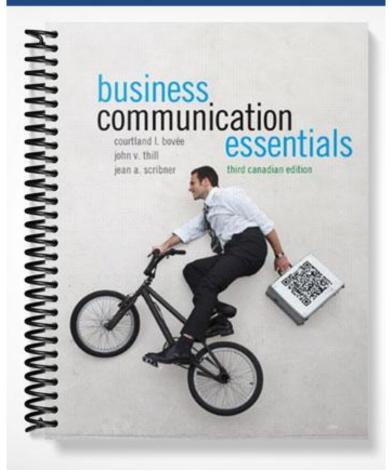
## TEST BANK



Chapter 2 Mastering Team Skills and Interpersonal Communication

MULTIPLE CHOICE. Choose the one alternative that best completes the statement or answers the question.

1. Teams \_\_\_\_

A. are two or more people working together

B. are less important in the workplace

C. share many goals

D. none of the above

Answer: A Diff: 1 Page Ref: 22 Obj: 2-1

2. Identify the item listed below that is <u>not</u> a way teams help organizations succeed.

A. increase information and knowledge

B. increase groupthink among members

C. increase diversity of views

D. increase performance levels

Answer: B

Diff: 1

Page Ref: 23

Obj: 2-1

3. Janice is seeking input on a new initiative with her company Global Communications. She has asked for a meeting of supervisors, managers and front line workers. She is engaging in a strategy of \_\_\_\_\_\_.

A. reducing tension between workers

B. unleashing creativity and energy in workers who share a sense of purpose

C. reducing boredom

D. participative management

Answer: D Diff: 2 Page Ref: 23

Obj: 2-1

4. A key advantage of teamwork is

- A. it is easier to get a consensus
- B. work is usually done more quickly
- C. improved acceptance of solutions

D. all of the above

Answer: C

Diff: 2 Page Ref: 23

5. Teams tend to be ineffective when there is/are \_\_\_\_\_.

- A. few members
- B. only one focus
- C. high involvement
- D. a lack of trust

Answer: D

Diff: 2

Page Ref: 23

Obj: 2-1

6. When peer pressure in a team is more important to members than making the right decision, that team may develop what is termed \_\_\_\_\_.

- A. increased performance levels
- B. groupthink
- C. effective team work
- D. diversity of views

Answer: B

Diff: 2

Page Ref: 23

Obj: 2-1

7. Hidden agendas occur in teams when team members \_\_\_\_\_.

- A. read one another's nonverbal messages
- B. don't contribute their fair share
- C. place greater value on belonging to a team than making right decisions
- D. have private motives that affect the group's interaction

Answer: D

Diff: 1 Page Ref: 23 Obj: 2-1

8. Team conflict may be good if it \_\_\_\_\_.

- A. forces important issues into the open
- B. allows weak employees to contribute
- C. gets every employee to think alike
- D. creates a tighter organization

Answer: A

Diff: 2

Page Ref: 23

9. Effective teams do all of the following except

- A. have a clear sense of purpose
- B. think creatively
- C. reach decisions by consensus
- D. consider every possible perspective

Answer: D Diff: 2

Page Ref: 23 Obj: 2-1

10. When undertaking a collaborative writing project, which of the following steps is best undertaken by individual team members rather than by the team working as a group?

- A. outlining the project and determining project goals
- B. planning

C. writing

D. research Answer: C Page Ref: 24

Difficulty: 2

Obj: 2-1

11. TGA Solutions has employees in branches across Canada. The company wants to create a common site for information about all the projects that its employees tackle, the solutions they offer, and the outcomes of these solutions over time. Most of its employees are not well versed with creating web content, but will be required to update the site frequently by themselves, adding their observations and experiences. Which of the following technologies is the best option for both TGA and its employees?

- A. a centrally-controlled content management system
- B. a wiki
- C. a social networking site
- D. a virtual whiteboard

Answer: B Page Ref: 25 Difficulty: 2 Obj: 2-2 12. Emma wants to set up a wedding planning website for weddings in her city. She needs a site where caterers, florists, and designers from the city can post their offerings and prices for a fee. As the products and rates will change with the seasons, the site will have to be updated often by the sellers themselves. Prospective customers should be able to register on the site to read the information, but should not be able to make any changes to the site. Which of the following is the best option for Emma?

A. a social networking site

B. a central content management system

C. a public wiki

D. a private wiki

Answer: D Page Ref: 25 Difficulty: 2

Obj: 2-2

13. \_\_\_\_\_ refer(s) to computer-based systems that let people communicate, share files, review previous message threads, work on documents simultaneously, and connect using social networking tools.

