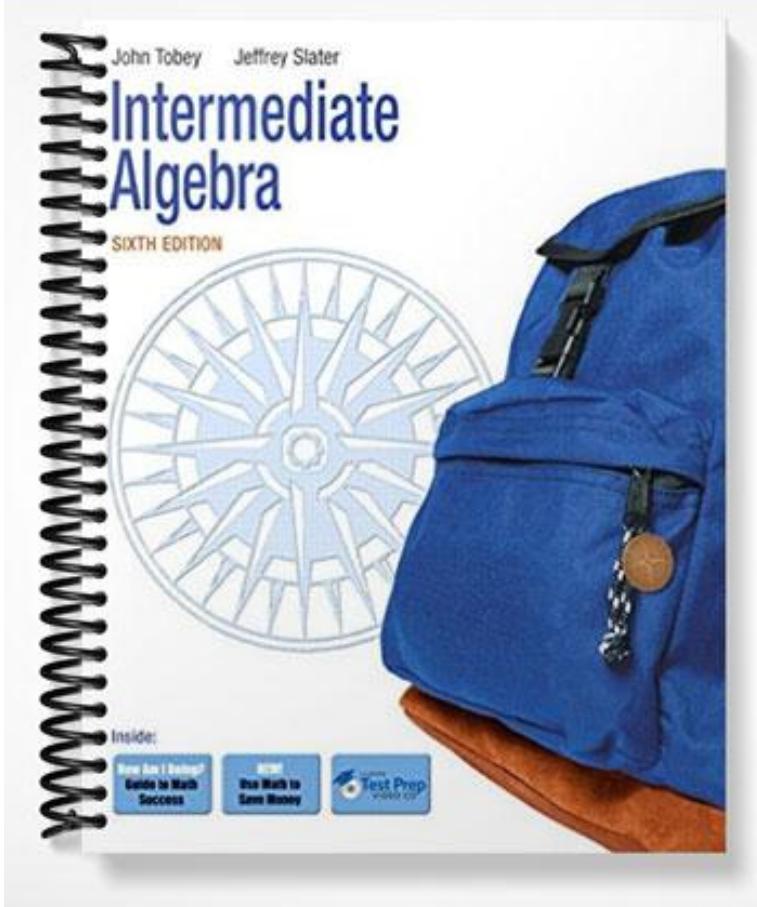


SOLUTIONS MANUAL



Chapter 2

2.1 Exercises

2. $2x + 12 \stackrel{?}{=} -30$

$$2(21) + 12 \stackrel{?}{=} -30$$

$$54 \neq -30$$

No; 21 is not a root since replacing x with 21 does not give a true statement.

4. $5y + 9 = 5\left(\frac{3}{5}\right) + 9 = 3 + 9 = 12$

Yes: when you replace y by $\frac{3}{5}$ in the equation, you get a true statement.

6. Multiply each term of the equation by 100 to clear the decimals.

8. No; it would be easier to add $\frac{1}{4}$ to both sides of the equation.

10. $26 + x - 26 = -35 - 26$

$$26 + x = -35$$

$$x = -61$$

Check: $26 + (-61) \stackrel{?}{=} -35$
 $-35 = -35$

12. $-16x = -64$

$$\begin{array}{r} -16x \\ \hline -16 \\ \hline x = 4 \end{array}$$

Check: $-16(4) \stackrel{?}{=} -64$
 $-64 = -64$

14. $-12x = 72$

$$\begin{array}{r} -12x \\ \hline -12 \\ \hline x = -6 \end{array}$$

Check: $-12(-6) \stackrel{?}{=} 72$
 $72 = 72$

16. $10x + 3 = 15$

$$10x + 3 - 3 = 15 - 3$$

$$10x = 12$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 10x \\ \hline 10 \\ \hline \end{array}$$

$$x = \frac{6}{5} = 1\frac{1}{5} = 1.2$$

Check: $10\left(\frac{6}{5}\right) + 3 \stackrel{?}{=} 15$

$$15 = 15$$

18. $14x + 3 = 11x - 3$

$$14x - 11x + 3 = 11x - 11x - 3$$

$$3x + 3 = -3$$

$$3x + 3 - 3 = -3 - 3$$

$$3x = -6$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 3x \\ \hline 3 \\ \hline \end{array}$$

$$x = -2$$

Check: $14(-2) + 3 \stackrel{?}{=} 11(-2) - 3$

$$-28 + 3 \stackrel{?}{=} -22 - 3$$

$$-25 = -25$$

20. $-12x - 8 = 10 - 3x$

$$-12x + 3x - 8 = 10 - 3x + 3x$$

$$-9x - 8 = 10$$

$$-9x - 8 + 8 = 10 + 8$$

$$-9x = 18$$

$$\begin{array}{r} -9x \\ \hline -9 \\ \hline \end{array}$$

$$x = -2$$

Check: $-12(-2) - 8 \stackrel{?}{=} 10 - 3(-2)$

$$24 - 8 \stackrel{?}{=} 10 + 6$$

$$16 = 16$$

22. $5a - 2 + 4a = 2a + 12$

$$9a - 2 = 2a + 12$$

$$9a - 2a - 2 = 2a - 2a + 12$$

$$7a - 2 = 12$$

$$7a - 2 + 2 = 12 + 2$$

$$7a = 14$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 7a \\ \hline 7 \\ \hline \end{array}$$

$$a = 2$$

Check: $5(2) - 2 + 4(2) \stackrel{?}{=} 2(2) + 12$

$$10 - 2 + 8 \stackrel{?}{=} 4 + 12$$

$$16 = 16$$

24. $3(4-y) = 5(y+2)$

$$12 - 3y = 5y + 10$$

$$12 - 3y - 5y = 5y - 5y + 10$$

$$12 - 8y = 10$$

$$12 - 12 - 8y = 10 - 12$$

$$-8y = -2$$

$$\frac{-8y}{-8} = \frac{-2}{-8}$$

$$y = \frac{1}{4} \text{ or } 0.25$$

Check: $3\left(4 - \frac{1}{4}\right) \stackrel{?}{=} 5\left(\frac{1}{4} + 2\right)$

$$3\left(\frac{15}{4}\right) \stackrel{?}{=} 5\left(\frac{9}{4}\right)$$

$$\frac{45}{4} = \frac{45}{4}$$

26. $3y + 3 = 7(y + 2) - 3y$
 $3y + 3 = 7y + 14 - 3y$
 $3y + 3 = 4y + 14$
 $3y - 4y + 3 = 4y - 4y + 14$
 $-y + 3 = 14$
 $-y + 3 - 3 = 14 - 3$

$$-y = 11$$

$$y = -11$$

Check: $3(-11) + 3 \stackrel{?}{=} 7(-11 + 2) - 3(-11)$
 $-33 + 3 \stackrel{?}{=} 7(-9) + 33$
 $-30 = -30$

28. $-\frac{5}{6}x = 5$

$$-\frac{5}{6}x\left(-\frac{6}{5}\right) = 5\left(-\frac{6}{5}\right)$$

$$x = -6$$

Check: $-\frac{5}{6}(-6) \stackrel{?}{=} 5$
 $5 = 5$

30. $\frac{y}{3} + 2 = \frac{4}{5}$

$$15\left(\frac{y}{3} + 2\right) = 15\left(\frac{4}{5}\right)$$

$$5y + 30 = 12$$

$$5y + 30 - 30 = 12 - 30$$

$$5y = -18$$

$$\frac{5y}{5} = \frac{-18}{5}$$

$$y = -\frac{18}{5} \text{ or } -3\frac{3}{5} \text{ or } -3.6$$

Check: $\frac{-3.6}{3} + 2 \stackrel{?}{=} \frac{4}{5}$
 $-1.2 + 2 \stackrel{?}{=} 0.8$
 $0.8 = 0.8$

