) 3.036

40) \_\_\_\_\_

41)  $(-2.5, 2.9)$  and  $(4, -12.7)$

A)  $\sqrt{528.97}, 22.999$

B)  $\sqrt{201.11}, 14.181$

C) 16.9

D) 33.8

41) \_\_\_\_\_

**Find the requested measurement.**

- 42) The points  $(-2, -3)$  and  $(-2, 8)$  are the endpoints of the diameter of a circle. Find the length of the radius of the circle. 42) \_\_\_\_\_
- A) 6                      B) 5                      C) 6.5                      D) 5.5
- 43) The point  $(-2, -3)$  is on a circle that has center  $(6, -3)$ . Find the length of the diameter of the circle. 43) \_\_\_\_\_
- A) 16                      B) 8                              C) 16.5                      D) 15
- 44) The point  $(-2, -3)$  is on a circle that has center  $(-2, 8)$ . Find the length of the diameter of the circle. 44) \_\_\_\_\_
- A) 22.5                      B) 21                              C) 22                              D) 5.5

**Use the distance formula and the Pythagorean theorem to determine whether the set of points could be vertices of a right triangle.**

- 45)  $(3, 6), (7, 6), (7, 12)$  45) \_\_\_\_\_
- A) Yes                      B) No
- 46)  $(3, -5), (5, -1), (7, -2)$  46) \_\_\_\_\_
- A) Yes                      B) No
- 47)  $(-3, -4), (3, -2), (7, -14)$  47) \_\_\_\_\_
- A) Yes                      B) No
- 48)  $(3, -6), (9, -4), (8, -9)$  48) \_\_\_\_\_
- A) Yes                      B) No
- 49)  $(-4, -1), (2, 1), (8, -6)$  49) \_\_\_\_\_
- A) Yes                      B) No
- 50)  $(-7, -3), (4, -14), (6, -12)$  50) \_\_\_\_\_
- A) Yes                      B) No

**Find the midpoint of the segment having the given endpoints.**

- 51)  $(6, 1)$  and  $(2, 9)$  51) \_\_\_\_\_
- A)  $(4, -8)$                       B)  $(5, 4)$                       C)  $(8, 10)$                       D)  $(4, 5)$
- 52)  $(-4, -2)$  and  $(-3, 1)$  52) \_\_\_\_\_
- A)  $\left(-\frac{1}{2}, -\frac{3}{2}\right)$                       B)  $(-1, -3)$                       C)  $(-7, -1)$                       D)  $\left(-\frac{7}{2}, -\frac{1}{2}\right)$
- 53)  $(7, 1)$  and  $(-16, -16)$  53) \_\_\_\_\_
- A)  $\left(-\frac{9}{2}, -\frac{15}{2}\right)$                       B)  $(9, 15)$                       C)  $(-9, -15)$                       D)  $\left(\frac{23}{2}, \frac{17}{2}\right)$
- 54)  $(0.6, 0.4)$  and  $(-2.8, -1.1)$  54) \_\_\_\_\_
- A)  $(-1.1, -0.35)$                       B)  $(-0.35, -1.1)$                       C)  $(-0.75, -1.7)$                       D)  $(-1.7, -0.75)$
- 55)  $(8, 1)$  and  $(1, 4)$  55) \_\_\_\_\_
- A)  $(9, 5)$                               B)  $\left(\frac{7}{2}, -\frac{3}{2}\right)$                       C)  $(7, -3)$                               D)  $\left(\frac{9}{2}, \frac{5}{2}\right)$
- 56)  $(-4, -7)$  and  $(3, 5)$  56) \_\_\_\_\_
- A)  $(-7, -12)$                       B)

- A)  $\left(-\frac{7}{2}, -6\right)$       C)  $\left(-\frac{1}{2}, -1\right)$       D)  $(-1, -2)$

57) (-1, 3) and (-6, -1)

- A) (-7, 2)      B) (5, 4)

C)  $\left(-\frac{7}{2}, 1\right)$

D)  $\left(\frac{5}{2}, 2\right)$

57) \_\_\_\_\_

58)  $\left(-\frac{5}{2}, \frac{7}{2}\right)$  and  $\left(\frac{3}{2}, -\frac{5}{2}\right)$

- A) (64, 144)      B)  $\left(-\frac{1}{2}, \frac{1}{2}\right)$

C) (4, 4)

D) (-2, 3)

58) \_\_\_\_\_

**Answer the question.**

59) The points (-6, 7) and (2, 5) are the points at which a particular diameter of a circle intersects the circle. What are the coordinates of the center of the circle?

- A) (-1, 6)      B) (-1, 7)      C) (-2, 6)      D) (-2, 7)

59) \_\_\_\_\_

60) The points  $(\sqrt{3}, -2)$  and  $(12\sqrt{3}, 15)$  are the points at which a particular diameter of a circle intersects the circle. What are the coordinates of the center of the circle?

- A)  $\left(\frac{13\sqrt{3}}{2}, \frac{13}{2}\right)$       B)  $\left(\frac{15\sqrt{3}}{2}, \frac{11}{2}\right)$       C)  $\left(\frac{13\sqrt{3}}{2}, \frac{11}{2}\right)$       D)  $\left(\frac{15\sqrt{3}}{2}, \frac{13}{2}\right)$

60) \_\_\_\_\_

61) The points (-6, 5) and (6, 5) are the points at which the diagonal of a square intersects the square. What are the coordinates of the center of the square?

- A) (0, 5)      B) (0, 6)      C) (1, 6)      D) (1, 5)

61) \_\_\_\_\_

62) The points  $(\sqrt{3}, -2)$  and  $(6\sqrt{3}, 3)$  are the points at which the diagonal of a square intersects the square. What are the coordinates of the center of the square?

- A)  $\left(\frac{9\sqrt{3}}{2}, \frac{1}{2}\right)$       B)  $\left(\frac{9\sqrt{3}}{2}, \frac{-1}{2}\right)$       C)  $\left(\frac{7\sqrt{3}}{2}, \frac{1}{2}\right)$       D)  $\left(\frac{7\sqrt{3}}{2}, \frac{-1}{2}\right)$

62) \_\_\_\_\_

63) The points (2, 3), (5, 6), (7, -2), and (10, 1) are the vertices of a quadrilateral. Is the quadrilateral a rectangle?

- A) Yes      B) No

63) \_\_\_\_\_

64) The points (2, 7), (5, 8), (7, 0), and (10, 3) are the vertices of a quadrilateral. Is the quadrilateral a rectangle?

- A) Yes      B) No

64) \_\_\_\_\_

65) Graph the rectangle with vertices (1, 4), (4, 7), (6, -1), and (9, 2). Are the midpoints of the sides of the rectangle the vertices of a rectangle?

- A) Yes      B) No

65) \_\_\_\_\_

66) Graph the rectangle with vertices (1, 4), (4, 7), (6, -1), and (9, 2). Are the midpoints of the sides of a square?

- A) Yes      B) No

66) \_\_\_\_\_

**Find an equation for the circle.**

67) Center at (-3, 0), radius 6

- A)

$x^2$

67) \_\_\_\_\_

$$+ (y + 3)^2 = 6$$

B)  $(x - 3)^2$

+

$y^2$

=

$36$

D)  $(x + 3)^2 + y^2 = 36$

C)  $x^2 + (y - 3)^2 = 6$

68) Center at  $(0, -5)$ , radius 1

A)  $(x + 5)^2 + y^2 = 1$

B)  $x^2 + (y - 5)^2 = 1$

68) \_\_\_\_\_

69) Center at  $(3, 7)$ , radius  $\sqrt{10}$

A)  $(x + 7)^2 + (y + 3)^2 = 100$

C)  $(x - 7)^2 + (y - 3)^2 = 100$

C)  $x^2 + (y + 5)^2 = 1$

D)  $(x - 5)^2 + y^2 = 1$

69) \_\_\_\_\_

70) Center  $(23, 18)$ , containing the origin

A)  $(x - 23)^2 + (y - 18)^2 = 853$

C)  $(x - 18)^2 + (y - 23)^2 = 853$

B)  $(x - 18)^2 + (y - 23)^2 = 29$

D)  $(x - 23)^2 + (y - 18)^2 = 29$

70) \_\_\_\_\_

71) Center  $(17, 10)$ , tangent (touching at one point) to the x-axis

A)  $(x - 17)^2 + (y - 10)^2 = 289$

C)  $(x - 10)^2 + (y - 17)^2 = 289$

B)  $(x - 10)^2 + (y - 17)^2 = 10$

D)  $(x - 17)^2 + (y - 10)^2 = 100$

71) \_\_\_\_\_

72) Endpoints of a diameter  $(-2, -5), (-2, 5)$

A)  $(x + 5)^2 + y^2 = 4$

C)  $x^2 + (y + 5)^2 = 4$

B)  $(x + 2)^2 + y^2 = 25$

D)  $(x + 2)^2 + y^2 = 5$

72) \_\_\_\_\_

73) Endpoints of a diameter  $(-8, 7), (2, 3)$

A)  $(x + 3)^2 + y^2 = 4$

C)  $(x - 5)^2 + (y + 3)^2 = 29$

B)  $(x + 3)^2 + (y - 5)^2 = 29$

D)  $x^2 + (y - 5)^2 = 25$

73) \_\_\_\_\_

74) Center at  $(2, -2)$ , diameter of length 7.8

A)  $(x - 2)^2 + (y - 2)^2 = 3.9$

C)  $(x - 2)^2 + (y + 2)^2 = 15.21$

B)  $(x + 2)^2 + (y + 2)^2 = 60.84$

D)  $(x + 2)^2 + (y - 2)^2 = 15.21$

74) \_\_\_\_\_

75) The points  $(2, 5), (3, 2), (5, 6)$ , and  $(6, 3)$  are vertices of an inscribed square.