A. Groupware

- B. Firmware
- C. Operating systems
- D. E-commerce systems

Answer: A Page Ref: 26 Difficulty: 1 Obj: 2-2

14. \_\_\_\_\_\_ are online "virtual offices" that give everyone on a team access to the same set of resources and information.

A. Shared workspaces

B. Web cubicles

C. Shared hosting

D. Creative commons

Answer: A

Page Ref: 26

Difficulty: 1

15. Orion Ltd. is a toy company headquartered in Winnipeg, with distributors throughout the country. At present, the company keeps in contact with its distributors through telephone and email, communicating confidential information about new products and prices. Distributors contact Orion's headquarters to communicate their queries or requirements, but responding to these questions is a time-consuming process. Orion wants to upgrade to a secure online system through which distributors can access information from the company and communicate their queries or complaints. Which of the following methods is most suited for this purpose?

- A. extranet
- B. teleconferencing
- C. videoconferencing
- D. social networking

Answer: A Page Ref: 26 Difficulty: 2 Obj: 2-2

16. Trinkets began as a small family business, but has since spread throughout the country and now employs more than a thousand people. Though each branch operates almost independently, the owners want to develop a feeling of community among Trinkets employees. Which is the most convenient way for all the employees across the country to get to know each other?

- A. conducting regular teleconferences among employees
- B. developing a community for the company on a social networking site
- C. organizing virtual meetings regularly
- D. v videoconferencing at every opportunity

Answer: B Page Ref: 26

Difficulty: 2

Obj: 2-2

17. In social networking, \_\_\_\_\_\_ are mechanisms for finding and communicating with other members.

- A. connections
- B. wikis
- C. archives
- D. forums
- Answer: A
- Page Ref: 26

Difficulty: 1

Obj: 2

18. In social networking, the information stored about each member of the network is known as a(n) \_\_\_\_\_.

- A. wiki
- B. connection
- C. profile
- D. archive
- Answer: C Page Ref: 26

Difficulty: 1 Obj: 2-2

19. Which of the following statements is an example of constructive criticism?

A. Your argument will be stronger if you rewrite the introduction to include more details about the event.

B. There were three factual errors in the document you sent. You have been very careless of late.

C. Your meaning is unclear; you should rework the document for more clarity.

D. Your method of organizing information is inappropriate for the subject.

Answer: A

Page Ref: 26 Difficulty: 2 Obj: 2-2

20. Which of the following is true for feedback for a writing project?

A. Destructive feedback delivers criticism with no effort to stimulate improvement.

B. Feedback is constructive and always results in improvement.

C. Constructive criticism focuses on personal shortcomings.

D. Destructive feedback focuses on the process and outcomes of communication.

Answer: A

Page Ref: 26

Difficulty: 1

Obj: 2-2

21. Ruth is the editor of *Bliss*, a lifestyle magazine. Rachel has written a substandard article for the magazine and Ruth has to give her feedback to help her improve the piece. Which of the following is the most effective way to offer feedback?

A. Ruth should mark out the faults in the article and send it back to Rachel.

B. Ruth should tell Rachel the shortcomings of her method and approach to writing.

C. Ruth should point out weak areas in the article and suggest alternative approaches.

D. Ruth should compare Rachel's methods to the standards of the magazine to bring out the flaws in the article.

Answer: C Page Ref: 26 Difficulty: 2 Obj: 2-2

22. The key to productive meetings is careful planning of \_\_\_\_\_\_.

- A. risks
- B. rewards
- C. hidden agendas
- D. purpose, participation and a place to meet
- Answer: D
- Diff: 1

Page Ref: 27 Obj: 2-3

23. The two main types of meetings are \_\_\_\_\_.

- A. informational and decision-making
- B. problem and solution
- C. focused and free-form
- D. analytical and comprehensive

Answer: A

Diff: 2

Page Ref: 27

Obj: 2-3

24. Organizational communication can be achieved most effectively through \_\_\_\_\_\_.

- A. individual conversations
- B. memos
- C. reports
- D. in-person or online meetings

Answer: D

Diff: 1 Page Ref: 27

Obj: 2-3

25. The key to productive meetings is careful planning of \_\_\_\_\_\_.

- A. purpose, participants, location, and agenda
- B. ethics, purpose, rules of order, and location
- C. ethics, purpose, location, and agenda
- D. purpose, participants, location, and protocol