32. $\frac{4x}{5} + \frac{3}{2} = 2x$

$$10\left(\frac{4x}{5} + \frac{3}{2}\right) = 2x(10)$$

$$8x + 15 = 20x$$

$$8x - 8x + 15 = 20x - 8x$$

$$15 = 12x$$

$$\frac{15}{12} = \frac{12x}{12}$$

$$x = \frac{5}{4} \text{ or } 1\frac{1}{4} \text{ or } 1.25$$

Check: $\frac{4\left(\frac{5}{4}\right)}{5} + \frac{3}{2} \stackrel{?}{=} 2\left(\frac{5}{4}\right)$

$$1 + \frac{3}{2} \stackrel{?}{=} \frac{5}{2}$$

$$\frac{5}{2} = \frac{5}{2}$$

34. $5 - \frac{2}{3}(x + 2) = 3$

$$3\left(5 - \frac{2}{3}(x + 2)\right) = 3(3)$$

$$15 - 2(x + 2) = 9$$

$$15 - 2x - 4 = 9$$

$$-2x + 11 = 9$$

$$-2x + 11 - 11 = 9 - 11$$

$$-2x = -2$$

$$\frac{-2x}{-2} = \frac{-2}{-2}$$

$$x = 1$$

Check: $5 - \frac{2}{3}(1 + 2) \stackrel{?}{=} 3$

$$5 - \frac{2}{3}(3) \stackrel{?}{=} 3$$

$$5 - 2 \stackrel{?}{=} 3$$

$$3 = 3$$

36. $6 + 2(x - 1) = \frac{3x}{5} + 4$

$$6 + 2x - 2 = \frac{3x}{5} + 4$$

$$2x + 4 = \frac{3x}{5} + 4$$

$$5(2x + 4) = 5\left(\frac{3x}{5} + 4\right)$$

$$10x + 20 = 3x + 20$$

$$10x - 3x + 20 = 3x - 3x + 20$$

$$7x + 20 = 20$$

$$7x + 20 - 20 = 20 - 20$$

$$7x = 0$$

$$\frac{7x}{7} = \frac{0}{7}$$

$$x = 0$$

Check: $6 + 2(0 - 1) \stackrel{?}{=} \frac{3(0)}{5} + 4$

$$6 + (-2) \stackrel{?}{=} 0 + 4$$

$$4 = 4$$

38. $0.7x - 0.2 = 0.5x + 0.8$

$$10(0.7x - 0.2) = 10(0.5x + 0.8)$$

$$7x - 2 = 5x + 8$$

$$7x - 5x - 2 = 5x - 5x + 8$$

$$2x - 2 = 8$$

$$2x - 2 + 2 = 8 + 2$$

$$2x = 10$$

$$\frac{2x}{2} = \frac{10}{2}$$

$$x = 5$$

Check: $0.7(5) - 0.2 \stackrel{?}{=} 0.5(5) + 0.8$

$$3.5 - 0.2 \stackrel{?}{=} 2.5 + 0.8$$

$$3.3 = 3.3$$

40. $0.1x - 0.12 = 0.04x + 0.03$

$$100(0.1x - 0.12) = 100(0.04x + 0.03)$$

$$10x - 12 = 4x + 3$$

$$10x - 4x - 12 = 4x - 4x + 3$$

$$6x - 12 = 3$$

$$6x - 12 + 12 = 3 + 12$$

$$6x = 15$$

$$\frac{6x}{6} = \frac{15}{6}$$

$$x = 2.5 \text{ or } 2\frac{1}{2} \text{ or } \frac{5}{2}$$

Check: $0.1(2.5) - 0.12 \stackrel{?}{=} 0.04(2.5) + 0.03$

$$0.25 - 0.12 \stackrel{?}{=} 0.1 + 0.03$$

$$0.13 = 0.13$$

42. $0.6(2x + 1) = 1$

$$10[0.6(2x + 1)] = 10(1)$$

$$6(2x + 1) = 10$$

$$12x + 6 = 10$$

$$12x + 6 - 6 = 10 - 6$$

$$12x = 4$$

$$\frac{12x}{12} = \frac{4}{12}$$

$$x = \frac{1}{3}$$

Check: $0.6\left(2 \cdot \frac{1}{3} + 1\right) \stackrel{?}{=} 1$

$$0.6\left(\frac{2}{3} + 1\right) \stackrel{?}{=} 1$$

$$1 = 1$$

44. $0.3(x + 2) - 2 = 0.05x$

$$0.3x + 0.6 - 2 = 0.05x$$

$$100(0.3x + 0.6 - 2) = 100(0.05x)$$

$$30x + 60 - 200 = 5x$$

$$30x - 140 = 5x$$

$$30x - 140 + 140 = 5x + 140$$

$$30x - 5x = 5x - 5x + 140$$

$$25x = 140$$

$$\frac{25x}{25} = \frac{140}{25}$$

$$x = 5.6 \text{ or } \frac{28}{5} \text{ or } 5\frac{3}{5}$$

Check: $0.3(5.6 + 2) - 2 \stackrel{?}{=} 0.05(5.6)$

$$2.28 - 2 \stackrel{?}{=} 0.28$$

$$0.28 = 0.28$$

46. $6y - 15 - 8y = 24 - 5$

$$-2y - 15 = 19$$

$$-2y - 15 + 15 = 19 + 15$$

$$-2y = 34$$

$$\frac{-2y}{-2} = \frac{34}{-2}$$

$$y = -17$$

48.
$$\begin{aligned} \frac{1}{6} - \frac{x}{2} &= \frac{x-5}{3} \\ 6\left(\frac{1}{6} - \frac{x}{2}\right) &= 6\left(\frac{x-5}{3}\right) \\ 1-3x &= 2(x-5) \\ 1-3x &= 2x-10 \\ 1-3x+3x &= 2x+3x-10 \\ 1 &= 5x-10 \\ 1+10 &= 5x-10+10 \\ 11 &= 5x \\ \frac{11}{5} &= \frac{5x}{5} \\ \frac{11}{5} &= x \text{ or } x = 2\frac{1}{5} \text{ or } 2.2 \end{aligned}$$

50.
$$\begin{aligned} \frac{y+5}{12} &= \frac{3}{4} - \frac{y+1}{8} \\ 24\left(\frac{y+5}{12}\right) &= 24\left(\frac{3}{4} - \frac{y+1}{8}\right) \\ 2(y+5) &= 6(3) - 3(y+1) \\ 2y+10 &= 18-3y-3 \\ 2y+10 &= 15-3y \\ 2y+3y+10 &= 15-3y+3y \\ 5y+10 &= 15 \\ 5y+10-10 &= 15-10 \\ 5y &= 5 \\ \frac{5y}{5} &= \frac{5}{5} \\ y &= 1 \end{aligned}$$

52.
$$\begin{aligned} 3(0.4-x)+2 &= x+0.4(x+8) \\ 1.2-3x+2 &= x+0.4x+3.2 \\ 10(1.2-3x+2) &= 10(x+0.4x+3.2) \\ 12-30x+20 &= 10x+4x+32 \\ -30x+32 &= 14x+32 \\ -30x-14x+32 &= 14x-14x+32 \\ -44x+32 &= 32 \\ -44x+32-32 &= 32-32 \\ -44x &= 0 \\ \frac{-44x}{-44} &= \frac{0}{-44} \\ x &= 0 \end{aligned}$$

54.
$$\begin{aligned} 7x-5 &= -2x-15+10x+6 \\ 7x-5 &= 8x-9 \\ 7x-8x-5 &= 8x-8x-9 \\ -x-5 &= -9 \\ -x-5+5 &= -9+5 \\ -x &= -4 \\ x &= 4 \end{aligned}$$

56.
$$\begin{aligned} 3x-17 &= 8x-5(x-2) \\ 3x-17 &= 8x-5x+10 \\ 3x-17 &= 3x+10 \\ 3x-3x-17 &= 3x-3x+10 \\ -17 &= 10 \Rightarrow \text{since } -17 \neq 10, \\ &\text{no solution} \end{aligned}$$

58.
$$\begin{aligned} 8(x+2)-7 &= 3(x+3)+5x \\ 8x+16-7 &= 3x+9+5x \\ 8x+9 &= 8x+9 \\ 8x-8x+9 &= 8x-8x+9 \\ 9 &= 9 \end{aligned}$$

Any real number is a solution.

60.
$$\begin{aligned} 2x+4(x-5) &= -x+7(x-1)+3 \\ 2x+4x-20 &= -x+7x-7+3 \\ 6x-20 &= 6x-4 \\ 6x-6x-20 &= 6x-6x-4 \\ -20 &= -4 \Rightarrow \text{since } -20 \neq -4, \\ &\text{no solution.} \end{aligned}$$

62.
$$\begin{aligned} x + \frac{2x+8}{3} &= \frac{5x+5}{3} + 1 \\ 3\left(x + \frac{2x+8}{3}\right) &= 3\left(\frac{5x+5}{3} + 1\right) \\ 3x+2x+8 &= 5x+5+3 \\ 5x+8 &= 5x+8 \\ 5x-5x+8 &= 5x-5x+8 \\ 8 &= 8 \end{aligned}$$

Any real number is a solution.