A)  $(x - 4)^2 + (y - 4)^2 = \sqrt{5}$

C)  $(x - 4)^2 + (y - 4)^2 = 5$

B)  $(x - 4)^2 + (y - 4)^2 = \sqrt{5}$

D)  $(x + 4)^2 + (y + 4)^2 = 5$

75) \_\_\_\_\_

76)  $\frac{1}{2}$   
Center at  $(4, -8)$ , radius of length

A)  $(x - 4)^2 + (y + 8)^2 = \frac{1}{4}$

C)  $(x + 4)^2 + (y - 8)^2 = 4$

B)  $(x + 4)^2 + (y + 8)^2 = 16$

D)  $(x - 4)^2 + (y - 8)^2 = \frac{1}{4}$

76) \_\_\_\_\_

**Find the center and radius of the circle.**

$$77) (x - 6)^2 + y^2 = 144$$

- A) (0, -6); 144

- B) (-6, 0); 144

- C) (6, 0); 12

- D) (0, 6); 12

77) \_\_\_\_\_

$$78) (x + 2)^2 + (y + 1)^2 = 64$$

- A) (2, 1); 8

- B) (1, 2); 64

- C) (-1, -2); 64

- D) (-2, -1); 8

78) \_\_\_\_\_

$$79) x^2 + y^2 = 100$$

- A) (0, 0); 10

- B) (0, 10); 100

- C) (10, 10); 100

- D) (0, 0); 100

79) \_\_\_\_\_

$$80) (x - 8)^2 + y^2 = 49$$

- A) (0, -8); 7

- B) (8, 0); 7

- C) (-8, 0); 49

- D) (0, 8); 49

80) \_\_\_\_\_

$$81) x^2 + (y - 1)^2 = 16$$

- A) (0, 1); 4

- B) (1, 0); 16

- C) (-1, 0); 16

- D) (0, -1); 4

81) \_\_\_\_\_

$$82) (x + 7)^2 + (y + 6)^2 = 16$$

- A) (7, 6); 16

- B) (6, 7); 16

- C) (-6, -7); 4

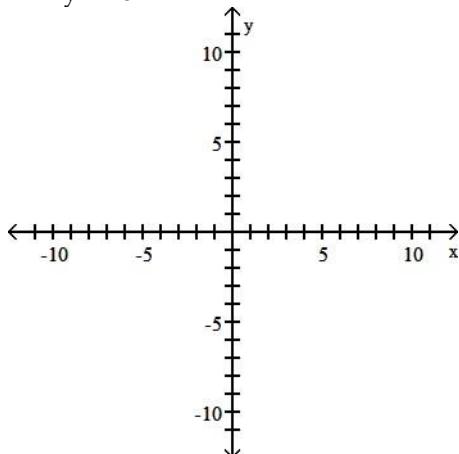
- D) (-7, -6); 4

82) \_\_\_\_\_

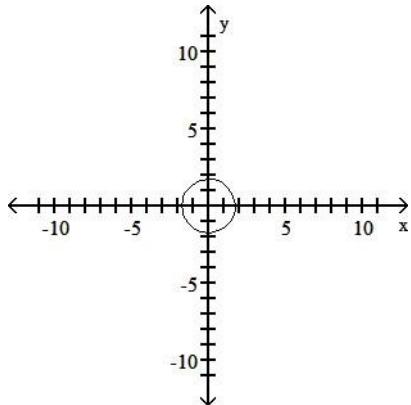
**Graph the circle using the given equation.**

$$83) x^2 + y^2 = 81$$

83) \_\_\_\_\_

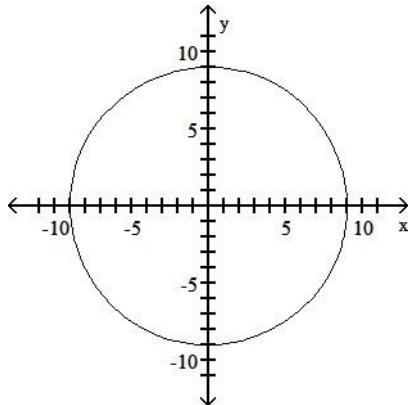


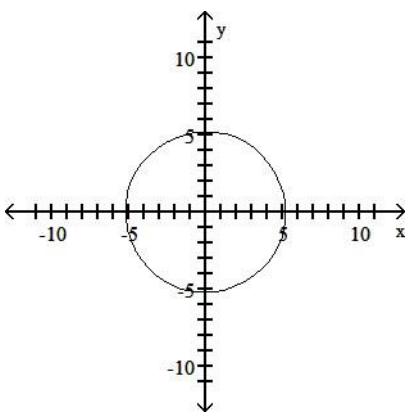
A)



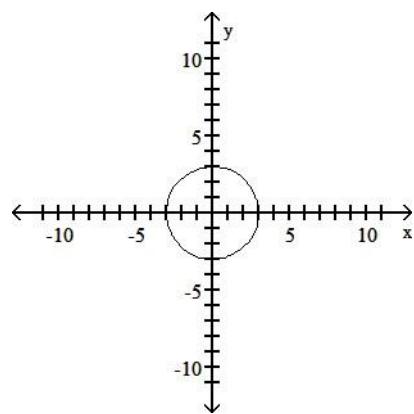
C)

B)



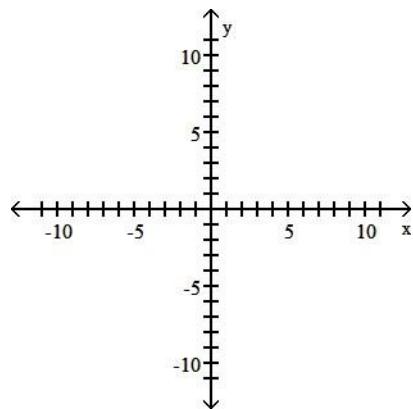


D)

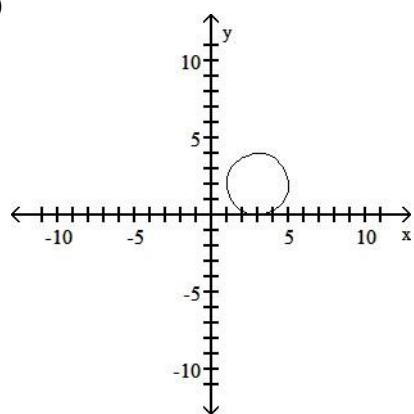


84)  $(x - 3)^2 + (y - 2)^2 = 4$

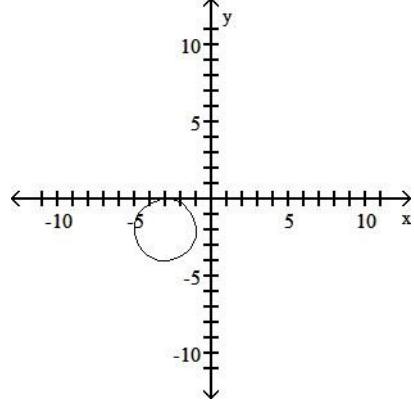
84) \_\_\_\_\_



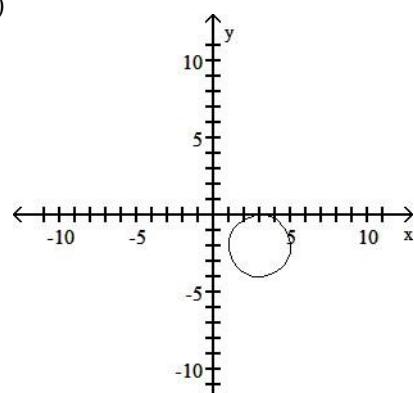
A)



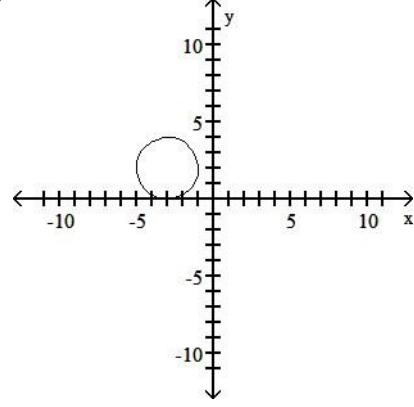
C)



B)

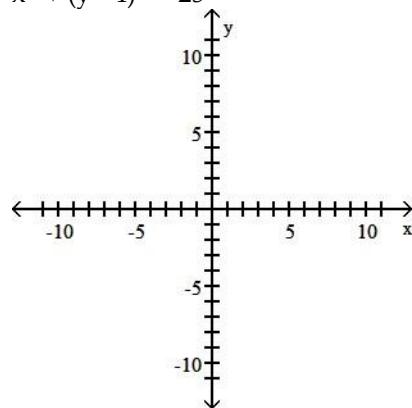


D)

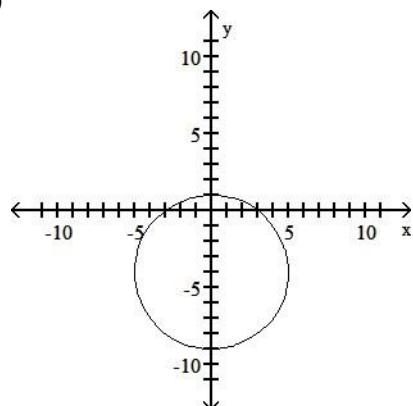


$$85) x^2 + (y - 4)^2 = 25$$

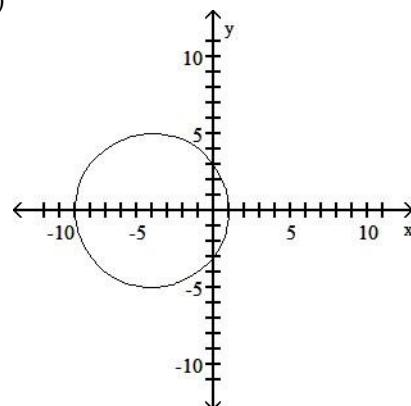
$$85) \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$$



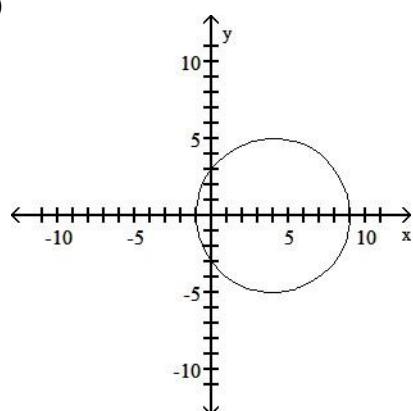
A)



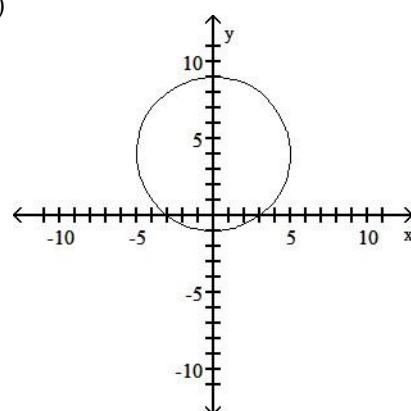
B)



C)

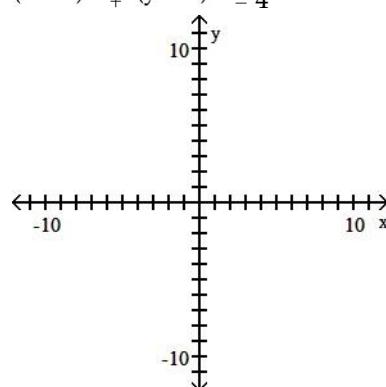


D)

