SOLUTIONS MANUAL



2.1 Introduction to Variables 43

CHAPTER 2 UNDERSTANDING VARIABLES AND SOLVING EQUATIONS

2.1 Introduction to Variables

2.1 Margin Exercises

1. c + 15

The expression is c + 15.

The variable is *c*. It represents the class limit. The constant is 15.

(a) Evaluate the expression c + 3 when c is 25. 2.

$$c+3$$
 Replace c with 25.
 $25+3$

28

Order 28 books.

(b) Evaluate the expression c + 3 when c is 60.

$$\begin{array}{c} c+3 \quad Replace \ c \ with \ 60.\\ \underline{60+3}\\ \underline{63} \end{array}$$

Order 63 books.

- 3. (a) Evaluate the expression 4s when s is 3 feet.
 - Replace s with 3 feet. 4s $4 \cdot 3$ feet 12 feet

The perimeter of the square table is 12 feet.

(b) Evaluate the expression 4s when s is 7 miles.

The perimeter of the square park is 28 miles.

Evaluate the expression $100 + \frac{a}{2}$ when a is 40. 4.

$$100 + \frac{a}{2}$$
 Replace a with 40.

$$100 + \frac{40}{2}$$
 Divide.

$$100 + 20$$
 Add.

$$120$$

The approximate systolic blood pressure is 120.

(a) Evaluate the expression $\frac{t}{a}$ when t is 532 and g 5. is 4.

$$\frac{t}{g}$$
Replace t with 532 and g with 4.
 $\frac{532}{4}$
Divide.

Your average score is 133.

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Value Value Expression **(b)** x - yof xof y1616 - 10 is 6 10100 - 5 is 95 100 53 3 - 7 is -478 0 8 - 0 is 8

(a) Multiplying any number a by 0 gives a product 6. of 0.

Any number	times	zero		
\downarrow	\downarrow	\downarrow		
a	•	<u>0</u>	=	<u>0</u>

(b) Changing the grouping of addends (a, b, c)does not change the sum.

$$(a+b) + c = a + (b+c)$$

(a) x^5 can be written as $x \cdot \underline{x} \cdot \underline{x} \cdot \underline{x} \cdot \underline{x}$ 7.

x is used as a factor 5 times.

- **(b)** $4a^2b^2$ can be written as $4 \cdot a \cdot a \cdot b \cdot b$
- (c) $-10xy^3$ can be written as $-10 \cdot x \cdot y \cdot y \cdot y$

(d)
$$s^4 t u^2$$
 can be written as $s \cdot s \cdot s \cdot s \cdot s \cdot t \cdot u \cdot u$

8. (a)
$$y^3$$
 means

$$y \cdot y \cdot y \qquad Replace \ y \ with -5.$$

$$-5 \cdot (-5) \cdot (-5) \qquad Multiply \ left \ to \ right.$$

$$\underline{25} \cdot (-5)$$

$$-125$$
(b) $r^2 s^2$ means
$$r \cdot r \cdot s \cdot s \qquad Replace \ r \ with \ 6 \ and \ s \ with \ 3.$$

$$\underline{6 \cdot 6} \cdot 3 \cdot \underline{3} \qquad Multiply \ left \ to \ right.$$

$$\underline{36 \cdot 3} \cdot 3$$

$$\underline{108 \cdot 3}$$

(c

324

$$\begin{array}{rcl} 10 \cdot x \cdot y \cdot y & Replace x \ with \ 4 \\ and \ y \ with \ -3. \\ 10 \cdot 4 \cdot (-3) \cdot (-3) & Multiply \ left \ to \ right. \\ \hline 40 \cdot (-3) \cdot (-3) \\ \hline -120 \cdot (-3) \\ \hline 360 \\ \hline (d) \ -3c^4 \ means \\ \hline -3 \cdot c \cdot c \cdot c \cdot c & Replace \ c \ with \ 2. \\ \hline -3 \cdot 2 \cdot 2 \cdot 2 \cdot 2 & Multiply \ left \ to \ right. \\ \hline -6 \cdot 2 \cdot 2 \cdot 2 \end{array}$$

. . .

(c)
$$10xy^2$$
 means
 $10 \cdot x \cdot y \cdot y$

 $-12 \cdot 2 \cdot 2$

(d)

-3

2.1 Section H	Exercises
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1 \$	Section Exercises
1.	c + 4 c is the variable; 4 is the <u>constant</u> .
2.	d + 6 <u>d</u> is the variable; 6 is the constant.
3.	-3 + m m is the variable; -3 is the constant.
4.	-4+n <i>n</i> is the variable; -4 is the constant.
5.	5h h is the variable; 5 is the coefficient.
6.	3s s is the variable;3 is the coefficient.
7.	2c - 10 c is the variable; 2 is the coefficient. 10 is the constant.
8.	6b-1 b is the variable; 6 is the coefficient. 1 is the constant.
9.	x - y • Both x and y are variables.
10.	xy • Both x and y are variables.
11.	-6g + 9 g is the variable; -6 is the coefficient; 9 is the constant.
12.	-10k + 15 k is the variable; -10 is the coefficient; 15 is the constant.
13.	Expression (rule) for ordering robes: $g + 10$
	(a) Evaluate the expression when there are 654 graduates.
	g+10 Replace g with 654. <u>654+10</u> Follow the rule and add.
	<u>664</u> robes must be ordered.
	(b) Evaluate the expression when there are 208 graduates.

g + 10Replace g with 208. Follow the rule and add. 208 + 10218 robes must be ordered.

(c) Evaluate the expression when there are 95 graduates.

g+10Replace g with 95. 95 + 10Follow the rule and add.

105 robes must be ordered.

14.	Expression (rule) for degrees: $c + 37$		
	(a) $45 + 37$ is <u>82</u> degrees.		
	(b) $33 + 37$ is 70 degrees.		
	(c) $58 + 37$ is 95 degrees.		
15.	Expression (rule) for finding perimeter of an equilateral triangle of side length s : $3s$		
	(a) Evaluate the expression when <i>s</i> , the side length, is 11 inches.		
	$\begin{array}{ccc} 3s & Replace \ s \ with \ 11. \\ \underbrace{3 \cdot 11}_{222} & Follow \ the \ rule \ and \ multiply. \end{array}$		
	33 inches is the perimeter.		
	(b) Evaluate the expression when <i>s</i> , the side length, is 3 feet.		
	3s Replace s with 3.		
	3.3 Follow the rule and multiply.		
16	Expression (rule) for perimeter: 5s		
10.	(a) 5.25 meters is 125 meters.		
	(b) $5 \cdot 8$ inches is 40 inches.		
17.	Expression (rule) for ordering brushes: $3c - 5$		
	(a) Evaluate the expression when c, the class size, is 12.		
	3c-5 Replace c with 12.		
	$3 \cdot 12 - 5$ Multiply before subtracting.		
	36 - 5		
	31 brushes must be ordered.		
	(b) Evaluate the expression when c, the class size, is 16.		
	3c-5 Replace c with 16.		
	$3 \cdot 10 - 5$ Multiply before subtracting. 48 - 5		
	43 brushes must be ordered		
18.	Expression (rule) for ordering doughnuts: $2n - 4$		

(a) $2 \cdot 13 - 4$ is 22 doughnuts must be ordered.

- (b) $2 \cdot 18 4$ is 32 doughnuts must be ordered.
- **19.** Expression (rule) for average test score, where p is the total points and t is the number of tests: p/t

(a) Evaluate the expression when p, the total points, is 332 and t, the number of tests, is 4.

$$\frac{p}{t}$$
 Replace p with 332 and t with 4.

$$\frac{332}{4}$$
 Follow the rule and divide.

83 points is the average test score.

(b) Evaluate the expression when p, the total points, is 637 and t, the number of tests, is 7.

$$\frac{p}{t}$$
 Replace p with 637 and t with 7

$$\frac{637}{7}$$
 Follow the rule and divide.
91 points is the average test score.

20. Expression (rule) for buses: $\frac{p}{h}$

(a) $\frac{176}{44}$ is 4 buses.

(b)
$$\frac{72}{36}$$
 is 2 buses.

21.	Value	Expression	Expression
	of x	x + x + x + x	4x
	12	12 + 12 + 12 + 12 is 48	$4 \cdot 12$ is 48
	0	0 + 0 + 0 + 0 is 0	$4 \cdot 0$ is 0
	-5	-5 + (-5) + (-5) + (-5) is -20	$4 \cdot (-5)$ is -20

- 22. Value Expression Expression 3yy + 2yof y10 + 2(10) is 103(10) is 30 10 + 20, or 30-3 + 2(-3) is 3(-3) is -9-3-3 + (-6), or -90 + 2(0) is 0 3(0) is 0 0 + 0, or 0
- 23. Value Value Expression -2x+yof xof y-2(-4) + 5 is 8 + 5, or 13-45-2(-6) + (-2)-6-2is 12 + (-2), or 10 -2(0) + (-8) is 0 -80 + (-8), or -8
- 24. Value Value Expression -2xyof xof y $-2 \cdot (-4) \cdot 5$ is 40 -45-2 $-2 \cdot (-6) \cdot (-2)$ is -24-60 $^{-8}$ $-2 \cdot 0 \cdot (-8)$ is 0
- **25.** A variable is a letter that represents the part of a rule that varies or changes depending on the situation. An expression expresses, or tells, the rule for doing something. For example, c + 5 is an expression, and c is the variable.
- 26. The number part in a multiplication expression is the coefficient. For example, 4 is the coefficient in 4s. A constant is a number that is added or subtracted in an expression. It does not vary. For example, 5 is the constant in c + 5.

27. Multiplying a number by 1 leaves the number unchanged. Let *b* represent "a number."

$$b \cdot 1 = b$$
 or $1 \cdot b = b$

28. Adding 0 to any number leaves the number unchanged. Let *b* represent "any number."

$$b + 0 = b \quad \text{or} \quad 0 + b = b$$

29. Any number divided by 0 is undefined. Let *b* represent "any number."

 $\frac{b}{0}$ is undefined or $b \div 0$ is undefined.

30. Multiplication distributes over addition. Let *a*, *b*, and *c* represent variables.

$$a(b+c) = a \cdot b + a \cdot c$$

31. c^6 written without exponents is

$$c \cdot c \cdot c \cdot c \cdot c \cdot c \cdot c$$

32. d^7 written without exponents is

$$d \cdot d \cdot d \cdot d \cdot d \cdot d \cdot d$$

33. x^4y^3 written without exponents is

 $x \cdot x \cdot x \cdot x \cdot y \cdot y \cdot y$

34. $c^2 d^5$ written without exponents is

 $c \cdot c \cdot d \cdot d \cdot d \cdot d \cdot d$

- **35.** $-3a^{3}b$ can be written as $-3 \cdot a \cdot a \cdot a \cdot b$. The exponent 3 applies only to the base *a*.
- 36. $-8m^2n$ can be written as $-8 \cdot m \cdot m \cdot n$. The exponent 2 applies only to the base m.
- **37.** $9xy^2$ can be written as $9 \cdot x \cdot y \cdot y$. The exponent 2 applies only to the base y.
- **38.** $5ab^4$ can be written as $5 \cdot a \cdot b \cdot b \cdot b \cdot b$. The exponent 4 applies only to the base b.
- **39.** $-2c^5d$ can be written as $-2 \cdot c \cdot c \cdot c \cdot c \cdot c \cdot d$. The exponent 5 applies only to the base c.
- **40.** $-4x^3y$ can be written as $-4 \cdot x \cdot x \cdot x \cdot y$. The exponent 3 applies only to the base x.
- **41.** $a^{3}bc^{2}$ can be written as $a \cdot a \cdot a \cdot b \cdot c \cdot c$. The exponent 3 applies only to the base *a*. The exponent 2 applies only to the base *c*.
- 42. x^2yz^6 can be written as $x \cdot x \cdot y \cdot z \cdot z \cdot z \cdot z \cdot z \cdot z$. The exponent 2 applies only to the base x. The exponent 6 applies only to the base z.
- **43.** Evaluate t^2 when t is -4.

$$t^{2} \text{ means}$$

$$t \cdot t \qquad Replace \ t \ with \ -4.$$

$$-4 \cdot (-4) \qquad Multiply.$$

$$16$$

- **44.** $r^2 = r \cdot r$ Replace r with -3. $-3 \cdot (-3) = 9$
- **45.** Evaluate rs^3 when r is -3 and s is 2.

 rs^3 means $r \cdot s \cdot s \cdot s$ *Replace r with* -3 *and s with* 2*.* $-3 \cdot 2 \cdot 2 \cdot 2$ Multiply left to right. $-6 \cdot 2 \cdot 2$ $-12 \cdot 2$

46. $s^4t = s \cdot s \cdot s \cdot s \cdot t$ **•** Replace *s* with 2 and *t* with -4.

$$2 \cdot 2 \cdot 2 \cdot 2 \cdot (-4) = -64$$

47. Evaluate 3rs when r is -3 and s is 2.

3rs means $3 \cdot r \cdot s$ Replace r with -3 and s with 2. $3 \cdot (-3) \cdot 2$ Multiply left to right. $-9 \cdot 2$ -18

48. 6st • Replace s with 2 and t with -4.

$$6 \cdot 2 \cdot (-4) = -48$$

49. Evaluate $-2s^2t^2$ when s is 2 and t is -4.

 $-2s^2t^2$ means Replace s with 2 $-2 \cdot s \cdot s \cdot t \cdot t$ and t with -4. $-2 \cdot 2 \cdot 2 \cdot (-4) \cdot (-4)$ Multiply left to right. $-4 \cdot 2 \cdot (-4) \cdot (-4)$ $-8 \cdot (-4) \cdot (-4)$ $\underline{32 \cdot (-4)}$

 $-4rs^4 = -4 \cdot r \cdot s \cdot s \cdot s \cdot s$ Replace r with -350. and s with 2.

$$-4 \cdot (-3) \cdot 2 \cdot 2 \cdot 2 \cdot 2 = 192$$

51. Evaluate $r^2 s^5 t^3$ when r is -3, s is 2, and t is -4, using a calculator.

> Replace r with -3, s with 2, $r^2 s^5 t^3$ and t with -4. Use the y^x key. $(-3)^2(2)^5(-4)^3$ Multiply left to right. (9)(32)(-64)(288)(-64)-18,432

52. $r^3 s^4 t^2$ • Use a calculator. Replace r with -3, s with 2, and t with -4.

$$(-3)^3(2)^4(-4)^2 = (-27)(16)(16) = -6912$$

Evaluate $-10r^5s^7$ when r is -3 and s is 2, using a 53. calculator.

$-10r^{5}s^{7}$	Replace r with -3 and s with 2.
$-10 (-3)^5 (2)^7$	Use the y^x key.
-10(-243)(128)	Multiply left to right.
2430(128)	
311,040	

54. $-5s^6t^5$ • Use a calculator. Replace s with 2 and t with -4.

$$-5(2)^6(-4)^5 = -5(64)(-1024) = 327,680$$

55. Evaluate |xy| + |xyz| when x is 4, y is -2, and z is -6.

$$\begin{aligned} |xy| + |xyz| & Replace x with 4, \\ y with -2, and \\ z with -6. \\ Multiply left to \\ right within the \\ abs. value bars. \\ |-8| + |48| & Evaluate the \\ \frac{8 + 48} & Add. \end{aligned}$$

valuate the solute values.

56.
$$x + |y^2| + |xz| = x + |y \cdot y| + |x \cdot z|$$

56

Replace x with 4, y with -2, and z with -6.

$$\begin{aligned} 4+|-2 \cdot (-2)|+|4 \cdot (-6)| &= 4+|4|+|-24| \\ &= 4+4+24 \\ &= 32 \end{aligned}$$

57. Evaluate
$$\frac{z^2}{-3y+z}$$
 when z is -6 and y is -2.

 $\frac{z^2}{-3y+z}$ *Replace z with* -6and y with -2. $\frac{(-6)^2}{-3(-2) + (-6)}$ Follow the order of operations. Numerator: $(-6)^2 = -6 \cdot (-6) = 36$ 360 Denominator: -3(-2) + (-6) = 6 + (-6) = 0Undefined

Division by 0 is undefined.

58. Evaluate $\frac{y^2}{x+2y}$ when x is 4 and y is -2. $\frac{y^2}{x+2 \cdot y} \qquad \begin{array}{c} \text{Replace } x \text{ with } 4 \\ and y \text{ with } -2. \end{array}$ $\frac{(-2)^2}{4+2 \cdot (-2)}$ Follow the order of operations. Numerator: $(-2)^2 = -2 \cdot (-2) = 4$ 4 0 Denominator: $4 + 2 \cdot (-2) = 4 + (-4) = 0$ Undefined Division by 0 is undefined. Relating Concepts (Exercises 59–60) 59. (a) Evaluate $\frac{s}{5}$ when s is 15 seconds. $\frac{\frac{s}{5}}{\frac{15}{5}}$ Replace s with 15. $\frac{15}{5}$ Divide. 3 miles (**b**) Evaluate $\frac{s}{5}$ when s is 10 seconds. $\frac{s}{5}$ Replace s with 10. $\frac{10}{5}$ Divide. 2 miles (c) Evaluate $\frac{s}{5}$ when s is 5 seconds. $\frac{s}{5}$ Replace s with 5. $\frac{5}{5}$ Divide. 1 mile 60. (a) Using part (c) of Exercise 59, the distance

covered in $2\frac{1}{2}$ seconds is half of the distance covered in 5 seconds, or $\frac{1}{2}$ mile.

(b) Using part (a) of Exercise 59, the time to cover $1\frac{1}{2}$ miles is half the time to cover 3 miles, or $7\frac{1}{2}$ seconds. Or, using parts (b) and (c), find the number halfway between 5 seconds and 10 seconds

(c) Using parts (a) and (b) of Exercise 59, find the number halfway between 10 seconds and 15 seconds; that is $12\frac{1}{2}$ seconds.

2.2 Simplifying Expressions

2.2 Margin Exercises

1. (a) $3b^2 + (-3b) + 3 + b^3 + b$ The like terms are -3b and b since the variable parts match; both are b.

The coefficients are $\underline{-3}$ and $\underline{1}$.

(b) $-4xy + 4x^2y + (-4xy^2) + (-4) + 4$ The like terms are the constants, -4 and 4. There are no variable parts. (c) $5r^2 + 2r + (-2r^2) + 5 + 5r^3$ The like terms are $5r^2$ and $-2r^2$ since the variable parts match; both are r^2 . The coefficients are 5 and -2. (d) $-10 + (-x) + (-10x) + (-x^2) + (-10y)$ The like terms are -x and -10x since the variable parts match; both are x. The coefficients are -1 and -10. (a) 10b + 4b + 10b These are like terms. ↓ ↓ (10+4+10)b Add the coefficients. *The variable part, b,* 24bstays the same. **(b)** $y^3 + 8y^3$ These are like terms. $1y^3 + 8y^3$ Rewrite y^3 as $1y^3$. $(1+8)y^3$ Add the coefficients. The variable part, y^3 , $9u^3$ stays the same. (c) -7n - nThese are like terms. -7n - 1nRewrite n as 1n. -7n + (-1n) Change to addition. [-7 + (-1)]nAdd the coefficients. *The variable part, n,* -8nstays the same. (d) 3c - 5c - 4cThese are like terms. 3c + (-5c) + (-4c) Change to addition. [3 + (-5) + (-4)]cAdd the coefficients. *The variable part, c,* -6cstays the same. These are like terms. (e) -9xy + xy-9xy + 1xyRewrite xy as 1xy. (-9+1)xyAdd the coefficients. The variable part, xy, -8xystays the same. (f) $-4p^2 - 3p^2 + 8p^2$ These are like terms. $-4p^2 + (-3p^2) + 8p^2$ Change to addition. $[-4 + (-3) + 8]p^2$ Add the coefficients. *The variable part,* p^2 *,* $1p^2$ or p^2 stays the same. (g) ab - abThese are like terms. 1ab - 1ab*Rewrite ab as 1ab.* 1ab + (-1ab)Change to addition. [1 + (-1)]abAdd the coefficients.