Answer: A

Diff: 2

Page Ref: 27, 28 Obj: 2-3 26. The agenda is \_\_\_\_\_

- A. helpful in deciding the issues
- B. a statement of purpose
- C. an important tool in guiding a meeting's progress
- D. useful in limiting the number of participants

Answer: C

Diff: 2

Page Ref: 28

Obj: 2-3

27. When selecting participants for a team meeting, you should \_\_\_\_\_\_.

- A. include only the senior level workers on the project
- B. include everyone who might possibly have any connection to the topic at hand
- C. include only those people who really need to be there
- D. include as many people as you can fit in the meeting room

Answer: C

Diff: 2

Page Ref: 28

Obj: 2-3

28. An effective agenda answers which of the following questions?

- A. What is expected of all the participants?
- B. How long will the meeting last?
- C. What needs do each of the participants have?
- D. both A and B

Answer: D Diff: 2 Page Ref: 28 Obj: 2-3

29. Identify the one trait that does not characterize a responsible leader of a meeting.

- A. draws out participants in the discussion
- B. keeps the meeting moving along
- C. dominates the meeting
- D. summarizes meeting achievements

Answer: C

Diff: 1

Page Ref: 29

30. The listening process involves \_\_\_\_\_.

- A. interrupting
- B. knowing
- C. registering
- D. remembering

Answer: D

Diff: 1

Page Ref: 32

Obj: 2-4

31. The most effective meetings are those in which \_\_\_\_\_.

- A. only the group leader talks
- B. everyone shares the responsibility for productivity
- C. parliamentary procedure is used
- D. only the experts on the topic talk

Answer: B

Diff: 1

Page Ref: 28

Obj: 2-3

32. As a leader, if one person is dominating the meeting and not letting others contribute, you should \_\_\_\_\_.

A. ask that person to leave the meeting

- B. politely point out that time is limited and that others need to be heard from too
- C. ignore the situation but not invite that person to the next meeting
- D. avoid conflict

Answer: B

Diff: 1 Page Ref: 29 Obj: 2-3

33. To close a meeting effectively you should \_\_\_\_\_.

- A. summarize the group's conclusions
- B. review who has agreed to do what
- C. list the actions to be taken
- D. all of the above

Answer: D

Diff: 1

Page Ref: 29 Obj: 2-3

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34. Minutes should be taken \_\_\_\_\_

- A. only at larger or more formal meetings
- B. only at smaller or more informal meetings
- C. at every meeting
- D. only when some members of the group cannot be present

Answer: A Diff: 2

Page Ref: 29

Obj: 2-3

35. Sensient Solutions picked out a team from its employees to research and develop a new software product. The team outlined the requirements for the product and set a deadline for the research process, leaving individual developers free to explore and research their own ideas. When the team finally began to evaluate the results of the research, it was found that a lot of the effort had been duplicated, resulting in a waste of time and resources. Which of the following guidelines for collaborative work did the team ignore?

A. Agree on project goals before the start of the project.

B. Clarify individual responsibilities.

C. Make sure tools are compatible across the team.

D. Give the team time to bond before beginning.

Answer: B

Page Ref: 30 Difficulty: 2

Obj: 2-2

36. Nicholas and his team need to write and design a small brochure for an insurance plan. Which of the following methods is the ideal way to go about this?

A. Allocate every task, from planning to writing, equally among all members of the team.

B. Assign parts of the project to certain members and allow them to decide the concept and write in their own styles.

C. Outline the brochure together but assign the task of writing to one person.

D. Divide the writing equally among all team members and have each person review another person's work.

Answer: C Page Ref: 24-25

Difficulty: 2 Obj: 2-2 37. All of the following are elements in the listening process except

- A. interpreting
- B. evaluating
- C. remembering
- D. focusing
- Answer: D
- Diff: 2

Page Ref: 32

Obj: 2-4

38. The receiving element in the listening process can be blocked by \_\_\_\_\_.

- A. poor acoustics
- B. noise
- C. inattentionD. all of the above

Answer: D Diff: 2 Page Ref: 32 Obj: 2-4

39. Which of the following is a barrier to effective listening?

- A. maturity
- B. attentiveness
- C. selectiveness
- D. all of the above

Answer: C Diff: 1 Page Ref: 32 Obj: 2-4

40. Most of us listen \_\_\_\_\_.

- A. better when we are tired
- B. better when the subject matter is complex
- C. very effectively since it is such an easy skill
- D. very ineffectively, remembering about half of what we hear

Answer: D

Diff: 1

Page Ref: 32 Obj: 2-4 41. In selective listening, the listeners \_\_\_\_\_.