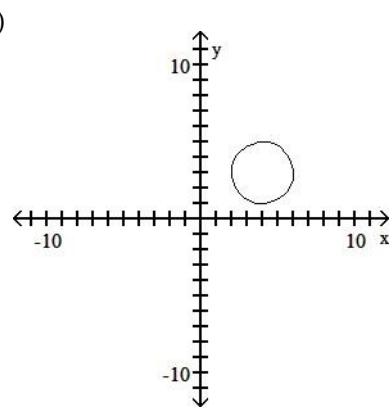
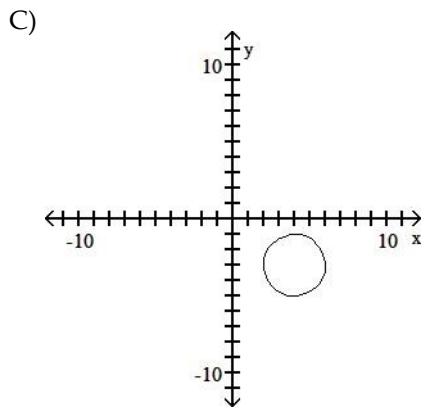
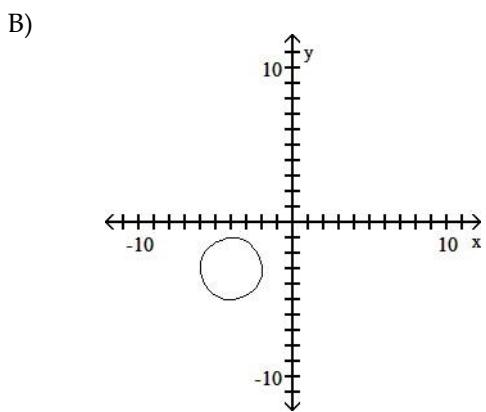
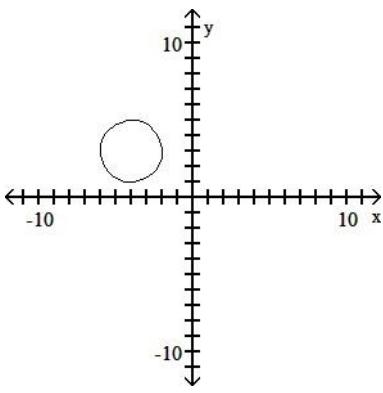


$$86) (x - 4)^2 + (y + 3)^2 = 4$$

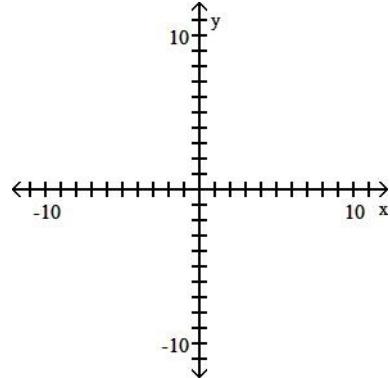
$$86) \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$$



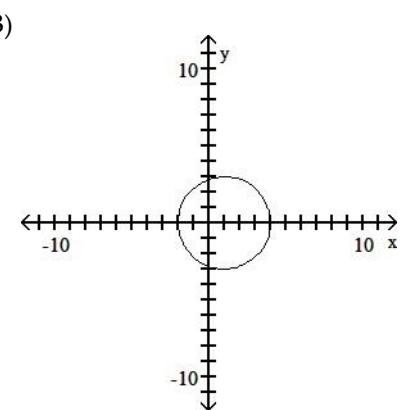
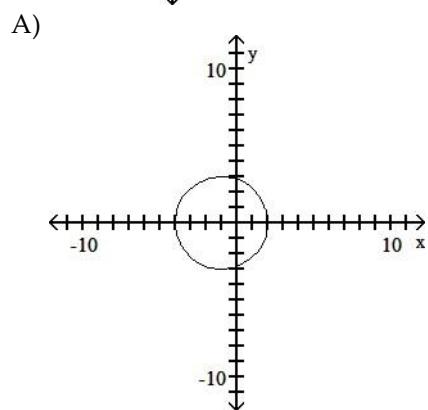
A)



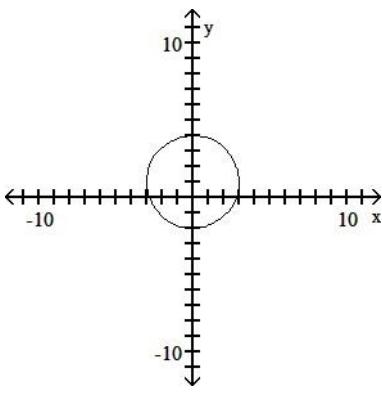
87)  $(x - 1)^2 + y^2 = 9$



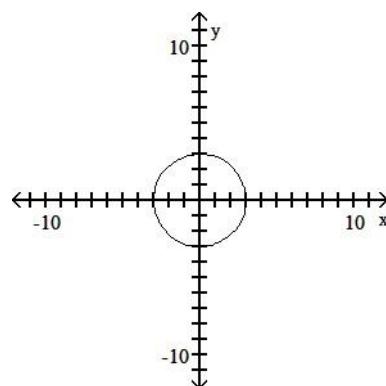
87) \_\_\_\_\_



C)

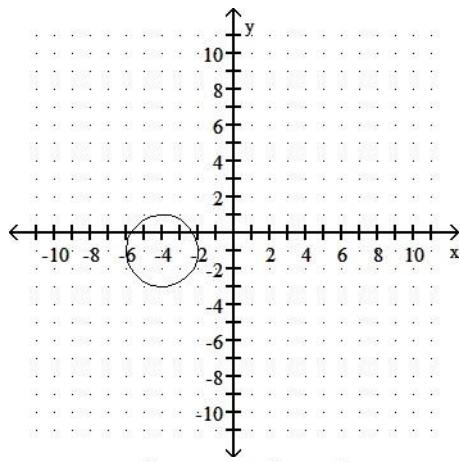


D)



Find the equation of the circle. Express the equation in standard form

88)

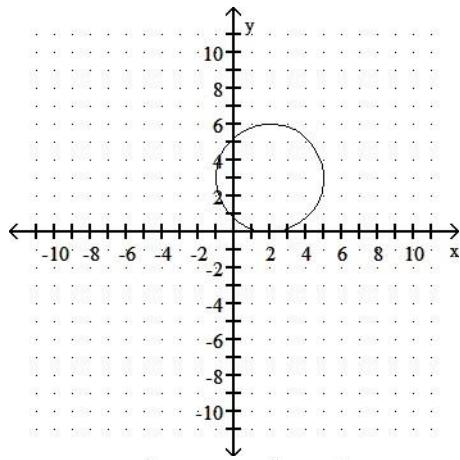


88) \_\_\_\_\_

- A)  $(x - 4)^2 + (y - 1)^2 = 2^2$   
 C)  $(x - 4)^2 + (y + 1)^2 = 2^2$

- B)  $(x + 4)^2 + (y + 1)^2 = 2^2$   
 D)  $(x + 4)^2 + (y - 1)^2 = 2^2$

89)

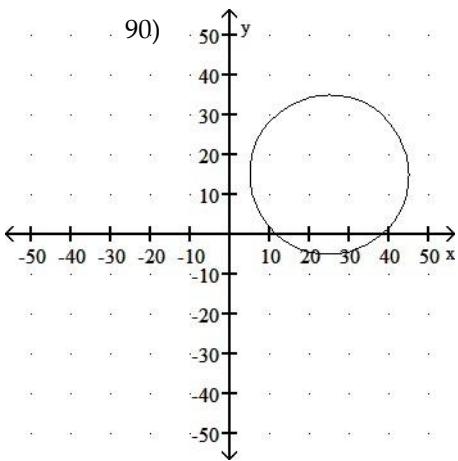


89) \_\_\_\_\_

- A)  $(x + 2)^2 + (y - 3)^2 = 3^2$   
 C)  $(x + 2)^2 + (y + 3)^2 = 3^2$

- B)  $(x - 2)^2 + (y - 3)^2 = 3^2$   
 D)  $(x - 2)^2 + (y + 3)^2 = 3^2$

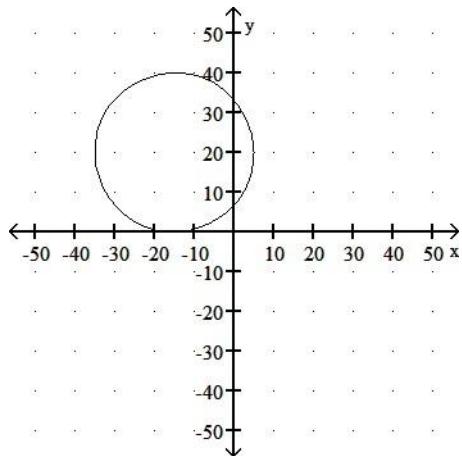
90)



- A)  $(x + 25)^2 + (y + 15)^2 = -5^2$   
 C)  $(x + 15)^2 + (y - 25)^2 = 20^2$

- B)  $(x + 15)^2 + (y + 25)^2 = 20^2$   
 D)  $(x - 25)^2 + (y - 15)^2 = 20^2$

91)



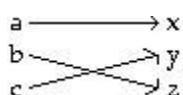
- A)  $(x + 15)^2 + (y + 20)^2 = 20^2$   
 C)  $(x + 20)^2 + (y + 15)^2 = 20^2$

- B)  $(x + 20)^2 + (y - 15)^2 = 20^2$   
 D)  $(x + 15)^2 + (y - 20)^2 = 20^2$

91) \_\_\_\_\_

Is the following correspondence a function?

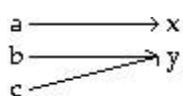
92)



- A) Yes      B) No

92) \_\_\_\_\_

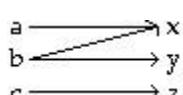
93)



- A) Yes      B) No

93) \_\_\_\_\_

94)



- A) Yes      B) No

94) \_\_\_\_\_

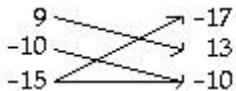
95)

$$\begin{array}{r}
 1 \xrightarrow{95} -15 \\
 -6 \xrightarrow{} 15 \\
 -16 \xrightarrow{} -7
 \end{array}$$

A) Yes

B) No

96)



A) Yes

B) No

96) \_\_\_\_\_

97)



A) Yes

B) No

97) \_\_\_\_\_

98)



A) Yes

B) No

98) \_\_\_\_\_

99) Domain: All students attending Laughlin Community College

99) \_\_\_\_\_

Correspondence: Each student's Social Security Number

Range: A set of Social Security Numbers

A) Yes

B) No

100) Domain: All students attending the University of Ohio

100) \_\_\_\_\_

Correspondence: Each student's teachers

Range: A set of teachers

A) Yes

B) No

101)