Cumulative Review

63.
$$\begin{aligned} 5-(4-2)^2+3(-2) &= 5-(2)^2+(-6) \\ &= 5-4+(-6) \\ &= 1+(-6) \\ &= -5 \end{aligned}$$

64.
$$\begin{aligned} (-2)^4-12-6(-2) &= 16-12+(-6)(-2) \\ &= 16-12+12 \\ &= 4+12 \\ &= 16 \end{aligned}$$

65.
$$\left(\frac{3xy^2}{2x^2y}\right)^3 = \frac{3^3x^3y^{2 \cdot 3}}{2^3x^{2 \cdot 3}y^3}$$

$$= \frac{27x^3y^6}{8x^6y^3}$$

$$= \frac{27y^{6-3}}{8x^{6-3}}$$

$$= \frac{27y^3}{8x^3}$$

66.
$$(2x^{-2}y^{-3})^2(4xy^{-2})^{-2}$$

$$= 2^2x^{-2 \cdot 2}y^{-3 \cdot 2} \cdot 4^{-2}x^{-2}y^{-2(-2)}$$

$$= 4x^{-4}y^{-6} \cdot \frac{1}{16} \cdot x^{-2}y^4$$

$$= \frac{4}{16}x^{-4-2}y^{-6+4}$$

$$= \frac{1}{4}x^{-6}y^{-2}$$

$$= \frac{1}{4x^6y^2}$$

Classroom Quiz 2.1

1.
$$3(8 - 2x) = 10 - 4(x - 3)$$

$$24 - 6x = 10 - 4x + 12$$

$$24 - 6x = 22 - 4x$$

$$24 - 6x + 4x = 22 - 4x + 4x$$

$$24 - 2x = 22$$

$$24 - 24 - 2x = 22 - 24$$

$$-2x = -2$$

$$\frac{-2x}{-2} = \frac{-2}{-2}$$

$$x = 1$$

2.
$$\frac{3}{4}(x - 1) + 2 = 2(x - 4)$$

$$4\left[\frac{3}{4}(x - 1) + 2\right] = 4[2(x - 4)]$$

$$3(x - 1) + 4 \cdot 2 = 8(x - 4)$$

$$3x - 3 + 8 = 8x - 32$$

$$3x + 5 = 8x - 32$$

$$3x - 8x + 5 = 8x - 8x - 32$$

$$-5x + 5 = -32$$

$$-5x + 5 - 5 = -32 - 5$$

$$-5x = -37$$

$$\frac{-5x}{-5} = \frac{-37}{-5}$$

$$x = \frac{37}{5} \text{ or } 7\frac{2}{5} \text{ or } 7.4$$

3.
$$0.6x + 1.2 = 4x - 3.56$$

$$100(0.6x + 1.2) = 100(4x - 3.56)$$

$$60x + 120 = 400x - 356$$

$$60x - 400x + 120 = 400x - 400x - 356$$

$$-340x + 120 = -356$$

$$-340x + 120 - 120 = -356 - 120$$

$$-340x = -476$$

$$\frac{-340x}{-340} = \frac{-476}{-340}$$

$$x = 1.4 \text{ or } \frac{7}{5} \text{ or } 1\frac{2}{5}$$

2.2 Exercises

2.
$$7x + 2y = 5$$

$$7x = 5 - 2y$$

$$x = \frac{5 - 2y}{7}$$

4.
$$11x - 8 = 5y + 7x$$

$$11x - 7x = 5y + 8$$

$$4x = 5y + 8$$

$$x = \frac{5y + 8}{4}$$

6.
$$y = -\frac{1}{3}x + 2$$

$$3(y) = 3\left(-\frac{1}{3}x + 2\right)$$

$$3y = -x + 6$$

$$x = 6 - 3y$$

8. $x = \frac{5}{2}y - \frac{1}{5}$
 $10x = 10\left(\frac{5}{2}y - \frac{1}{5}\right)$
 $10x = 25y - 2$
 $25y = 10x + 2$
 $y = \frac{10x + 2}{25}$

10. $V = lwh$
 $\frac{V}{lh} = \frac{lwh}{lh}$
 $\frac{V}{lh} = w$ or
 $w = \frac{V}{lh}$

12. $C = \frac{5}{9}(F - 32)$
 $9C = 5(F - 32)$
 $9C = 5F - 160$
 $5F = 9C + 160$
 $F = \frac{9C + 160}{5}$

14. $V = \pi r^2 h$
 $\frac{V}{\pi r^2} = \frac{\pi r^2 h}{\pi r^2}$
 $h = \frac{V}{\pi r^2}$

16. $H = \frac{3}{4}(5a + b)$
 $4H = 3(5a + b)$
 $4H = 15a + 3b$
 $15a = 4H - 3b$
 $a = \frac{4H - 3b}{15}$

18. $3(4ax + y) = 2ax - 3y$
 $12ax + 3y = 2ax - 3y$
 $12ax - 2ax = -3y - 3y$
 $10ax = -6y$
 $x = -\frac{6y}{10a} = -\frac{3y}{5a}$

20. a. $F = \frac{9}{5}C + 32$
 $5F = 5\left(\frac{9}{5}C + 32\right)$
 $5F = 9C + 160$
 $9C = 5F - 160$
 $C = \frac{5F - 160}{9}$

b. $C = \frac{5F - 160}{9} = \frac{5(23) - 160}{9} = -5^\circ$

22. a. $V = \frac{1}{3}\pi r^2 h$
 $3V = \pi r^2 h$
 $h = \frac{3V}{\pi r^2}$

b. $h = \frac{3V}{\pi r^2} = \frac{3(6.28)}{3.14(3)^2} = \frac{2}{3}$

24. $y = -2.2x + 216$
 $2.2x = 216 - y$
 $x = \frac{216 - y}{2.2}$ or $\frac{2160 - 10y}{22}$
 $x = \frac{216 - 150}{2.2} = 30$
 $1990 + 30 = 2020$

In the year 2020 the approximate cancer death rate will be 150.

26. a. $ND = 1.08T$
 $N = \frac{1.08T}{D}$

b. $N = \frac{1.08(6 \cdot 60)}{15} = 25.92 \approx 26$

The doctor should make 26 patient appointments.

28. a. $C = 0.7649D + 6.1275$
 $C - 6.1275 = 0.7649D$
 $D = \frac{C - 6.1275}{0.7649}$

b. $D = \frac{12.48 - 6.1275}{0.7649} \approx 8.3$

The disposable income is \$8.3 billion.

Cumulative Review

29. $(2x^{-3}y)^{-2} = 2^{-2}x^{-3(-2)}y^{-2}$
 $= 2^{-2}x^6y^{-2}$
 $= \frac{x^6}{2^2y^2}$
 $= \frac{x^6}{4y^2}$

30. $\left(\frac{5x^2y^{-3}}{x^{-4}y^2}\right)^{-3} = \frac{5^{-3}x^{2(-3)}y^{-3(-3)}}{x^{-4(-3)}y^{2(-3)}}$
 $= \frac{5^{-3}x^{-6}y^9}{x^{12}y^{-6}}$
 $= \frac{y^{9+6}}{5^3x^{12+6}}$
 $= \frac{y^{15}}{125x^{18}}$

31. $1 + 16 \div (2 - 4)^3 - 3 = 1 + 16 \div (-2)^3 - 3$
 $= 1 + 16 \div (-8) - 3$
 $= 1 + (-2) - 3$
 $= -1 - 3$
 $= -4$

32. $2[a - (3 - 2b)] + 5a = 2(a - 3 + 2b) + 5a$
 $= 2a - 6 + 4b + 5a$
 $= 7a + 4b - 6$

33. $\$5000(1.05) + \$4000(1.09) = \$9610$
They will have \$9610.

34. $\frac{46,622.1 - 45,711.3}{9.9 + 11.7 + 10.6 + 5.8 + 8} = \frac{910.8}{46} = 19.8$
The car got 19.8 miles per gallon.