- A. tend to take control of the conversation
- B. distort the message by tuning out anything that doesn't confirm their assumptions
- C. tune out until they hear something that gets their attention
- D. all of the above

Answer: C

Diff: 2

Page Ref: 32

Obj: 2-4

42. In part, ineffective listening is caused because \_\_\_\_\_.

- A. people are uninterested in the subject matter
- B. people are unable to think originally
- C. people think faster than they speak
- D. all of the above

Answer: C

Diff: 2

Page Ref: 32

Obj: 2-4

43. The ineffective listener \_\_\_\_\_.

- A. takes detailed notes
- B. nods a lot
- C. asks questions
- D. listens with the same style in ever situation

Answer: D

Diff: 2

Page Ref: 33

Obj: 2-4

- 44. Effective listeners \_\_\_\_\_
- A. fight to avoid distractions
- B. take complete notes
- C. judge content and skip over delivery errors
- D. none of the above

Answer: B

Diff: 2

Page Ref: 33

45. Which of the following is a trait of effective listening?

- A. listening to someone that is speaking while ignoring other sounds
- B. paraphrasing the speaker's ideas at the end of the presentation
- C. finding areas of interest in common with someone sitting beside you
- D. interrupting the speaker

Answer: A

Diff: 1 Page Ref: 33

Obj: 2-4

46. Which listener makes little or no eye contact?

- A. the ineffective listener
- B. the reluctant listener
- C. the effective listener
- D. the surface listener

Answer: A Diff: 1

Page Ref: 33

Obj: 2-4

47. Jennifer isn't impressed by her professor's mismatched suit of tweed and stripes and his voice is so boring it drives her crazy. Jennifer is an example of \_\_\_\_\_\_.

A. the surface listener

B. the reluctant listener

- C. the effective listener
- D. the ineffective listener

Answer: D

Diff: 2 Page Ref: 33

Obj: 2-4

48. Which listener judges content and not delivery?

- A. the effective listener
- B. the reluctant listener
- C. the ineffective listener
- D. the surface listener

Answer: A

Diff: 2

Page Ref: 33

49. Which listener exhibits an active body state like nodding for example?

- A. the ineffective listener
- B. the effective listener
- C. the reluctant listener
- D. the surface listener

Answer: B

Diff: 1

Page Ref: 33 Obj: 2-4

50. Which listener mentally paraphrases key points?

- A. the ineffective listener
- B. the surface listener
- C. the reluctant listener
- D. the effective listener

Answer: D Diff: 1

Page Ref: 33

Obj: 2-4

51. Which listener doodles or draws instead of taking notes?

- A. the surface listener
- B. the ineffective listener
- C. the reluctant listener
- D. the effective listener

Answer: B Diff: 2

Page Ref: 33

Obj: 2-4

52. Which listeners interrupt whenever they disagree or don't understand?

- A. effective listeners
- B. surface listeners
- C. reluctant listeners
- D. ineffective listeners

Answer: A

Diff: 1

Page Ref: 33

53. Which listener listens passively?

- A. the reluctant listener
- B. the effective listener
- C. the ineffective listener
- D. the surface listener

Answer: C

Diff: 1

Page Ref: 33 Obj: 2-4

54. Most people listen at or below the following rate of \_\_\_\_\_.

A. 25%
B. 50%
C. 75%
D. 85%
Answer: A
Diff: 3
Page Ref: 32
Obj: 2-4

55. Within 48 hours of the completion of a typical 10-minute conservation, people tend to forget \_\_\_\_\_\_ of the content?

A. 75%
B. 25%
C. 15%
D. 50%
Answer: D
Diff: 1
Page Ref: 32
Obj: 2-4

56. Anita is an active listener. She tries to \_\_\_\_\_.

- A. turn off her biases and filters
- B. truly hear and understand the message
- C. fidgets
- D. all but C

Answer: D

Diff: 1

Page Ref: 32

57. Which of the following is a form of nonverbal communication?

- A. touching behaviour
- B. education
- C. language
- D. all of the above

Answer: A Diff: 1

Page Ref: 34

Obj: 2-5

58. Identify the one statement that is a valid claim concerning touching behaviour.

- A. It can always be interpreted as sexual harassment.
- B. Lower-status personnel are less likely to touch than higher-status employees.
- C. It conceals warmth, comfort, and reassurance.
- D. The norms for touching behaviour are predictable.