Name	Test Score
Bob L.	90
Susan H.	83
Jim H.	76
Bruce B.	96

101) \_\_\_\_\_

A) Yes

B) No

**Tell whether or not the relation is a function.**102)  $\{(1,2), (3,8), (5,-5), (7,-3), (10,5)\}$ 

102) \_\_\_\_\_

A) Yes

B) No

103)  $\{(-4,9), (-2,-3), (3,-6), (3,-6)\}$ 

103) \_\_\_\_\_

A) Yes

B) No

104)  $\{(-9,-4), (-9,6), (1,-6), (4,-3), (9,5)\}$ 

104) \_\_\_\_\_

A) Yes

B) No

105)  $\{(3,-3), (3,-7), (6,8), (7,9), (10,-9)\}$ 

105) \_\_\_\_\_

A) Yes

B) No

106)  $\{(-5,8), (-3,-3), (-1,-6), (8,-7)\}$

A) Yes

B) No

106) \_\_\_\_\_

107)  $\{(-8,2), (-8,9), (-1,7), (4,7), (7,3)\}$

A) Yes

B) No

107) \_\_\_\_\_

108)  $\{(-6,-5), (-5,5), (-1,9), (2,-1)\}$

A) Yes

B) No

108) \_\_\_\_\_

109)  $\{(-4,-3), (-2,3), (4,5), (4,-2)\}$

A) Yes

B) No

109) \_\_\_\_\_

110)  $\{(-3,-2), (-2,-9), (3,4), (7,4)\}$

A) Yes

B) No

110) \_\_\_\_\_

111)  $\{(-3,-9), (2,-9), (4,-7), (8,-4), (11,-6)\}$

A) Yes

B) No

111) \_\_\_\_\_

**Determine the domain and range of the relation.**

112)  $\{(-6, -1), (4, 4), (8, 3), (10, 5), (12, 7)\}$

- A) Domain:  $\{4, -1, 12, 4, 10\}$ ; Range:  $\{3, -6, 5, 8, 7\}$   
 B) Domain:  $\{3, -6, 5, 8, 7\}$ ; Range:  $\{4, -1, 12, 4, 10\}$   
 C) Domain:  $\{4, 12, 10, -6, 8\}$ ; Range:  $\{-1, 4, 3, 5, 7\}$   
 D) Domain:  $\{-1, 4, 3, 5, 7\}$ ; Range:  $\{4, 12, 10, -6, 8\}$

112) \_\_\_\_\_

113)  $\{(-7, -3), (-2, -7), (8, -1), (8, 1)\}$

- A) Domain:  $\{-7, 8, -2, -8\}$ ; Range:  $\{-3, -1, -7, 1\}$   
 B) Domain:  $\{-7, 8, -2, 8\}$ ; Range:  $\{-3, -1, -7, 1\}$   
 C) Domain:  $\{-7, 8, -2\}$ ; Range:  $\{-3, -1, -7, 1\}$   
 D) Domain:  $\{-3, -1, -7, 1\}$ ; Range:  $\{-7, 8, -2\}$

113) \_\_\_\_\_

114)  $\{(-9, 7), (-9, -4), (7, 6), (5, 9), (-7, 5)\}$

- A) Domain:  $\{-9, 7, -7, 5\}$ ; Range:  $\{-4, 6, 5, 9, 7\}$   
 B) Domain:  $\{-9, -9, 7, -7, 5\}$ ; Range:  $\{-4, 6, 5, 9, 7\}$   
 C) Domain:  $\{-9, 9, 7, -7, 5\}$ ; Range:  $\{-4, 6, 5, 9, 7\}$   
 D) Domain:  $\{-4, 6, 5, 9, 7\}$ ; Range:  $\{-9, -9, 7, -7, 5\}$

114) \_\_\_\_\_

115)  $\{(1, 4), (-5, 3), (12, 6), (12, 8)\}$

- A) Domain:  $\{4, 3, 6, 8\}$ ; Range:  $\{1, -5, 12\}$   
 B) Domain:  $\{1, -5, 12\}$ ; Range:  $\{4, 3, 6, 8\}$   
 C) Domain:  $\{1, -5, 12, 12\}$ ; Range:  $\{4, 3, 6, 8\}$   
 D) Domain:  $\{1, -5, 12, -12\}$ ; Range:  $\{4, 3, 6, 8\}$

115) \_\_\_\_\_

116)  $\{(-9, -9), (4, 7), (-1, 2), (7, -5)\}$

- A) Domain:  $\{7, -1, 4, -9\}$ ; Range:  $\{-5, -1, 2, 7, -9\}$   
 B) Domain:  $\{7, -1, 4, -9\}$ ; Range:  $\{-5, 2, 7, -9\}$   
 C) Domain:  $\{7, -1, 4, -9\}$ ; Range:  $\{-5, -5, 2, 7, -9\}$   
 D) Domain:  $\{-5, 2, 7, -9\}$ ; Range:  $\{7, -1, 4, -9\}$

116) \_\_\_\_\_

**Evaluate as requested.**

117) Given that  $f(x) = x^2 + 5x + 4$ , find  $f(-2)$ .

117) \_\_\_\_\_

A) -10

B) 18

C) 10

D) -2

118) Given that  $f(x) = 4x^2 - 5x + 4$ , find  $f(-x)$ .

A)  $4x^2 + 5x + 4$

B)  $-4x^2 + 5x - 4$

C)  $-4x^2 + 6x + 4$

D)  $3x^2 + 6x + 3$

118) \_\_\_\_\_

119) Given that  $g(x) = 2x^3$ , find  $g(6 + h)$ .

A)  $216 + 108h + 36h^2 + 3h^3$

C)  $432 + 216h + 36h^2 + 2h^3$

B)  $-432 + 216h - 6h^2 + h^3$

D)  $432 - 216h + 24h^2 - 2h^3$

119) \_\_\_\_\_

120) Given that  $f(x) = 2|x| + 4x$ , find  $f(3y)$ .

A)  $6|y| + 12y$

B)  $5|y| + 14y$

C)  $3|y| + 3y$

D)  $2|y| + 4y$

120) \_\_\_\_\_

121) Given that  $f(x) = \frac{x}{11-x}$ , find  $f\left(-\frac{4}{5}\right)$ .

A)  $\frac{4}{59}$

B)  $\frac{59}{4}$

C)  $\frac{59}{4}$

D)  $\frac{4}{59}$

121) \_\_\_\_\_

122)  $\frac{x-3}{x+4}$ Given that  $g(x) = \frac{x-3}{x+4}$ , find  $g(-13.25)$ .

A)  $\frac{41}{69}$

B)  $\frac{65}{37}$

C)  $\frac{41}{69}$

D) 1

122) \_\_\_\_\_

123)  $\frac{x}{\sqrt{1-x^2}}$ Given that  $g(x) = \frac{x}{\sqrt{1-x^2}}$ , find  $g(-1)$ .

A) 0

B) does not exist

C) 1

D) 3

123) \_\_\_\_\_

124) Given that  $h(x) = 3x - \sqrt{x^2 - 3}$ , find  $h(-x)$ .

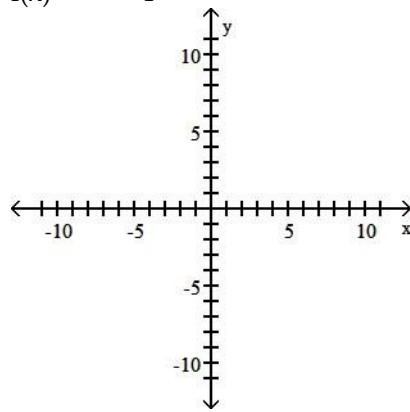
A)  $-3x - \sqrt{3-x^2}$

B)  $3x - \sqrt{x^2 - 3}$

C)  $-3x + \sqrt{x^2 - 3}$

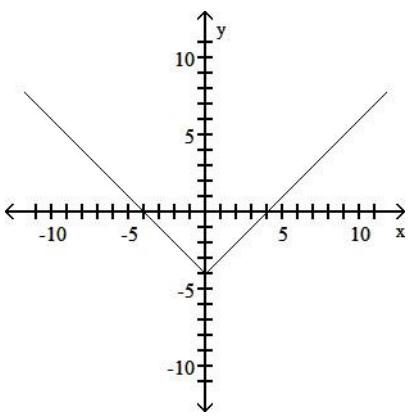
D)  $-3x - \sqrt{x^2 - 3}$

124) \_\_\_\_\_

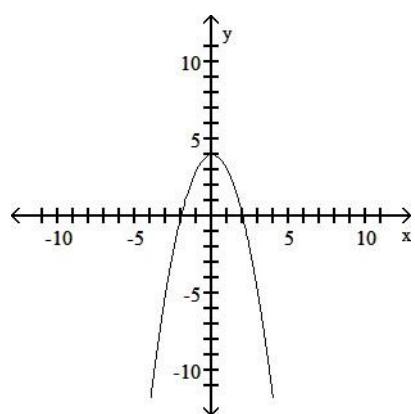
**Graph the function.**125)  $f(x) = x^2 - 4$ 

A)

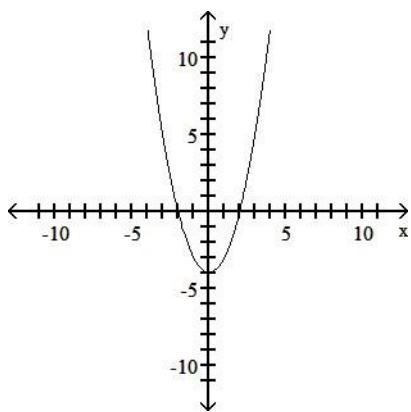
125) \_\_\_\_\_



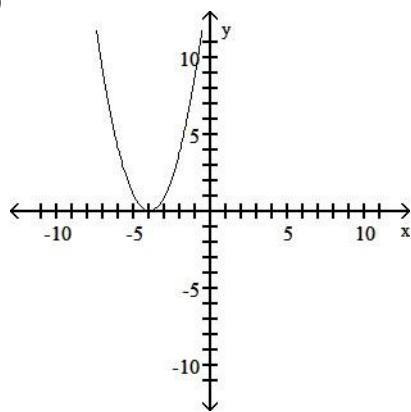
B)



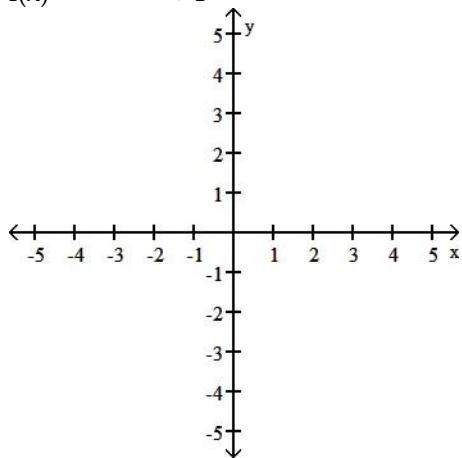
C)



D)

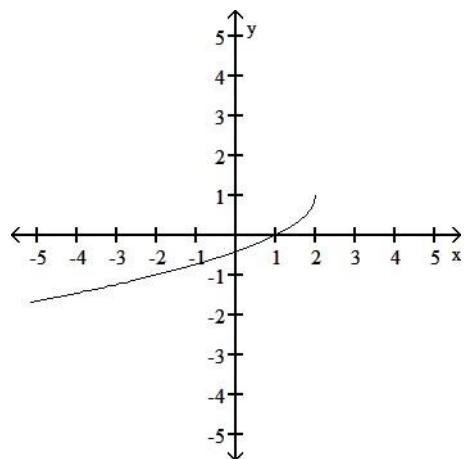


126)  $f(x) = \sqrt{x+2} + 1$

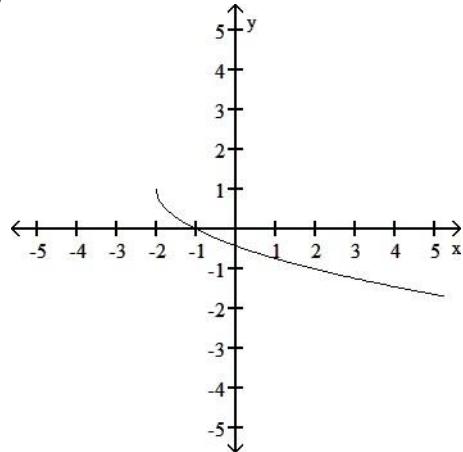


A)