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0ab

n

Zero times anything is zero.

2.

3. (a)
$$3b^2 + 4d^2 + 7b^2$$

 $3b^2 + 7b^2 + 4d^2$
 $(3 + 7)b^2 + 4d^2$
 $10b^2 + 4d^2 + 10b^2$
 $10b^2 + 4d^2 + 10b^2$
 $10b^2 + 10b^2 + 10b^$

(a) 7(4c) means $7 \cdot (4 \cdot c)$. Using the associative 4. property, it can be rewritten as

$$\underbrace{(7 \cdot 4) \cdot c}_{\underline{28} \cdot c}$$

(b) $-3(5y^3)$ can be written as

$$\underbrace{\frac{(-3\boldsymbol{\cdot}5)}{-15\boldsymbol{\cdot}y^3}\boldsymbol{\cdot}y^3}_{-15y^3}$$

ıe operty.

$$L^2$$
 Combine $3b^2 + 7b^2$.
Add the coefficients.

addition. ng the ve property. s Ib. efficients s.

the property. ficients

iything

addition. -y as -ly. sing the tive prop. oefficients ms.

(c) 20(-2a) can be written as

$$\underbrace{\underbrace{[20 \cdot (-2)]}_{-40 \cdot a}}_{-40a}$$

(d)
$$-10(-x)$$

 $-10(-1x)$
 $\underbrace{(-10 \cdot (-1))}_{10 \cdot x} \cdot x$
 \underbrace{x}_{10x}
Rewrite $-x$ as $-1x$.
can be written as

- 5. (a) 7(a+10) can be written as $\underline{7 \cdot a} + \underline{7 \cdot 10}$ <u>7a + 70</u>
 - (b) 3(x-3) can be written as $\underline{3 \cdot x} - \underline{3 \cdot 3}$ 3x - 9
 - (c) 4(2y+6) can be written as $4 \cdot 2y + 4 \cdot 6$ $4 \cdot 2 \cdot y + 24$ $\underbrace{8 \cdot y}{} + 24$ 8y + 24
 - (d) -5(3b+2) $\underbrace{-5 \cdot 3b}_{-5 \cdot 2} + \underbrace{(-5) \cdot 2}_{-5 \cdot 2}$ -15b + (-10)Multiply. Change addition -15b - 10to subtraction.
 - (e) -8(c+4) $\underbrace{-8 \cdot c}_{-8c} + \underbrace{-8 \cdot 4}_{(-32)}$ Multiply. Change addition -8c - 32to subtraction.
- 6. (a) -4 + 5(y+1)Distributive property $-4 + 5 \cdot y + 5 \cdot 1$ *Rewrite using the* -4 + 5y + 5commutative property. $\underbrace{-4+5}_{1+5y} + 5y \quad Con$ Combine constants.
 - **(b)** 2(3w+4) 5Distributive property $2 \cdot 3w + 2 \cdot 4 - 5$ Multiply. $6w + \underbrace{8-5}_{6w+3}$ Combine constants.

2.2 Simplifying Expressions 49

(c) 5(6x-2) + 3x Distributive property $5 \cdot 6x - 5 \cdot 2 + 3x$ Multiply. 30x - 10 + 3x Change to addition. 30x + (-10) + 3x Rewrite using the commutative property. 30x + 3x + (-10) (30 + 3)x + (-10) Add the coefficients of like terms.33x - 10

(d)
$$21 + 7(a^2 - 3)$$
 Distributive property
 $21 + 7 \cdot a^2 - \underline{7 \cdot 3}$ Multiply.
 $21 + 7a^2 - 21$ Change to addition.
 $21 + 7a^2 + (-21)$ Rewrite using the
commutative property.
 $\underline{21 + (-21)} + 7a^2$ Combine constants.
 $\underline{0 + 7a^2}$

(e)

$$\begin{array}{rl} -y+3(2y+5)-18 & Distributive property \\ -y+3\cdot 2y+3\cdot 5-18 & Rewrite-y\ as-ly. \\ -1y+6y+15+(-18) & Change\ to\ addition. \\ \underbrace{(-1+6)}_{5y+(-3)}y+[15+(-18)] & Add\ the\ coefficients \\ of\ like\ terms. \end{array}$$

2.2 Section Exercises

- 1. $2b^2 + 2b + 2b^3 + b^2 + 6 = 2b^2$ and b^2 are the only like terms in the expression. The variable parts match; both are b^2 . The coefficients are <u>2</u> and <u>1</u>.
- 2. $3x + x^3 + 3x^2 + 3 + 2x^3 = x^3$ and $2x^3$ are like terms. The variable parts match; both are x^3 . The coefficients are 1 and 2.
- **3.** $-x^2y + (-xy) + 2xy + (-2xy^2) xy$ and 2xy are the like terms in the expression. The variable parts match; both are xy. The coefficients are -1 and 2.
- 4. $ab^2 + (-a^2b) + 2ab + (-3a^2b) a^2b$ and $-3a^2b$ are like terms. The variable parts match; both are a^2b . The coefficients are -1 and -3.
- 5. $7 + 7c + 3 + 7c^3 + (-4) = 7$, 3, and -4 are like terms. There are no variable parts; constants are considered like terms.
- 6. $4d + (-5) + 1 + (-5d^2) + 4 = -5, 1, \text{ and } 4$ are like terms. There are no variable parts; constants are considered like terms.

7.
$$6r + 6r$$
 These are like terms.
 $\downarrow \downarrow \downarrow$ Add the coefficients.
 $(6+6)r$

 $\frac{12}{r}$ The variable part, r, stays the same.

8. 4t + 10t These are like terms. $\downarrow \downarrow \downarrow$ Add the coefficients. (4+10)t

> $\frac{14}{2}t$ The variable part, t, stays the same.

9. $x^2 + 5x^2$ These are like terms. Rewrite x^2 as $1x^2$. $1x^2 + 5x^2$ Add the coefficients. $(1+5)x^2$

$$6x^2$$
 The variable part, x^2 ,
stays the same.

10.
$$9y^3 + y^3 = 9y^3 + 1y^3$$

= $(9+1)y^3$
= $10y^3$

12.
$$n - 3n = 1n + (-3n)$$

= $[1 + (-3)]n$
= $-2n$

13.
$$-2a^3 - a^3$$
 These are like terms.
Rewrite a^3 as $1a^3$.
 $-2a^3 - 1a^3$ Change to addition.
 $-2a^3 + (-1a^3)$ Add the coefficients.
 $[-2 + (-1)]a^3$
 $-3a^3$ The variable part, a^3

14.
$$-10x^2 - x^2 = -10x^2 - 1x^2$$

= $-10x^2 + (-1x^2)$
= $[-10 + (-1)]x^2$
= $-11x^2$

15.
$$c-c$$

0 Any number minus itself is 0.

16.
$$b^2 - b^2$$

0 Any number minus itself is 0.

17.
$$9xy + xy - 9xy$$

 $9xy + 1xy - 9xy$
 $9xy + 1xy - 9xy$
 $9xy + 1xy + (-9xy)$
 $1xy$ or xy These are like terms.
Rewrite xy as $1xy$.
 $[9 + 1 + (-9)]xy$
 $1xy$ or xy
 $1xy$ or xy
 $1xy$ or $r^2s = 1r^2s + (-7r^2s) + 7r^2s$
 $= [1 + (-7) + 7]r^2s$
 $= 1r^2s$ or r^2s **18.** $r^2s - 7r^2s + 7r^2s + 7r^2s = 1r^2s + (-7r^2s) + 7r^2s$
 $= 1r^2s$ or r^2s **19.** $5t^4 + 7t^4 - 6t^4$
 $6t^4$
 $10mn - 9mn + 3mn = 10mn + (-9mn) + 3mn$
 $= [10 + (-9) + 3]mn$
 $= 4mn$ **20.** $10mn - 9mn + 3mn = 10mn + (-9mn) + 3mn$
 $= [10 + (-9) + 3]mn$
 $= 4mn$ **21.** $y^2 + y^2 + y^2 + y^2$
 $1y^2 + 1y^2 + 1y^2$
 $1y^2 + 1y^2 + 1y^2 + 1y^2 + 1y^2$
 $1y^2 + 1y^2 + 1y^2 + 1y^2$
 $1y^2 + 1y^2 + 1y^2 + 1y^2$
 $1y^2 + 1y^2 + 1y^2 + 1y^2 + 1y^2$
 $1y^2 + 1y^2 + 1y^2 + 1y^2 + 1y^2 + 1y^2$
 $1y^2 + 1y^2 + 1y^$

26.
$$6x + 5y + 4y = 6x + (5+4)y$$

= $6x + 9y$

27. 6+8+7rs Use the commutative property to put the constants at the end. 7rs+6+8 Add the coefficients of like terms. 7rs+14 The only like terms are constants.

28.
$$10 + 2c^2 + 15 = 2c^2 + 10 + 15$$

= $2c^2 + 25$

29.
$$a + ab^2 + ab^2$$

 $1a + 1ab^2 + 1ab^2$
 $1a + (1 + 1)ab^2$
 $1a + 2ab^2$,
or $a + 2ab^2$
 $a + ab^2 + ab^2$
 $Add the coefficients of l.$
 $Add the coefficients of l.$

30.
$$n + mn + n = 1n + 1mn + 1n$$

= $1mn + 1n + 1n$
= $1mn + 2n$ or $mn + 2n$

31.
$$6x + y - 8x + y$$

 $6x + 1y + (-8x) + 1y$
 $6x + (-8x) + 1y + 1y$
 $(6x + (-8x) + 1y + 1y)$
 $(6x + (-8x) + 1y + 1y)$
 $(6x + (-8x) + 1y + 1y)$
 $(6x + (-8)) + 1y + 1y$
 $(6x + (-8)) + 1y + 1y)$
 $(6x + (-8)) + 1y + 1y)$
 $(-2x + 2y)$
 $(-2x + 2y)$
 $(-2x + 2y)$
 $Write in the understood
coefficients of 1.
Change to addition.
Rewrite using the
commutative property.
Add the coefficients of
like terms.$

32.
$$d + 3c - 7c + 3d = 1d + 3c + (-7c) + 3d$$

= $3c + (-7c) + 1d + 3d$
= $[3 + (-7)]c + (1 + 3)d$
= $-4c + 4d$

33.
$$8b^{2} - a^{2} - b^{2} + a^{2}$$

$$8b^{2} - 1a^{2} - 1b^{2} + 1a^{2}$$

$$8b^{2} - 1a^{2} - 1b^{2} + 1a^{2}$$

$$8b^{2} + (-1a^{2}) + (-1b^{2}) + 1a^{2}$$

$$8b^{2} + (-1b^{2}) + (-1a^{2}) + 1a^{2}$$

$$8b^{2} + (-1b^{2}) + (-1a^{2}) + 1a^{2}$$

$$8b^{2} + (-1b^{2}) + (-1a^{2}) + 1a^{2}$$

$$\frac{Add}{ble} coefficients}{of like terms.}$$

$$\frac{[8 + (-1)]}{7b^{2}} + \underbrace{(-1 + 1)}_{0 \cdot a^{2}} a^{2}$$

$$7b^{2} + 0$$

$$7b^{2}$$

34. $5ab - ab + 3a^{2}b - 4ab$ $= 5ab + (-1ab) + 3a^{2}b + (-4ab)$ $= 5ab + (-1ab) + (-4ab) + 3a^{2}b$ $= [5 + (-1) + (-4)]ab + 3a^{2}b$ $= 0ab + 3a^{2}b$ $= 3a^{2}b$

- **35.** $-x^3 + 3x 3x^2 + 2$ There are no like terms. The expression cannot be simplified.
- **36.** $a^2b 2ab ab^3 + 3a^3b$ There are no like terms. The expression cannot be simplified.
- **37.** -9r + 6t s 5r + s + t 6t + 5s rWrite in the understood coefficients of 1. Change to addition. -9r + 6t + (-1s) + (-5r) + 1s + 1t + (-6t) + 5s + (-1r)Rewrite using the commutative property.

$$-9r + (-5r) + (-1r) + (-1s) + 1s + 5s$$

+ 6t + 1t + (-6t)

Add the coefficients of like terms.

$$\underbrace{[-9+(-5)+(-1)]}_{r+(-1+1+5)s} + \underbrace{[6+1+(-6)]}_{r+5s}t$$

$$-15r + 5s + 1t$$

38.
$$-x - 3y + 4z + x - z + 5y - 8x - y$$
$$= -1x + (-3y) + 4z + 1x + (-1z) + 5y$$
$$+ (-8x) + (-1y)$$
$$= -1x + 1x + (-8x) + (-3y) + 5y + (-1y)$$
$$+ 4z + (-1z)$$
$$= [-1 + 1 + (-8)]x + [-3 + 5 + (-1)]y$$
$$+ [4 + (-1)]z$$
$$= -8x + 1y + 3z \text{ or } -8x + y + 3z$$

- **39.** By using the associative property, we can write 3(10a) as
 - $(3 \cdot 10) \cdot a = 30 \cdot a = 30a.$

So, 3(10a) simplifies to 30a.

40.
$$8(4b) = (8 \cdot 4)b$$

= 32b

41. By using the associative property, we can write $-4(2x^2)$ as

$$(-4 \cdot 2) \cdot x^2 = -8 \cdot x^2 = -8x^2.$$

So,
$$-4(2x^2)$$
 simplifies to $-8x^2$.

42.
$$-7(3b^3) = (-7 \cdot 3)b^3$$

= $-21b^3$

43. By using the associative property, we can write $5(-4y^3)$ as

$$[5 \cdot (-4)] \cdot y^3 = -20 \cdot y^3 = -20y^3.$$

So, $5(-4y^3)$ simplifies to $-20y^3$.

44.
$$2(-6x) = [2 \cdot (-6)]x$$

= $-12x$

45. By using the associative property, we can write -9(-2cd) as

$$[-9 \cdot (-2)] \cdot c \cdot d = 18 \cdot c \cdot d = 18cd.$$

So,
$$-9(-2cd)$$
 simplifies to $18cd$.

- **46.** $-6(-4rs) = [-6 \cdot (-4)]rs$ = 24rs
- 47. By using the associative property, we can write $7(3a^2bc)$ as

$$(7\boldsymbol{\cdot}3)\boldsymbol{\cdot}a^2\boldsymbol{\cdot}b\boldsymbol{\cdot}c=21\boldsymbol{\cdot}a^2\boldsymbol{\cdot}b\boldsymbol{\cdot}c=21a^2bc$$

So, $7(3a^2bc)$ simplifies to $21a^2bc$.

48.
$$4(2xy^2z^2) = (4 \cdot 2)xy^2z^2$$

= $8xy^2z^2$

49.
$$-12(-w)$$
Write in the understood
coefficient of -1 . $-12(-1w)$ Rewrite using the
associative property. $[-12 \cdot (-1)]w$ $12 \cdot w$
 $12w$

50.
$$-10(-k) = -10(-1k)$$

= $[-10 \cdot (-1)]k$
= $10k$

51.
$$6(b+6)$$
 Distributive property
 $\underline{6 \cdot b} + \underline{6 \cdot 6}$
 $\underline{6b} + \underline{36}$

- **52.** 5(a+3) Distributive property $5 \cdot a + 5 \cdot 3$ 5a + 15
- **53.** 7(x-1) Distributive property $7 \cdot x - 7 \cdot 1$ 7x - 7
- **54.** $4(y-4) = 4 \cdot y 4 \cdot 4$ = 4y - 16
- **55.** 3(7t + 1) *Distributive property* $3 \cdot 7t + 3 \cdot 1$ 21t + 3

56.
$$8(2c+5) = 8 \cdot 2c + 8 \cdot 5$$

= $16c + 40$

57.
$$-2(5r+3)$$
 Distributive property
 $-2 \cdot 5r + (-2) \cdot 3$
Change addition
 $-10r + (-6)$ to subtraction

of the opposite.

$$-10r + (-6)$$

-10r - 6

58. $-5(6z+2) = -5 \cdot 6z + (-5) \cdot 2$ **69.** -5(k+5)+5kDistributive property $-5 \cdot k + (-5) \cdot 5 + 5k$ = -30z + (-10)or -30z - 10*Rewrite using the* -5k + (-25) + 5kcommutative property. 59. -9(k+4)Distributive property Add the coefficients $-9 \cdot k + (-9) \cdot 4$ -5k + 5k + (-25)of like terms. Change addition (-5+5)k + (-25)-9k + (-36)to subtraction of the opposite. Zero times any 0k + (-25)-9k - 36number is 0. 60. $-3(p+7) = -3 \cdot p + (-3) \cdot 7$ Zero added to any $\underbrace{0 + (-25)}_{25}$ = -3p + (-21)number is the number or -3p - 2161. 50(m-6)*Distributive property* 70. $-7(p+2) + 7p = -7 \cdot p + (-7) \cdot 2 + 7p$ $50 \cdot m - 50 \cdot 6$ = -7p + (-14) + 7p50m - 300= 0p + (-14) $25(n-1) = 25 \cdot n - 25 \cdot 1$ 62. = 25n - 25= 0 + (-14)10 + 2(4y + 3)63. *Distributive property* = -14 $10 + 2 \cdot 4 \cdot y + 2 \cdot 3$ 4(6x-3)+1271. *Distributive property* Rewrite using the 10 + 8y + 6commutative property. $4 \cdot 6x - 4 \cdot 3 + 12$ 8y + 10 + 6Combine like terms. 24x - 12 + 12Change to addition. 8y + 16Combine like terms. 64. $4 + 7(x^2 + 3) = 4 + 7 \cdot x^2 + 7 \cdot 3$ 24x + (-12) + 12Any number plus its $=4+7x^{2}+21$ opposite is 0. $=7x^2+25$ 24x + 0 $6(a^2-2)+15$ Distributive property 65. 24x $6 \cdot a^2 - 6 \cdot 2 + 15$ 72. $6(3y-3) + 18 = 6 \cdot 3y - 6 \cdot 3 + 18$ $6a^2 - 12 + 15$ Combine like terms. $6a^2 + 3$ = 18y - 18 + 18= 18y + (-18) + 18 $5(b-4) + 25 = 5 \cdot b - 5 \cdot 4 + 25$ 66. = 5b - 20 + 25= 18y= 5b + (-20) + 25= 5b + 573. 5+2(3n+4)-n Distributive property 67. 2+9(m-4) Distributive property $5+2\cdot 3n+2\cdot 4-n$ Rewrite n as 1n. $2 + 9 \cdot m - 9 \cdot 4$ 5 + 6n + 8 - 1nChange to addition. 2 + 9m - 36 Change to addition. Rewrite using the 2+9m+(-36) Rewrite using the 5 + 6n + 8 + (-1n)commutative property. commutative property. 9m + 2 + (-36) Add the coefficients Add the coefficients 5 + 8 + 6n + (-1n)of like terms. of like terms. (5+8) + [6+(-1)]nChange addition to subtraction 9m + (-34)of the opposite. 13 + 5n or 5n + 139m - 3474. $8 + 8(4z + 5) - z = 8 + 8 \cdot 4z + 8 \cdot 5 - 1z$ $6+3(n-8)=6+3\cdot n-3\cdot 8$ **68**. = 6 + 3n - 24= 8 + 32z + 40 + (-1z)= 31z + 48= 6 + 3n + (-24)= 3n + (-18) or 3n - 18Copyright © 2014 Pearson Education, Inc.