Answer: B

Diff: 1

Page Ref: 34

Obj: 2-4

59. Identify the one item that is a method for improving your nonverbal communication.

- A. Smile all the time.
- B. Grasp the different meanings of common gestures in various cultures.
- C. Use touch often
- D. Maintain the eye contact.

Answer: B

Diff: 1

Page Ref: 34 Obj: 2-5

60. If your boss is late and makes you wait for her at meeting after meeting, she could be trying to \_\_\_\_\_\_.

- A. be deferential
- B. show her own importance
- C. work all the time
- D. all of the above

Answer: B

Diff: 2

Page Ref: 34

61. A key to good listening is to pay attention to verbal and nonverbal clues, and ask yourself:

- A. Do they contradict each other?
- B. Are they infallible?
- C. Are they problematic?
- D. Do they amplify each other?

Answer: D Diff: 2

Page Ref: 34

Obj: 2-5

62. Which of the following is true for the use of mobile phones in the workplace?

- A. Mobile phones have the potential to boost productivity if used mindfully.
- B. Texting during meetings is now an accepted practice in offices.
- C. Mobile phone etiquette demands that all incoming calls are answered immediately.
- D. Restrictions on mobile phone use during meetings drain productivity.

Answer: A

Page Ref: 35 Difficulty: 2 Obj: 2-6

63. Which of the following statements about workplace etiquette is true?

A. Dress codes in the workplace only matter if you interact with clients daily.

B. Using strong perfumes, shampoos or after-shaves is acceptable as long as no one is allergic to them.

C. Personal appearance in the workplace sends a strong signal to colleagues and customers; therefore, you should dress as differently from other people as possible.

D. Dressing modestly and simply is always recommended, whatever the company dress code. Answer: D

Page Ref: 35 Difficulty: 2 Obj: 2-6

64. Which of the following is proper etiquette during a business meal?

- A. using a mobile phone for other business calls
- B. discussing subjects like politics or religion at the beginning of the meal

C. making conversation by asking personal questions

D. only answering urgent calls during the meeting

Answer: D

Page Ref: 37 Difficulty: 1

65. Ellen is the moderator of her company's complaints forum. Customers post their queries or complaints on the forum, and Ellen provides them answers or solutions. Which of the following guidelines must Ellen follow?

A. Always start new topics on the original thread; don't change threads.

B. Use acronyms to save time and make it easier for readers to skim through.

C. Focus on the subject at hand, not on personal characteristics of respondents.

D. In order to save time for readers, avoid providing supporting statements.

Answer: C Page Ref: 37

Difficulty: 2

Obj: 2-6

66. Which of the following is good etiquette for online business communications?

- A. using informal and nonstandard spelling, grammar, and punctuation
- B. multitasking while using IM or other tools
- C. always using the "reply all" function to reply to emails

D. assuming that what you type will be read by your boss or the security staff

Answer: D

Page Ref: 37

Difficulty: 2

Obj: 2-6

67. Which of the following is a violation of workplace etiquette?

- A. switching off mobile phones during meetings
- B. multitasking while using IM for business communication
- C. avoiding the use of "reply all" when replying to emails
- D. using virus protection when sending a file

Answer: B Page Ref: 37 Difficulty: 2

Obj: 2-6

## TRUE/FALSE. Write "T" if the statement is true and "F" if the statement is false.

68. Teams contribute to performance levels because teams can be better at performing complex problem solving than top-performing individuals.

Answer: TRUE Diff: 1 Page Ref: 23 Obj: 2-1

69. Teams are appropriate in every situation in today's global workplace. Answer: FALSE Diff: 2 Page Ref: 23 Obj: 2-1 70. While working in teams is productive for the individual, the group effort is less creative than an individual effort.Answer: FALSEDiff: 1Page Ref: 23Obj: 2-1

71. Groupthink leads team members to set aside their personal opinions and go along with everyone else, even if everyone else is wrong.Answer: TRUEDiff: 1Page Ref: 23Obj: 2-1