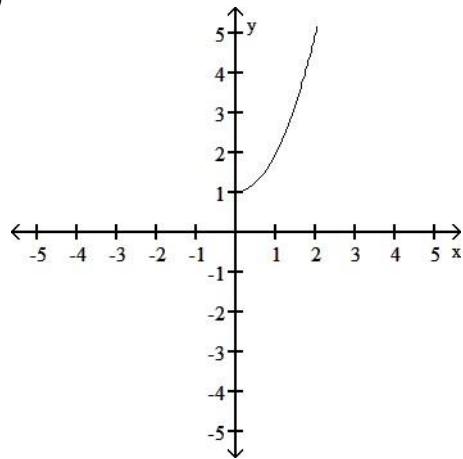
126) \_\_\_\_\_



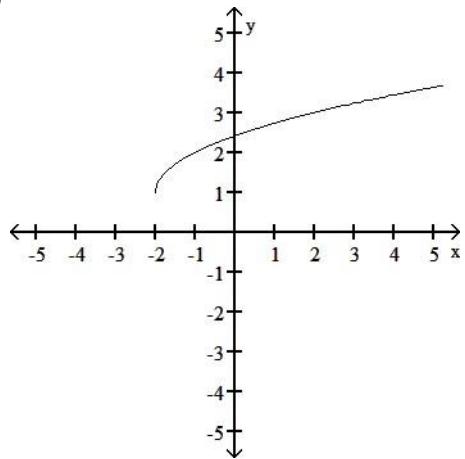
B)



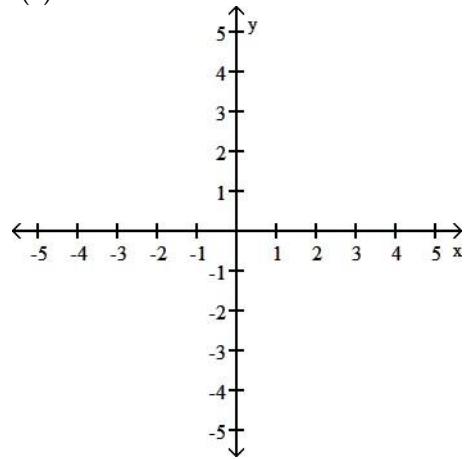
C)



D)

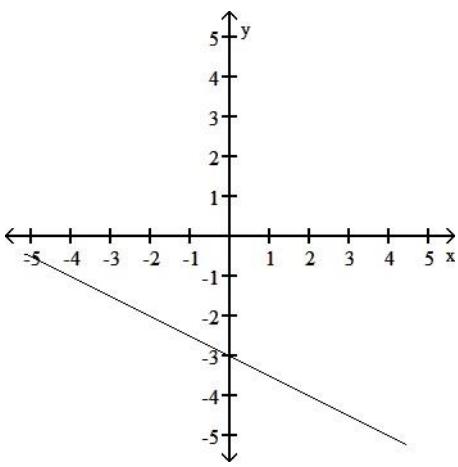


$$127) \quad f(x) = \frac{1}{2}x - 3$$

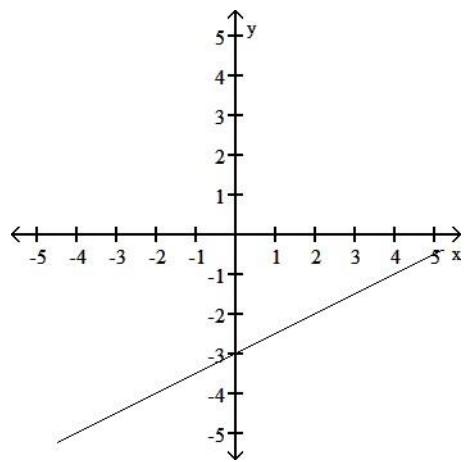


A)

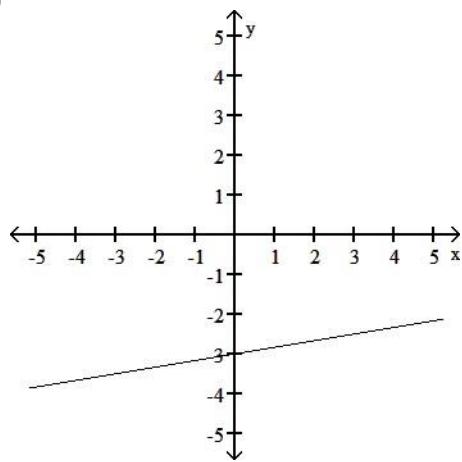
$$127) \quad \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$$



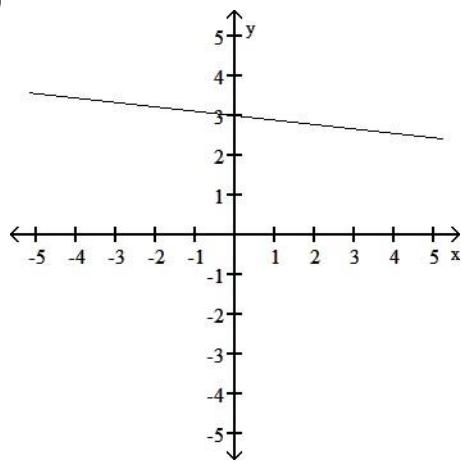
B)



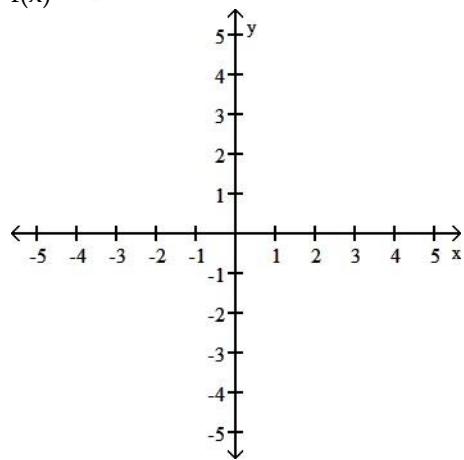
C)



D)

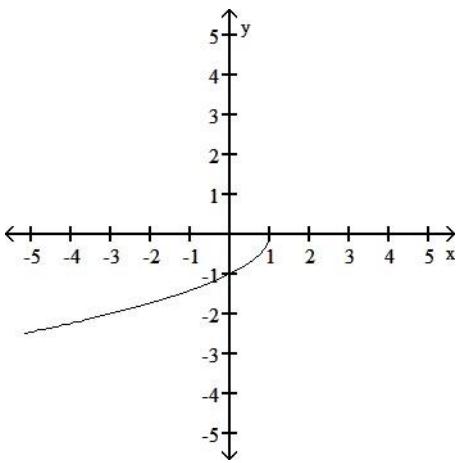


128)  $f(x) = \sqrt{x + 1}$

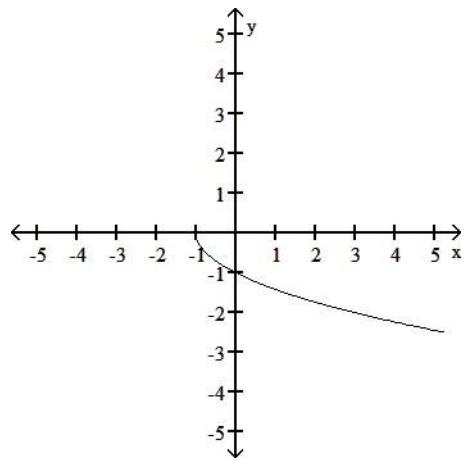


A)

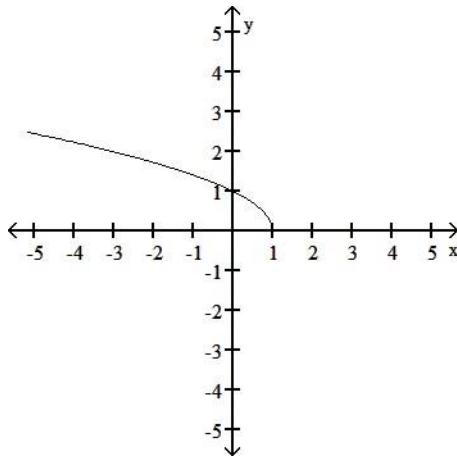
128) \_\_\_\_\_



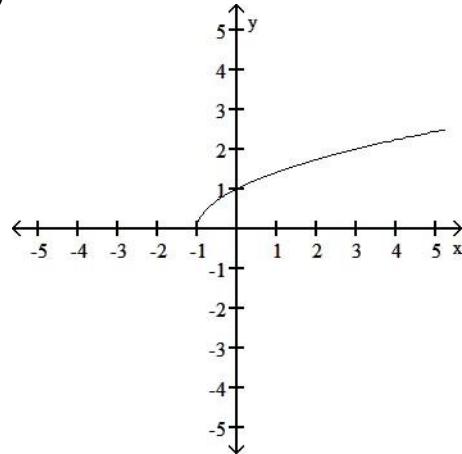
B)



C)

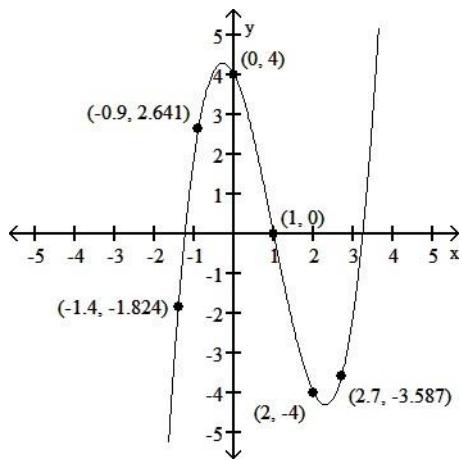


D)

**Evaluate as requested.**

- 129) A graph of a function
- $f$
- is shown below. Find
- $f(1)$
- .

129) \_\_\_\_\_



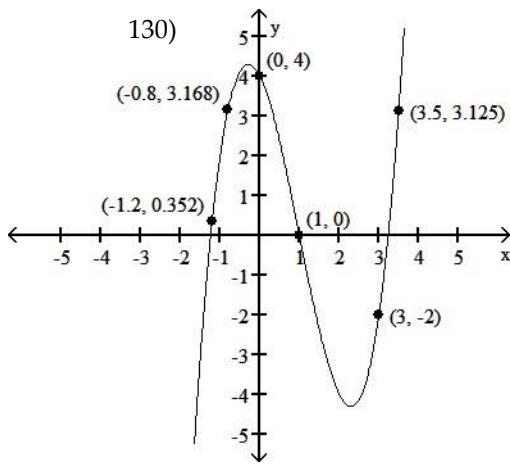
A) 0

B) 2.1

C) -1.34

D) 1

- 130) A graph of a function
- $g$
- is shown below. Find
- $g(1)$
- .