Summary Exercises Variables and Expressions 53

75.

$$-p + 6(2p - 1) + 5$$
 Distributive property

 $-p + 6 \cdot 2p - 6 \cdot 1 + 5$
 $-p + 12p - 6 + 5$
 Rewrite $-p \text{ as } -1p$.

 $-p + 12p - 6 + 5$
 $Add \text{ the coefficients}$
 $-1p + 12p + (-6) + 5$
 $Add \text{ the coefficients}$
 $(-1 + 12)p + (-6 + 5)$
 $11p + (-1)$
 $11p - 1$
 Change addition to subt. of the opposite.

 $11p - 1$
 $76.$
 $-k + 3(4k - 1) + 2$
 $= -1k + 3 \cdot 4k - 3 \cdot 1 + 2$
 $= -1k + 12k - 3 + 2$

- 77. A simplified expression usually still has variables, but it is written in a simpler way. When evaluating an expression, the variables are all replaced by specific numbers and the final result is a numerical answer.
- **78.** 5(3x+2)5(2+3x) $=5 \cdot 3x + 5 \cdot 2$ $=5 \cdot 2 + 5 \cdot 3x$ = 15x + 10= 10 + 15xThe answers are equivalent because of the

= -1k + 12k + (-3) + 2= 11k + (-1) or 11k - 1

commutative property of addition.

- **79.** Like terms have matching variable parts, that is, matching letters and exponents. The coefficients do not have to match. Examples will vary. Possible examples: In -6x + 9 + x, the terms -6x and x are like terms. In $4k + 3 - 8k^2 + 10$, the terms 3 and 10 are like terms.
- 80. Add the coefficients of like terms. If no coefficient is shown, it is assumed to be 1. Keep the variable part the same. Examples will vary.

$$81. \quad \underbrace{-2x + 7x}_{5x + 8} + 8$$

Keep the variable part unchanged when combining like terms. As shown above, the correct answer is 5x + 8.

82. In the last step, do not change the sign of the first term. The correct answer is -4a - 5. D. ...

83.
$$-4(3y) - 5 + 2(5y + 7)$$

$$-4 \cdot 3y - 5 + 2 \cdot 5y + 2 \cdot 7$$

$$-12y - 5 + 10y + 14$$

$$-12y + (-5) + 10y + 14$$

$$-12y + (-5) + 10y + 14$$

$$-12y + (-5) + 10y + 14$$

$$-12y + 10y + (-5) + 14$$

$$-2y + 9$$

$$-2y + 9$$

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84.
$$6(-3x) - 9 + 3(-2x + 6)$$

= $-18x - 9 + 3 \cdot (-2x) + 3 \cdot 6$
= $-18x + (-9) + (-6x) + 18$
= $-24x + 9$

85.
$$-10 + 4(-3b + 3) + 2(6b - 1)$$

Distributive property
 $-10 + 4 \cdot (-3b) + 4 \cdot 3 + 2 \cdot 6b - 2 \cdot 1$
 $-10 + (-12b) + 12 + 12b - 2$
Change to addition.
 $-10 + (-12b) + 12 + 12b + (-2)$
Group like terms and add the coefficients.
 $-12b + 12b + -10 + 12 + (-2)$
 $0b + 0$
 0

86.
$$12 + 2(4a - 4) + 4(-2a - 1)$$

= $12 + 2 \cdot 4a - 2 \cdot 4 + 4 \cdot (-2a) - 4 \cdot 1$
= $12 + 8a - 8 + (-8a) - 4$
= $12 + 8a + (-8) + (-8a) + (-4)$
= $8a + (-8a) + 12 + (-8) + (-4)$
= 0

87.
$$-5(-x+2) + 8(-x) + 3(-2x-2) + 16$$

Distributive property

$$-5 \cdot (-x) + (-5) \cdot 2 + 8 \cdot (-x) + 3 \cdot (-2x)$$

$$-3 \cdot 2 + 16$$

$$5x + (-10) + (-8x) + (-6x) - 6 + 16$$

Change to addition.

$$5x + (-10) + (-8x) + (-6x) + (-6) + 16$$

Group like terms and add the coefficients.

$$5x + (-8x) + (-6x) + (-10 + (-6) + 16)$$

$$-9x + 0$$

$$-9x$$

88.
$$-7(-y) + 6(y-1) + 3(-2y) + 6 - y$$

= 7y + 6y - 6 + (-6y) + 6 - y
= 7y + 6y + (-6) + (-6y) + 6 + (-1y)
= 7y + 6y + (-6y) + (-1y) + (-6) + 6
= 6y

Summary Exercises Variables and Expressions

- 1. -10 - mm is the variable; or -10 - 1m -1 is the coefficient; -10 is the constant.
- -8cd c and d are the variables: 2. -8 is the coefficient.
- 6 + 4x x is the variable: 3. 4 is the coefficient; 6 is the constant.

4. Expression (rule) for finding the perimeter of an octagon of side length s: 8s

(a) Evaluate the expression when *s*, the side length, is 4 yards.

8s Replace s with 4.8•4, Follow the rule and multiply.

32 yards is the perimeter.

(b) Evaluate the expression when s, the side length, is 15 inches.

- 8s Replace s with 15.
 8.15 Follow the rule and multiply.
 120 inches is the perimeter.
- 5. Expression (rule) for finding the total cost of a car with down payment d, monthly payment m, and number of payments t: d + mt

(a) Evaluate the expression when the down payment is \$3000, the monthly payment is \$280, and the number of payments is 36.

d + mt	<i>Replace d with \$3000, m with \$280, and t with 36.</i>
$\underbrace{\$3000 + \$280 \cdot 36}$	Multiply before adding.

\$3000 + \$10,080

\$13,080 is the total cost of the car.

(b) Evaluate the expression when the down payment is \$1750, the monthly payment is \$429, and the number of payments is 48.

 $\begin{array}{ll} d+mt & Replace \ d \ with \ \$1750, m \\ with \ \$429, \ and \ t \ with \ 48. \\ \$1750+\$429 \cdot 48 & Multiply \ before \ adding. \end{array}$

\$22,342 is the total cost of the car.

6. ad^4 written without exponents is

 $a \cdot d \cdot d \cdot d \cdot d$

7. b^3cd written without exponents is

 $b \cdot b \cdot b \cdot c \cdot d$

8. $-7ab^5c^2$ written without exponents is

$$-7 \cdot a \cdot b \cdot b \cdot b \cdot b \cdot b \cdot c \cdot c$$

9. $w^4 = w \cdot w \cdot w \cdot w$ • Replace w with 5. $5 \cdot 5 \cdot 5 \cdot 5$ Multiply left to right. $25 \cdot 5 \cdot 5$

<u>125•5</u>

- 625
- **10.** 5xz Replace x with -2 and z with 0. If 0 is multiplied by any number, the result is 0. Thus, there is no need to make any calculations since the result is 0.

- **11.** $yz^2 \bullet$ Replace y with -6 and z with 0. If 0 is multiplied by any number, the result is 0. Thus, there is no need to make any calculations since the result is 0.
- 12. wxy = Replace w with 5, x with -2, and y with -6.

$$\underbrace{\underbrace{5 \cdot (-2)}_{60} \cdot (-6)}_{60}$$
 Multiply left to right.

13.
$$x^3 = x \cdot x \cdot x$$
 • Replace x with -2.

$$\underbrace{-2 \cdot (-2)}_{4 \cdot (-2)} \cdot (-2)$$
Multiply left to right
$$\underbrace{4 \cdot (-2)}_{-8}$$

14. -4wy • Replace w with 5 and y with -6. $\underbrace{-4 \cdot 5 \cdot (-6)}_{120}$ Multiply left to right.

15. $3xy^2 = 3 \cdot x \cdot y \cdot y$ Replace x with -2 and y with -6. $2 \cdot (-6) \cdot (-6)$ Multiply left to right.

$$\underbrace{3 \cdot (-2)}_{-6 \cdot (-6)} \cdot (-6) \quad Multiply left to right$$
$$\underbrace{-6 \cdot (-6)}_{36 \cdot (-6)} \cdot (-6)$$
$$\underbrace{-216}_{-216}$$

16. $w^2 x^5 = w \cdot w \cdot x \cdot x \cdot x \cdot x \cdot x$ Replace w with 5 and x with -2. Multiply left to right.

$$\underbrace{\underbrace{5 \cdot 5}_{-2} \cdot (-2) \cdot (-2) \cdot (-2) \cdot (-2) \cdot (-2)}_{25 \cdot (-2) \cdot (-2) \cdot (-2) \cdot (-2) \cdot (-2) \cdot (-2)}_{-50 \cdot (-2) \cdot (-2) \cdot (-2) \cdot (-2)}_{100 \cdot (-2) \cdot (-2) \cdot (-2)}_{-200 \cdot (-2) \cdot (-2)}_{-200 \cdot (-2) \cdot (-2)}_{-800}$$

17. $-7wx^4y^3$ • Use a calculator. Replace w with 5, x with -2, and y with -6.

$$-7(5)(-2)^4(-6)^3 = -35(16)(-216) = 120,960$$

18.
$$10b + 4b + 10b = (10 + 4 + 10)b$$

= 24b

19.
$$-3x - 5 + 12 + 10x = -3x + 10x + (-5) + 12 = (-3 + 10)x + (-5 + 12) = 7x + 7$$

2.3 Solving Equations Using Addition 55

20.
$$-8(c+4) = -8 \cdot c + (-8) \cdot 4$$

 $= -8c + (-32)$
 or $-8c - 32$
21. $-9xy + 9xy = (-9 + 9)xy$
 $= 0xy$
 $= 0$
22. $-4(-3c^2d) = [-4 \cdot (-3)] \cdot c^2d$
 $= 12c^2d$
23. $3f - 5f - 4f = 3f + (-5f) + (-4f)$
 $= [3 + (-5) + (-4)]f$
 $= -6f$
24. $2(3w + 4) = 2 \cdot 3w + 2 \cdot 4$
 $= (2 \cdot 3)w + 2 \cdot 4$
 $= 6w + 8$
25. $-a - 6b - a = -a + (-6b) + (-a)$
 $= -a + (-a) + (-6b)$
 $= -1a + (-1a) + (-6b)$
 $= -2a + (-6b)$
 $or -2a - 6b$
26. $-10(-5x^3y^2) = [-10 \cdot (-5)] \cdot x^3y^2$
 $= 50x^3y^2$
27. $5r^3 + 2r^2 - 2r^2 + 5r^3$
 $= \frac{5r^3 + 5r^3}{2} + \frac{2r^2 + (-2r^2)}{2}$
 $= 10r^3 + 0$
 $= 10r^3$
28. $21 + 7(h^2 - 3) = 21 + 7 \cdot h^2 - 7 \cdot 3$
 $= 21 + 7h^2 - 21$
 $= 7h^2$

29.
$$-3(m+3) + 3m = -3 \cdot m + (-3) \cdot 3 + 3m$$

 $= -3m + 3m + (-9)$
 $= (-3 + 3) \cdot m + (-9)$
 $= 0m + (-9)$
 $= 0 + (-9)$
 $= -9$
30. $-4(8y - 5) + 5 = -4 \cdot 8y - (-4) \cdot 5 + 5$
 $= (-4 \cdot 8) \cdot y - (-20) + 5$
 $= -32y + 20 + 5$
 $= -32y + 25$

$$= -32y + 25$$
31. $2 + 12(3x - 1) = 2 + 12 \cdot 3x - 12 \cdot 1$
 $= 2 + (12 \cdot 3) \cdot x - 12$
 $= 2 + (-12) + 36x$
 $= -10 + 36x$
or $36x - 10$

32.
$$-n + 5(4n - 2) + 11$$

= $-n + 5 \cdot 4n - 5 \cdot 2 + 11$
= $-n + (5 \cdot 4) \cdot n - 10 + 11$

$$= -n + 20n + (-10) + 11$$

= (-1 + 20) • n + 1
= 19n + 1

33. (a) Simplifying the expression correctly:

$$6(n+2) = 6 \cdot n + 6 \cdot 2$$

= $6n + 12$

The student forgot to multiply $6 \cdot 2$.

(b) Simplifying the expression correctly:

$$-5(-4a) = [-5 \cdot (-4)] \cdot a$$
$$= 20a$$

Two negative factors give a *positive* product.

(c) Simplifying the expression correctly:

$$3y + 2y - 10 = (3 + 2)y - 10$$

= 5y - 10

Keep the variable part unchanged; that is, adding y's to y's gives an answer with y's, not y^2 's.

34. In the last step, do not change the sign of the first term; keep -7x as -7x. The correct answer is -7x - 9.

2.3 Solving Equations Using Addition

2.3 Margin Exercises

1.	(a)	c + 15 = 80	Given equation
		$95 + 15 \stackrel{?}{=} 80$	Replace c with 95.
		$110 \neq 80$	110 is more than 80.
		No, 95 is not the	he solution.
		$65 + 15 \stackrel{?}{=} 80$	Replace c with 65.
		80 = 80	Balances
		Yes, 65 is the s	solution.
		(No need to ch	eck 80 and 70.)
	(b)	28 = c - 4	Given equation
		$28 \stackrel{?}{=} 28 - 4$	Replace c with 28.
		$28 \neq 24$	•
		No, 28 is not t	he solution.
		$28 \stackrel{?}{=} 20 - 4$	Replace c with 20.
		$28 \neq 16$	
		No, 20 is not the solution.	
		$28 \stackrel{?}{=} 24 - 4$	Replace c with 24.
		$28 \neq 20$	
		No, 24 is not t	he solution.
		$28 \stackrel{?}{=} 32 - 4$	Replace c with 32.
		28 = 28	Balances
		Yes, 32 is the	solution.

2. (a) Solve 12 = y + 5 for y.

To get y by itself, add the opposite of 5, which is -5. To keep the balance, add -5 to *both* sides.

$$12 = y + 5$$

$$\frac{-5}{7} = \frac{-5}{y + 0}$$

$$7 = \underline{y}$$
 The solution is 7.

- Check 12 = y + 5 Original equation $12 = \underline{7+5}$ Replace y with 7. $12 = \underline{12}$ Balances, so solution is 7.
- **(b)** Solve b 2 = -6 for *b*.

Change to addition.

$$b + (-2) = -6$$

To get *b* by itself add the opposite of -2, which is 2, to both sides.

$$b + (-2) = -6$$

$$\frac{2}{b+0} = \frac{2}{-4}$$

$$b = -4$$
 The solution is -4

Check

b-2 = -6 Original equation -4-2 = -6 Replace b with -4. -4 + (-2) = -6-6 = -6 Balances

3. (a) 2-8 = k-2 • Rewrite both sides by changing subtraction to addition. Combine like terms.

$$2 + (-8) = k + (-2)$$

-6 = k + (-2)

To get k by itself add the opposite of -2, which is 2, to both sides.

$$-6 = k + (-2)$$

$$\frac{2}{-4} = \underbrace{\frac{2}{k+0}}_{-4}$$
The solution is -4.

Check

2-8 = k-2 2-8 = -4-2 2+(-8) = -4+(-2) -6 = -6Balances
Original equation
Replace k with -4.

(b) 4r + 1 - 3r = -8 + 11 • Change to addition.

$$4r + 1 + (-3r) = -8 + 11$$

Rewrite the left side by using the commutative property.

$$4r + (-3r) + 1 = -8 + 11 Combine like terms.$$

$$1r + 1 = 3 To get r by itself,$$

$$-1 -1 add - 1 to both sides$$

$$1r + 0 = 2$$

$$1r = 2$$
or $r = 2$ The solution is 2.
Check
$$4r + 1 - 3r = -8 + 11$$

$$4 \cdot 2 + 1 - 3 \cdot 2 = -8 + 11 Replace r with 2.$$

$$8 + 1 - 6 = 3$$

$$9 - 6 - 3$$

Balances

2.3 Section Exercises

1. n-50 = 8 • Replace *n* with 58, 42, 60, and 8.

3 = 3

- n-50 = 8 Given equation $58-50 \stackrel{?}{=} 8$ Replace n with 58. $58 + (-50) \stackrel{?}{=} 8$ 8 = 8Yes, 58 is the solution. (No need to check 42, 60, and 8.)
- **2.** r 20 = 5 Replace r with 5, 15, 30, and 25.

$5-20 \stackrel{?}{=} 5$	$15 - 20 \stackrel{?}{=} 5$
$5 + (-20) \stackrel{?}{=} 5$	$15 + (-20) \stackrel{?}{=} 5$
$-15 \neq 5$	$-5 \neq 5$
$30 - 20 \stackrel{?}{=} 5$	$25 - 20 \stackrel{?}{=} 5$
$30 + (-20) \stackrel{?}{=} 5$	$25 + (-20) \stackrel{?}{=} 5$
$10 \neq 5$	5 = 5

The check for 25 balances, so 25 is the solution.

$$-6 = y + 10$$
 • Replace y with $-4, -16, 16,$
and $-6.$

-6 = y + 10 Given equation $-6 \stackrel{?}{=} -4 + 10$ Replace y with -4. $-6 \neq 6$ No, -4 is not the solution. $-6 \stackrel{?}{=} -16 + 10$ Replace y with -16. -6 = -6Yes, -16 is the solution. (No need to check 16 and -6.)

4.
$$-4 = x + 13$$
 • Replace x with $-4, 17, -17$
and -9 .

$$-4 \stackrel{?}{=} -4 + 13 \qquad -4 \stackrel{?}{=} 17 + 13$$

$$-4 \neq 9 \qquad -4 \neq 30$$

$$-4 \stackrel{?}{=} -17 + 13$$

$$-4 = -4$$

-17 is the solution. (No need to check -9.)

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3.

