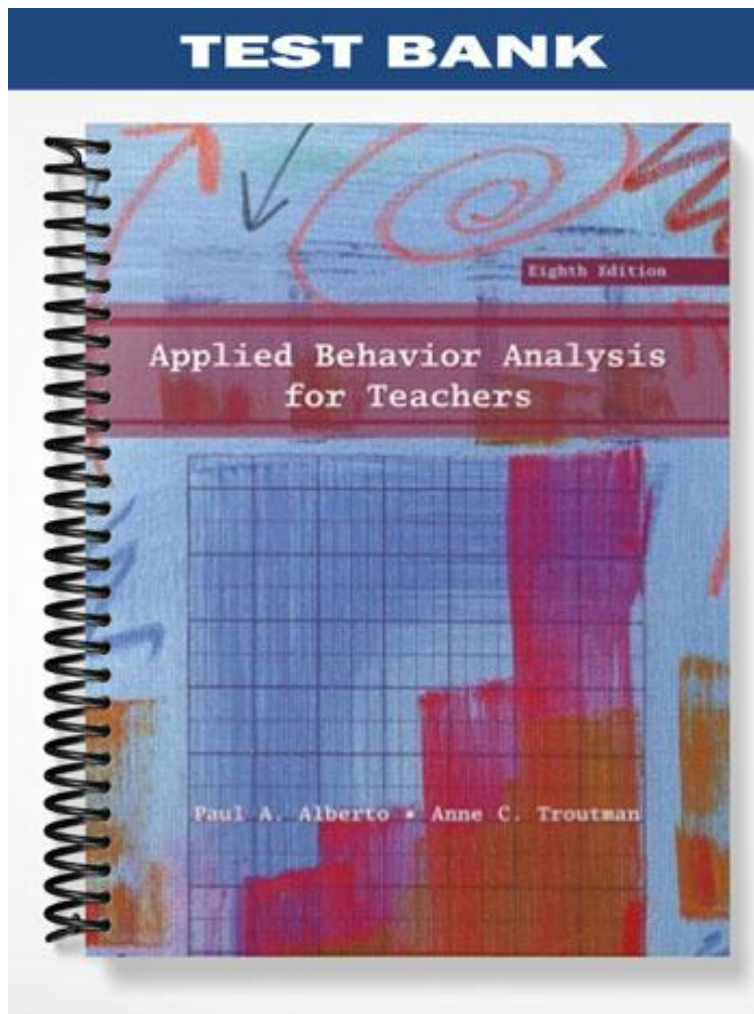


TEST BANK



Eighth Edition

Applied Behavior Analysis
for Teachers

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TRUE/FALSE. Write 'T' if the statement is true and 'F' if the statement is false.

- 1) Behavioral objectives improve communication among professionals. 1) _____
- 2) A statement of conditions lists antecedent stimuli, including instructions, materials, and setting. 2) _____
- 3) A measure of response accuracy (e.g., 8 out of 10 correct) represents the acquisition level of response competence. 3) _____
- 4) A statement of the conditions under which the target behavior is to be performed is not part of a traditional behavioral objective. 4) _____
- 5) Criterion statements set minimum performance standards for a behavioral objective. 5) _____
- 6) At Bloom's learning level of analysis, the student should demonstrate the ability to bring parts together resulting in a different, original, or creative whole. 6) _____
- 7) The Behavior Intervention Plan (BIP) is a component of the IEP that attempts to link the management of behaviors that impede instruction with positive intervention strategies to reduce the occurrence of inappropriate behaviors and increase appropriate behaviors. 7) _____

Each of the following is an acceptable behavioral objective:

- 8) Joe will write in cursive handwriting, 20 fourth grade spelling words from dictation by the resource teacher, with no more than two errors for 3 consecutive weeks. 8) _____
- 9) Bill will increase his skills in basketball by 50% for 3 weeks. 9) _____
- 10) Tom will dress himself independently for 3 consecutive days. 10) _____
- 11) After eating his dinner, Jerome will take his plate to the kitchen sink with no more than one verbal reminder 4 out of 5 days per week for four weeks. 11) _____
- 12) Maintenance is the ability to perform a response over time without reteaching. 12) _____
- 13) A generalized response is one that occurs after instruction has been terminated. 13) _____
- 14) One core element of the IEP is a description of the parent's responsibilities in the IEP process. 14) _____
- 15) An operational definition provides concrete examples of a target behavior. 15) _____

MULTIPLE CHOICE. Choose the one alternative that best completes the statement or answers the question.