Classroom Quiz 2.2

1. $A = 3b + 6(x - 2)$
 $A = 3b + 6x - 12$
 $A - 3b + 12 = 6x$
 $\frac{A - 3b + 12}{6} = \frac{6x}{6}$
 $x = \frac{A - 3b + 12}{6}$

2. $M = \frac{2}{3}gh$
 $\frac{3}{2}M = gh$
 $\frac{3M}{2g} = h \text{ or } h = \frac{3M}{2g}$

3. $B = 3a + \frac{3}{4}w - \frac{1}{8}$
 $8B = 8\left(3a + \frac{3}{4}w - \frac{1}{8}\right)$
 $8B = 24a + 6w - 1$
 $\frac{8B - 24a + 1}{6} = \frac{6w}{6}$
 $w = \frac{8B - 24a + 1}{6}$

2.3 Exercises

2. It could happen if $b = 0$. Then $-b$ and b would be the same number.

4. You must first isolate the absolute value expression. To do this you add -5 to each side of the equation. The result will be $|3x - 1| = 9$. then you solve the two equations $3x - 1 = 9$ and

$$3x - 1 = -9. \text{ The final answer is } x = -\frac{8}{3} \text{ and}$$

$$x = \frac{10}{3}.$$

6. $|x| = 14$
 $x = 14 \text{ or } x = -14$

Check: $|14| \stackrel{?}{=} 14$ $|-14| \stackrel{?}{=} 14$
 $14 = 14$ $14 = 14$

8. $|x + 6| = 13$
 $x + 6 = 13 \quad \text{or} \quad x + 6 = -13$
 $x = 7 \quad \quad \quad x = -19$
Check: $|7 + 6| \stackrel{?}{=} 13$ $|-19 + 6| \stackrel{?}{=} 13$
 $|13| \stackrel{?}{=} 13$ $|-13| \stackrel{?}{=} 13$
 $13 = 13$ $13 = 13$

10. $|7x - 3| = 11$
 $7x - 3 = 11 \quad \text{or} \quad 7x - 3 = -11$
 $7x = 14 \quad \quad \quad 7x = -8$
 $x = 2 \quad \quad \quad x = -\frac{8}{7}$

$$\begin{array}{l} \text{Check: } |7(2)-3| \stackrel{?}{=} 11 \\ \quad |14-3| \stackrel{?}{=} 11 \\ \quad |11| \stackrel{?}{=} 11 \\ \quad 11=11 \end{array} \qquad \begin{array}{l} \left| 7\left(-\frac{8}{7}\right)-3 \right| \stackrel{?}{=} 11 \\ \quad |-8-3| \stackrel{?}{=} 11 \\ \quad |-11| \stackrel{?}{=} 11 \\ \quad 11=11 \end{array}$$

12. $|2-3x|=13$

$$\begin{array}{ll} 2-3x=13 & \text{or } 2-3x=-13 \\ -3x=11 & -3x=-15 \\ x=-\frac{11}{3} & x=5 \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{ll} \text{Check: } \left| 2-3\left(-\frac{11}{3}\right) \right| \stackrel{?}{=} 13 & \left| 2-3(5) \right| \stackrel{?}{=} 13 \\ \quad |2+11| \stackrel{?}{=} 13 & \quad |2-15| \stackrel{?}{=} 13 \\ \quad |13| \stackrel{?}{=} 13 & \quad |-13| \stackrel{?}{=} 13 \\ \quad 13=13 & \quad 13=13 \end{array}$$

14. $\left|\frac{1}{4}x+5\right|=3$

$$\begin{array}{ll} \frac{1}{4}x+5=3 & \text{or } \frac{1}{4}x+5=-3 \\ x+20=12 & x+20=-12 \\ x=-8 & x=-32 \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{ll} \text{Check: } \left|\frac{1}{4}(-8)+5\right| \stackrel{?}{=} 3 & \left|\frac{1}{4}(-32)+5\right| \stackrel{?}{=} 3 \\ \quad |-2+5| \stackrel{?}{=} 3 & \quad |-8+5| \stackrel{?}{=} 3 \\ \quad |3| \stackrel{?}{=} 3 & \quad |-3| \stackrel{?}{=} 3 \\ \quad 3=3 & \quad 3=3 \end{array}$$

16. $|0.9-0.7x|=4$

$$\begin{array}{ll} 0.9-0.7x=4 & \text{or } 0.9-0.7x=-4 \\ 9-7x=40 & 9-7x=-40 \\ -7x=31 & -7x=-49 \\ x=-\frac{31}{7} & x=7 \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{ll} \text{Check: } \left| 0.9-0.7\left(-\frac{31}{7}\right) \right| \stackrel{?}{=} 4 & \left| 0.9-0.7(7) \right| \stackrel{?}{=} 4 \\ \quad |0.9+3.1| \stackrel{?}{=} 4 & \quad |0.9-4.9| \stackrel{?}{=} 4 \\ \quad |4| \stackrel{?}{=} 4 & \quad |-4| \stackrel{?}{=} 4 \\ \quad 4=4 & \quad 4=4 \end{array}$$

18. $|x+3|-4=8$

$$\begin{array}{ll} |x+3|=12 & \\ x+3=12 & \text{or } x+3=-12 \\ x=9 & x=-15 \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{ll} \text{Check: } |9+3|-4 \stackrel{?}{=} 8 & |-15+3|-4 \stackrel{?}{=} 8 \\ \quad |12| \stackrel{?}{=} 8 & \quad |-12| \stackrel{?}{=} 8 \\ \quad 12-4 \stackrel{?}{=} 8 & \quad 12-4 \stackrel{?}{=} 8 \\ \quad 8=8 & \quad 8=8 \end{array}$$

20. $\left| \frac{2}{3} - \frac{1}{2}x \right| - 2 = -1$

$$\begin{array}{ll} \left| \frac{2}{3} - \frac{1}{2}x \right| = 1 & \\ \frac{2}{3} - \frac{1}{2}x = 1 & \text{or } \frac{2}{3} - \frac{1}{2}x = -1 \\ 4-3x=6 & 4-3x=-6 \\ -3x=2 & -3x=-10 \\ x=-\frac{2}{3} & x=\frac{10}{3} \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{ll} \text{Check: } \left| \frac{2}{3} - \frac{1}{2} \cdot \frac{-2}{3} \right| - 2 \stackrel{?}{=} -1 & \left| \frac{2}{3} - \frac{1}{2} \cdot \frac{10}{3} \right| - 2 \stackrel{?}{=} -1 \\ \left| \frac{2}{3} + \frac{1}{3} \right| - 2 \stackrel{?}{=} -1 & \left| \frac{2}{3} - \frac{5}{3} \right| - 2 \stackrel{?}{=} -1 \\ |1| - 2 \stackrel{?}{=} -1 & |-1| - 2 \stackrel{?}{=} -1 \\ 1-2 \stackrel{?}{=} -1 & 1-2 \stackrel{?}{=} -1 \\ -1=-1 & -1=-1 \end{array}$$

22. $\left| 5 - \frac{7}{2}x \right| + 1 = 11$

$$\begin{array}{ll} \left| 5 - \frac{7}{2}x \right| = 10 & \\ 5 - \frac{7}{2}x = 10 & \text{or } 5 - \frac{7}{2}x = -10 \\ -\frac{7}{2}x = 5 & -\frac{7}{2}x = -15 \\ x = -\frac{10}{7} & x = \frac{30}{7} \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{ll} \text{Check: } \left| 5 - \frac{7}{2} \left(-\frac{10}{7} \right) \right| + 1 \stackrel{?}{=} 11 & \\ \quad |5+5| + 1 \stackrel{?}{=} 11 & \\ \quad |10| + 1 \stackrel{?}{=} 11 & \\ \quad 10+1 \stackrel{?}{=} 11 & \\ \quad 11=11 & \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{ll} \left| 5 - \frac{7}{2} \left(\frac{30}{7} \right) \right| + 1 \stackrel{?}{=} 11 & \\ \quad |5-15| + 1 \stackrel{?}{=} 11 & \\ \quad |-10| + 1 \stackrel{?}{=} 11 & \\ \quad 10+1 \stackrel{?}{=} 11 & \\ \quad 11=11 & \end{array}$$

24. $\left| \frac{3x-2}{3} \right| = \frac{1}{2}$

$$\begin{aligned}\frac{3x-2}{3} &= \frac{1}{2} \quad \text{or} \quad \frac{3x-2}{3} = -\frac{1}{2} \\ 3x-2 &= \frac{3}{2} \quad 3x-2 = -\frac{3}{2} \\ 3x &= \frac{7}{2} \quad 3x = \frac{1}{2} \\ x &= \frac{7}{6} \quad x = \frac{1}{6}\end{aligned}$$

