TEST BANK CALCULUS ANTON BIVENS DAVIS TOTH EDITION

					2	
1.	Find the ave	erage rate of c	hange of y with r	respect to x for y	$= f(x) = \frac{3}{x^4}$	over the interval
	[1, 7].			D) -17.993	λ	
	Difficulty: 1 Section: 2.1	•				

- 2. Find the average rate of change of y with respect to x over the interval [1, 5]. y = f(x) = $3x^3$
 - A) 62 B) 95 C) 93 D) 74 E) 372 Ans: C Difficulty: Easy Section: 2.1
- 3. Find the instantaneous rate of change of $y = 4x^2$ with respect to x at $x_0 = 7$. A) 8 B) 56 C) 14 D) 28 E) 22

Ans: B Difficulty: Easy Section: 2.1

4. Find the instantaneous rate of change of $y = \frac{9}{x}$ with respect to x at $x_0 = 5$. B) -8.9600 C) 0.3600 A) -225D) -0.3600 E) -0.0617

Ans: D Difficulty: Medium Section: 2.1

- 5. Find the instantaneous rate of change of $y = -4x^7$ with respect to x at a general point x_0 . A) $-28x_0^7$ B) $-4x_0$ C) $-4x_0^7$ D) $-4x_0^6$ E) $-28x_0^6$ Ans: E Difficulty: Easy Section: 2.1
- 6. Find the instantaneous rate of change of $y = \frac{2}{x^3}$ with respect to x at a general point x_0 .
 - A) $\frac{-6}{x_0^3}$ B) $\frac{2}{x_0^4}$ C) $\frac{-6}{x_0^4}$ D) $\frac{6}{x_0^4}$ E) $\frac{6}{x_0^3}$ Ans: C

Difficulty: Medium Section: 2.1

7.	Find the slope of the tangent line to the graph of $f(x) = 7x^4 - 9$ at a general point x_0 . A) $28x_0^3 - 9$ B) $7x_0^3$ C) $28x_0^3$ D) $7x_0^3 - 1$ E) $7x_0^3 - 9$ Ans: C Difficulty: Easy Section: 2.1					
8.	Answer true or false. The slope of the tangent line to the graph of $f(x) = -2x^2 - 1$ at $x_0 = 3$ is -13 . Ans: False Difficulty: Easy Section: 2.1					
9.	Answer true or false. Use a graphing utility to graph $y = 3t^2$ on [0, 4]. If this graph represents a position versus time curve for a particle, the instantaneous velocity of the particle is increasing over the graphed domain. Ans: True Difficulty: Easy Section: 2.1					
10.	Use a graphing utility to graph $y = t^2 - 7t + 10$ on $[0, 10]$. If this graph represents a position versus time curve for a particle, the instantaneous velocity of the particle is zero at what time? Assume time is in seconds. A) 6s B) 3s C) 3.5s D) 1.5s E) 7s Ans: C Difficulty: Medium Section: 2.1					
111.	A rock is dropped from a height of 2,704 feet and falls toward earth in a straight line. In <i>t</i> seconds the rock drops a distance of 16 <i>t</i> ² feet. What is the instantaneous velocity downward when it hits the ground? A) 116,985,856 feet/s B) 416 feet/s C) 208 feet/s Ans: B Difficulty: Easy Section: 2.1					
12.	Answer true or false. The magnitude of the instantaneous velocity is always less than the					

magnitude of the average velocity.

Ans: False

Ans: False
Difficulty: Easy
Section: 2.1

13. Answer true or false. If a rock is thrown straight upward to a height of 26 feet from the ground, when it returns to earth its average velocity will be its initial velocity.

Ans: False
Difficulty: Easy
Section: 2.1

14. Answer true or false. If an object is thrown straight upward with an instantaneous velocity of 35 m/s, its instantaneous velocity at the point where it stops rising is 0.