A) 4.238

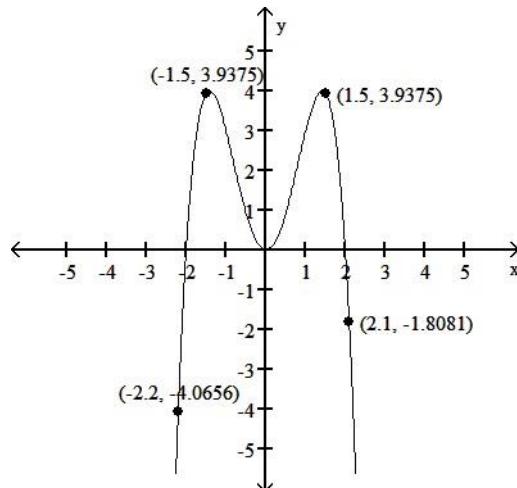
B) -2.5

C) 3

D) 0

131) A graph of a function  $g$  is shown below. Find  $g(-1.5)$ .

131) \_\_\_\_\_



A) 2.1

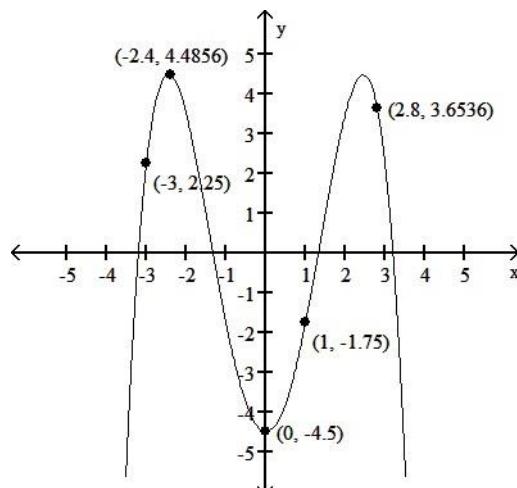
B) 3.9375

C) -1.8081

D) 1.5

132) A graph of a function  $g$  is shown below. Find  $g(-2.4)$ .

132) \_\_\_\_\_



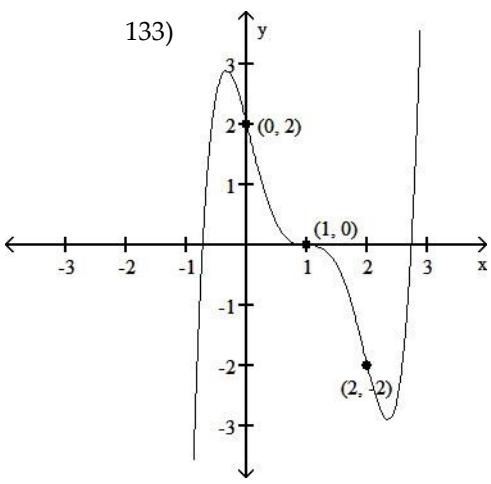
A) 1

B) 4.4856

C) -1.75

D) 2.4

133) A graph of a function  $f$  is shown below. Find  $f(0)$ .



A) -2

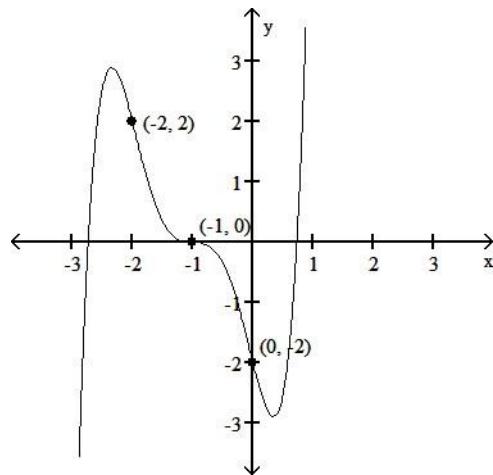
B) -1

C) 2

D) 1

134) A graph of a function  $g$  is shown below. Find  $g(-1)$ .

134) \_\_\_\_\_



A) 0

B) 2

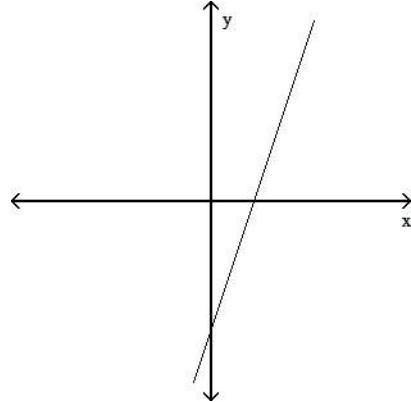
C) 1

D) -2

**Determine whether the graph is the graph of a function.**

135)

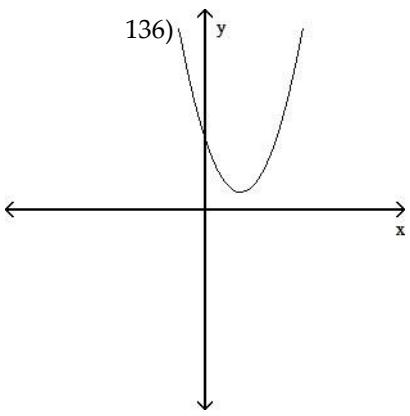
135) \_\_\_\_\_



A) Yes

B) No

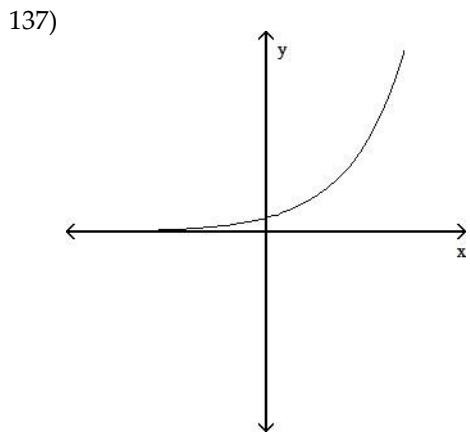
136)



A) Yes

B) No

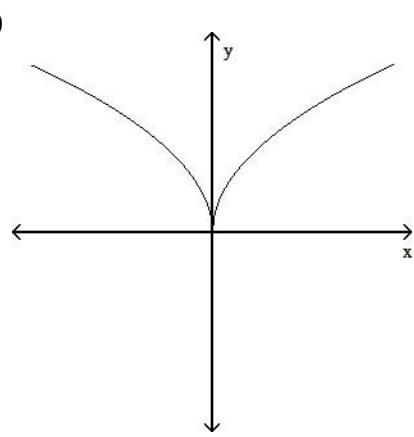
—  
—



A) Yes

B) No

137) \_\_\_\_\_



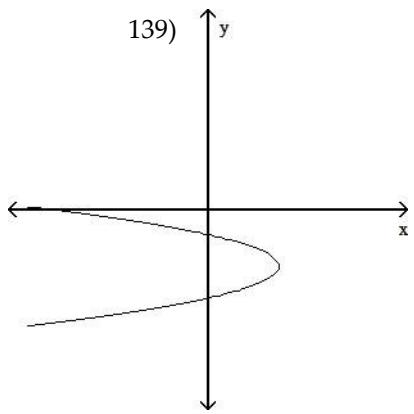
A) Yes

B) No

138) \_\_\_\_\_

139)

139)

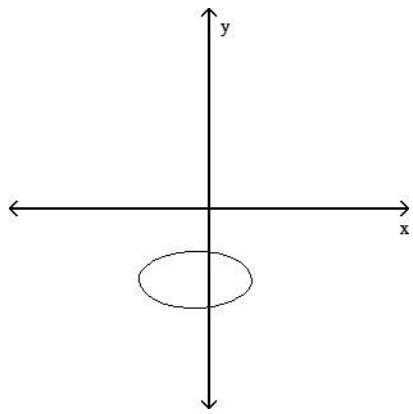


A) Yes

B) No

—  
—

140)

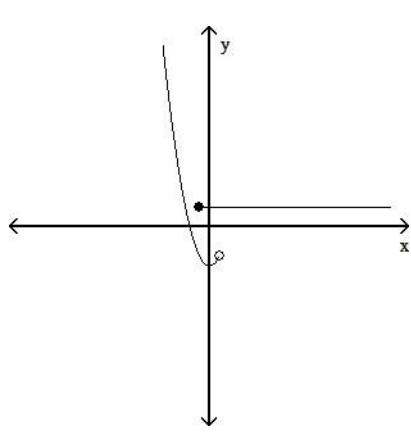


A) Yes

B) No

140) \_\_\_\_\_

141)

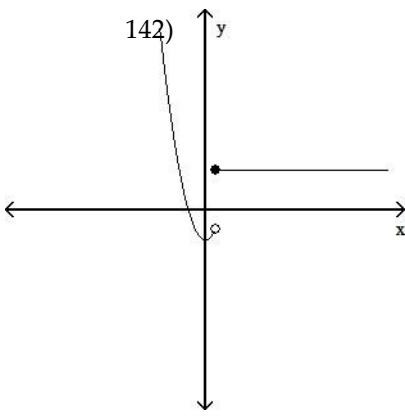


A) Yes

B) No

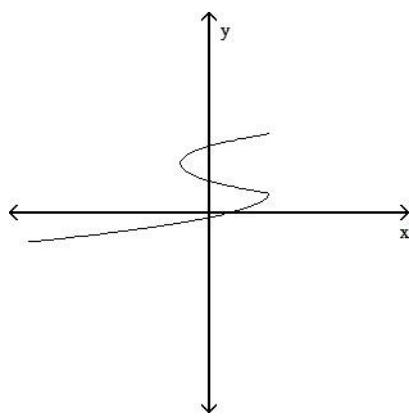
141) \_\_\_\_\_

142)



A) Yes

B) No



A) Yes

B) No

**Find the domain of the function.**

144)  $f(x) = -6x + 4$

- A)  $\{x | x > 0\}$ , or  $(0, \infty)$
- C)  $\{x | x > -4\}$ , or  $(-4, \infty)$

144) \_\_\_\_\_

- B)  $\{x | x \neq 0\}$ , or  $(-\infty, 0) \cup (0, \infty)$
- D) all real numbers, or  $(-\infty, \infty)$

145)  $f(x) = \frac{x}{x - 9}$

- A)  $\{x | x \neq -9\}$ , or  $(-\infty, -9) \cup (-9, \infty)$
- C)  $\{x | x \neq 9\}$ , or  $(-\infty, 9) \cup (9, \infty)$