Check: $\left| \frac{3 \cdot \frac{7}{6} - 2}{3} \right| \stackrel{?}{=} \frac{1}{2}$ $\left| \frac{3 \cdot \frac{1}{6} - 2}{3} \right| \stackrel{?}{=} \frac{1}{2}$

$$\begin{array}{ll} \left| \frac{\frac{21}{6} - 2}{3} \right| \stackrel{?}{=} \frac{1}{2} & \left| \frac{-\frac{15}{6}}{3} \right| \stackrel{?}{=} \frac{1}{2} \\ \left| \frac{\frac{1}{2}}{3} \right| \stackrel{?}{=} \frac{1}{2} & \left| -\frac{5}{6} \right| \stackrel{?}{=} \frac{1}{2} \\ \left| \frac{1}{6} \right| \stackrel{?}{=} \frac{1}{2} & \left| \frac{5}{6} \right| \stackrel{?}{=} \frac{1}{2} \\ \frac{1}{2} = \frac{1}{2} & \frac{1}{2} = \frac{1}{2} \end{array}$$

26. $|x-8|=|2x-7|$

$$\begin{aligned}x-8 &= 2x-7 \quad \text{or} \quad x-8 = -(2x-7) \\ -8 &= x-7 \quad x-8 = -2x+7 \\ -1 &= x \quad 3x-8 = 7 \\ x &= -1 \quad 3x = 15 \\ & \quad x = 5\end{aligned}$$

28. $\left| \frac{2x+7}{3} \right| = |x+2|$

$$\begin{aligned}\frac{2x+7}{3} &= x+2 \quad \text{or} \quad \frac{2x+7}{3} = -x-2 \\ 2x+7 &= 3x+6 \quad 2x+7 = -3x-6 \\ -x &= -1 \quad 5x = -13 \\ x &= 1 \quad x = -\frac{13}{5}\end{aligned}$$

30. $|2.2x+2|=|1-2.8x|$

$$\begin{aligned}2.2x+2 &= 1-2.8x \quad \text{or} \quad 2.2x+2 = -1+2.8x \\ 22x+20 &= 10-28x \quad 22x+20 = -10+28x \\ 50x &= -10 \quad -6x = -30 \\ x &= -\frac{1}{5} \quad x = 5\end{aligned}$$

32. $\left| \frac{2x}{5} + 1 \right| = |1-x|$

$$\begin{aligned}\frac{2x}{5} + 1 &= 1-x \quad \text{or} \quad \frac{2x}{5} + 1 = -(1-x) \\ \frac{2x}{5} &= -x \quad \frac{2x}{5} + 1 = -1+x \\ \frac{7}{5}x &= 0 \quad -\frac{3x}{5} = -2 \\ x &= 0 \quad x = \frac{10}{3}\end{aligned}$$

34. $|-0.74x-8.26|=5.36$

$$\begin{aligned}-0.74x-8.26 &= 5.36 \\ -0.74x &= 13.62 \\ x &\approx -18.41\end{aligned}$$

or

$$\begin{aligned}-0.74x-8.26 &= -5.36 \\ -0.74x &= 2.9 \\ x &\approx -3.92\end{aligned}$$

36. $|4(x-2)|+1=19$

$$\begin{aligned}|4x-8| &= 18 \\ 4x-8 &= 18 \quad \text{or} \quad 4x-8 = -18 \\ 4x &= 26 \quad 4x = -10 \\ x &= 6.5 \quad x = -2.5\end{aligned}$$

Check:

$$\begin{array}{ll} |4(6.5-2)|+1 \stackrel{?}{=} 19 & |4(-2.5-2)|+1 \stackrel{?}{=} 19 \\ |18|+1 \stackrel{?}{=} 19 & |-18|+1 \stackrel{?}{=} 19 \\ 18+1 \stackrel{?}{=} 19 & 18+1 \stackrel{?}{=} 19 \\ 19 = 19 & 19 = 19 \end{array}$$

38. $\left| \frac{3}{4}x+9 \right| = 0$

$$\begin{aligned}\frac{3}{4}x+9 &= 0 \\ 3x+36 &= 0 \\ 3x &= -36 \\ x &= -12\end{aligned}$$

Check: $\left| \frac{3}{4}(-12)+9 \right| \stackrel{?}{=} 0$

$$\begin{array}{l} |-9+9| \stackrel{?}{=} 0 \\ |0| \stackrel{?}{=} 0 \\ 0 = 0 \end{array}$$

40. $\left| \frac{3}{4}x-\frac{2}{3} \right| = -8$ has no solution because absolute value is ≥ 0 .

42. $\left| \frac{2x+3}{3} \right| = \frac{1}{4}$

$$\frac{2x+3}{3} = \frac{1}{4} \quad \text{or} \quad \frac{2x+3}{3} = -\frac{1}{4}$$

$$4(2x+3) = 3 \quad 4(2x+3) = 3(-1)$$

$$8x+12 = 3 \quad 8x+12 = -3$$

$$8x = -9 \quad 8x = -15$$

$$x = -\frac{9}{8} \quad x = -\frac{15}{8}$$

Check: $\left| \frac{2\left(-\frac{9}{8}\right)+3}{3} \right| \stackrel{?}{=} \frac{1}{4}$ $\left| \frac{2\left(-\frac{15}{8}\right)+3}{3} \right| \stackrel{?}{=} \frac{1}{4}$

$$\left| \frac{-\frac{9}{4} + \frac{12}{4}}{3} \right| \stackrel{?}{=} \frac{1}{4} \quad \left| \frac{-\frac{15}{4} + \frac{12}{4}}{3} \right| \stackrel{?}{=} \frac{1}{4}$$

$$\left| \frac{\frac{3}{4}}{3} \right| \stackrel{?}{=} \frac{1}{4} \quad \left| \frac{-\frac{3}{4}}{3} \right| \stackrel{?}{=} \frac{1}{4}$$

$$\left| \frac{1}{4} \right| \stackrel{?}{=} \frac{1}{4} \quad \left| -\frac{1}{4} \right| \stackrel{?}{=} \frac{1}{4}$$

$$\frac{1}{4} = \frac{1}{4} \quad \frac{1}{4} = \frac{1}{4}$$

Cumulative Review

43. $(3x^{-3}yz^0)\left(\frac{5}{3}x^4y^2\right) = 5x^{-3+4}y^{1+2} \cdot 1 = 5xy^3$

44. $\frac{\sqrt{3-2 \cdot 1^2} + 5}{4^2 - 2 \cdot 3} = \frac{\sqrt{3-2} + 5}{16-6}$

$$= \frac{\sqrt{1+5}}{10}$$

$$= \frac{1+5}{10}$$

$$= \frac{6}{10}$$

$$= \frac{3}{5}$$

Classroom Quiz 2.3

1. $|2x+5|=55$

$$2x+5=55 \quad \text{or} \quad 2x+5=-55$$

$$2x=50 \quad 2x=-60$$

$$x=25 \quad x=-30$$

2. $\left| \frac{3}{4}x-2 \right| + 3 = 10$

$$\left| \frac{3}{4}x-2 \right| = 7$$

$$\frac{3}{4}x-2 = 7 \quad \text{or} \quad \frac{3}{4}x-2 = -7$$

$$\frac{3}{4}x = 9 \quad \frac{3}{4}x = -5$$

$$x = 12 \quad x = -\frac{20}{3}$$

3. $|3x-4|=|x+3|$

$$3x-4=x+3 \quad \text{or} \quad 3x-4=-(x+3)$$

$$2x-4=3 \quad 3x-4=-x-3$$

$$2x=7 \quad 4x-4=-3$$

$$x=\frac{7}{2} \quad 4x=1$$

$$x=\frac{1}{4}$$

2.4 Exercises

2. Let x = the number.

$$\begin{aligned} \frac{5}{6}x &= -60 \\ 5x &= -360 \\ x &= -72 \end{aligned}$$

The number is -72 .

4. Let x = the monthly fee last year.

$$\begin{aligned} 98 &= \frac{3}{2}x - 10 \\ 196 &= 3x - 20 \\ 3x &= 216 \\ x &= 72 \end{aligned}$$

Last year's monthly parking fee was \$72.