72. Teams with interpersonal conflict can still be effective if the leadership is effective and members are committed.

Answer: TRUE Diff: 1 Page Ref: 23 Obj: 2-1

73. You can always achieve the purpose of organizational communication most effectively through group meetings.

Answer: FALSE Diff: 1 Page Ref: 23 Obj: 2-1

74. Effective teams have a clear sense of purpose. Answer: TRUE Diff: 2 Page Ref: 23 Obj: 2-1

75. As members of a group have a common goal, individual responsibilities are minimal or nonexistent. Answer: FALSE

Answer: FALS Page Ref: 24 Difficulty: 2 Obj: 2-2 76. The best approach to developing team messages is for the team to write together, as a group, as this process benefits from group participation.Answer: FALSEPage Ref: 24Difficulty: 2Obj: 2-2

77. Teams work best with people who have a combination of skills, experiences, information, and talents.Answer: TRUEDiff: 1Page Ref: 24Obj: 2-2

78. It is better to have open and direct approaches for dealing with problems when writing collaboratively.Answer: TRUEDiff: 1Page Ref: 24Obj: 2-2

79. When writing collaboratively it is wise to all work together on every section.Answer: FALSEDiff: 1Page Ref: 25Obj: 2-2

80. Today's technology is making collaborative writing more effective by using groupware.Answer: TRUEDiff: 1Page Ref: 26Obj: 2-2

81. Constructive criticism delivers criticism with no effort to stimulate improvement.Answer: FALSEPage Ref: 26Difficulty: 1Obj: 2-2

82. In decision-making meetings participants persuade, analyze, and solve problems.Answer: TRUEDiff: 1Page Ref: 27Obj: 2-3

83. Georgia is organizing a decision-making meeting. She assumes it is important to invite someone from every department so no one feels left out. Is this assumption true or false? Answer: FALSE
Diff: 1
Page Ref: 28
Obj: 2-3

84. If you make sure all agenda items are specific, you can help participants prepare in advance with facts and figures.

Answer: TRUE Diff: 1 Page Ref: 28 Obj: 2-3

85. Good leaders clearly dominate any meeting.Answer: FALSEDiff: 2Page Ref: 29Obj: 2-3

86. A good meeting is a series of dialogues between individual members and the leader.Answer: FALSEDiff: 2Page Ref: 29Obj: 2-3

87. It's important to guide the discussion for agenda items.Answer: TRUEDiff: 1 Page Ref: 28Obj: 3

88. At the conclusion of a successful meeting, it is not necessary to tie up loose endsAnswer: FALSEDiff: 1 Page Ref: 29Obj: 3

89. Summarizing the conclusions of the discussion at the end of a meeting wastes valuable time.Answer: FALSEDiff: 1Page Ref: 29Obj: 2-3

90. Even small, informal meetings can benefit from an agenda.Answer: TRUEDiff: 1Page Ref: 29Obj: 2-3

91. If members are not located in the same place and communicate electronically, a virtual meeting may be useful.Answer: TRUEDiff: 1Page Ref: 30Obj: 2-3

92. For many companies, creating online avatars to experience meetings, training sessions, and sales presentations are more for fun than for profit.Answer: FALSEDiff: 2Page Ref: 30Obj: 2-3

93. Your ability to listen effectively is directly related to your ability to keep informed, strengthen relationships, and avoid mistakes.Answer: TRUEDiff: 1Page Ref: 31Obj: 2-3

94. Effective listening requires the listener to adapt his or her listening approaches to different situations.

Answer: TRUE Diff: 1 Page Ref: 31 Obj: 2-3

95. People often speak much faster than they can think.Answer: FALSEDiff: 1Page Ref: 32Obj: 2-4

96. Effective listening allows an organization to manage growing diversity both in the workforce and in the customers it serves.

Answer: TRUE Diff: 1 Page Ref: 31 Obj: 2-4 97. The common goal in content listening and critical listening is "understanding." Answer: TRUEDiff: 2Page Ref: 31Obj: 2-4

98. Nonverbal communication is more effective because words lie, while gestures don't.Answer: FALSEDiff: 2 PageRef: 34Obj: 2-5

99. Avoiding eye contact is a great way to see if someone is not telling the truth.Answer: FALSEDiff: 1Page Ref: 34Obj: 2-5

100. You can avoid giving others conflicting signals by paying attention to your nonverbal cues and making sure that the signals amplify the verbal message.Answer: TRUEDiff: 1Page Ref: 34Obj: 2-5

101. Gestures always convey specific meaning in and of themselves.Answer: FALSEDiff: 3Page Ref: 34Obj: 2-5

102. In some cultures sustained eye contact can be interpreted as a sign of disrespect.Answer: TRUEDiff: 1Page Ref: 34Obj: 2-5