- 16) The process of pinpointing behavior refines a broad generalization into: 16) _____
 - A) specific, observable and measurable behavior
 - B) natural, measurable and specific behavior
 - C) generic, observable and measurable behavior
 - D) schedule, specific and observable behavior
- 17) Directly observable behaviors include: 17) _____
 - A) to underline, to draw, to discriminate
 - B) to know, to walk, to identify in writing
 - C) to see, to put on, to connect
 - D) to remove, to count orally, to circle
- 18) Target behavior must be included in behavioral objectives because: 18) _____

- A) the statement allows our confirmation that a change has actually occurred
- B) the precise definition of the behavior facilitates continuity of instruction
- C) A and B
- D) none of the above

- 19) A behavioral objective should be written such that its contents are: 19) _____
 A) repeatable B) measurable C) observable D) all of the above
- 20) Antecedent stimuli or conditions may be defined by the teacher to set up the appropriate response. They may include: 20) _____
 A) identifiable behavior, amount of assistance and demonstration
 B) demonstration, verbal instructions and manner of assistance
 C) environmental setting, written instructions or verbal responses
 D) demonstration, materials to be used and number of responses
- 21) Criteria for acceptable performance include statements addressing duration. Which of the following is NOT an acceptable duration statement? 21) _____
 A) will return within 15 minutes B) begin within five minutes
 C) will complete within one hour D) for no more than 2 weeks
- 22) Generalization is the performance of a skill in an untrained situation. Generalization should occur across: 22) _____
 A) various instructions and instructors B) various settings
 C) various materials D) all of the above
- 23) A hierarchy of levels of learning is helpful in writing objectives because: 23) _____
 A) they suggest observable, measurable behaviors that may occur as the result of both simple and complex learning
 B) focus on a knowledge base
 C) they are written for cognitive, affective, and psychomotor areas
 D) all of the above
- 24) Objectives on the IEP include: 24) _____
 A) long-term goals, short-term objective, and criteria for mastery
 B) short-term objective, person responsible, criteria for mastery, and review date
 C) short-term objective, student's name, and review date
 D) person responsible, parent's responsibility, and latency period
- 25) To write effective objectives, the applied behavior analyst must: 25) _____
 A) Broadly identify a target behavior for instruction
 B) Define the instructional procedures to use for behavior change
 C) Refine broad generalizations into specific, observable, measurable objectives
 D) B and C only
- 26) Educational goals are: 26) _____
 A) Usually 3 to 4 months long
 B) Statements of actual instructional intent
 C) The length of a grading period for students with mild disabilities
 D) Statements of annual program intent
- 27) Behavioral objectives are: 27) _____
 A) Statements of actual instructional intent B) Generically defined

C) Long term in nature

D) Statements of annual program intent

- 28) Which component is missing from the following objective? "Jason will fill the ice cube tray independently during 4 out of 5 sessions." 28) _____
A) Learner B) Target behavior
C) Criteria for acceptable performance D) Condition
- 29) An appropriate behavioral objective must be: 29) _____
A) Observable, measurable and repeatable
B) Modifiable for the numerous environmental settings in which students participate
C) Understandable and broadly defined
D) Recognized as age-appropriate
- 30) _____ refers to repeated practice after an objective has been initially accomplished. 30) _____
A) Response Prompting B) Distributed practice
C) Overlearning D) Fluency
- 31) An optimum number of overlearning opportunities is approximately _____% of the number of trials required for acquisition of the behavior. 31) _____
A) 50% B) 75% C) 33% D) 25%
- 32) Requiring a student to use a method, concept, or theory in various concrete situations requires what level of learning? 32) _____
A) Application B) Comprehension
C) Synthesis D) Evaluation
- 33) Refining broad generalizations into specific, observable, measurable behaviors is known as: 33) _____
A) Specification B) Pinpointing
C) Individualization D) Modification
- 34) Educational goals for individual students must be developed on the basis of evaluation data and consider: 34) _____
A) Prerequisites necessary for acquiring new skills
B) Inappropriate behaviors
C) The student's past and projected rate of development
D) all of the above
- 35) Which component is missing from the following objective? "When presented with a textbook and the verbal directive to read a specific page, Allison will open her book and begin reading." 35) _____
A) Criteria for acceptable performance
B) Target behavior
C) Learner
D) Conditions under which the behavior is to be displayed
- 36) "Point to the correct answer" is an example of which component of a behavioral objective? 36) _____
A) Conditions B) Learner
C) Criteria for acceptable performance D) Target behavior
- 37) It is important for a behavior to be operationally defined because 37) _____
A) It facilitates continuity of instruction
B) It ensures that the teacher is consistently observing the same behavior
C) It allows for confirmation by a third party