2.3 Solving Equations Using Addition 57

5. (a) m - 8 = 1 • Add 8 to both sides because -8 + 8 gives m + 0 on the left side. (b) -7 = w + 5 • Add -5 to both sides because 5 + (-5) gives w + 0 on the right side. (a) n+2 = -9 • Add -2 to both sides 6. because 2 + (-2) gives n + 0 on the left side. (b) 10 = b - 6 • Add 6 to both sides because -6 + 6 gives b + 0 on the right side. p + 5 = 97. $\begin{array}{c} -5 \\ -5 \\ 5, -5, \text{ to both sides.} \end{array}$ -5p + 0 = $\underline{p} = \underline{4}$ The solution is 4. **Check** p + 5 = 94+5=9 Replace p with 4. 9 = 9 Balances 8. a + 3 = 12-3 -3 Add -3 to both sides. a + 0 = 9 $\underline{a} = \underline{9}$ The solution is 9. **Check** a + 3 = 129+3=12 Replace a with 9. 12 = 12 Balances 9. 8 = r - 28 = r + (-2) Change to addition. +2 Add the opposite of +2-2, 2, to both sides. 10 = r + r0 $10 = \underline{r}$ The solution is 10. **Check** 8 = r - 28 = 10 - 2 Replace *r* with 10. 8 = 8Balances 3 = b - 510. 3 = b + (-5) Change to addition. +5 +5 Add 5 to both sides. $8 = \overline{b+0}$ $8 = \underline{b}$ The solution is 8. **Check** 3 = b - 53 = 8 - 5 Replace b with 8. 3 = 3Balances 11. -5 = n+3-3 -3 -3 Add the opposite of 3, -3, to both sides $\overline{-8} = \overline{n+0}$ -8 = n The solution is -8. **Check** -5 = n + 3-5 = -8 + 3 Replace n with -8. -5 = -5 Balances

12. -1 = a + 8-8 -8 Add -8 to both sides. $\overline{-9} = \overline{a+0}$ -9 = aThe solution is -9. **Check** -1 = a + 8-1 = -9 + 8 Replace a with -9. -1 = -1Balances 13. -4 + k = 144 Add the opposite of 4 -4, 4, to both sides. 0+k = 18k = 18 The solution is 18. **Check** -4 + k = 14-4 + 18 = 14 Replace k with 18. 14 = 14 Balances 14. -9 + y = 7 $\frac{9}{0+y} = \frac{9}{16}$ Add 9 to both sides. y = 16 The solution is 16. **Check** -9 + y = 7-9 + 16 = 7 Replace y with 16. 7 = 7 Balances y - 6 = 015. y + (-6) = 0 Change to addition. $\begin{array}{c} Add \ the \ opposite \ of \\ -6, \ 6, \ to \ both \ sides. \end{array}$ 6 $\overline{u+0} = \overline{6}$ y = 6 The solution is 6. **Check** y - 6 = 06-6=0 Replace v with 6. 0 = 0 Balances 16. k - 15 = 0 Change to addition. k + (-15) = 0 Add 15 to both sides. 15 15k + 0 = 15k = 15 The solution is 15. **Check** k - 15 = 015 - 15 = 0 Replace k with 15. 0 = 0 Balances 17. 7 = r + 13-13 Add the opposite of 13, -13, to both sides. -13 $\overline{-6} = \overline{r+0}$ -6 = r The solution is -6. **Check** 7 = r + 137 = -6 + 13 Replace r with -6. 7 = 7Balances

18. 12 = z + 19-19 -19 Add -19 to both sides. -7 = z + 0-7 = zThe solution is -7. **Check** 12 = z + 1912 = -7 + 19 Replace z with -7. 12 = 12Balances 19. x - 12 = -12x + (-12) = -12 Change to addition. Add the opposite of 12-12, 12, to both sides. $\overline{x+0} = \overline{0}$ x = 0 The solution is 0. x - 12 = -12Check 0 - 12 = -12 Replace *x* with 0. 0 + (-12) = -12 Change to addition. -12 = -12 Balances **20.** -3 = m - 3-3 = m + (-3) Change to addition. $\frac{3}{0} = \frac{3}{m+0}$ Add 3 to both sides. 0 = mThe solution is 0. **Check** -3 = m - 3-3 = 0 - 3Replace m with 0. -3 = 0 + (-3)-3 = -3Balances **21.** -5 = -2 + t $\begin{array}{ccc} 2 & 2 \\ \hline & -2, 2, to both sides. \end{array}$ $\overline{-3} = 0 + t$ -3 = tThe solution is -3. **Check** -5 = -2 + t-5 = -2 + (-3) Replace t with -3. -5 = -5Balances **22.** -1 = -10 + w10 10 *Add 10 to both sides.* 9 = 0 + w9 = wThe solution is 9. **Check** -1 = -10 + w-1 = -10 + 9 Replace w with 9. -1 = -1Balances **23.** z-5=3 • The given solution is -2. z - 5 = 3Check -2-5=3 Replace z with -2. -2 + (-5) = 3 Change to addition. $-7 \neq 3$ Does not balance

Correct solution:

z - 5 = 3z + (-5) = 3 Change to addition. 5 Add the opposite of 55 -5, 5, to both sides. z + 0 = 8z = 8 The solution is 8. z - 5 = 3Check 8-5=3 Replace z with 8. 8 + (-5) = 3 Change to addition. 3 = 3 Balances **24.** x - 9 = 4 • The given solution is 13. **Check** x - 9 = 413 - 9 = 4 Replace *x* with 13. 4 = 4 Balances 13 is the correct solution. **25.** 7 + x = -11 • The given solution is -18. 7 + x = -11Check 7 + (-18) = -11 Replace x with -18. -11 = -11 Balances -18 is the correct solution. **26.** 2 + k = -7 • The given solution is -5. **Check** 2 + k = -72 + (-5) = -7 Replace k with -5. $-3 \neq -7$ Does not balance Correct solution: 2 + k = -7 $\begin{array}{ccc} -2 & -2 & Add \ the \ opposite \ of \\ \hline 0+k \ = \ -9 \end{array} \quad \begin{array}{c} Add \ the \ opposite \ of \\ 2, \ -2, \ to \ both \ sides. \end{array}$ k = -9 The correct solution is -9. **Check** 2 + k = -72 + (-9) = -7 Replace k with -9. -7 = -7 Balances **27.** -10 = -10 + b • The given solution is 10. **Check** -10 = -10 + b-10 = -10 + 10 Replace b with 10. $-10 \neq 0$ Does not balance Correct solution: -10 = -10 + bAdd the opposite of 10 10-10, 10, to both sides. $\overline{0} = \overline{0+b}$ 0 = bThe solution is 0.

Check -10 = -10 + b-10 = -10 + 0 Replace b with 0. -10 = -10 Balances

28. 0 = -14 + a • The given solution is 0.

Check 0 = -14 + a 0 = -14 + 0 Replace a with 0. $0 \neq -14$ Does not balance

Correct solution:

0 = -14 + a $14 \qquad 14 \qquad Add the opposite of$ 14 = 0 + a 14 = aThe correct solution is 14.

Check
$$0 = -14 + a$$

 $0 = -14 + 14$ Replace a with 14.
 $0 = 0$ Balances

29. c-4 = -8 + 10 c-4 = 2 c+(-4) = 2 $\frac{4}{c+0} = \frac{4}{6}$ c = 6 C = 6 C = 6 C = 6 C = 6 C = 6 C = 6 C = 6 C = 6 C = 6 C = 6 C = 6 C = 6

Check
$$c - 4 = -8 + 10$$

 $6 - 4 = -8 + 10$ *Replace c with 6.*
 $2 = 2$ Balances

30.
$$b-8 = 10-6$$

 $b-8 = 4$
 $\frac{8}{b+0} = \frac{8}{12}$
 $b = 12$ The solution is 12.

Check
$$b - 8 = 10 - 6$$

 $12 - 8 = 10 - 6$ *Replace b with 12.*
 $4 = 4$ Balances

31. -1 + 4 = y - 2 3 = y - 2 Simplify the left side. 3 = y + (-2) Change to addition. $2 \qquad 2 \qquad Add \ 2 \ to \ both \ sides.$ $5 = y \qquad The solution is 5.$

Check

$$-1 + 4 = y - 2$$

 $-1 + 4 = 5 - 2$ Replace y with 5.
 $-1 + 4 = 5 + (-2)$ Change to addition.
 $3 = 3$ Balances

32. 2+3 = k-45 = k - 44 4 Add 4 to both sides. 9 = k + 09 = kThe solution is 9. **Check** 2+3 = k-42+3=9-45 = 5Balances 10 + b = -14 - 633. 10 + b = -14 + (-6) Change to addition. 10 + b = -20Add. $-10 \qquad -10 \qquad Add -10.$ 0+b = -30b = -30The solution is -30. Check 10 + b = -14 - 610 + (-30) = -14 + (-6) Replace b with -30. -20 = -20Balances 34. 1+w = -8-81 + w = -8 + (-8)1 + w = -16 $\frac{-1}{0+w} = \frac{-1}{-17}$ Add -1 to both sides. w = -17The solution is -17. Check 1 + w = -8 - 81 + (-17) = -8 + (-8) Replace w with -17. -16 = -16Balances t-2 = 3-535. t + (-2) = 3 + (-5) Change to addition. t + (-2) = -2Simplify the right side. 2 2 Add 2 to both sides. $\overline{t+0} = \overline{0}$ t = 0The solution is 0. Check t - 2 = 3 - 50 - 2 = 3 - 5Replace t with 0. 0 + (-2) = 3 + (-5)Change to addition. -2 = -2Balances p-8 = -10+236. p - 8 = -8p + (-8) = -8 $\frac{8}{p+0} = \frac{8}{0}$ Add 8 to both sides. p = 0The solution is 0. **Check** p - 8 = -10 + 20 - 8 = -10 + 2 Replace *p* with 0. -8 = -8Balances

37. 10z - 9z = -15 + 842. -5-5 = -2-6b+7b10z + (-9z) = -15 + 8 Change to addition. -5 + (-5) = -2 + (-6b) + 7b1z = -7-10 = -2 + 1bCombine like terms. z = -7-10 = -2 + b*lz* is the same as *z*. $\frac{2}{-8} = \frac{2}{0+b}$ Add 2. The solution is -7. Check 10z - 9z = -15 + 8-8 = b $10 \cdot (-7) - 9 \cdot (-7) = -15 + 8$ Replace z with -7. The solution is -8. -70 - (-63) = -7-70 + 63 = -7Change to add. 43. -3 + 7 - 4 = -2a + 3a-7 = -7Balances -3 + 7 + (-4) = -2a + 3aChange to addition. 38. 2r - r = 5 - 100 = 1aCombine like terms. 2r + (-1r) = 5 + (-10)0 = aThe solution is 0. 1r = -56 - 11 + 5 = -8c + 9c44. r = -5The solution is -5. 6 + (-11) + 5 = -8c + 9cChange to addition. Check 0 = 1cCombine like terms. 2r - r = 5 - 100 = c $2 \cdot (-5) - (-5) = 5 - 10$ Replace r with -5. The solution is 0. -10 + 5 = 5 + (-10)45. y - 75 = -100-5 = -5Balances y + (-75) = -100 Change to addition. Rearrange and $\frac{75}{y+0} = \frac{75}{-25}$ Add 75 to both sides. -5w + 2 + 6w = -4 + 939. combine like terms. $\underbrace{-5w+6w}_{}+2 = \underbrace{-4+9}_{}$ y = -25 The solution is -25. 1w + 2 = 5 $\frac{-2}{1w + 0} = \frac{-2}{3}$ Add -2 to both sides. **46**. a - 200 = -100a + (-200) = -100 Change to addition. 200 Add 200 to both sides. 200w = 3The solution is 3. a + 0 = 100Check a = 100 The solution is 100. -5w + 2 + 6w = -4 + 9 $-5 \cdot 3 + 2 + 6 \cdot 3 = -4 + 9$ Replace w with 3. **47.** -x + 3 + 2x = 18 *Rearrange and* -15 + 2 + 18 = -4 + 9combine like terms. 5 = 5Balances 1x + 3 = 1840. -2t + 4 + 3t = 6 - 7 $\frac{-3}{1x+0} = \frac{-3}{15} Add - 3 \text{ to both sides.}$ 1t + 4 = 6 + (-7)t + 4 = -1x = 15 The solution is 15. $\frac{-4}{t+0} = \frac{-4}{-5}$ Add -4 to both sides. -s + 2s - 4 = 1348. t = -5-1s + 2s + (-4) = 13The solution is -5. Check 1s + (-4) 13 $4 \qquad 4 \qquad Add 4 \text{ to both sides.}$ -2t + 4 + 3t = 6 - 7-2(-5) + 4 + 3(-5) = 6 - 7*Let* t = -5*.* 1s + 0 = 1710 + 4 + (-15) = 6 + (-7)s = 17 The solution is 17. 14 + (-15) = -149. 82 = -31 + k-1 = -1**Balances** 3131Add 31 to both sides. 41. -3 - 3 = 4 - 3x + 4xChange to addition. 113 = $3 + (-3)_{1} = 4 + (-3x) + 4x$ Combine like terms. 0 + k113 = kThe solution is 113. -6 = 4 + 1x-4Add - 4 to both sides. 50. -5 = 72 + w $\frac{-4}{-10} =$ 0 + 1x-72 -72 Add -72 to both sides. -77 = 0 + w-10 = 1x*lx* is the same as *x*. -77 = w-10 = xThe solution is -10. The solution is -77.

2.3 Solving Equations Using Addition 61

51.
$$-2 + 11 = 2b - 9 - b$$

$$-2 + 11 = 2b + (-9) + (-1b)$$
 Change to addition.
9 = 1b + (-9)

$$\frac{9}{18} = \frac{9}{1b + 0}$$

$$18 = b$$
 Add 9 to both sides.
The solution is 18.

52.
$$-6+7 = 2h-1-h$$

 $-6+7 = 2h + (-1) + (-1h)$
 $1 = 1h + (-1)$
 $\frac{1}{2} = 1h + 0$
 $2 = h$

The solution is 2.

53.
$$r-6 = 7-10-8$$

 $r+(-6) = 7+(-10)+(-8)$ Change to addition.
 $r+(-6) = -11$ Combine like terms.
 $\frac{6}{r+0} = \frac{6}{-5}$ Add 6 to both sides.
 $r = -5$ The solution is -5.

54.
$$m-5 = 2-9+1$$

 $m+(-5) = 2+(-9)+1$ Change to addition.
 $m+(-5) = -6$ Combine like terms.
 $5 = 5$ Add 5 to both sides.
 $m+0 = -1$ The solution is -1.

55.
$$-14 = n + 91$$

 $-91 = -91 \ Add - 91 \ to \ both \ sides.$
 $-105 = n$ The solution is -105 .

56.
$$66 = x - 28$$

 $66 = x + (-28)$ Change to addition.
 $\frac{28}{94} = \frac{28}{x + 0}$
 $94 = x$ The solution is 94.

57.
$$-9+9 = 5+h$$
$$0 = 5+h Combine like terms.$$
$$-5 = -5 = -5 Add - 5 to both sides$$
$$-5 = h The solution is -5.$$

59. No, the solution is -14, the number used to replace x in the original equation.

60. Check

$$\underbrace{-3 - 6 = n - 5}_{-3 + (-6)} = \underbrace{-2 + (-5)}_{-7}$$
 Does not balance

To correct the errors, change -3 - 6 to -3 + (-6). Then, add 5 to both sides, not -5. The correct solution is -4.

61.
$$g + 10 = 305$$

$$\begin{array}{c} -10 \\ \hline g+0 \\ g \\ 295 \end{array} \qquad \begin{array}{l} Add \ the \ opposite \ of \\ 10, -10, \ to \ both \ sides. \end{array}$$

There were 295 graduates this year.

62.
$$g + 10 = 278$$

 $-10 -10$ Add the opposite of 10, -10, to both sides.
 $g + 0 = 268$
 $g = 268$

There were 268 graduates last year.

63.
$$92 = c + 37$$

 $-37 = -37 - 37 Add - 37 to both sides.$
 $55 = c$

When the temperature is 92 degrees, a field cricket chirps 55 times (in 15 seconds).

64.
$$77 = c + 37$$

 $-37 = -37$ Add -37 to both sides.
 $40 = c$

When the temperature is 77 degrees, a field cricket chirps 40 times (in 15 seconds).

65.
$$p - 65 = 45$$

 $p + (-65) = 45$ Change to addition.
 $\frac{65}{p+0} = \frac{65}{110}$ Add 65 to both sides.
 $p = 110$

Ernesto's parking fees average \$110 per month in winter.

66.
$$p-56 = 98$$

 $p+(-56) = 98$ Change to addition.
 $\frac{56}{p+0} = \frac{56}{154}$ Add 56 to both sides.
 $p = 154$

Aimee's parking fees average \$154 per month in winter.

67. -17 - 1 + 26 - 38= -3 - m - 8 + 2m-17 + (-1) + 26 + (-38)= -3 + (-1m) + (-8) + 2mChange all subtractions to additions. -17 + (-1) + 26 + (-38)= -3 + (-8) + (-1m) + 2mCommutative property -30 = -11 + 1m Combine like terms. 11 11 Add 11 to both sides. -19 = 1m-19 = mThe solution is -19. 68. 19 - 38 - 9 + 11 = -t - 6 + 2t - 619 + (-38) + (-9) + 11 = -1t + (-6) + 2t + (-6)-17 = 1t + (-12) $\frac{12}{-5} = \frac{12}{1t+0}$ -5 = t The solution is -5. 69. -6x + 2x + 6 + 5x = |0 - 9| - |-6 + 5|-6x + 2x + 5x + 6 = |0 + (-9)| - |-6 + 5|Change subtraction within absolute value to addition and rearrange the terms. 1x + 6 = |-9| - |-1|Simplify inside absolute value bars. Collect like terms. 1x + 6 = 9 - 1 Evaluate absolute values. 1x + 6 = 9 + (-1) Change to addition. 1x + 6 = 8-6 -6 Add -6 to both sides. $\overline{1x+0} = \overline{2}$ The solution is 2. x = 270. -h - |-9 - 9| + 8h - 6h = -12 - |-5 + 0|-h - |-9 + (-9)| + 8h + (-6h) = -12 - |-5|-1h - |-18| + 8h + (-6h) = -12 - 5-1h - 18 + 8h + (-6h) = -12 + (-5)1h - 18 = -171h + (-18) = -17 $\frac{18}{h+0} = \frac{18}{1}$ h = 1

The solution is 1.

Relating Concepts (Exercises 71–72)

71. (a) Equations will vary. Some possibilities are:

$$n-1 = -3$$

$$n + (-1) = -3$$
 Change to addition.

$$\frac{1}{n+0} = \frac{1}{-2}$$

$$n = -2$$
 The solution is -2.

8 = x + 10 $\frac{-10}{2} \qquad \frac{-10}{10} \qquad \frac{Add \ the \ opposite \ of}{10, -10, \ to \ both \ sides.}$ -2 = x + 0-2 = x The solution is -2. (b) Equations will vary. Some possibilities are: y + 6 = 6 $\frac{-6}{y+0} = \frac{-6}{0}$ Add the opposite of 6, -6, to both sides. y = 0 The solution is 0. -5 = -5 + bAdd the opposite of $5 \qquad Auu inc opposition <math>-5, 5, to both sides.$ 50 = 0 + b0 = bThe solution is 0. 72. (a) $x+1 = 1\frac{1}{2}$ $\frac{-1}{x+0} = \frac{1}{\frac{1}{2}}$ Add the opposite of *l*, -*l*, to both sides. $x = \frac{1}{2}$ The solution is $\frac{1}{2}$. (b) $\frac{1}{4} = y - 1$ $\frac{1}{4} = y + (-1)$ Change to addition. $\frac{1}{1\frac{1}{4}} = \frac{1}{y+0}$ Add the opposite of -1, 1, to both sides. $1\frac{1}{4} = y$ or $y = \frac{5}{4}$ The solution is $\frac{5}{4}$. (c) \$2.50 + n = \$3.35Add the opposite -\$2.50 of \$2.50, -\$2.50, -\$2.50 $\frac{1}{\$0+n} = \frac{1}{\$0.85}$ to both sides. n = \$0.85The solution is \$0.85. (d) Equations will vary. Some possibilities are: a - \$7.32 = \$9.16 The solution is \$16.48.