103. When in doubt a firm handshake is always welcomed.Answer: FALSEDiff: 1Page Ref: 34Obj: 2-5

104. It is always a good idea to dress professionally for the office.Answer: TRUEDiff: 1Page Ref: 34Obj: 2-5

105. "Treating others like you want to be treated" is a valuable etiquette rule.Answer: FALSEDiff: 2Page Ref 35Obj: 2-6

## SHORT ANSWER. Write the word or phrase that best completes each statement or answers the question.

106. A unit of two or more people who work together to achieve a goal is a/an \_\_\_\_\_\_.Answer: teamDiff: 1Page Ref: 22Obj: 2-1

107. The willingness of individuals to set aside their personal opinions and go along with everyone else, even if everyone else is wrong, is termed \_\_\_\_\_\_.
Answer: groupthink
Diff: 2
Page Ref: 21
Obj: 2-1

108. Meetings in which participants persuade, analyze, and solve problems are called meetings.

Answer: decision-making Diff: 2 Page Ref: 21 Obj: 2-3

109. Before you start a collaborative group writing project, the first thing you should do is

Answer: agree on project goals Diff: 2 Page Ref: 24 Obj: 2-2

110. A system of multiple servers linked to a digital network is called a \_\_\_\_\_\_. Answer: cloud network Diff: 3 Page Ref: 26 Obj: 2-2 help erase the constraints of geographic and 111. organizational boundaries using profiles and connections. Answer: social networking technologies Diff: 3 Page Ref: 26 Obj: 2-2 112. \_\_\_\_\_ communication like a head shake can vary significantly between cultures. Answer: Nonverbal Diff: 2 Page Ref: 34 Obj: 2-5 113. Cues, gestures, facial expressions, spatial relationships, and attitudes toward time are all elements of communication. Answer: nonverbal Diff: 1 Page Ref: 34 Obj: 2-5 114. Nearly half of North American companies have polices to restrict the use of Answer: cell phones Diff: 2 Page Ref: 35 Obj: 6 115. \_\_\_\_\_, and \_\_\_\_\_ are three forms of nonverbal communication. Answer: Any three of the following: facial expressions, gestures, posture, tone, attitude, personal appearance, touching behaviour, and use of time and space. Diff: 2 Page Ref: 34 Obj: 2-5

116. \_\_\_\_\_\_ is an important way to convey warmth, comfort, and reassurance as well as control. Answer: Touching Diff: 2 Page Ref: 34 Obj: 2-5 117. \_\_\_\_\_ can show dominance or even sexual interest. When in doubt, don't do it. Answer: Touching Diff: 1 Page Ref: 34 Obj: 2-5 118. The \_\_\_\_\_\_ listener works hard and exhibits active body states like nodding. Answer: effective Diff: 1 Page Ref: 33 Obj: 2-4 119. The \_\_\_\_\_\_ listener fakes attention. Answer: ineffective Diff: 2 Page Ref: 33 Obj: 2-4 120. \_\_\_\_\_\_ is when you make up your mind before truly hearing what another person has to say. Answer: Prejudgement Diff 2 Page Ref: 33 Obj: 2-4 121. If you are physically able, always when shaking someone's hand. Answer: stand Diff 2 Page Ref: 36 Obj: 2-6

## ESSAY. Write your answer in the space provided or on a separate sheet of paper.

122. Discuss at least two ways that teams help an organization succeed.Answer: Any two of the following should be listed. 1. Increasing information and knowledge. 2.Increasing the diversity of views. 3. Increasing the acceptance of a solution. 4. Increasing performance levels.Diff: 2Page Ref: 23Obj: 2-1

123. Outline the four elements necessary to plan a productive meeting.

Answer: 1. Decide on your purpose—informative or decision-making. 2. Select participants involve only those whose presence is essential. 3. Choose an appropriate location—consider time and seating arrangements. 4. Set and follow an agenda—distribute it ahead of time. Diff: 2 Page Ref: 27-28

Obj: 2-3

124. The top management of an automobile company with branches across the country wants to replace in-person meetings for teams that work closely with each other with meetings in virtual worlds, to minimize travel time and costs. Make an argument for the superiority of in-person meetings, describing the disadvantages of the virtual method.

Answer: Online methods such as IM and virtual worlds do not allow much communication of nonverbal information, which could pose a barrier to understanding. Participants may also be tempted to multitask, which reduces effectiveness. As the team members work together, the element of team bonding may be necessary to enhance performance. This may not be possible with a virtual method.