Ans: True Difficulty: Easy Section: 2.1

15. An object moves in a straight line so that after t s its distance in mm from its original position is given by $s = 7t^3 + 4t$. Its instantaneous velocity at t = 4s is

A) 336 mm B) 1,348 n

- B) 1,348 mm C) 5,380 mm D) 340 mm
- E) 116 mm

Ans: D
Difficulty: Medium

Difficulty: Medium

- Section: 2.1
- 16. Find the instantaneous rate of change of y with respect to x at $x_0 = 4$. $y = 6x^2 2$

A) 48 B) 46 C) 24 D) 50 E) 96

Ans: A
Difficulty: Easy
Section: 2.1

17. Find the instantaneous rate of change of y with respect to x at $x_0 = 81$. $y = \sqrt{x} - 2$

A) $\frac{1}{18}$ B) $\frac{1}{9}$ C) $\frac{11}{9}$ D) $\frac{18}{17}$ E) $\frac{1}{81}$

Ans: A
Difficulty: Hard
Section: 2.1

18. Let $f(x) = \frac{1}{x^2}$. Find the average rate of change of y with respect to x over the interval [5, 6].

Ans: $-\frac{11}{900}$

Difficulty: Easy Section: 2.1

19. Let $f(x) = \frac{1}{x^2}$. Find the instantaneous rate of change of y with respect to x at the point x = 2.

Ans:
$$-\frac{1}{4}$$

- Section: 2.1
- 20. Let $y = x^2 + 2$. Find the average rate of change of y with respect to x over the interval [-5, -1].

21. Let $y = x^2 + 6$. Find the instantaneous rate of change of y with respect to x at the point x =-5.

22. Let $y = \frac{1}{x-1}$. Find the average rate of change of y with respect to x over the interval

Ans:
$$-\frac{1}{3}$$

23. Let $y = \frac{1}{x-3}$. Find the instantaneous rate of change of y with respect to x at the point x

Ans:
$$-\frac{1}{4}$$

- 24. Let $y = \frac{2}{x+2}$. Find the average rate of change of y with respect to x over the given interval [3,6].

Ans:
$$-\frac{1}{20}$$

25. Let $y = \frac{1}{x+4}$. Find the instantaneous rate of change of y with respect to x at the point x = 1.

Ans:
$$-\frac{1}{25}$$

26. Let $f(x) = \frac{1}{5-x}$. Find the slope of the tangent to the graph of f at a general point x_0 using limits and find the slope of the tangent line at $x_0 = 4$

Ans:
$$\lim_{x_1 \to x_0} \frac{1}{(5-x_1)(5-x_0)} = \frac{1}{(5-x_0)^2}$$

The slope of the tangent line at
$$x_0 = 4$$
 is $\frac{1}{1}$.

27. Let $f(x) = \frac{1}{x-4}$. Find the slope of the tangent to the graph of f at a general point x_0 using limits and find the slope of the tangent at $x_0 = 5$.

Ans:
$$\lim_{x_1 \to x_0} \frac{-1}{(x_1 - 4)(x_0 - 4)} = \frac{-1}{(x_0 - 4)^2}$$

The slope of the tangent line at
$$x_0 = 5$$
 is $-\frac{1}{1}$.

28. Let $f(x) = \frac{4}{x^4}$. Find the slope of the tangent to the graph of f at a general point x_0 using limits and find the slope of the tangent at $x_0 = -5$.

Ans:
$$\lim_{x_1 \to -5} \frac{\frac{4}{x_1^4} - \frac{4}{-5^4}}{x_1 + 5} = \lim_{x_1 \to -5} \frac{4(-5^4 - x_1^4)}{625x_1^4(x_1 + 5)} = -\frac{16}{x_0^5}$$

The slope of the tangent line at
$$x_0 = -5$$
 is $\frac{16}{3,125}$.

29. Let $f(x) = 4x^3$. Find the slope of the tangent to the graph of f at a general point x_0 using limits and find the slope of the tangent at $x_0 = 2$.

Ans:
$$\lim_{x_1 \to x_0} 4(x_1^2 + x_0^2) = 12x_0^2$$

Slope of tangent at $x_0 = 2$ is 48

Difficulty: Easy Section: 2.1

30. A rock is dropped from a height of 144 feet and falls toward the earth in a straight line. In t seconds, the rock drops a distance of $s = 16t^2$ feet. What is the average velocity of the rock while it is falling? Use limits to find the instantaneous velocity of the rock when it hits the ground.