145) \_\_\_\_\_

- B)  $\{x | x > 0\}$ , or  $(0, \infty)$
- D)  $\{x | x < 0\}$ , or  $(-\infty, 0)$

146)  $f(x) = |4x - 5|$

A)  $\left\{x | x \neq \frac{5}{4}\right\}$ , or  $\left[-\infty, \frac{5}{4}\right] \cup \left[\frac{5}{4}, \infty\right)$

C)  $\left\{x | x < \frac{5}{4}\right\}$ , or  $\left[-\infty, \frac{5}{4}\right)$

- B)  $\left\{x | x > \frac{5}{4}\right\}$ , or  $\left(\frac{5}{4}, \infty\right)$
- D) all real numbers, or  $(-\infty, \infty)$

146) \_\_\_\_\_

147)  $f(x) = 5 - \frac{4}{x}$

- A)  $\{x | x < 4\}$ , or  $(-\infty, 4)$
- C)  $\{x | x > 5\}$ , or  $(5, \infty)$

147) \_\_\_\_\_

- B)  $\{x | x \neq 0\}$ , or  $(-\infty, 0) \cup (0, \infty)$
- D) all real numbers, or  $(-\infty, \infty)$

148)

$$f(x) = \frac{4}{x^2}$$

148)

- A)  $\{x|x \neq 0\}$ , or  $(-\infty, 0) \cup (0, \infty)$   
 C)  $\{x|x < 2\}$ , or  $(-\infty, 2)$

- B)  $\{x|x > 4\}$ , or  $(4, \infty)$   
 D) all real numbers, or  $(-\infty, \infty)$

149)  $f(x) = \frac{4}{x+9}$

- A)  $\{x|x < 9\}$ , or  $(-\infty, 9)$   
 C)  $\{x|x \neq -9\}$ , or  $(-\infty, 0) \cup (0, \infty)$

149) \_\_\_\_\_

150)  $f(x) = \frac{1}{x^2 + 6x - 16}$

- A) all real numbers, or  $(-\infty, \infty)$   
 B)  $\{x|x \neq 2\}$ , or  $(-\infty, 2) \cup (2, \infty)$   
 C)  $\{x|x \neq -8 \text{ and } x \neq 2\}$ , or  $(-\infty, -8) \cup (-8, 2) \cup (2, \infty)$   
 D)  $\{x|x \neq -8\}$ , or  $(-\infty, -8) \cup (-8, \infty)$

150) \_\_\_\_\_

151)  $f(x) = \frac{x^4 - 3x^3 + 4}{3x^2 - 10x - 48}$

- A)  $\{x|x \neq 6\}$ , or  $(-\infty, 6) \cup (6, \infty)$   
 B)  $\left\{x|x \neq -\frac{8}{3}\right\}$ , or  $\left[-\infty, -\frac{8}{3}\right] \cup \left(-\frac{8}{3}, \infty\right)$   
 C)  $\left\{x|x \neq -\frac{8}{3} \text{ and } x \neq 6\right\}$ , or  $\left[-\infty, -\frac{8}{3}\right] \cup \left(-\frac{8}{3}, 6\right] \cup (6, \infty)$   
 D)  $\left\{x|x \neq -6 \text{ and } x \neq \frac{8}{3}\right\}$ , or  $(-\infty, -6) \cup \left[-6, \frac{8}{3}\right] \cup \left(\frac{8}{3}, \infty\right)$

151) \_\_\_\_\_

152)  $f(x) = \sqrt{10-x}$

- A)  $\{x|x \leq 10\}$ , or  $(-\infty, 10]$   
 C) all real numbers, or  $(-\infty, \infty)$

- B)  $\{x|x \neq 10\}$ , or  $(-\infty, 10) \cup (10, \infty)$   
 D)  $\{x|x > \sqrt{10}\}$ , or  $(\sqrt{10}, \infty)$

152) \_\_\_\_\_

153)  $f(x) = x^2 + 5$

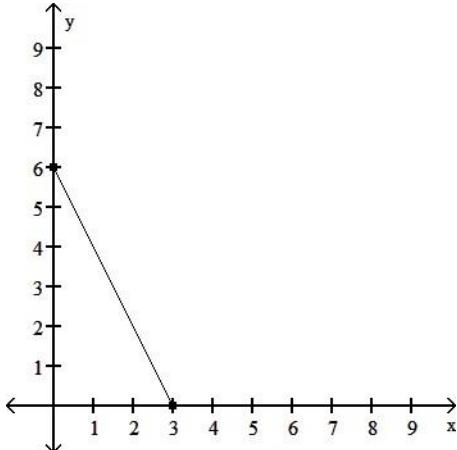
- A)  $\{x|x > -5\}$ , or  $(-5, \infty)$   
 C) all real numbers, or  $(-\infty, \infty)$

- B)  $\{x|x \geq -5\}$ , or  $[-5, \infty)$   
 D)  $\{x|x \neq -5\}$ , or  $(-\infty, -5) \cup (-5, \infty)$

153) \_\_\_\_\_

Find the domain and range of the function represented in the graph.

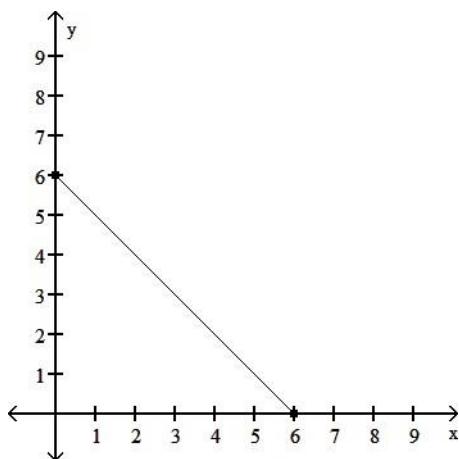
154)



154) \_\_\_\_\_

- A) Domain:  $[0, 8]$ ; Range:  $[0, 7]$   
 C) Domain:  $[0, 3]$ ; Range:  $[0, 6]$

155)



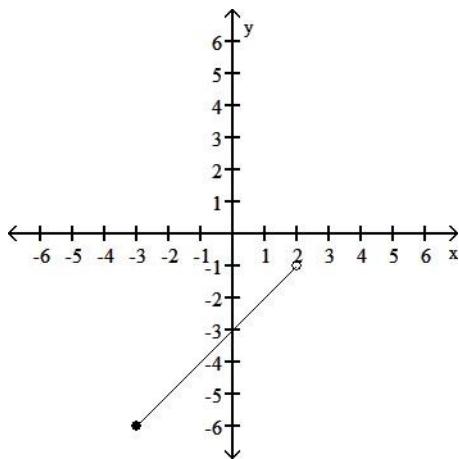
- B) Domain:  $(-\infty, 3]$ ; Range:  $[6, \infty]$   
 D) Domain:  $[0, 6]$ ; Range:  $[0, 3]$

155) \_\_\_\_\_

- A) Domain:  $[-6, 0]$ ; Range:  $[0, 6]$   
 C) Domain:  $(0, 6)$ ; Range:  $(0, 6)$

- B) Domain:  $(0, 6]$ ; Range:  $(-6, \infty)$   
 D) Domain:  $[0, 6]$ ; Range:  $[0, 6]$

156)

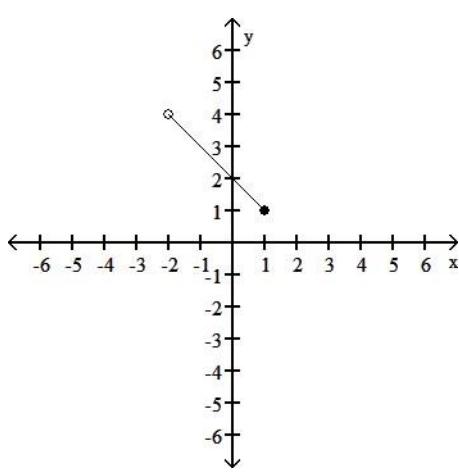


- A) Domain:  $[-3, 2)$ ; Range:  $[-6, -1)$   
 C) Domain:  $(-\infty, 3]$ ; Range:  $(2, \infty)$

- B) Domain:  $[-6, -1)$ ; Range:  $[-3, 2)$   
 D) Domain:  $(-3, 2]$ ; Range:  $(-6, -1)$

156) \_\_\_\_\_

157)



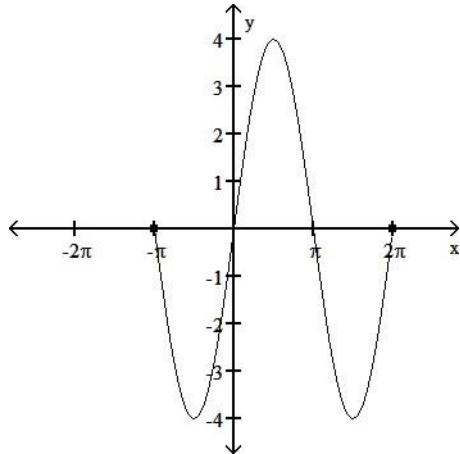
- A) Domain:  $[-2, 1]$ ; Range:  $[1, 4]$

- B) Domain:  $(-2, 1]$ ; Range:  $[1, 4)$

157) \_\_\_\_\_

C) Domain:  $[-2, 1]$ ; Range:  $[-1, 6]$

158)



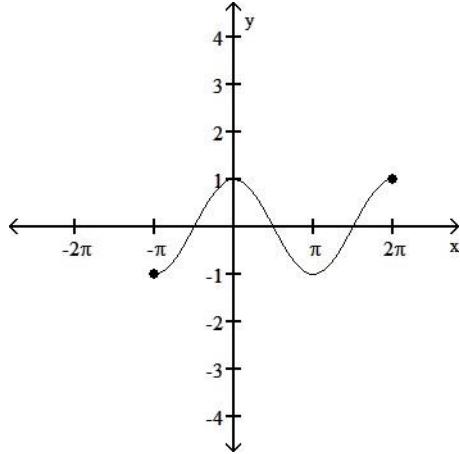
D) Domain:  $(-1, 2]$ ; Range:  $[2, 4)$

158) \_\_\_\_\_

- A) Domain:  $[-4, 4]$ ; Range:  $[-\pi, 2\pi]$   
C) Domain:  $[\pi, 2\pi]$ ; Range:  $[-5, 3]$

- B) Domain:  $[0, 2\pi]$ ; Range:  $[0, 4]$   
D) Domain:  $[-\pi, 2\pi]$ ; Range:  $[-4, 4]$

159)

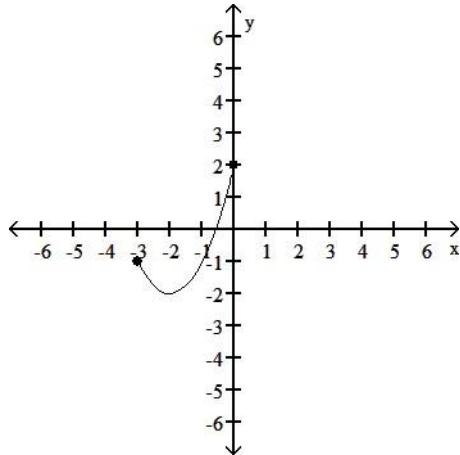


159) \_\_\_\_\_

- A) Domain:  $[-1, 1]$ ; Range:  $[-\pi, 2\pi]$   
C) Domain:  $[-\pi, 2\pi]$ ; Range:  $[0, 1]$