5c - \$11.20 = 4c - \$2.00 The solution is \$9.20.

2.4 Solving Equations Using Division

2.4 Margin Exercises

1. (a) Solve 4s = 44.

Use division to undo multiplication. Divide *both* sides by the coefficient of the variable, which is 4.

$$\frac{4s}{4} = \frac{44}{4}$$
$$s = \underline{11}$$

The solution is 11.

4s = 44 Original equation Check $(4 \cdot \underline{11}) = 44$ Replace s with $\underline{11}$. 44 = 44 Balances **(b)** 27 = -9p $\frac{27}{-9} = \frac{-9p}{-9} \quad \begin{array}{c} \text{Divide both} \\ \text{sides by } -9. \end{array}$ -3 = pThe solution is -3. **Check** 27 = -9p $27 = -9 \cdot (-3)$ Replace p with -3. 27 = 27Balances (c) -40 = -5x $\frac{-40}{-5} = \frac{-5x}{-5}$ Divide both sides by -5. 8 = xThe solution is 8. **Check** -40 = -5x $-40 = -5 \cdot 8$ Replace x with 8. -40 = -40Balances (d) 7t = -70 $\frac{7t}{7} = \frac{-70}{7}$ Divide both sides by 7. t = -10The solution is -10. Check 7t = -70 $7 \cdot (-10) = -70$ Replace t with -10. -70 = -70 Balances (a) -28 = -6n + 10n-28 = 4nCombine like terms. $\frac{-28}{4} = \frac{4n}{4}$ Divide both sides by 4. The solution is -7. -7 = n**Check** -28 = -6n + 10n $-28 = -6 \cdot (-7) + 10 \cdot (-7)$ *Replace n with* -7*.* -28 = 42 + (-70)-28 = -28 Balances p - 14p = -2 + 18 - 3**(b)** 1p + (-14p) = -2 + 18 + (-3)Change to addition. Rewrite p as 1p. -13p = 13Combine like terms. $\frac{-13p}{-13} = \frac{13}{-13}$ Divide both sides by -13. p = -1

Check p - 14p = -2 + 18 - 3-1 - 14(-1) = 16 - 3*Replace* p *with* -1*.* -1 - (-14) = 13-1 + (+14) = 1313 = 13 Balances 3. (a) -k = -12Write in the understood -1k = -12-1 as the coefficient of k. $\frac{-1k}{-1} = \frac{-12}{-1}$ Divide both sides by -1. sides by - l. k = 12The solution is 12. -k = -12Check -1k = -12 $-1 \cdot 12 = -12$ Replace k with 12. -12 = -12 Balances **(b)** 7 = -t7 = -1t Write -t as -1t. $\frac{7}{-1} = \frac{-1t}{-1} \quad \begin{array}{l} \text{Divide both} \\ \text{sides by } -1. \end{array}$ -7 = tThe solution is -7. Check 7 = -t7 = -1t $7 = -1 \cdot (-7)$ Replace t with -7. 7 = 7Balances (c) -m = -20-1m = -20 Write -m as -1m. $\frac{-1m}{-1} = \frac{-20}{-1} \quad \begin{array}{l} \text{Divide both} \\ \text{sides by } -1. \end{array}$ sides by -1. m = 20The solution is 20. -m = -20Check -1m = -20 $-1 \cdot 20 = -20$ Replace m with 20. -20 = -20 Balances 2.4 Section Exercises 6z = 121. $\frac{6z}{6} = \frac{12}{6} \quad \begin{array}{c} \text{Divide both} \\ \text{sides by } \underline{6}. \end{array}$ The solution is 2. z = 2

> Check 6z = 12 $\underline{6 \cdot 2} = 12$ Replace z with 2. $\underline{12} = \underline{12}$ Balances

2. 8k = 24 Check 8k = 24 $\frac{8k}{8} = \frac{24}{\underline{8}}$ $\underline{8 \cdot 3} = 24$ $k = \underline{3}$ Balances

The solution is -1.

2.

The solution is 3.

3. 48 = 12r11. -25 = 5b $\frac{48}{12} = \frac{12r}{12}$ $\frac{-25}{5} = \frac{5b}{5}$ Divide both Divide both sides by 12. sides by 5. The solution is 4. -5 = bThe solution is -5. 4 = r**Check** 48 = 12r**Check** -25 = 5b $48 = 12 \cdot 4$ Replace r with 4. $-25 = 5 \cdot (-5)$ Replace b with -5. Balances 48 = 48-25 = -25Balances 4. 99 = 11m**Check** 99 = 11m12. -70 = 10x**Check** -70 = 10x $\frac{99}{11} = \frac{11m}{11}$ $99 = 11 \cdot 9$ $\frac{-70}{10} = \frac{10x}{10}$ $-70 = 10 \cdot (-7)$ 99 = 999 = m-70 = -70Balances -7 = xBalances The solution is 9. 3y = 05. The solution is -7. $\frac{3y}{3} = \frac{0}{3}$ Divide both sides by 3. 13. 2r = -7 + 132r = 6Combine like terms. y = 0 The solution is 0. $\frac{2r}{2} = \frac{6}{2}$ Divide both Check 3y = 0sides by 2. $3 \cdot 0 = 0$ Replace y with 0. r = 3The solution is 3. 0 = 0 Balances **Check** 2r = -7 + 136. 5a = 0Check 5a = 0 $2 \cdot 3 = -7 + 13$ Replace r with 3. $\frac{5a}{5} = \frac{0}{5}$ $5 \cdot 0 = 0$ 6 = 6Balances 0 = 0a = 0Balances 14. 6y = 28 - 4Check 6y = 28 - 4The solution is 0. $6 \cdot 4 = 28 - 4$ 6y = 24 $\frac{6y}{6} = \frac{24}{6}$ -7k = 7024 = 247. $\frac{-7k}{-7} = \frac{70}{-7}$ Divide both Balances y = 4sides by -7. k = -10 The solution is -10. The solution is 4. Check -7k = 7015. -12 = 5p - p $-7 \cdot (-10) = 70$ Replace k with -10. -12 = 5p + (-p)Change to addition. 70 = 70 Balances -12 = 5p + (-1p)*Rewrite* -p *as* -lp. 8. -6y = 36Check -6y = 36-12 = 4pCombine like terms. $\frac{-6y}{-6} = \frac{36}{-6}$ $-6 \cdot (-6) = 36$ $\frac{-12}{4} = \frac{4p}{4}$ Divide both 36 = 36sides by 4. y = -6Balances The solution is -3. -3 = pThe solution is -6. Check -54 = -9r9. -12 = 5p - p $\frac{-54}{-9} = \frac{-9r}{-9}$ Divide both $-12 = 5 \cdot (-3) - (-3)$ Replace p with -3. sides by -9. -12 = -15 - (-3)6 = rThe solution is 6. -12 = -15 + 3Change to addition. **Check** -54 = -9r-12 = -12Balances $-54 = -9 \cdot 6$ Replace r with 6. -54 = -54Balances 16. 20 = z - 11z20 = 1z + (-11z) Change to addition. 10. -36 = -4p**Check** -36 = -4p20 = -10z $\frac{-36}{-4} = \frac{-4p}{-4}$ Combine like terms. $-36 = -4 \cdot 9$ $\frac{20}{-10} = \frac{-10z}{-10}$ Divide both -36 = -369 = psides by -10. Balances -2 = zThe solution is -2. The solution is 9.

2.4 Solving Equations Using Division 65

24. 6m + 6m = 40 + 20 - 12 Original equation

	Check
	20 = z - 11z
	$20 = -2 - 11 \cdot (-2)$ Replace z with -2.
	20 = -2 - (-22)
	20 = -2 + 22 Change to addition.
	20 = 20 Balances
17	3 - 28 - 5a Original equation
1/.	3 = 28 = 5a Original equation 3 + (-28) = 5a Change to addition
	-25 - 5a Combine like terms
	-25 = 5a Combine like terms.
	$\frac{25}{5} = \frac{5}{5}$
	-5 - a The solution is -5
	5 - a The solution is 5 .
18.	-55 + 7 = 8n Original equation
	-48 = 8n Combine like terms.
	$\frac{-48}{-48} = \frac{8n}{2}$ Divide both
	8 8 sides by 8.
	-6 = n The solution is -6 .
19.	x - 9x = 80 Original equation
	x + (-9x) = 80 Change to addition
	1x + (-9x) = 80 Rewrite x as 1x
	-8x = 80 Combine like terms
	-8x 80 Divide both
	$\frac{-8}{-8} = \frac{-8}{-8}$ sides by -8
	x = -10 The solution is -10
20.	4c - c = -27 Original equation
	4c + (-c) = -27 Change to addition.
	4c + (-1c) = -27 Rewrite $-c$ as $-1c$.
	3c = -27 Combine like terms.
	$\frac{3c}{2} = \frac{-27}{2}$ Divide both
	3 3 sides by 3.
	c = -9 The solution is -9 .
21.	13 - 13 = 2w - w Original equation
	13 + (-13) = 2w + (-w) Change to addition.
	13 + (-13) = 2w + (-1w) Rewrite $-w$ as $-lw$.
	<i>Combine like terms.</i>
	0 = 1w <i>Iw is the same as w.</i>
	0 = w The solution is 0.
22.	-11 + 11 = 8t - 7t Original equation
	-11 + 11 = 8t + (-7t) Change to addition.
	0 = 1t Combine like terms.
	It is the same as t.
	0 = t The solution is 0.
23.	3t + 9t = 20 - 10 + 26 Original equation
	3t + 9t = 20 + (-10) + 26 Change to addition.
	12t = 36 Combine like terms.
	12t 36 Divide both
	$\overline{12} = \overline{12}$ sides by 12.
	t = 3 The solution is 3.

	6m + 6m = 60 + (-12) 12m = 48 $\frac{12m}{12} = \frac{48}{12}$ m = 4	Change to addition. Combine like terms. Divide both sides by 12. The solution is 4.
25.	$0 = -9t Original equa \frac{0}{-9} = \frac{-9t}{-9} Divide both sides by -9. 0 = t The solution i$	tion s 0.
26.	-10 = 10b Original equal $-10 = 10b Divide both sides by 10. -1 = b The solution$	ation is –1.
27.	-14m + 8m = 6 - 60 -14m + 8m = 6 + (-60) -6m = -54 $\frac{-6m}{-6} = \frac{-54}{-6}$ m = 9	Original equation Change to addition. Combine like terms. Divide both sides by -6. The solution is 9.
28.	7w - 14w = 1 - 50 + 4 7w + (-14w) = 1 + (-50) -7w = 0 $\frac{-7w}{-7} = \frac{0}{-7}$ w = 0	19 Original eq. + 49 Combine. Divide both sides by -7. The solu- tion is 0.
29.	100 - 96 = 31y - 35y 100 + (-96) = 31y + (-35y) 4 = -4y $\frac{4}{-4} = \frac{-4y}{-4}$ -1 = y	Original equation Change to addition. Combine like terms. Divide both sides by -4 . The solution is -1 .
30.	150 - 139 = 20x - 9x 150 + (-139) = 20x + (-9x) 11 = 11x $\frac{11}{11} = \frac{11x}{11}$ 1 = x	Original equation Change to addition. Combine like terms. Divide both sides by 11. The solution is 1.
31.	$3(2z) = -30 Original$ $(3 \cdot 2) \cdot z = -30 To multitude the association for the constant of the constant of$	equation iply on the left, use ciative property.
	$\frac{6z}{6} = \frac{-30}{6}$ Divide by z = -5 The solution	both 6. Ition is -5 .

32.	2(4k) = 16 Original equation	40.	-c = 23 Original equation
	$(2 \cdot 4) \cdot k = 16$ To multiply on the left, use		-1c = 23 Write in the understood -1 .
	$(2^{1}+1)^{n} = 10$ the associative property.		$-1c _ 23$ Divide both
	8k = 16		$\overline{-1} = \overline{-1}$ sides by -1 .
	8k 16 Divide both		c = -23 The solution is -23 .
	$\overline{8} = \overline{8}$ sides by 8.		
	k = 2 The solution is 2.	41.	-2 = -w Original equation
33	50 = -5(5n) Original equation		-2 = -1w Write in the understood -1 .
	To multiply on the right		$\frac{-2}{-2} = \frac{-1w}{-2}$ Divide both
	$50 = (-5 \cdot 5) \cdot p$ use the associative prop		-1 -1 sides by -1 .
	50 = -25n		2 = w The solution is 2.
	50 -25n Divide both	12	75 - t Original equation
	$\frac{30}{-25} = \frac{25p}{-25}$ sides by -25	72.	-15 = -t Original equation 75 = -1t Write in the understood
	-2 = n The solution is -2		-15 = -11 write in the understood -1 . 75 1t Divide both
24	2 - p The solution is 2.		$\frac{-15}{1} = \frac{-11}{1}$ Bivide both
34.	60 = 4(-3a) Original equation		-1 -1 sides by -1 .
	$60 = [4 \cdot (-3)] \cdot a$		$t^{5} = t$ The solution is t^{5} .
	use the associative prop.	43.	-n = -50 Original equation
	60 = -12a		-1n = -50 Write in the understood -1 .
	$\frac{60}{12} = \frac{-12a}{12}$ Divide both		-1n -50 Divide both
	-12 -12 sides by -12 .		$\underline{-1} = \underline{-1}$ sides by $-l$.
	-5 = a I he solution is -5 .		n = 50 The solution is 50.
35.	-2(-4k) = 56 Original equation		
	$[-2 \cdot (-4)] \cdot k = 56$ Associative property	44.	-x = -1 Original equation
	8k = 56		-1x = -1 Write in the understood -1 .
	$\frac{8k}{2} = \frac{56}{2}$ Divide both		$\frac{-1x}{1} = \frac{-1}{1}$ Divide both
	8 8 sides by 8.		-1 -1 sides by -1 .
	k = 7 The solution is 7.		x = 1 The solution is 1.
36.	-5(4r) = -80 Original equation	45	10n Original equation
	$(-5 \cdot 4) \cdot r = -80$ Associative property	ч.,	10 = p Original equation 10 = -1n Write in the understood -1
	-20r = -80		10 = 1p <i>The in the understood</i> 1. 10 = -1p <i>Divide both</i>
	-20r - 80 Divide both		$\frac{10}{-1} = \frac{10}{-1} \qquad \text{sides by } -1$
	-20 -20 sides by -20 .		-10 - n The solution is -10
	r = 4 The solution is 4.		10 - p The solution is 10 .
37.	-90 = -10(-3b) Original equation	46.	100 = -k Original equation
	$-90 = [-10 \cdot (-3)] \cdot b$ Associative property		100 = -1k Write in the understood -1 .
	-90 = 30b		100 -1k Divide both
	-90 30b Divide both		$\overline{-1} = \overline{-1}$ sides by -1 .
	$\frac{1}{30} = \frac{1}{30}$ sides by 30.		-100 = k The solution is -100 .
	-3 = b The solution is -3 .		
38.	-90 = -5(-2y) Original equation	47.	Each solution is the opposite of the number in the
	$-90 = [-5 \cdot (-2)] \cdot y$ Associative property		equation. So the rule is: When you change the sign
	-90 = 10y		change the number in the equation to its opposite
	-90 10u Divide both		In $-x = 5$ the opposite of 5 is -5 so $x = -5$
	$\frac{10}{10} = \frac{10}{10}$ sides by 10.		
	-9 = y The solution is -9 .	48.	Equations will vary. Some possibilities are
30	-r - 32 Original equation		(i) $-5x = 20$ and (ii) $12 - 20 = 2x$.
59.	x = 32 Original equation -1r = 32 Write in the understood -1		(i) $-5x - 20$
	1x = 52 reflect in the understood -1 . -1x = 32 Divide both		$\begin{array}{c} (1) -5x -20 \\ 5x 20 Divide heth \end{array}$
	$\frac{-1u}{1} = \frac{32}{1} \qquad \text{Divide boin}$		$\frac{-5x}{5} = \frac{20}{5}$ Divide boin
	-1 -1 sizes $0y - 1$. x = -32 The solution is 22		-3 -3 sizes $0y - 3$.
	x = -52 The solution is -52 .		x = -4 The solution is -4 .

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(ii)
$$12-20 = 2x$$

 $12 + (-20) = 2x$ Change to addition.
 $-8 = 2x$ Combine like terms.
 $\frac{-8}{2} = \frac{2x}{2}$ Divide both
 $sides by 2$.
 $-4 = x$ The solution is -4.

49. Divide by the coefficient of *x*, which is 3, *not* by the opposite of 3.

$$3x = \underbrace{16 - 1}_{3x = 15}$$

$$3x = 15$$

$$\frac{3x}{3} = \frac{15}{3}$$

$$x = 5$$
The correct solution is 5.

50. You can divide both sides of an equation by the same nonzero number and keep the equation balanced.

51.
$$3s = 45$$
$$\frac{3s}{3} = \frac{45}{3}$$
Divide both
sides by 3.
$$s = 15$$

The length of one side is 15 feet.

$$3s = 63$$

$$\frac{3s}{3} = \frac{63}{3}$$
Divide both
sides by 3.

$$s = 21$$

52.

The length of one side is 21 inches.

53.
$$120 = 5s$$
$$\frac{120}{5} = \frac{5s}{5}$$
Divide both
sides by 5.
$$24 = s$$

The length of one side is 24 meters.

54.
$$335 = 5s$$
$$\frac{335}{5} = \frac{5s}{5}$$
Divide both
sides by 5.
$$67 = s$$

The length of one side is 67 yards.

55.
$$89 - 116 = -4(-4y) - 9(2y) + y$$

$$89 - 116 = [-4 \cdot (-4)] \cdot y - (9 \cdot 2) \cdot y + y$$

Associative property

$$89 + (-116) = 16y + (-18y) + 1y$$

Change to addition.

$$-27 = -1y$$

Combine like terms.

$$\frac{-27}{-1} = \frac{-1y}{-1}$$

Divide both
sides by -1.

$$27 = y$$

The solution is 27.

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56.
$$58 - 208 = -b + 8(-3b) + 5(-5b)$$

$$58 - 208 = -b + [8 \cdot (-3)] \cdot b + [5 \cdot (-5)] \cdot b$$

Associative property

$$58 + (-208) = -1b + (-24b) + (-25b)$$

Change to addition.

$$-150 = -50b$$

Combine like terms.

$$\frac{-150}{-50} = \frac{-50b}{-50}$$

Divide both
sides by -50.

$$3 = b$$

The solution is 3.

57.
$$-37(14x) + 28(21x) = |72 - 72| + |-166 + 96|$$

$$(-37 \cdot 14) \cdot x + (28 \cdot 21) \cdot x$$

$$= |0| + |-70|$$

Assoc. prop. Simplify within the absolute values.

$$-518x + 588x = 0 + 70$$

Simplify the absolute values.

$$70x = 70$$
 Combine like terms.

$$\frac{70x}{70} = \frac{70}{70}$$
 Divide both

$$x = 1$$

The solution is 1.