Page Ref: 30 Difficulty: 2 Obj: 2-4

125. Two rival candidates in the race for mayor of Springton are scheduled to speak on education policies in the city, a controversial topic. Each will be promoting his plan for education. Which type of listening will help listeners decide which plan is likely to be successful? Answer: The goal of critical listening is to understand and evaluate the meaning of the speaker's message on several levels: the logic of the argument, the strength of the evidence, the validity of the conclusions, and the implications of the message. Critical listening will help listeners evaluate the speaker's argument for the plan and judge whether or not it is likely to be successful.

Page Ref: 31 Difficulty: 2 Obj: 2-4 126. Two rival candidates for the office of Student Body President at Acadia University must debate a given topic before the election. Describe the three types of active listening and state how each type of listening can help listeners choose a candidate to vote for. If you were the speaker, which type of listening do you think would help your campaign? Answer: (Answer may vary.) The primary goal of content listening is to understand and retain the information in the speaker's message. With content listening, listeners will focus on the content of the speaker's message, on campaign promises and the speaker's views, and not on the personal characteristics of the speaker or other related issues.

The goal of empathic listening is to understand the speaker's feelings, needs, and wants so that you can appreciate his or her point of view, regardless of whether you share that perspective. With empathic listening, a speaker can persuade others to understand or accept his or her point of view.

The goal of critical listening is to understand and evaluate the meaning of the speaker's message on several levels: the logic of the argument, the strength of the evidence, the validity of the conclusions, and the implications of the message. With critical listening, a speaker can convince listeners of the validity of the message and of the speaker's intentions.

Page Ref: 31-32 Difficulty: 3 Obj: 2-4

127. List and explain at least four phases of the listening process.

Answer: The listening process includes the following steps: 1. Receiving—hearing and taking note of the message. 2. Decoding—assigning meaning to sounds; determining what the speaker really means. 3. Remembering—retaining what you hear. 4. Evaluating—applying critical thinking skills to weigh the speaker's remarks. 5. Responding—reacting to the speaker's message.

Diff: 3 Page Ref: 32 Obj: 2-4

128. List the three barriers to effective listening.

Answer: 1. Prejudgment—distorting messages by tuning out anything that doesn't confirm your assumptions. 2. Selective perception—listening only for messages that support one's existing beliefs. 3. Selective listening—letting your mind wander; tuning out until you hear something that gets your attention.

Diff: 3 Page Ref: 32-33 Obj: 2-4 129. List four of the six categories of nonverbal communication and give examples of each. Answer: The six categories include: facial expression includes eyes; gesture and posture includes waves; vocal characteristics includes pitch; personal appearance includes clothing; touching behaviour includes hugs; use of time and space includes standing too close. Diff: 3

Page Ref: 34 Obj: 2-5

130. List ten examples used by effective listeners.

Answer: 1. Listen actively. 2. Take careful and complete notes. 3. Make frequent eye contact. 4. Stay focused. 4. Mentally paraphrase key points. 5. Adjust listening styles to the situation. 6. give nonverbal clues. 7. Save questions or comments until the appropriate moment. 8. Overlook stylistic differences. 9. Make distinctions between main points and supporting evidence 10. Look for opportunities to learn.

Diff: 3 Page Ref: 33 Obj: 2-5

131. List seven suggestions to improve online etiquette.

Answer: 1. Avoid personal attacks. 2. Stay focused on the original topic. 3. Don't present opinions as facts, 4. Use basic expectations for spelling, punctuation, and grammar, 5. Use virus protection. 6. Ask if this is a good time for an IM chat, 7. Watch the language and control your emotions. 8. Avoid multitasking, 9. Never assume you have privacy. 10. Don't use "reply all" unless everyone will benefit from your response. 11. Don't expect others to instantly reply to your email. 12. Don't waste others' time with sloppy, confusing, or incomplete messages. 13. Respect the boundaries of time and space.

Diff: 3 Page Ref: 37

Obj: 2-6

132. List six tips to receiving calls for effectively.

Answer: 1.Answer promptly and with a smile and be sure to speak slowly and clearly so people will understand your greeting. 2. Identify yourself, your company, and the department you work to help build an instant relationship. 3. Establish the needs of your caller by asking how you can help. 4. Be positive and convey confidence by avoiding vague phrases. 5.Take complete and accurate messages by repeating names, numbers, emails, and dates to make sure you have them right. 6. Give reasons for your actions if you need to put a caller briefly on hold or transfer the call.

Diff: 3 Page Ref: 36 Obj: 2-6