- B) Domain:  $[-\pi, 2\pi]$ ; Range:  $[-1, 1]$   
D) Domain:  $[-2\pi, 2\pi]$ ; Range:  $[-4, 4]$

160)

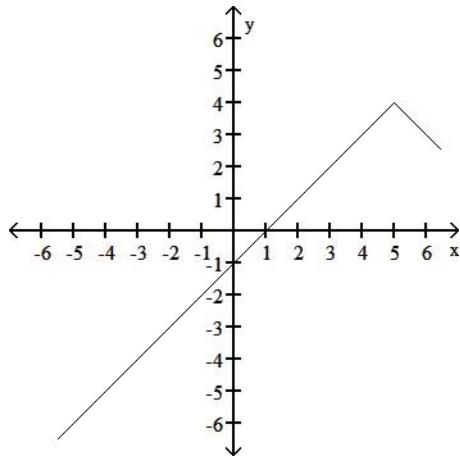


160) \_\_\_\_\_

- A) Domain:  $(-\infty, 2]$ ; Range:  $[0, 3]$   
C) Domain:  $[-3, 0]$ ; Range:  $[-2, 2]$

- B) Domain:  $[-2, 2]$ ; Range:  $[-3, 0]$   
D) Domain:  $[0, 3]$ ; Range:  $(-\infty, 2]$

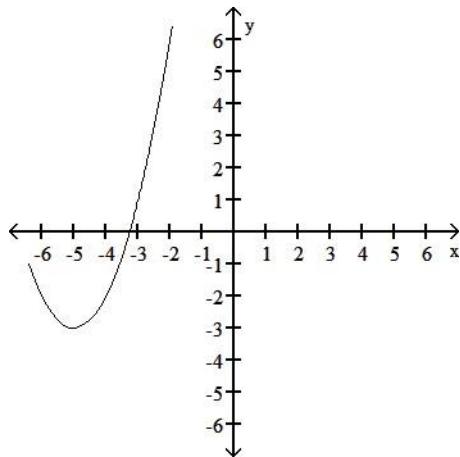
161)



161) \_\_\_\_\_

- A) Domain:  $(-\infty, 5]$ ; Range:  $(-\infty, 4]$   
 B) Domain:  $(-\infty, \infty)$ ; Range:  $(-\infty, \infty)$   
 C) Domain:  $(-\infty, 5)$  or  $(5, \infty)$ ; Range:  $(-\infty, 4)$  or  $(4, \infty)$   
 D) Domain:  $(-\infty, \infty)$ ; Range:  $(-\infty, 4]$

162)



162) \_\_\_\_\_

- A) Domain:  $(-\infty, \infty)$ ; Range:  $[-3, \infty)$   
 B) Domain:  $(-\infty, -5)$  or  $(-5, \infty)$ ; Range:  $(-\infty, -3)$  or  $(-3, \infty)$   
 C) Domain:  $(-\infty, \infty)$ ; Range:  $(-\infty, \infty)$   
 D) Domain:  $[-5, \infty)$ ; Range:  $[-3, \infty)$

**By graphing the function, visually estimate its domain and range.**

163)  $f(x) = 6x + 3$

163) \_\_\_\_\_

- A) Domain:  $(-\infty, \infty)$ ; range:  $(-\infty, \infty)$   
 B) Domain:  $[0, \infty)$ ; range:  $(-\infty, \infty)$   
 C) Domain:  $[0, \infty)$ ; range:  $[0, \infty)$   
 D) Domain:  $(-\infty, \infty)$ ; range:  $[0, \infty)$

164)  $h(x) = 9 - x$

164) \_\_\_\_\_

- A) Domain:  $(-\infty, \infty)$ ; range =  $(0, \infty)$   
 B) Domain:  $(-\infty, \infty)$ ; range:  $(-\infty, \infty)$   
 C) Domain:  $(-\infty, 0]$ ; range:  $(-\infty, 0]$   
 D) Domain:  $[0, \infty)$ ; range:  $[0, \infty)$

165)  $f(x) = \sqrt{x - 2}$

165) \_\_\_\_\_

- A) Domain:  $[2, \infty)$ ; range:  $(0, \infty)$   
 B) Domain:  $[2, \infty)$ ; range:  $[2, \infty)$   
 C) Domain:  $[0, \infty)$ ; range:  $[0, \infty)$   
 D) Domain:  $[0, \infty)$ ; range =  $[2, \infty)$

166)  $t(x) = \sqrt{3 - x}$

- A) Domain:  $(-\infty, 3]$ ; range:  $(-\infty, 3]$   
C) Domain:  $[3, \infty)$ ; range:  $[3, \infty)$

166) \_\_\_\_\_

- B) Domain:  $(-\infty, 3]$ ; range:  $[0, \infty)$   
D) Domain:  $(-\infty, \infty)$ ; range:  $(-\infty, \infty)$

167)  $h(x) = |x| - 7$

- A) Domain:  $(-\infty, \infty)$ ; range:  $[-7, \infty)$   
C) Domain:  $(-\infty, \infty)$ ; range:  $(-\infty, \infty)$

167) \_\_\_\_\_

- B) Domain:  $[7, \infty)$ ; range:  $[7, \infty)$   
D) Domain:  $(-\infty, 7]$ ; range:  $(-\infty, 7]$

168)  $g(x) = x^2 - 6$

- A) Domain:  $[6, \infty)$ ; range:  $(-\infty, \infty)$   
C) Domain:  $[6, \infty)$ ; range:  $[6, \infty)$

168) \_\_\_\_\_

- B) Domain:  $(-\infty, \infty)$ ; range:  $[-6, \infty)$   
D) Domain:  $(-\infty, \infty)$ ; range:  $(-\infty, \infty)$

169)  $f(x) = \sqrt{x^2 - 36}$

- A) Domain:  $(-\infty, \infty)$ ; range:  $[0, \infty)$   
C) Domain:  $(-\infty, -6] \cup [6, \infty)$ ; range:  $[0, \infty)$

169) \_\_\_\_\_

- B) Domain:  $[-6, 6]$ ; range:  $[0, \infty)$   
D) Domain:  $(-\infty, -6] \cup [6, \infty)$ ; range:  $(-\infty, \infty)$

**Solve the problem.**

- 170) The function  $H$  described by  $H(x) = 2.75x + 71.48$  can be used to estimate the height, in centimeters, of a woman whose humerus (the bone from the elbow to the shoulder) is  $x$  cm long. Estimate the height of a woman whose humerus is 32.2 cm long.

170) \_\_\_\_\_

- A) 17.07 cm      B) 42.03 cm      C) 106.43 cm      D) 160.03 cm

- 171) The function  $H$  described by  $H(x) = 2.75x + 71.48$  can be used to estimate the height, in centimeters, of a woman whose humerus (the bone from the elbow to the shoulder) is  $x$  cm long. Estimate the height of a woman whose humerus is 35.11 cm long.

171) \_\_\_\_\_

- A) 39.12 cm      B) 25.0725 cm      C) 109.34 cm      D) 168.0325 cm

- 172) The function  $h$  described by  $h(t) = -16t^2 + 33.1t + 124.26$  gives the height of a ball thrown upward with a speed of 33.1 feet per second from a 124.26 ft high window  $t$  seconds after it is thrown until it hits the ground. Find the height of the ball 1.5 seconds after it is thrown.

172) \_\_\_\_\_

- A) 110.61 ft      B) 137.91 ft      C) 38.61 ft      D) 209.91 ft

- 173) Suppose the sales of a particular brand of appliance satisfy the relationship  $S(x) = 160x + 200$ , where  $S(x)$  represents the number of sales in year  $x$ , with  $x = 0$  corresponding to 1982. In what year would the sales be 1640?

173) \_\_\_\_\_

- A) 1991      B) 1993      C) 1990      D) 1994

- 174) The mathematical model  $C = 200x + 30,000$  represents the cost in dollars a company has in manufacturing  $x$  items during a month. How many items were produced if costs reached \$150,000?

174) \_\_\_\_\_

- A) 600 items      B) 900 items      C) 450 items      D) 149,800 items

- 1) D
- 2) C
- 3) B
- 4) D
- 5) D
- 6) A
- 7) C
- 8) B
- 9) B
- 10) A
- 11) D
- 12) A
- 13) A
- 14) A
- 15) B
- 16) B
- 17) A
- 18) B
- 19) A
- 20) B
- 21) A
- 22) D
- 23) A
- 24) B
- 25) C
- 26) C
- 27) D
- 28) A
- 29) A
- 30) A
- 31) A
- 32) B
- 33) C
- 34) C
- 35) C
- 36) C
- 37) C
- 38) B
- 39) C
- 40) D
- 41) C
- 42) D
- 43) A
- 44) C
- 45) A
- 46) A
- 47) A
- 48) B
- 49) B
- 50) A
- 51) D

- 52) D
- 53) A
- 54) A
- 55) D
- 56) C
- 57) C
- 58) B
- 59) C
- 60) A
- 61) A
- 62) C
- 63) A
- 64) B
- 65) A
- 66) B
- 67) D
- 68) C
- 69) B
- 70) A
- 71) D
- 72) B
- 73) B
- 74) C
- 75) C
- 76) A
- 77) C
- 78) D
- 79) A
- 80) B
- 81) A
- 82) D
- 83) B
- 84) A
- 85) D
- 86) C
- 87) B
- 88) B
- 89) B
- 90) D
- 91) D
- 92) A
- 93) A
- 94) B
- 95) A
- 96) B
- 97) A
- 98) B
- 99) A
- 100) B
- 101) A
- 102) A
- 103) B

- 104) B
- 105) B
- 106) A
- 107) B
- 108) A
- 109) B
- 110) A
- 111) A
- 112) C
- 113) C
- 114) A
- 115) B
- 116) B
- 117) D
- 118) A
- 119) C
- 120) A
- 121) A
- 122) B
- 123) B
- 124) D
- 125) C
- 126) D
- 127) B
- 128) D
- 129) A
- 130) D
- 131) B
- 132) B
- 133) C
- 134) A
- 135) A
- 136) A
- 137) A
- 138) A
- 139) B
- 140) B
- 141) B
- 142) A
- 143) B
- 144) D
- 145) C
- 146) D
- 147) B
- 148) A
- 149) D
- 150) C
- 151) C
- 152) A
- 153) C
- 154) C
- 155) D

- 156) A
- 157) B
- 158) D
- 159) B
- 160) C
- 161) D
- 162) A
- 163) A
- 164) B
- 165) A
- 166) B
- 167) A
- 168) B
- 169) C
- 170) D
- 171) D
- 172) B
- 173) A
- 174) A