58.
$$6a - 10a - 3(2a) = |-25 - 25| - 5(8)$$

$$6a + (-10a) - 6a = |-25 + (-25)| - 40$$

Simplify within the absolute value.

$$6a + (-10a) + (-6a) = |-50| - 40$$

$$-10a = 50 - 40$$

Simplify the absolute value.

$$-10a = 10$$
 Combine like terms.

$$\frac{-10a}{-10} = \frac{10}{-10}$$
 Divide both
sides by -10.

$$a = -1$$

The solution is -1.

2.5 Solving Equations with Several Steps

2.5 Margin Exercises

1. (a)
$$2r + 7 = 13$$
 To get 2r by itself,
 $\frac{-7}{2r+0} = \frac{-7}{6}$ add -7 to both sides.
 $2r = 6$
 $\frac{2r}{2} = \frac{6}{2}$ To solve for r,
 $\frac{1}{2} = \frac{6}{2}$ divide both sides by
the coefficient, 2.
 $r = 3$ The solution is 3.
Check $2r + 7 = 13$
 $2 \cdot 3 + 7 = 13$ Replace r with 3.
 $\frac{6+7}{13} = 13$ Balances

(b)	-10z - 9	=	11	
	-10z + (-9)	=	11	Change to addition.
	9		9	Add 9 to both sides.
	-10z + 0	=	20	
	-10z	=	20	
	-10z	_	20	Divide both
	-10	_	-10	sides by -10 .
	z	=	-2	The solution is -2 .

Check

$$-10z - 9 = 11$$

$$-10 \cdot (-2) - 9 = 11$$
Replace r with -2.
$$20 - 9 = 11$$

$$11 = 11$$
Balances

2. (a) Solve, keeping the variable on *left* side.

$$3y - 1 = 2y + 7$$

$$-2y - 1y - 1 = -2y - 4dd - 2y \text{ to both sides.}$$

$$1y + (-1) = 7 - Change \text{ to addition.}$$

$$1y + 0 = -8 - 1y - 8 - 1y = 10 - 1y = 10$$

Solve, keeping the variable on the *right* side.

(b) Solve, keeping the variable on *left* side.

$$\begin{array}{rcl} 3p-2 &=& p-6\\ 3p-2 &=& 1p-6 \ \ Rewrite \ p \ as \ 1p.\\ \hline \hline & -1p & -1p\\ \hline & 2p-2 &=& 0-6\\ \hline & 2p+(-2) &=& -6\\ \hline & 2p+(-2) &=& -6\\ \hline & 2p+(-2) &=& -6\\ \hline & 2p+0 &=& -4\\ \hline & 2p+0 &=& -4\\ \hline & 2p &=& -2\\ \hline & p &=& -2\\ \hline & The solution is -2. \end{array}$$

Solve, keeping the variable on the *right* side.

3p-2 = 1p-6 Rewrite p as 1p. $\frac{-3p}{0-2} = \frac{-3p}{-2p-6} Add - 3p.$ -2 = -2p + (-6) $\frac{6}{4} = \frac{6}{-2p+0} Add 6.$ 4 = -2p $\frac{4}{-2} = \frac{-2p}{-2}$ Divide both sides by -2. The solution is -2. -2 = p(a) -12 = 4(y-1) $-12 = 4 \cdot y - 4 \cdot 1$ Distribute on the right. -12 = 4y - 4-12 = 4y + (-4) Change to addition. $\frac{4}{-8} = \frac{4}{4y+0}$ Add 4 to both sides. -8 = 4y $\frac{-8}{4} = \frac{4y}{4}$ Divide both sides by <u>4</u>. -2 = yThe solution is -2. **Check** -12 = 4(y-1)-12 = 4(-2 - 1) Replace y with -2. -12 = 4(-3)-12 = -12Balances **(b)** 5(m+4) = 20 $5 \cdot m + 5 \cdot 4 = 20$ Distribute on the left. 5m + 20 = 20-20 -20 Add -20 to both sides. 5m+0 = 05m = 0 $\frac{5m}{5} = \frac{0}{5} \qquad \begin{array}{l} \text{Divide both} \\ \text{sides by 5.} \end{array}$ m = 0The solution is 0. **Check** 5(m+4) = 205(0+4) = 20Replace m with 0. 5(4) = 2020 = 20 Balances 6(t-2) = 18(c) $6 \cdot t - 6 \cdot 2 = 18$ Distribute on the left. 6t - 12 = 186t + (-12) = 18 Change to addition. $\frac{12}{6t+0} = \frac{12}{30}$ Add 12 to both sides. 6t = 30

3p - 2 = p - 6

3.

$$\frac{6t}{6} = \frac{30}{6} \frac{\text{Divide both}}{\text{sides by 6.}}$$

t = 5 The solution is 5.

le.

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Check 6(t-2) = 186(5-2) = 18 Replace t with 5. 6(3) = 1818 = 18 Balances (a) 3(b+7) = 2b-14. Distribute. $3 \cdot b + 3 \cdot 7 = 2b - 1$ 3b + 21 = 2b + (-1) Variables left -2b-2bAdd - 2b. 1b + 21 = 0 + (-1)1b + 21 = -1-21-21Add -21. 1b + 0 = -221b = -22or b = -22The solution is -22. Check 3(b+7) = 2b-1 $3(-22+7) = 2 \cdot (-22) - 1$ 3(-15) = -44 - 1-45 = -45Balances 6-2n = 14 + 4(n-5)Distribute. **(b)** $6-2n = 14 + 4 \cdot n - 4 \cdot 5$ Add the 6 - 2n = 14 + 4n - 20opposite. Combine 6 + (-2n) = 14 + 4n + (-20)like terms. 6 + (-2n) = -6 + 4n $\frac{2n}{6+0} = \frac{2n}{-6+6n}$ Add 2n. 6 = -6 + 6n $\frac{6}{12} = \frac{6}{0+6n}$ Add 6. 12 = 6n $\frac{12}{6} = \frac{6n}{6}$ Divide both sides by 6. 2 = nThe solution is 2. Check 6-2n = 14 + 4(n-5) $6 - 2 \cdot 2 = 14 + 4(2 - 5)$ *Let* n = 2*.* 6 - 4 = 14 + 4(-3)2 = 14 + (-12)2 = 2**Balances** 2.5 Section Exercises 1. 7p+5 = 12 To get 7p by itself, -5 -5 add -5 to both sides. $\overline{7p+0} = \overline{7}$ 7p = 7 $\frac{7p}{7} = \frac{7}{7}$ Divide both sides by 7. The solution is 1. p = 1

Check 7p + 5 = 127(1) + 5 = 12 Let p = 1. 7 + 5 = 1212 = 12 Balances Check 2. 6k + 3 = 156k + 3 = 156(2) + 3 = 15-3 -36k + 0 = 1212 + 3 = 1515 = 156k = 12Balances $\frac{6k}{6} = \frac{12}{6}$ k = 2The solution is 2. 2 = 8y - 63. 2 = 8y + (-6) Change to addition. Add 6 to both sides. 6 $\overline{8} = 8y + 0$ 8 = 8y $\frac{8}{8} = \frac{8y}{8}$ Divide both sides by 8. 1 = yThe solution is 1. **Check** 2 = 8y - 62 = 8(1) - 6 Replace y with 1. 2 = 8 - 62 = 2Balances 4. 10 = 11p - 12 Check 10 = 11p - 1210 = 11p + (-12)10 = 11(2) - 1210 = 22 - 121212 22 = 11p + 010 = 10 $\frac{22}{11} = \frac{11p}{11}$ Balances 2 = pThe solution is 2. 5. 28 = -9a + 10 To get -9a by itself, -10 add -10 to both sides. -1018 = -9a + 018 = -9a $=\frac{-9a}{-9}$ 18 Divide both -9sides by -9. -2 = aThe solution is -2. **Check** 28 = -9a + 1028 = -9(-2) + 10 Replace a with -2. 28 = 18 + 1028 = 28Balances -4k + 5 = 56. Check -4k + 5 = 5 $\frac{-5}{-4k+0} = \frac{-5}{0}$ -4(0) + 5 = 50 + 5 = 5 $\frac{-4k}{-4} = \frac{0}{-4}$ 5 = 5Balances k = 0

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The solution is 0.

7.	-3m + 1 = 1 To get $-3m$ by itself, -1 = -1 add -1 to both sides. -3m + 0 = 0
	-3m = 0
	$\frac{-3m}{2} = \frac{0}{2}$ Divide both
	-3 -3 sides by -3 . m = 0 The solution is 0
	Chack $-3m \pm 1 = 1$
	-3(0) + 1 = 1 Replace <i>m</i> with 0.
	0 + 1 = 1
	1 = 1 Balances
8.	75 = -10w + 25
	$\frac{-25}{50} = \frac{-25}{-10w+0}$
	$\frac{50}{2} = \frac{-10w}{2}$
	-10 -10 -10 -5 = w
	The solution is -5
	Check $75 - 10w + 25$
	75 = -10w + 25 75 = -10(-5) + 25
	75 = 50 + 25
	75 = 75 Balances
9.	-5x - 4 = 16 Change to addition. -5x + (-4) = 16 To get $-5x$ by itself, 4 add 4 to both sides
	$\frac{4}{-5x+0} = \frac{4}{20}$
	-5x = 20
	$\frac{-5x}{5} = \frac{20}{5}$ Divide both
	x = -4 The solution is -4 .
	Check $-5x - 4 = 16$
	-5(-4) - 4 = 16 Replace x with -4.
	20 - 4 = 16
10	10 = 10 Balances
10.	-12b - 3 = 21 -12b + (-3) = 21
	3 3
	-12b + 0 = 24
	$\frac{-120}{-12} = \frac{24}{-12}$
	b = -2
	The solution is -2 .
	Check $-12b - 3 = 21$
	-12(-2) - 3 = 21 24 - 3 - 21
	24 3 = 21 21 = 21
	Balances
	Convright © 201

11. Solve, keeping the variable on the *left* side.

 $\begin{array}{rcl} 6p-2 &=& 4p+6\\ 6p+(-2) &=& 4p+6 \ Change \ to \ addition.\\ \hline -4p &=& -4p\\ \hline 2p+(-2) &=& \hline 0+6\\ 2p+(-2) &=& 6\\ \hline 2\\ \hline 2p+(-2) &=& 6\\ \hline 2\\ \hline 2p+0 &=& 8\\ \hline 2p=8\\ \hline 2p=4\\ \hline Divide \ both\\ sides \ by \ 2.\\ p=4\\ \hline \end{array}$

Solve, keeping the variable on the *right* side.

6p - 2 = 4p + 6 6p + (-2) = 4p + 6 Change to addition. -6p - 2 = -2p + 6 -2 = -2p + 6 -6 -6 -6 Add - 6 to both sides. -8 = -2p + 6 -8 = -2p -9 -8 = -2p -8 =

$$6(4) - 2 = 4(4) + 6$$

$$6(4) - 2 = 4(4) + 6$$

$$24 - 2 = 16 + 6$$

$$22 = 22$$

Balances

12. Left side:

Right side:

5y-5 =	= 2y + 10	5y - 5 =	2y + 10
-2y	-2y	-5y	-5y
3y - 5 =	= 0 + 10	0-5 =	-3y + 10
3y + (-5) =	= 10	-5 =	-3y + 10
5	5	-10	-10
3y + 0 =	= 15	-15 =	-3y + 0
$\frac{3y}{3} =$	$=\frac{15}{3}$	$\frac{-15}{-3} =$	$\frac{-3y}{-3}$
<i>y</i> =	= 5	5 =	y

The solution is 5.

Check
$$5y - 5 = 2y + 10$$

 $5(5) - 5 = 2(5) + 10$
 $25 - 5 = 10 + 10$
 $20 = 20$ Balances

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13. Solve, keeping the variable on the *left* side.

Solve, keeping the variable on the *right* side.

$$\begin{array}{rcl} -2k-6 &=& 6k+10\\ -2k+(-6) &=& 6k+10 \\ \hline 2k && Add \ 2k \ to \\ both \ sides. \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{rcl} 2k && Add \ 2k \ to \\ both \ sides. \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{rcl} 0+(-6) &=& 8k+10 \\ -6 &=& 8k+10 \\ \hline -10 && -10 \\ \hline -10 && -10 \\ \hline & Add \ -10 \ to \\ both \ sides. \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{rcl} -16 &=& 8k+0 \\ \hline & -16 &=& 8k \\ \hline & -2 &= k \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{rcl} Divide \ both \\ sides \ by \ 8. \\ -2 &= k \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{rcl} The \ solution \ is \ -2. \end{array}$$

Check

$$-2k - 6 = 6k + 10$$

$$-2(-2) - 6 = 6(-2) + 10 \quad Replace \ k \ with \ -2$$

$$4 + (-6) = -12 + 10$$

$$-2 = -2 \qquad Balances$$

5x + 4 = -3x - 4	5x+4 = -3x-4
3x $3x$	-5x $-5x$
8x+4 = 0-4	0+4 = -8x-4
8x + 4 = -4	4 = -8x + (-4)
-4 -4	4 4
8x + 0 = -8	8 = -8x + 0
8x - 8	8 -8x
$\frac{1}{8} - \frac{1}{8}$	$\frac{-8}{-8} - \frac{-8}{-8}$
x = -1	-1 = x

The solution is -1.

Check
$$5x + 4 = -3x - 4$$

 $5(-1) + 4 = -3(-1) - 4$
 $-5 + 4 = 3 + (-4)$
 $-1 = -1$

Balances

15.
$$-18 + 7a = 2a + 3 + 4$$
 simplifies to $-18 + 7a = 2a + 7$.

$$\begin{array}{rcrcrcrcrc} -18+7a & = & 2a+7\\ -2a & & -2a & Add-2a \ to \\ both \ sides. \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{rcrcrcr} -18+5a & = & 0+7\\ -18+5a & = & 7\\ 18 & & 18 & Add \ 18 \ to \\ both \ sides. \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{rcrcr} 0+5a & = & 25\\ 5a &$$

The solution is 5.

Check
$$-18 + 7a = 2a + 3 + 4$$

 $-18 + 7(5) = 2(5) + 7$
 $-18 + 35 = 10 + 7$
 $17 = 17$ Balances

16. -10 + 5r = -7 - 12 - 1 simplifies to -10 + 5r = -20.

$$\begin{array}{rcl} -10+5r &=& -20\\ 10 & 10 & Add \ 10 \ to\\ \hline 0+5r &=& -10\\ 5r &=& -10\\ \frac{5r}{5} &=& \frac{-10}{5} & Divide \ both\\ sides \ by \ 5.\\ r &=& -2 \end{array}$$

The solution is -2.

Check
$$-10 + 5r = -7 - 12 - 1$$

 $-10 + 5(-2) = -19 - 1$
 $-10 - 10 = -20$
 $-20 = -20$ Balances

17. Neither side can be simplified, so solve the equation.

$$-3t = 8t$$

$$3t \qquad 3t \qquad Add \ 3t \ to both \ sides.$$

$$0 = 11t$$

$$\frac{0}{11} = \frac{11t}{11} \qquad Divide \ both$$

$$\frac{0}{11} = t \qquad The \ solution \ is \ 0.$$

$$Check \qquad -3t = 8t$$

$$-3(0) = 8(0) \qquad Replace \ t \ with \ 0.$$

$$0 = 0 \qquad Balances$$

18. Neither side can be simplified, so solve the 21. 8(w-2)32= equation. 8w - 1632Distribute. = 8w + (-16)32= Change to addition. -9z15z= Add 16 to both sides. 1616Add 9z to 9z9z8w + 048 = both sides. 8w= 4824z0 8w48Divide both 24zDivide both 0 = 8 8 sides by 8. 2424 sides by 24. The solution is 6. 6 w= z0 The solution is 0. = 22. 9(b-4)27= Check 15z = -9z9b - 36= 27Distribute. 15(0) = -9(0) Replace z with 0. 9b + (-36)= 27Change to addition. 0 = 0Balances Add 36 to both sides. 36 36 **19.** 4 + 16 - 2 = 2 - 2b simplifies to 18 = 2 - 2b. 9b + 063 = Divide both 9b6318 2 - 2b= = 9 9 sides by 9. Add -2 to -2b 7 The solution is 7. -2= both sides. 18 - 2= 0 - 2b23. 2(y+4)-10 =16= -2b-10= 2y + 8Distribute. 16Divide both -2b $^{-8}$ Add -8 to both sides. -8-2-2sides by -2. -18= 2y + 0-8-18= 2y-18Divide both 2yThe solution is 5. = 2 2sides by 2. The solution is -9. **Check** 4 + 16 - 2 = 2 - 2b-9y20 - 2 = 2 - 2(-8)-3 =24. 3(x+6)20 + (-2) = 2 + 16-3= 3x + 1818 = 18Balances -18-18**20.** -9 + 2z = 9z - 1 + 13 simplifies to -21= 3x + 0-9 + 2z = 9z + 12.-213x= 3 3 -9 + 2z =9z + 12-7= xAdd -2z to -2z-2zboth sides. 25. -4(t+2) =12-9 + 07z + 12= -4t + (-8)12= 7z + 12_9 = 8 8 Add -12 to -4t + 020= -12-12both sides. -4t20= -217z + 0= 20-4t= -21= 7z-4-4Divide both -217zt-5= 7 7 sides by 7.

Distribute. Add - 18 to both sides. Divide both sides by 3. The solution is -7. Distribute. Add 8 to both sides. Divide both sides by -4. The solution is -5. 26. -5(k+3)= 25-5k + (-15)25Distribute. = 15Add 15 to both sides. 15-5k + 040 = 40 Divide both -5k $^{-5}$ -5sides by -5. $^{-8}$ kThe solution is -8. =

The solution is -3.