6. Let x = the number of hours the car has been parked after the first hour.

$$\begin{aligned} 5.00 + 2.75x &= 29.75 \\ 2.75x &= 24.75 \\ x &= 9 \end{aligned}$$

Including the initial hour, the car had been parked for 10 hours.

8. Let x = the number of checks.

$$\begin{aligned} 6.00(8) + 0.15x &= 53.10 \\ 48 + 0.15x &= 53.10 \\ 0.15x &= 5.1 \\ x &= 34 \end{aligned}$$

He wrote 34 checks.

- 10.** Profit = Revenue – Cost.

For one year the profit must be
 $120,000 \cdot 3 = 360,000$.

The revenue for one week is
 $(5000 \cdot 4 \cdot 18) = 360,000$.

The cost for one week is
 $55,000 \cdot 4 + 110,000 = 330,000$.

The profit for one week is
 $360,000 - 330,000 = 30,000$.

Let x = the number of weeks on tour, then
 $30,000x = 360,000$

$$x = 12$$

They need to be on tour 12 weeks each year.

- 12.** Let x = the width of the driveway.

$$2x + 2(3x + 12) = 168$$

$$2x + 6x + 24 = 168$$

$$8x = 144$$

$$x = 18$$

$$3x + 12 = 3(18) + 12 = 66$$

The width of the driveway is 18 feet and the length of the driveway is 66 feet.

- 14.** Let x = the length of equal sides.

$$x + x + 1.5x - 3 = 28.5$$

$$3.5x = 31.5$$

$$x = 9$$

$$1.5x - 3 = 1.5(9) - 3 = 10.5$$

The equal sides are each 9 centimeters and the third side is 10.5 centimeters.

Cumulative Review

15. $57 + 0 = 57$

Identity property of addition

16. $(2 \cdot 3) \cdot 9 = 2 \cdot (3 \cdot 9)$

Associative property of multiplication

17. $7(-2) \div 7(-3) - 3 = -14 \div 7(-3) - 3$

$$= (-2)(-3) - 3$$

$$= 6 - 3$$

$$= 3$$

18. $(7 - 12)^3 - (-4) + 3^3 = (-5)^3 + (4) + 27$

$$= -125 + 4 + 27$$

$$= -94$$

Classroom Quiz 2.4

- 1.** Let x = the number.

$$\frac{3}{5}x = -81$$

$$\frac{5}{3} \cdot \frac{3}{5}x = \frac{5}{3} \cdot (-81)$$

$$x = -135$$

The number is -135 .

- 2.** Let x = length of second side.

$3x$ = length of first side.

$x + 16$ = length of third side.

$$3x + x + x + 16 = 66$$

$$5x + 16 = 66$$

$$5x = 50$$

$$x = 10$$

$$3x = 3(10) = 30$$

$$x + 16 = 10 + 16 = 26$$

The first side is 30 meters, the second side is 10 meters, and the third side is 26 meters.

- 3.** Let x = number of hours she parked in the garage.

$$7 + 2.50(x - 1) = 44.50$$

$$7 + 2.5x - 2.5 = 44.5$$

$$2.5x + 4.5 = 44.5$$

$$2.5x = 40$$

$$x = 16$$

She parked in the garage for 16 hours.

How Am I Doing? Sections 2.1–2.4

- 1.** $2x - 1 = 12x + 36$

$$2x - 12x - 1 = 12x - 12x + 36$$

$$-10x - 1 = 36$$

$$-10x - 1 + 1 = 36 + 1$$

$$-10x = 37$$

$$\frac{-10x}{-10} = \frac{37}{-10}$$

$$x = -3.7 \text{ or } -\frac{37}{10} \text{ or } -3\frac{7}{10}$$

2. $\frac{x-2}{4} = \frac{1}{2}x + 4$

$$4\left(\frac{x-2}{4}\right) = 4\left(\frac{1}{2}x + 4\right)$$

$$x - 2 = 2x + 16$$

$$x - 2x - 2 = 2x - 2x + 16$$

$$-x - 2 = 16$$

$$-x - 2 + 2 = 16 + 2$$

$$-x = 18$$

$$x = -18$$

3. $4(x-3) = x + 2(5x-1)$

$$4x - 12 = x + 10x - 2$$

$$4x - 12 = 11x - 2$$

$$4x - 11x - 12 = 11x - 11x - 2$$

$$-7x - 12 = -2$$

$$-7x - 12 + 12 = -2 + 12$$

$$-7x = 10$$

$$x = -\frac{10}{7} = -1\frac{3}{7}$$

4. $0.6x + 3 = 0.5x - 7$

$$10(0.6x + 3) = 10(0.5x - 7)$$

$$6x + 30 = 5x - 70$$

$$6x - 5x + 30 = 5x - 5x - 70$$

$$x + 30 = -70$$

$$x + 30 - 30 = -70 - 30$$

$$x = -100$$

5. $3x - 7y = 14$

$$3x - 3x - 7y = 14 - 3x$$

$$-7y = 14 - 3x$$

$$\frac{-7y}{-7} = \frac{14 - 3x}{-7}$$

$$y = \frac{3x - 14}{7} \text{ or } y = \frac{3x}{7} - 2$$

6. $5ab - 2b = 16ab - 3(8 + b)$

$$5ab - 2b = 16ab - 24 - 3b$$

$$-11ab = -b - 24$$

$$11ab = b + 24$$

$$a = \frac{b + 24}{11b}$$

7. $A = P + Prt$

$$Prt = A - P$$

$$\frac{Prt}{Pt} = \frac{A - P}{Pt}$$

$$r = \frac{A - P}{Pt}$$

8. $r = \frac{A - P}{Pt}$

$$r = \frac{118 - 100}{(100)3}$$

$$r = \frac{18}{300}$$

$$r = \frac{3}{50}$$

$$r = 0.06$$

9. $|3x - 2| = 7$

$$3x - 2 = 7 \quad \text{or} \quad 3x - 2 = -7$$

$$3x = 9 \quad \quad \quad 3x = -5$$

$$x = 3$$

$$x = -\frac{5}{3}$$

10. $|9 - x| + 2 = 5$

$$|9 - x| + 2 - 2 = 5 - 2$$

$$|9 - x| = 3$$

$$9 - x = 3 \quad \text{or} \quad 9 - x = -3$$

$$-x = -6$$

$$-x = -12$$

$$x = 6 \quad \quad \quad x = 12$$

11. $\left|\frac{2x+3}{4}\right| = 2$

$$\frac{2x+3}{4} = 2 \quad \text{or} \quad \frac{2x+3}{4} = -2$$

$$2x + 3 = 8 \quad \quad \quad 2x + 3 = -8$$

$$2x = 5$$

$$x = -11$$

$$x = \frac{5}{2} = 2.5$$

$$x = -\frac{11}{2} = -5.5$$

12. $|5x - 8| = |3x + 2|$

$$5x - 8 = 3x + 2 \quad \text{or} \quad 5x - 8 = -3x - 2$$

$$2x = 10$$

$$8x = 6$$

$$x = 5$$

$$x = \frac{6}{8} = 0.75$$

13. Let W = width, then $W + 20$ = length.

$$P = 2L + 2W$$

$$280 = 2(W + 20) + 2W$$

$$280 = 2W + 40 + 2W$$

$$280 = 4W + 40$$

$$240 = 4W$$

$$60 = W$$

$$80 = W + 20$$

The dimensions are 60 in. \times 80 in.

- 14.** Let n = the number of checks.

$$6 + 0.12n = 9.12$$

$$0.12n = 3.12$$

$$n = 26$$

He used 26 checks.

- 15.** Let x = number of lb Cindi picked up.

$$x + \frac{x}{2} + 80 = 455$$

$$2x + x + 160 = 910$$

$$3x = 750$$

$$x = 250$$

$$\frac{x}{2} + 80 = 205 \text{ pounds for Alan}$$

Cindi picked up 250 pounds and Alan picked up 205 pounds.

- 16.** Let x = length of short side.