Ans: Average velocity: 48 feet per second

Instantaneous velocity at ground = 96 feet per second

Difficulty: Medium

Section: 2.1

31. A particle moves in a straight line from its initial position so that after t seconds, its distance is given by $s = t^2 + t$ feet from its initial position. Find the average velocity of the particle over the interval [3,6] seconds. Use limits to find the instantaneous velocity of the particle at t = 1 second.

Ans: Average velocity = 10 feet per second

The instantaneous velocity at t = 1 second is 3 feet per second.

Difficulty: Medium

Section: 2.1

32. A particle moves in a straight line from its initial position so that after t seconds, its distance is given by $s = \frac{t}{t+1}$ feet from its initial position. Find the average velocity of the particle over the interval [4,8] seconds. Use limits to find the instantaneous velocity of the particle at t = 4 seconds.

Ans: Average velocity = $\frac{1}{45}$ feet per second.

The instantaneous velocity at t = 4 seconds is $\frac{1}{25}$ feet per second.

Difficulty: Medium

Section: 2.1

33. Let $f(x) = ax^2 + b$, where a and b are constant. Use the method of Section 3.1 to show that the slope of the tangent to the graph of f at $x = x_0$ is $2ax_0$.

Ans:
$$m_{\text{tan}} = \lim_{x_1 \to x_0} \frac{\left(ax_1^2 + b\right) - \left(ax_0^2 + b\right)}{x_1 - x_0} = \lim_{x_1 \to x_0} \frac{a\left(x_1^2 - x_0^2\right)}{x_1 - x_0} = \lim_{x_1 \to x_0} a\left(x_1 + x_0\right) = 2ax_0$$

Difficulty: Hard Section: 2.1

34. Let $f(x) = ax^3 + b$, where a and b are constants. Use the method of Section 3.1 to show that the slope of the tangent to the graph of f at $x = x_0$ is $3ax_0^2$.

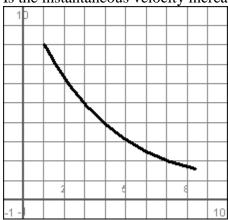
Ans:

$$m_{\tan} = \lim_{x_1 \to x_0} \frac{\left(ax_1^3 + b\right) - \left(ax_0^3 + b\right)}{x_1 - x_0} = \lim_{x_1 \to x_0} \frac{ax_1^3 - ax_0^3}{x_1 - x_0} = \lim_{x_1 \to x_0} a\left(x_1^2 + x_1x_0 + x_0^2\right) = 3ax_0^2$$

Difficulty: Medium

Section: 2.1

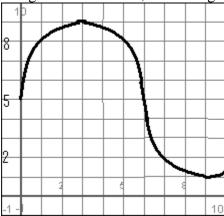
35. The graph shows the position versus time curve for a particle moving on a straight line. Is the instantaneous velocity increasing or decreasing with time?



Ans: decreasing

Difficulty: Easy Section: 2.1

36. The figure shows the position versus time curve for a certain particle moving along a straight line. Estimate, from the graph, the average velocity over the interval 3 to 9.



Ans: -4/3
Difficulty: Easy

Section: 2.1

- 37. Given $f(x) = x^3 1$, find the slope of the graph of f at the x-value $x_0 = 4$.
 - Ans: 48
 - Difficulty: Medium
 - Section: 2.1
- 38. Given $f(x) = 13 \sqrt{x}$, find the slope of the graph of f at $x_0 = 1$.
 - Ans: $\frac{13}{2}$
 - Difficulty: Medium
 - Section: 2.1
- 39. Find the instantaneous rate of change of $f(x) = \frac{2}{x^3}$ at $x_0 = 5$.
 - Ans: $-\frac{6}{625}$
 - Difficulty: Medium
 - Section: 2.1
- 40. Find the instantaneous rate of change of $f(x) = 5x^2 12$ at $x_0 = 5$.
 - Ans: 50
 - Difficulty: Medium
 - Section: 2.1

Chapter 2 section 1

41. Find the instantaneous rate of change of $f(x) = 5x^2 - 6x + 9$ at $x_0 = 3$.

Ans: 24

Difficulty: Medium Section: 2.1