= z

-3

-9 + 2z = 9z - 1 + 13Check -9 + 2(-3) = 9(-3) + 12-9 - 6 = -27 + 12-15 = -15

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Balances

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27.	6(x-5) = -30 6x-30 = -30 Distribute. 6x + (-30) = -30 Change to addition. 30 6x + 0 = 0 6x = 0 6x = 0 $\frac{6x}{6} = \frac{0}{6}$ Divide both sides by 6. x = 0 The solution is 0.	33.	$\frac{9}{-9} = \\ -1 = \\ \frac{6m + 18}{-18} \\ \frac{-18}{6m + 0} \\ \frac{6m}{6} $
28.	$7(r-7) = -49$ $7r-49 = -49$ $7r-49 = -49$ $7r+(-49) = -49$ $7r+(-49) = -49$ $7r+0 = 0$ $7r+0 = 0$ $\frac{7r}{7} = \frac{0}{7}$ $r = 0$ $7r + 0 = 0$	34.	8p - 8p + (-4) $8p + (-4)$
29.	$\begin{array}{rcl} -12 &=& 12(h-2) \\ -12 &=& 12h-24 & Distribute. \\ -12 &=& 12h+(-24) & Change \ to \ addition. \\ \hline 24 & 24 & Add \ 24 \ to \ both \ sides. \\ \hline 12 &=& 12h+0 \\ 12 &=& 12h \\ \hline 12 &=& 12h \\ \hline \frac{12}{12} &=& \frac{12h}{12} & Divide \ both \\ \hline sides \ by \ 12. \\ 1 &=& h & The \ solution \ is \ 1. \end{array}$	35.	$6 = 9a$ $6 = 9a$ 12 $18 = 9a$ $18 = 9a$ $\frac{18}{9} = \frac{9}{9}$ $2 = w$
30.	$\begin{array}{rcrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrr$	36.	
31.	0 = -2(y+2) $0 = -2y - 4$ Distribute. 0 = -2y + (-4) Change to addition. $\frac{4}{4} = \frac{4}{-2y + 0}$ $4 = -2y$ $\frac{4}{-2} = \frac{-2y}{-2}$ Divide both sides by -2. -2 = y The solution is -2	38.	$\frac{-3x}{2x} = \frac{-3x}{2}$ $\frac{2x}{2} = \frac{2x}{2}$ $x = \frac{1}{2}$ $7n = \frac{7n}{2}$
32.	0 = -9(b+1) 0 = -9b - 9 Distribute. 0 = -9b + (-9) Change to addition. 9 = -9b + (-9) Add 9 to both sides. 9 = -9b + 0		$\frac{2n}{9n} = \frac{9n}{9} = n =$

	$\frac{9}{2} = \frac{-9b}{Divide both}$
	-9 -9 sides by -9 .
	-1 = b The solution is -1 .
3.	$ \begin{array}{rcl} 6m+18 &= & 0 \\ \hline & -18 \\ \hline 6m+0 &= & -18 \\ \hline &$
	bm = -18
	$\frac{6m}{2} = \frac{-18}{2}$ Divide both
	6 6 sides by 6.
	m = -3 The solution is -3 .
4.	$\begin{array}{rcrcrcr} 8p-40 &=& 0\\ 8p+(-40) &=& 0 & Change \ to \ addition.\\ 40 & 40 & Add \ 40 \ to \ both \ sides. \end{array}$
	8p+0 = 40
	8p 40 Divide both
	$\frac{1}{8} = \frac{1}{8}$ sides by 8.
	p = 5 The solution is 5.
5.	6 = 9w - 12 6 = 9w + (-12) Change to addition. $12 \qquad 12$ Add 12 to both sides.
	18 = 9w + 0
	18 = 9w
	$\frac{18}{10} = \frac{9w}{100}$ Divide both
	9 9 sides by 9.
	2 = w The solution is 2.
6.	8 = 8h + 24 $-24 -24 = -24$ $-16 = 8h + 0$ $Add - 24 to both sides.$
	-16 8h Divide both
	$\frac{1}{8} = \frac{1}{8}$ sides by 8.
	-2 = h The solution is -2 .
7.	5x = 3x + 10 $-3x = -3x$ $2x = -3x$ $4dd - 3x to both sides.$ $2x = 10$
	2x = 10 2x = 10 Divide both
	$\frac{2x}{2} = \frac{10}{2}$ Sides by 2
	x = 5 The solution is 5
	$\omega = 0$ The solution is 0.
8.	7n = -2n - 36 7n = -2n + (-36) Change to addition.
	2n $2n$ Add $2n$ to both sides.
	9n = 0 + (-36)
	9n -36 Divide both
	9 9 <i>sides by 9.</i>

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-4

The solution is -4.

39.
$$2a + 11 = 8a - 7$$

 $2a + 11 = 8a + (-7)$ Change to addition.
 $\frac{-2a}{0+11} = \frac{-2a}{6a + (-7)}$
 $11 = 6a + (-7)$
 $11 = 6a + (-7)$
 $\frac{7}{18} = \frac{7}{6a + 0}$
 $18 = 6a$
 $\frac{18}{6} = \frac{6a}{6}$ Divide both
 $3 = a$ The solution is 3.
40. $r - 10 = 10r + 8$
 $1r + (-10) = 10r + 8$ Change to addition.
 $\frac{-1r}{0+(-10)} = \frac{-1r}{9r + 8}$
 $-10 = 9r + 8$
 $\frac{-8}{-18} = \frac{-8}{9r + 0}$ Add $-1r$.
 $\frac{-18}{9} = \frac{9r}{9}$ Divide both
 $\frac{-18}{9} = \frac{9r}{9}$ Divide both
 $\frac{5b}{7+0} = \frac{28 + 2b}{28 + 2b}$
 $7 + (-5b) = 28 + 2b$ Change to addition.
 $\frac{5b}{7+0} = \frac{5b}{28 + 7b}$ Add -28 to both sides.
 $7 + 28 + 7b$
 $-21 = 7b$
 $\frac{-21}{7} = \frac{7b}{7}$ Divide both
 $\frac{-21}{7} = \frac{7b}{7}$ Sides by 7.
 $-3 = b$ The solution is -3 .
42. $1 - 8t = -9 - 3t$
 $1 + (-8t) = -9 + (-3t)$ Change to add.
 $\frac{8t}{1+0} = \frac{-9 - 3t}{-9 + 5t}$
 $\frac{9}{10} = \frac{9}{0 + 5t}$ Divide both
 $\frac{10}{5} = \frac{5t}{5}$ Divide both
 $\frac{10}{5} = \frac{5t}{5}$ Divide both
 $\frac{-20 + 2k}{2} = k - 4k$
 $-20 + 2k = k - 4k$
 $-20 + 2k = -3k$ Combine like terms.
 $-2k = -2k$ Add $-2k$.
 $-20 = -5k$

 $\frac{-20}{-5} = \frac{-5k}{-5} \frac{\text{Divide both}}{\text{sides by } -5}.$ 4 = k The solution is 4. 44. 6y - y = -16 + y6y + (-1y) = -16 + 1y Change to addition. 5y = -16 + 1y Combine like terms. $\frac{-1y}{4y} = \frac{-1y}{-16+0} Add - ly.$ $\frac{4y}{4} = \frac{-16}{4}$ Divide both sides by 4. y = -4 The solution is -4. 45. 10(c-6) + 4 = 2 + c - 5810c - 60 + 4 = 2 + c - 58Distribute. 10c + (-60) + 4 = 2 + c + (-58) Change to add. 10c + (-60) + 4 = 2 + (-58) + c Group terms. 10c + (-56) = -56 + cCombine terms. Add - c. -c $\frac{-c}{9c + (-56)} = \frac{-c}{-56 + 0}$ 9c + (-56) = -56Add 56. $\frac{56}{9c+0} = \frac{56}{0}$ $\frac{9c}{9} = \frac{0}{9}$ Divide both sides by 9. c = 0The solution is 0. 8(z+7) - 6 = z + 60 - 10**46**. 8z + 56 - 6 = z + 60 - 108z + 56 + (-6) = z + 60 + (-10)8z + 50 = 1z + 50-1z -1z7z + 50 = 0 + 507z + 50 = 50 $\frac{-50}{7z+0} = \frac{-50}{0}$ $\frac{7z}{7} = \frac{0}{7}$ z = 0The solution is 0. -18 + 13y + 3 = 3(5y - 1) - 247. -18 + 13y + 3 = 15y - 3 - 2Distribute. Add the -18 + 13y + 3 = 15y + (-3) + (-2)opposites. Group like 13y + (-18) + 3 = 15y + (-3) + (-2)terms. Combine 13y + (-15) = 15y + (-5)like terms. $\frac{-13y}{0+(-15)} = \frac{-13y}{2y+(-5)}$ Add - 13v. -15 = 2y + (-5) -10 = 2y + 0Add 5.

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$$-10 = 2y$$

$$-10 = \frac{2y}{2}$$
 Divide

$$\frac{-10}{2} = \frac{2y}{2}$$
 by 2.

$$-5 = y$$

The solution is -5.

$$48. \quad 3+5h-9 = 4(3h+4)-1 \\ 3+5h+(-9) = 12h+16+(-1) \\ 5h+(-6) = 12h+15 \\ \hline -5h \\ \hline 0+(-6) = -5h \\ \hline -6 = 7h+15 \\ -6 = 7h+15 \\ \hline -15 \\ \hline -21 = -15 \\ \hline -21 = -15 \\ \hline 7h+0 \\ -21 \\ \hline -3 = h \\ \hline \end{array}$$

The solution is -3.

49.
$$6 - 4n + 3n = 20 - 35$$

 $6 + (-4n) + 3n = 20 + (-35)$ Change to add.
 $6 + (-1n) = -15$ Combine terms.
 -6 -6 Add -6.
 $0 + (-1n) = -21$
 $\frac{-1n}{-1} = \frac{-21}{-1}$ Divide both
sides by -1.
 $n = 21$

The solution is 21.

50.
$$-19 + 8 = 6p - 7p - 5$$

$$-19 + 8 = 6p + (-7p) + (-5)$$
 Change to add.

$$-11 = -1p + (-5)$$
 Combine terms.

$$\frac{5}{-6} = \frac{5}{-1p + 0}$$

$$\frac{-6}{-1} = \frac{-1p}{-1}$$
 Divide both
sides by -1.

$$6 = p$$

The solution is 6.

51.
$$6(c-2) = 7(c-6)$$

$$6c-12 = 7c-42$$
 Distribute.

$$6c + (-12) = 7c + (-42)$$
 Change to add.

$$\frac{-6c}{0+(-12)} = \frac{-6c}{1c+(-42)}$$

$$-12 = 1c + (-42)$$

$$\frac{42}{42} = \frac{42}{1c+0}$$

$$30 = c$$

The solution is 30.

52.
$$-3(5+x) = 4(x-2)$$
$$-15 + (-3x) = 4x - 8$$
$$3x = \frac{3x}{7x - 8}$$
$$-15 = 7x + (-8)$$
$$\frac{8}{-15} = \frac{8}{7x + 0}$$
$$\frac{-7}{7} = \frac{7x}{7}$$
Divide both sides by 7.
$$-1 = x$$
The solution is -1.

53.
$$-5(2p+2) - 7 = 3(2p+5) -10p + (-10) - 7 = 6p + 15 -10p + (-10) + (-7) = 6p + 15 -10p + (-17) = 6p + 15 -10p + (-17) = 6p + 15 -16p + (-17) = 0 + 15 -16p + (-17) = 15 -16p + (-17) = 15 -16p + 0 = 32 -16p + 0 = 32 -16p = -2 Divide by -16. p = -2$$

The solution is -2.

54.
$$4(3m-6) = 72 + 3(m-8)$$
$$12m - 24 = 72 + 3m - 24$$
$$12m + (-24) = 72 + 3m + (-24)$$
$$12m + (-24) = 3m + 48$$
$$-3m - -3m -$$

55.
$$2(3b-2) - 5b = 4(b-1) + 8b$$
$$6b - 4 - 5b = 4b - 4 + 8b$$
$$b - 4 = 12b - 4$$
$$\frac{4}{12b} = \frac{4}{12b}$$
$$\frac{-b}{-b} = \frac{-b}{11b}$$
$$Add - b.$$
$$\frac{0}{11} = \frac{11b}{11}$$
$$0 = b$$

The solution is 0.

56.
$$-3(w+3) + 10 = -1(w+14) + w$$
$$-3w - 9 + 10 = -w - 14 + w$$
$$-3w + 1 = -14$$
$$\frac{-1}{-3w} = \frac{-1}{-15}$$
$$\frac{-3w}{-3} = \frac{-15}{-3}$$
$$w = 5$$

The solution is 5.

57. The series of steps may vary. One possibility is:

The solution is -3.

- **58.** Multiplication distributes over both addition and subtraction. Examples will vary. Some possibilities are 3(2y + 6) is 6y + 18 and 5(x 3) is 5x 15.
- 59. Check -8 + 4a = 2a + 2-8 + 4(3) = 2(3) + 2-8 + 12 = 6 + 2 $4 \neq 8$

The check does not balance, so 3 is not the correct solution. The student added -2a to -8 on the left side, instead of adding -2a to 4a. The correct solution, obtained using -8 + 2a = 2, 2a = 10, is a = 5.

60. Check 2(x+4) = -162(-10+4) = -162(-6) = -16 $-12 \neq -16$

The check does not balance, so -10 is not the correct solution.

$$2(x+4) = -16$$
 Student did not

$$2x+8 = -16$$
 distribute the 2

$$-8$$
 -8 over the 4.

$$2x+0 = -24$$

$$\frac{2x}{2} = \frac{-24}{2}$$

$$x = -12$$

The correct solution is -12.

Relating Concepts (Exercises 61–64)

61. (a) It must be negative, because the sum of two positive numbers is always positive.

(b) The sum of x and a positive number is negative, so x must be negative.

62. (a) It must be positive, because the sum of two negative numbers is always negative.

(b) The sum of d and a negative number is positive, so d must be positive.

63. (a) It must be positive. When the signs are the same, the product is positive, and when the signs are different, the product is negative.

(b) The product of n and a negative number is negative, so n must be positive.

64. (a) It must be negative also. When the signs are different, the product is negative, and when the signs match, the product is positive.

(b) The product of y and a negative number is positive, so y must be negative.

Chapter 2 Review Exercises

1. (a) In the expression -3 + 4k, k is the variable, 4 is the coefficient, and -3 is the constant term.

(b) The term that has 20 as the constant term and -9 as the coefficient is -9y + 20.

2. (a) Evaluate 4c + 10 when c is 15.

$$4c + 10$$

$$4 \cdot 15 + 10 \quad Replace \ c \ with \ 15.$$

$$60 + 10$$

$$70 \quad Order \ 70 \ test \ tubes$$

(b) Evaluate 4c + 10 when c is 24.

 $\begin{array}{c} 4c+10\\ \underline{4\cdot 24}+10 \quad Replace \ c \ with \ 24.\\ \underline{96+10}\\ 106 \quad \ \ Order \ 106 \ test \ tubes. \end{array}$

- 3. (a) x^2y^4 means $x \cdot x \cdot y \cdot y \cdot y \cdot y$
 - (b) $5ab^3$ means $5 \cdot a \cdot b \cdot b \cdot b$
- 4. (a) n^2 means

$$\underbrace{-3 \cdot (-3)}_{9} \quad Replace \ n \ with \ -3.$$

(b)
$$n^3$$
 means

$$\underbrace{\begin{array}{c}n \cdot n \cdot n \\ -3 \cdot (-3) \\ 9 \cdot (-3) \\ -27\end{array}}_{n \cdot n \cdot n} Replace n with -3.$$

(c) $-4mp^2$ means

$$\begin{array}{c} -4 \cdot m \cdot p \cdot p \\ \underline{-4 \cdot 2} \cdot 4 \cdot 4 \\ \underline{-4 \cdot 2} \cdot 4 \cdot 4 \\ \underline{-32 \cdot 4} \\ -128 \end{array}$$
Replace m with 2
and p with 4.

(d) $5m^4n^2$ means

 $5 \boldsymbol{\cdot} m \boldsymbol{\cdot} m \boldsymbol{\cdot} m \boldsymbol{\cdot} m \boldsymbol{\cdot} n \boldsymbol{\cdot} n$

$$\underbrace{5 \cdot 2 \cdot 2 \cdot 2 \cdot 2 \cdot (-3) \cdot (-3)}_{20 \cdot 2 \cdot 2 \cdot (-3) \cdot (-3)} \xrightarrow{Replace m \text{ with } 2}_{and n \text{ with } -3.}$$

$$\underbrace{10 \cdot 2 \cdot 2 \cdot 2 \cdot (-3) \cdot (-3)}_{40 \cdot 2 \cdot (-3) \cdot (-3)}$$

$$\underbrace{80 \cdot (-3)}_{-240 \cdot (-3)} \cdot (-3)$$

$$\underbrace{-240 \cdot (-3)}_{720}$$

- 5. $ab + ab^2 + 2ab$ $\underline{1ab} + ab^2 + \underline{2ab}$ Combine like terms. $3ab + ab^2$ or $ab^2 + 3ab$
- 6. -3x + 2y x 7 -3x + 2y - 1x - 7 Rewrite x as 1x. -3x + 2y + (-1x) + (-7) Change to addition. -4x + 2y - 7 Combine like terms.

7.
$$-8(-2g^3)$$
 Associative property
 $[-8 \cdot (-2)] \cdot g^3$
 $16 \cdot g^3$
 $16g^3$

- 8. $4(3r^2t)$ Associative property $(4 \cdot 3) \cdot r^2 t$ $12 \cdot r^2 t$ $12r^2 t$
- **9.** 5(k+2) *Distribute.* $5 \cdot k + 5 \cdot 2$ 5k + 10

10.
$$-2(3b+4)$$
 Distribute
 $-2 \cdot 3b + (-2) \cdot 4$
 $-6b + (-8)$ or $-6b - 8$

11.
$$3(2y-4) + 12$$
 Distribute.
 $3 \cdot 2y - 3 \cdot 4 + 12$
 $6y - 12 + 12$
 $6y + (-12) + 12$
 $6y + 0$
 $6y$

12. -4 + 6(4x + 1) - 4x Distribute. -4 + 24x + 6 - 4x -4 + 24x + 6 + (-4x)2 + 20x or 20x + 2

13. Expressions will vary. One possibility is $6a^3 + a^2 + 3a - 6$.

14.
$$16 + n = 5$$
 Add -16 to both sides.
 $-16 -16 -16$
 $0 + n = -11$
 $n = -11$ The solution is -11.

Check
$$16 + n = 5$$

 $16 + (-11) = 5$ *Replace n with -11.*
 $5 = 5$ Balances

15.
$$-4+2 = 2a-6-a$$

 $-4+2 = 2a+(-6)+(-1a)$
 $-2 = 1a+(-6)$
 $\frac{6}{4} = \frac{6}{1a+0}$
 $4 = a$

The solution is 4.

Check
$$-4+2 = 2a-6-a$$

 $-4+2 = 2(4)-6-4$
 $-2 = 8 + (-6) + (-4)$
 $-2 = 2 + (-4)$
 $-2 = -2$ Balances

16.
$$48 = -6m$$

 $\frac{48}{-6} = \frac{-6m}{-6}$ Divide both
sides by -6.
 $-8 = m$ The solution is -8.
17. $k - 5k = -40$
 $1k - 5k = -40$

$$1k + (-5k) = -40$$

$$-4k = -40$$

$$Combine like terms.$$

$$\frac{-4k}{-4} = \frac{-40}{-4}$$

$$bivide both$$

$$sides by -4.$$

$$k = 10$$
The solution is 10.
$$18. \quad \underbrace{-17 + 11 + 6}_{0} = 7t$$

$$0 = 7t$$

$$\underbrace{0}_{7} = \frac{7t}{7}$$

$$bivide both$$

$$sides by 7.$$

$$0 = t$$
The solution is 0.
$$19. \quad -2p + 5p = 3 - 21$$

$$-2p + 5p = 3 + (-21)$$

$$3p = -18$$

$$\underbrace{3p}_{3} = \frac{-18}{3}$$

$$bivide both$$

$$sides by 3.$$

p = -6

The solution is -6.