Then $2x - 5$ = length of long side and
 $x + 9$ = length of third side.

$$2x - 5 + x + 9 + x = 62$$

$$4x + 4 = 62$$

$$4x = 58$$

$$x = 14.5 \text{ ft, short side}$$

$$x + 9 = 14.5 + 9 = 23.5 \text{ ft, third side}$$

$$2x - 5 = 2(14.5) - 5 = 24 \text{ ft, long side}$$

2.5 Exercises

- 2.** Let x = debt in 2000.

$$x + 0.61x = 9.19$$

$$1.61x = 9.19$$

$$x \approx 5.7$$

The debt on January 24, 2000 was approximately \$5.7 trillion.

- 4.** x = number of members in 1990.

$$x + 1.06x = 42.7$$

$$2.06x = 42.7$$

$$x \approx 20.7$$

Approximately 20.7 million Americans were health club members in 1990.

- 6.** Let x = the number of deer carrying infected ticks.

$$0.6x = 15$$

$$x = 25$$

The total number of deer carrying infected ticks is approximately 25.

- 8.** Let x = Judy's cost.

Then $2x - 250$ = Lynn's cost.

$$x + 2x - 250 = 950$$

$$3x = 1200$$

$$x = 400$$

$$2x - 250 = 550$$

Judy pays \$400 and Lynn pays \$550.

- 10.** Let x = Grace's starting salary.

$1300 - x$ = Tony's starting salary.

$$2x + 3(1300 - x) = 3200$$

$$2x + 3900 - 3x = 3200$$

$$-x = -700$$

$$x = 700$$

$$1300 - x = 600$$

Grace earned \$700 per week ten years ago.

Tony earned \$600 per week ten years ago.

- 12.** Let x = number of boxes Rockland sold.

$460 - x$ = number of boxes Harrisville sold.

$$\frac{1}{2}x + \frac{2}{5}(460 - x) = 205$$

$$5x + 4(460 - x) = 2050$$

$$5x + 1840 - 4x = 2050$$

$$x = 210$$

$$460 - x = 250$$

Rockland sold 210 boxes of cookies and Harrisville sold 250 boxes.

- 14.** $I = prt = 4800(0.11)(2)$

$$I = 1056$$

The interest is \$1056.

- 16.** $I = prt$

$$I = 4000(0.061)(0.25)$$

$$I = 61.00$$

The interest is \$61.

- 18.** Let x = amount invested at 13%.

Then $45,000 - x$ = amount invested at 16%.

$$0.13x + 0.16(45,000 - x) = 6570$$

$$0.13x + 7200 - 0.16x = 66,570$$

$$-0.3x = -630$$

$$x = 21,000$$

$$45,000 - x = 24,000$$

She invested \$21,000 at 13% and \$24,000 at 16%.

20. Let x = amount invested at 5%.

Then $8000 - x$ = amount invested at 7%.

$$0.05x + 0.07(8000 - x) = 496$$

$$0.05x + 560 - 0.07x = 496$$

$$-0.02x = -64$$

$$x = 3200$$

$$8000 - x = 4800$$

The amount invested at 5% was \$3200. The amount invested at 7% was \$4800.

22. Let x = milliliters of 16% solution.

Then $350 - x$ = milliliters of 9% solution.

$$0.16x + 0.09(350 - x) = 0.12(350)$$

$$0.16x + 31.5 - 0.09x = 42$$

$$0.07x = 10.5$$

$$x = 150$$

$$350 - x = 200$$

She should use 150 milliliters of the 16% solution and 200 milliliters of the 9% solution.

24. Let x = the number of pounds of \$7 per pound tea. Then $32 - x$ = the number of pounds of \$9 per pound tea.

$$7x + 9(32 - x) = 8.50(32)$$

$$7x + 288 - 9x = 272$$

$$-2x = -16$$

$$x = 8$$

$$32 - x = 24$$

He should use 8 pounds of the \$7/lb tea and 24 pounds of the \$9/lb tea.

26. Let x = number of oz of 100% deet.

$10 - x$ = number of oz of 25% deet.

$$x + 0.25(10 - x) = 0.4(10)$$

$$x + 2.5 - 0.25x = 4$$

$$0.75x = 1.5$$

$$x = 2$$

$$10 - x = 8$$

They need to mix 2 ounces of 100% deet with 8 ounces of 25% deet.

28. Let x = maximum flying speed.

Then $x - 60$ = cruising speed.

$$3x + 2(x - 60) = 930$$

$$3x + 2x - 120 = 930$$

$$5x = 1050$$

$$x = 210$$

Maximum flying speed is 210 mph.

30. Let x = time of each trip.

$$14x = 6x + 20$$

$$8x = 20$$

$$x = 2.5$$

Each family spent 2.5 hours or $2\frac{1}{2}$ hours.

Cumulative Review

31. $5a - 2b + c = 5(1) - 2(-3) + (-4)$

$$= 5 + 6 - 4$$

$$= 11 - 4$$

$$= 7$$

32. $2x^2 - 3x + 1 = 2(-2)^2 - 3(-2) + 1$

$$= 2 \cdot 4 + 6 + 1$$

$$= 8 + 6 + 1$$

$$= 14 + 1$$

$$= 15$$

33. $\frac{5 + 8(-2) + 2^4}{|2 - 7|} = \frac{5 + (-16) + 16}{|-5|} = \frac{5}{5} = 1$

34. $\frac{\sqrt{7^2 - 24}}{2^3(-1) + 7(4)} = \frac{\sqrt{49 - 24}}{8(-1) + 7(4)}$

$$= \frac{\sqrt{25}}{-8 + 28}$$

$$= \frac{5}{20}$$

$$= \frac{1}{4}$$

Classroom Quiz 2.5

1. Let x = price one month ago.

$$x - 0.07x = 1302$$

$$0.93x = 1302$$

$$x = 1400$$

The price was \$1400 a month ago.

2. Let x = amount of 45% fertilizer.

Then $120 - x$ = amount of 18% fertilizer.

$$0.45x + 0.18(120 - x) = 0.36(120)$$

$$0.45x + 21.6 - 0.18x = 43.2$$

$$0.27x + 21.6 = 43.2$$

$$0.27x = 21.6$$

$$x = 80$$

$$120 - x = 40$$

They should mix 80 gallons of the 45% fertilizer and 40 gallons of the 18% fertilizer.

3. Let x = amount invested at 6%.

Then $6000 - x$ = amount invested at 8%.

$$0.06x + 0.08(6000 - x) = 450$$

$$0.06x + 480 - 0.08x = 450$$

$$480 - 0.02x = 450$$

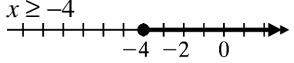
$$-0.02x = -30$$

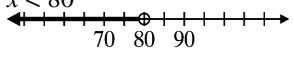
$$x = 1500$$

$$6000 - x = 4500$$

He invested \$1500 at 6% and \$4500 at 8%.

2.6 Exercises

2. False, adding $-5x$ to both sides of an inequality does not reverse the direction of the inequality.
4. True, the graph of $x > -2$ is the set of all points to the right of -2 on the number line.
6. False, the term -4 must also be multiplied by the LCD.
8. $-15 < 4$ because -15 is to the left of 4 on a number line.
10. $-5 > -9$ because -5 is to the right of -9 on a number line.
12. $\frac{5}{6} > \frac{5}{7}$ because $\frac{5}{6}$ is to the right of $\frac{5}{7}$ on a number line.
14. $-\frac{7}{16} = -0.4375 > -\frac{6}{13} \approx -0.4615$
16. $-2.69 > -2.7$ because -2.69 is to the right of -2.7 on a number line.
18. $| -8 + 2 | = | -6 | = 6$
 $| 6 - 13 | = | -7 | = 7$
 $| -8 + 2 | < | 6 - 13 |$ since $6 < 7$.
20. $x \geq -4$