D) all of the above

- 38) Which of the following is not an appropriate target behavior for an objective? 38) _____
A) Point to the correct algebraic formula
B) Understand the value of coins
C) Independently operate a microwave oven
D) Increase the number of times student raises her hand during a 30-minute lesson
- 39) *When presented with a fast food menu at Burger Barn, Brooke will place her order within 30 seconds, 8 out of 10 trials over 3 consecutive weeks.* This objective represents the _____ level of response competence. 39) _____
A) Acquisition B) Fluency C) Generalization D) Maintenance
- 40) _____ is the ability to perform a behavior under conditions different from those in place during acquisition. 40) _____
A) Overlearning B) Generalization
C) Distributed Practice D) Fluency
- 41) During the third grade, John learned his multiplication facts. Upon returning to school after the summer break, his fourth-grade teacher tested his ability to recite his multiplication facts. John's fourth-grade teacher was assessing which skill level? 41) _____
A) overlearning B) fluency C) generalization D) maintenance
- 42) Mike's job coach was concerned with his production on the job site. Mike had mastered the assembly skills but was having difficulty keeping up with the competitive job production of his coworkers. Mike's job coach should work on which of the following? 42) _____
A) acquisition B) generalization
C) fluency D) none of the above
- 43) All of the following are reasons for identifying the target behavior in the behavioral objective EXCEPT: 43) _____
A) facilitates continuity of instruction B) consistency in behavior observation
C) required by law D) confirmation by a third party
- 44) Educational goals should consider: 44) _____
A) amount of instructional time available
B) students past and projected rate of development
C) prerequisite skills necessary for acquiring new skills
D) all of the above
- 45) Which of the following would be an example of a long-term educational goal for a student with a severe disability? 45) _____
A) demonstrate knowledge of how to solve an algebraic equation
B) point to the largest item in an array for three consecutive sessions
C) decrease out-of-seat behavior
D) B and C
- 46) When selecting a criterion for mastery, the teacher should consider: 46) _____
A) number of learning opportunities to be provided
B) ability of the student
C) nature of the content
D) all of the above

- 47) Which of the following is NOT one of Bloom's levels of learning? 47) _____
 A) generalization B) synthesis C) analysis D) comprehension
- 48) This level of learning requires students to use a concept in various settings or situations. 48) _____
 A) application B) analysis C) acquisition D) generalization
- 49) A behavioral intervention plan includes: 49) _____
 A) results of a functional assessment
 B) operation definition of the target behavior
 C) intervention strategies
 D) all of the above
- 50) Which of the following components are required for an individual transition plan (ITP)? 50) _____
 A) list of specific transition services to employed
 B) measurable post secondary goals
 C) A and B
 D) none of the above

SHORT ANSWER. Write the word or phrase that best completes each statement or answers the question.

- 51) Educational goals for individual students must be developed on the basis of evaluation data and other factors. Briefly list 5 of these other factors. 51) _____
- 52) The four components of a behavioral objective are: 52) _____
- 53) The IBSO (is the behavior specific and objectives) Test uses three questions to evaluate a description of a target behavior. Discuss each of these. 53) _____
- 54) A measurement of accuracy is only one dimension for evaluating performance. It represents the acquisition level of performance. Briefly describe the other 3 levels of performance. 54) _____
- 55) What are functional skills? 55) _____

ESSAY. Write your answer in the space provided or on a separate sheet of paper.

- 56) Discuss how transition planning has impacted IEP development at the secondary level.
- 57) Compare and contrast Bloom's taxonomy with the four levels of learning (acquisition, fluency, maintenance, generalization).
- 58) Compare and contrast the components of educational goals and behavioral goals. Give an example of each for a student with a disability.
- 59) Describe the importance of operationally defining the target behavior. Write an operational definition for off-task behavior.
- 60) Write a behavioral objective including the four components of a behavioral objective. Describe the importance of each component in writing an effective objective.

- 1) TRUE
- 2) TRUE
- 3) TRUE
- 4) FALSE
- 5) TRUE
- 6) FALSE
- 7) TRUE
- 8) TRUE
- 9) FALSE
- 10) FALSE
- 11) TRUE
- 12) TRUE
- 13) TRUE
- 14) FALSE
- 15) TRUE
- 16) A
- 17) D
- 18) C
- 19) D
- 20) B
- 21) B
- 22) D
- 23) A
- 24) B
- 25) D
- 26) D
- 27) A
- 28) D
- 29) A
- 30) C
- 31) A
- 32) A
- 33) B
- 34) D
- 35) A
- 36) D
- 37) D
- 38) B
- 39) B
- 40) B
- 41) D
- 42) C
- 43) C
- 44) D
- 45) C
- 46) D
- 47) A
- 48) D
- 49) D
- 50) C
- 51) See text for answers.

- 52) See text for answers.
- 53) See text for answers.
- 54) See text for answers.
- 55) See text for answers.
- 56) See text for answers.
- 57) See text for answers.
- 58) See text for answers.
- 59) See text for answers.
- 60) See text for answers.