20.	-30 = 3(-5r)	$\frac{3a}{2} = \frac{-15}{2}$ Divide both
	-30 = -15r	3 3 sides by 3.
	-30 $-15r$ Divide both	a = -5 The solution is -5 .
	$\frac{-15}{-15} = \frac{-15}{-15}$ sides by -15.	26. $[2.5] -2(p-3) = -14$
	2 = r The solution is 2.	-2p+6 = -14 Distribute.
21	12 - b	Add -6 to
21.	12 = -n	-6 -6 both sides
	12 = -1n	2n+0 = 20
	$\frac{12}{12} = \frac{-1h}{12}$ Divide both	-2p+0 = -20
	-1 -1 sides by -1 .	$\frac{-2p}{2} = \frac{-20}{2}$ Divide both
	-12 = h The solution is -12 .	-2 -2 states by -2 .
22.	12w - 4 = 8w + 12	p = 10 The solution is 10.
	12w + (-4) = 8w + 12	27. [2.5] $10y = 6y + 20$
	Add - 8w	-6y - 6y Add $-6y$ to
	-8w $-8w$ both sides	both sides.
	4w + (-4) = 0 + 12	4y = 0 + 20
	4w + (-4) = 12	$4y _ 20$ Divide both
	Add 4 to	$\overline{4}$ $\overline{4}$ sides by 4.
	4 4 both side	y = 5 The solution is 5.
	$\frac{4w+0}{16}$ - 16	28. [2.5] $2m - 7m = 5 - 20$
	4w + 0 = 10	Add the
	$4\omega = 10$	2m + (-7m) = 5 + (-20) opposites.
	$\frac{4w}{4} = \frac{10}{4}$ Divide bo	<i>Combine</i>
	4 4 states by 4	-5m = -15 like terms.
	w = 4	-5m -15 Divide both
	The solution is 4.	$\frac{-5}{-5} = \frac{-5}{-5}$ sides by -5.
23.	0 = -4(c+2)	m = 3
	$0 = -4 \cdot c + (-4) \cdot 2 \text{ Distribute.}$	The solution is 3.
	0 = -4c + (-8)	29. $[2.5]$ $20 = 3x - 7$
	Add 8 to	20 = 3r + (-7)
	both sides.	Add 7 to
	8 = -4c + 0	7 7 hoth sides
	8 = -4c	$\frac{27}{27} - \frac{3r+0}{3r+0}$
	8 -4c Divide both	$27 = 3x \pm 0$ 27 = 3x Divide both
	$\underline{-4} = \underline{-4}$ sides by -4.	$\frac{21}{2} = \frac{3x}{2}$ Divide boin
	-2 = c The solution is –	3 3 3 states by 3 .
24	34 = 2n + 4	9 = x The solution is 9.
2	Add - 4 to	30. [2.5] $b+b = 3b-8$
	-4 -4 hoth sides	-3b $-3b$ $-3b$ $Add -5b$ b
	$\frac{30}{20} = \frac{2m+0}{2}$	both staes.
	30 = 2n + 0	-2b+6 = 0-8
	30 - 2h	-2b+6 = -8
	$\frac{30}{2} = \frac{2\pi}{2}$ Divide both sides by 2	-6 -6 $Add - 6 to$
	2 2 sides by 2.	both sides.
	13 = n	-2b + 0 = -14
	The number of employees is 15.	$-2b$ _ -14 Divide both
25.	[2.5] 12 + 7a = 4a - 3	-2 -2 sides by -2 .
		b = 7 The solution is 7.
	-4a $-4a$ Add $-4a$ to	
	-4a $-4a$ $-4a$ Add $-4a$ to both sides.	31. [2.3] $z+3 = 0$
	$\frac{-4a}{12+3a} = \frac{-4a}{0-3} \qquad \frac{Add - 4a \text{ to}}{both \text{ sides.}}$	31. [2.3] $z + 3 = 0$ Add -3 to
	$-4a \qquad -4a \qquad -4a \qquad both sides.$ $12 + 3a = -3$	31. [2.3] $z + 3 = 0$ $-3 -3 \frac{Add - 3}{both sides}$.
	$ \begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	31. [2.3] $z + 3 = 0$ -3 -3 -3 = -3 Add -3 to both sides.
	$ \begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	31. [2.3] $z + 3 = 0$ $-3 \qquad -3 \qquad Add -3 \ to$ $both \ sides.$ $z = -3$ The solution is -3.

32. [2.5]
$$3(2n-1) = 3(n+3)$$

$$6n-3 = 3n+9$$
 Distribute.

$$-3n \qquad -3n \qquad Add -3n \text{ to}$$
both sides.

$$3n-3 = 9$$

$$3 \qquad Add 3 \text{ to}$$
both sides.

$$3n+0 = 12$$

$$\frac{3n}{3} = \frac{12}{3} \qquad Divide \text{ both}$$
sides by 3.

$$n = 4$$
The solution is 4.

33. [2.5]
$$-4 + 46 = 7(-3t + 6)$$

 $-4 + 46 = -21t + 42$ Distribute.
 $42 = -21t + 42$
 -42 -42 $Add - 42$ to
both sides.
 $0 = -21t + 0$
 $\frac{0}{-21} = \frac{-21t}{-21}$ Divide both
sides by -21.
 $0 = t$ The solution is 0.

$$\begin{array}{rcl} 6+10d-19 &=& 2(3d+4)-1\\ 6+10d+(-19) &=& 6d+8-1\\ &-13+10d &=& 6d+7\\ \hline &-6d & & -6d\\ \hline &-13+4d &=& 7\\ \hline &-13+4d &=& 7\\ \hline &13 & & & & & \\ 13 & & & & & & & \\ 13 & & & & & & & \\ 13 & & & & & & & & \\ \hline &0+4d &=& 20\\ \hline & & & & & & & & \\ \hline &0+4d &=& 20\\ \hline & & & & & & & \\ \hline & & & & & & & \\ 4d &=& 20\\ \hline & & & & & & & \\ 4d &=& 20\\ \hline & & & & & & & \\ d &=& 5 \end{array}$$

The solution is 5.

35. [2.5]

$$-4(3b+9) = 24 + 3(2b-8)$$

$$-12b - 36 = 24 + 6b - 24$$

$$-12b + (-36) = 24 + 6b + (-24)$$

$$-12b + (-36) = 6b$$

$$\frac{12b}{0 + (-36)} = \frac{12b}{18b}$$

$$\frac{-36}{18} = \frac{18b}{18}$$

$$-2 = b$$

$$Divide$$

$$by 18.$$

Chapter 2 Test

- 1. In the expression -7w + 6, -7 is the coefficient, w is the variable, and 6 is the constant term.
- 2. Evaluate the expression 3a + 2c when a is 45 and c is 21.

$$3a + 2c$$

$$\underbrace{3 \cdot 45}_{135} + \underbrace{2 \cdot 21}_{135} + 42$$

$$177$$

Buy 177 hot dogs.

- 3. x^5y^3 means $x \cdot x \cdot x \cdot x \cdot y \cdot y \cdot y$
- 4. $4ab^4$ means $4 \cdot a \cdot b \cdot b \cdot b \cdot b$
- 5. $-2s^2t$ means

$$-2 \cdot s \cdot s \cdot t$$

$$-2 \cdot (-5) \cdot (-5) \cdot 4$$

$$-2 \cdot (-5) \cdot (-5) \cdot 4$$

$$-2 \cdot (-5) \cdot 4$$

$$-2 \cdot (-5) \cdot 4$$

$$-5 \cdot 4$$

$$-5 \cdot 4$$

$$-5 \cdot 4$$

$$-200$$

$$Replace s with -5$$

$$and t with 4.$$

$$\begin{array}{ccc} \mathbf{6.} & & 3w^3 - 8w^3 + w^3 \\ & & 3w^3 - 8w^3 + 1w^3 \\ & & \underbrace{3w^3 + (-8w^3)}_{-5w^3 + 1w^3} + 1w^3 \\ & & \underbrace{-5w^3 + 1w^3}_{-4w^3} \end{array}$$

7.
$$\begin{array}{cc} xy - xy \\ 1xy - 1xy \\ (1-1)xy \\ 0xy \\ 0 \end{array}$$

8.
$$-6c - 5 + 7c + 5$$

$$-6c + (-5) + 7c + 5$$

$$-6c + 7c + (-5) + 5$$

$$1c + 0$$

$$1c \text{ or } c$$

9. $3m^2 - 3m + 3mn$ There are no like terms. The expression cannot be simplified.

10.
$$-10(4b^2)$$

 $(-10 \cdot 4) \cdot b^2$ Associative property
of multiplication
 $-40b^2$

The solution is -2.

11.
$$-5(-3k)$$
 Associative property
of multiplication
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24.
$$2 + 7b - 44 = -3b + 12 + 9b$$

$$7b - 42 = 6b + 12$$

$$-6b \qquad -6b \qquad Add -6b \ to$$

$$both \ sides.$$

$$1b - 42 = 12$$

$$42 \qquad 42 \qquad Add \ 42 \ to$$

$$both \ sides.$$

$$1b = 54$$

$$b = 54$$

The solution is 54.

25.
$$3c - 24 = 6(c - 4)$$
$$3c - 24 = 6c - 24 \text{ Distribute.}$$
$$-3c - 24 = 3c - 24$$
$$24 \qquad 24 \qquad Add 24 \text{ to}$$
$$both sides.$$
$$0 = 3c$$
$$\frac{0}{3} = \frac{3c}{3} \qquad Divide both$$
$$sides by 3.$$
$$0 = c$$

The solution is 0.

26. Addition property of equality: Start with a possible solution, for example, x = -4. Now add an abitrary number, say -5, to both sides, to give us the equation x - 5 = -9.

Division property of equality: Start with a possible solution, for example, -4 = y. Now multiply both sides by an abitrary number, say 6, to give us the equation -24 = 6y.

Thus, equations will vary. Two possibilities are

$$x - 5 = -9$$
 and $-24 = 6y$.

Solving:

$$x-5 = -9$$

$$\frac{5}{x} = \frac{5}{-4}$$

$$\frac{-24}{-24} = 6y$$

$$\frac{-24}{6} = \frac{6y}{6}$$
Divide both
$$\frac{-24}{-4} = y$$

Cumulative Review Exercises (Chapters 1–2)

- 1. 306,000,004,210 in words is three hundred six billion, four thousand, two hundred ten.
- 2. Eight hundred million, sixty-six thousand: 800,066,000
- 3. (a) -3 lies to the *right* of -10 on the number line, so -3 > -10.

(b) -1 lies to the *left* of 0 on the number line, so -1 < 0.

4. (a) -6+2=2+(-6) • *Commutative property of addition:* Changing the order of the addends does not change the sum.

(b) $0 \cdot 25 = 0$ • Multiplication property of zero: Multiplying any number by 0 gives a product of 0.

(c) $5(-6+4) = 5 \cdot (-6) + 5 \cdot 4$ • *Distributive property:* Multiplication distributes over addition.

5. (a) 9047 ≈ 9000

6.

7.

11.

Underline the hundreds place: 9047

The next digit is 4 or less, so leave 0 as 0. Change 4 and 7 to 0.

(b) $289,610 \approx 290,000$

Underline the thousands place: 289,610

The next digit is 5 or more, so add 1 to 9, write the 0 and add 1 to the ten-thousands place. Change 6 and 1 to 0.

$$0-8$$

= 0 + (-8) *Change to addition.*

$$= -8$$

 $|-6| + |4|$

$$= 6 + 4 \qquad \begin{array}{c} -6 \text{ is } 6 \text{ units from } 0. \\ 4 \text{ is } 4 \text{ units from } 0. \\ = 10 \end{array}$$

8.
$$-3(-10)$$

= 30 Same sign, positive product

9.
$$(-5)^2$$

= $-5 \cdot (-5)$
= 25 Same sign, positive product

10.
$$\frac{-42}{-6} = 7$$
 Same sign, positive quotient

$$\begin{array}{l} -19 + 19 \\ = 0 \end{array} \qquad \begin{array}{l} Addition \ of \ a \ number \\ and \ its \ opposite \ is \ zero. \end{array}$$

12.
$$\underbrace{(-4)^{3}}_{-4 \cdot (-4) \cdot (-4)} \quad Exponent$$

$$\underbrace{16 \cdot (-4)}_{-64} \quad Multiply \ left \ to \ right.$$

13.
$$\frac{-14}{0}$$
 is *undefined*. Division by 0 is undefined.
14. $-5 \cdot 12$

= -60 Different signs, negative product

15.
$$-20 - 20$$

 $= -20 + (-20)$ Change to addition.
 $= -40$
16. $\frac{45}{-5} = -9$ Different signs, negative quotient
17. $-50 + 25 = -25$
18. $-10 + 6(4 - 7)$
 $-10 + 6[4 + (-7)]$ Change to addition.
 $-10 + 6(-3)$
 $-10 + (-18)$ Multiply.
 -18 Add.
19. $-20 - 3(-5) + 16$

 $19. \quad \frac{-20-3(-5)+1}{(-4)^2-3^3}$

Numerator:

. .

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00

$$\begin{array}{c} -20 - 3(-5) + 16 \\ -20 - (-15) + 16 \\ \underline{-20 + 15} + 16 \\ \underline{-5 + 16} \\ 11 \end{array}$$
Multiply. Change to addition. Add left to right.

Denominator:

$$\underbrace{(-4)^2 - 3^3}_{(-4)(-4)} - \underbrace{3 \cdot 3 \cdot 3}_{16} \quad Exponents$$

$$\underbrace{16 - 27}_{-11}$$

Last step is division: $\frac{11}{-11} = -1$

22 days rounds to 20.616 miles rounds to 600.Average distance "per" day implies division.

Estimate:
$$\frac{600 \text{ miles}}{20 \text{ days}} = 30 \text{ miles per day}$$

Exact:
$$\frac{616 \text{ miles}}{22 \text{ days}} = 28 \text{ miles per day}$$

The average distance the tiger traveled each day was 28 miles.

21. -48 degrees rounds to -50. "Rise" of 23 degrees rounds to 20.

A start temperature of -48 degrees followed by a rise of 23 degrees implies addition.

Estimate: -50 + 20 = -30 degrees *Exact:* -48 + 23 = -25 degrees

The daytime temperature was -25 degrees.

52 shares rounds to 50.
\$2132 rounds to \$2000.
\$8 stays \$8 (it's a single digit number).

Each stock dropped in value by \$8 and Doug owned 52 shares. Multiply to find out how much money he lost. Then, subtract this amount from the original total value.

Estimate: $$2000 - (50 \cdot 8) = 1600 *Exact:* $$2132 - (52 \cdot 8) = 1716

His shares are now worth \$1716.

\$758 rounds to \$800.
\$45 rounds to \$50.
12 months (in one year) rounds to 10.

Estimate: 10(\$800 + \$50)= 10(\$850) = \$8500

Exact: 12(\$758 + \$45) = 12(\$803) = \$9636

She will spend \$9636 for rent and parking in one year.

- **24.** $-4ab^3c^2$ means $-4 \cdot a \cdot b \cdot b \cdot b \cdot c \cdot c$
- 25. $3xy^3$ means

$$3 \cdot x \cdot y \cdot y \cdot y$$

$$\underbrace{3 \cdot (-5)}_{-15 \cdot (-2)} \cdot (-2) \cdot (-2) \quad Replace x with -5$$
and y with -2.
$$\underbrace{-15 \cdot (-2)}_{30 \cdot (-2)} \cdot (-2) \quad Multiply left to right$$

$$\underbrace{30 \cdot (-2)}_{-60 \cdot (-2)} \cdot (-2)$$

$$120$$

26.
$$3h - 7h + 5h$$

 $3h + (-7h) + 5h$ Change to addition.
 $-4h + 5h$ Combine like terms.
 $1h$ or h

27. $c^2d - c^2d$

$$= 1c^{2}d - 1c^{2}d$$

$$= 1c^{2}d + (-1c^{2}d)$$

$$= 1c^{2}d + (-1c^{2}d)$$

$$= [1 + (-1)]c^{2}d$$

$$= 0 \cdot c^{2}d$$

$$= 0$$
Write the understood
coefficients of 1.
Change to addition.
Combine like terms.

$$4n^{2} - 4n + 6 - 8 + n^{2}$$

$$4n^{2} + (-4n) + 6 + (-8) + n^{2}$$

$$4n^{2} + n^{2} + (-4n) + 6 + (-8)$$

$$5n^{2} + (-4n) + (-2)$$
or
$$5n^{2} - 4n - 2$$

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28.

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29.
$$-10(3b^{2})$$

 $(-10 \cdot 3) b^{2}$ Associative property
 $-30b^{2}$
30. $7(4p - 4)$
 $7(4p - 7 \cdot 4)$ Distribute.
 $28p - 28$
31. $3 + 5(-2w^{2} - 3) + w^{2}$
 $3 + (-10w^{2}) - 15 + w^{2}$
 $3 + (-10w^{2}) + (-15) + w^{2}$
 $-9w^{2} + (-12)$ or $-9w^{2} - 12$
32. $3x = x - 8$
 $\frac{-x}{2x} = \frac{-x}{0-8}$ Add $-x$ to both sides.
 $\frac{2x}{2} = \frac{-8}{2}$ Divide both
 $\frac{2}{2} = \frac{-8}{2}$ sides by 2.
 $x = -4$
The solution is -4.
Check $3x = x - 8$
 $3(-4) = -4 - 8$ Replace x with -4.
 $-12 = -4 + (-8)$
 $-12 = -12$ Balances
33. $-44 = -2 + 7y$
 $\frac{2}{-42} = \frac{7y}{7}$ Divide both
 $\frac{2}{-42} = 7y$
 $-42 = 7y$
 $-42 = 7y$
 $-42 = 7y$
 $-44 = -2 + 7(-6)$ Replace y with -6.
 $-44 = -2 + (-42)$
 $-44 = -24 + (-42)$
 $-44 = -44$ Balances
34. $2k - 5k = -21$
 $2k + (-5k) = -21$
 $-3k = -21$
 $\frac{-3k}{-3} = \frac{-21}{-3}$ Divide both
 $\frac{-3k}{-3} = \frac{-21}{-3}$ Divide both
 $\frac{-3k}{-3} = \frac{-21}{-3}$ Divide both
 $\frac{-3k}{-3} = -21$
 $2(7) - 5(7) = -21$ Replace k with 7.
 $14 - 35 = -21$
 $14 + (-35) = -21$
 $-21 = -21$ Balances

35. m-6 = -2m+6 $\frac{2m}{3m-6} = \frac{2m}{0+6}$ Add 2m to both sides. 3m-6 = 6 $\frac{6}{3m+0} = \frac{6}{12}$ Add 6 to both sides. $\frac{3m}{3} = \frac{12}{3}$ Divide both sides by 3. m = 4

The solution is 4.

Check

m-6 = -2m+6	
4 - 6 = -2(4) + 6	Replace m with 4.
4 + (-6) = -8 + 6	
-2 = -2	Balances

36.	4 - 4x =	18 + 10x	
	4x	4x	Add 4x to both sides.
	4 + 0 =	18 + 14x	
	4 =	18 + 14x	
	-18	-18	Add - 18 to both sides
	-14 =	0 + 14x	
	-14 _	14x	Divide both
	14	14	sides by 14.
	-1 =	x	The solution is -1 .

37.
$$18 = -r$$

$$18 = -1r$$

$$\frac{18}{-1} = \frac{-1r}{-1}$$
Divide both
$$ides by -1.$$

$$-18 = r$$
The solution is -18.

38.
$$-8b - 11 + 7b = b - 1$$
$$-1b - 11 = 1b - 1$$
$$1b \qquad 1b \qquad Add \ 1b \ to \\ both \ sides.$$
$$0b - 11 = 2b - 1$$
$$-11 = 2b - 1$$
$$1 \qquad 1 \qquad Add \ 1 \ to \\ both \ sides.$$
$$-10 = 2b + 0$$
$$-10 = 2b + 0$$
$$\frac{-10}{2} = \frac{2b}{2} \qquad Divide \ both \\ sides \ by \ 2.$$
$$-5 = b$$

The solution is -5.

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7.

The solution is 1.

The solution is -12.