22. $x < 80$


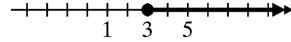
24. $3 + 5x \geq 18$

$$3 - 3 + 5x \geq 15 - 3$$

$$5x \geq 15$$

$$\frac{5x}{5} \geq \frac{15}{5}$$

$$x \geq 3$$



26. $2x + 5 > 4x - 5$

$$2x - 4x + 5 > 4x - 5 - 4x$$

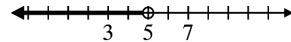
$$-2x + 5 > -5$$

$$-2x + 5 - 5 > -5 - 5$$

$$-2x > -10$$

$$\frac{-2x}{-2} < \frac{-10}{-2}$$

$$x < 5$$



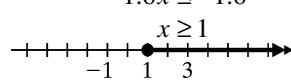
28. $1.7 - 0.6x \leq x + 0.1$

$$1.7 - 0.6x - x \leq x - x + 0.1$$

$$1.7 - 1.6x \leq 0.1$$

$$1.7 - 1.7 - 1.6x \leq 0.1 - 1.7$$

$$-1.6x \leq -1.6$$



30. $5x - 1 > 29$

$$5x - 1 + 1 > 29 + 1$$

$$5x > 30$$

$$\frac{5x}{5} > \frac{30}{5}$$

$$x > 6$$

32. $9x - 1 \leq 4x - 11$

$$9x - 4x - 1 \leq 4x - 4x - 11$$

$$5x - 1 \leq -11$$

$$5x - 1 + 1 \leq -11 + 1$$

$$5x \leq -10$$

$$\frac{5x}{5} \leq \frac{-10}{5}$$

$$x \leq -2$$

34. $2x + \frac{5}{2} > \frac{3}{2}x - 2$

$$2\left(2x + \frac{5}{2}\right) > 2\left(\frac{3}{2}x - 2\right)$$

$$4x + 5 > 3x - 4$$

$$4x - 3x > -4 - 5$$

$$x > -9$$

36. $2x - 11 + 3(x + 2) < 0$

$$2x - 11 + 3x + 6 < 0$$

$$5x - 5 < 0$$

$$5x < 5$$

$$\frac{5x}{5} < \frac{5}{5}$$

$$x < 1$$

38. $-3(x + 1) - \frac{x}{2} + \frac{3}{2} < 0$

$$-3x - 3 - \frac{x}{2} + \frac{3}{2} < 0$$

$$2\left(-3x - 3 - \frac{x}{2} + \frac{3}{2}\right) < 2(0)$$

$$-6x - 6 - x + 3 < 0$$

$$-7x - 3 < 0$$

$$-7x < 3$$

$$\frac{-7x}{-7} > \frac{3}{-7}$$

$$x > -\frac{3}{7}$$

40. $-0.4x + 1.5 \geq 2.1 - x$

$$10(-0.4x + 1.5) \geq 10(2.1 - x)$$

$$-4x + 15 \geq 21 - 10x$$

$$-4x + 10x \geq 21 - 15$$

$$6x \geq 6$$

$$\frac{6x}{6} \geq \frac{6}{6}$$

$$x \geq 1$$

42. $1.2 - 0.8x \leq 0.3(4 - x)$

$$1.2 - 0.8x \leq 1.2 - 0.3x$$

$$-0.8x + 0.3x \leq 1.2 - 1.2$$

$$-0.5x \leq 0$$

$$\frac{-0.5x}{-0.5} \geq \frac{0}{-0.5}$$

$$x \geq 0$$

44. $\frac{3}{4} + \frac{1}{2}(x - 7) \leq 1 - \frac{x}{4}$

$$4\left[\frac{3}{4} + \frac{1}{2}(x - 7)\right] \leq 4\left(1 - \frac{x}{4}\right)$$

$$3 + 2(x - 7) \leq 4 - x$$

$$3 + 2x - 14 \leq 4 - x$$

$$2x - 11 \leq 4 - x$$

$$2x + x \leq 4 + 11$$

$$3x \leq 15$$

$$\frac{3x}{3} \leq \frac{15}{3}$$

$$x \leq 5$$

46. $4 - \frac{3x - 1}{3} > \frac{x}{6} + \frac{7}{2}$

$$6\left(4 - \frac{3x - 1}{3}\right) > 6\left(\frac{x}{6} + \frac{7}{2}\right)$$

$$24 - 6x + 2 > x + 21$$

$$-6x + 26 > x + 21$$

$$-7x > -5$$

$$\frac{-7x}{-7} < \frac{-5}{-7}$$

$$x < \frac{5}{7}$$

48. Let x = number of new customers.

$$(7.75)(26) + 25x > 401.50$$

$$201.5 + 25x > 401.5$$

$$25x > 200$$

$$\frac{25x}{25} > \frac{200}{25}$$

$$x > 8$$

She must sign up more than 8 customers.

50. Let x = the number of packages.

$$180 + 160 + 68.5x \leq 2395$$

$$68.5x \leq 2055$$

$$x \leq 30$$

A maximum of thirty packages can be carried.

52. Let x = the number of additional ounces per package after the first ounce.

$$0.41 + 0.23x \leq 8.46$$

$$0.23x \leq 8.05$$

$$x \leq 35$$

A box could not weigh more than

$$35 + 1 = 36 \text{ ounces.}$$

Cumulative Review

53. $3xy(x + 2) - 4x^2(y - 1)$
 $= 3x^2y + 6xy - 4x^2y + 4x^2$
 $= 6xy - x^2y + 4x^2$

54. $\frac{2}{3}ab(6a - 2b + 9)$
 $= \frac{2}{3}ab(6a) - \frac{2}{3}ab(2b) + \frac{2}{3}ab(9)$
 $= 4a^2b - \frac{4}{3}ab^2 + 6ab$

55. $\left(\frac{4x^2}{3yw^{-1}}\right)^3 = \frac{4^3 x^{2 \cdot 3}}{3^3 y^3 w^{-1 \cdot 3}} = \frac{64x^6}{27y^3 w^{-3}} = \frac{64x^6 w^3}{27y^3}$

56. $(-3a^0b^{-3}c^5)^{-2} = (-3b^{-3}c^5)^{-2}$
 $= (-3)^{-2} b^{-3(-2)} c^{5(-2)}$
 $= \frac{1}{9} b^6 c^{-10}$
 $= \frac{b^6}{9c^{10}}$

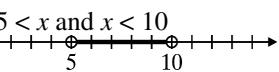
Classroom Quiz 2.6

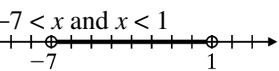
1. $9x - 2 > 4x + 8$
 $9x - 4x - 2 > 4x - 4x + 8$
 $5x - 2 > 8$
 $5x - 2 + 2 > 8 + 2$
 $5x > 10$
 $\frac{5x}{5} > \frac{10}{5}$
 $x > 2$

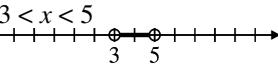
2. $-6(x+3) > -3x - 8$
 $-6x - 18 > -3x - 8$
 $-6x + 3x - 18 > -3x + 3x - 8$
 $-3x - 18 > -8$
 $-3x - 18 + 18 > -8 + 18$
 $-3x > 10$
 $\frac{-3x}{-3} < \frac{10}{-3}$
 $x < -\frac{10}{3}$

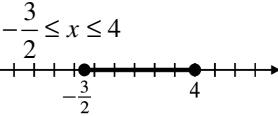
3. $\frac{1}{3}(x-2) \leq \frac{1}{7}(7x-14) - 2$
 $21\left[\frac{1}{3}(x-2)\right] \leq 21\left[\frac{1}{7}(7x-14) - 2\right]$
 $7(x-2) \leq 3(7x-14) - 42$
 $7x - 14 \leq 21x - 42 - 42$
 $7x - 14 \leq 21x - 84$
 $7x - 21x \leq -84 + 14$
 $-14x \leq -70$
 $\frac{-14x}{-14} \geq \frac{-70}{-14}$
 $x \geq 5$

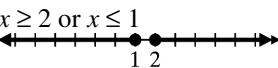
2.7 Exercises

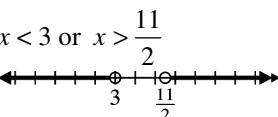
2. $5 < x$ and $x < 10$


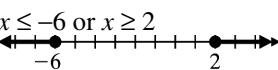
4. $-7 < x$ and $x < 1$


6. $3 < x < 5$


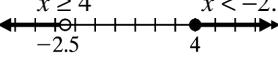
8. $-\frac{3}{2} \leq x \leq 4$


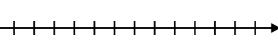
10. $x \geq 2$ or $x \leq 1$


12. $x < 3$ or $x > \frac{11}{2}$


14. $x \leq -6$ or $x \geq 2$


16. $4x - 1 < 7$ and $x \geq -1$
 $-1 \leq x$ and $4x - 1 < 7$
 $4x < 8$
 $x < 2$


18. $x + 1 \geq 5$ or $x + 5 < 2.5$


20. $x < 6$ and $x > 9$
These two graphs do not overlap.
No solution


22. $s < 10$ or $s > 12$

24. $490 \leq c \leq 2000$

26. $16 \leq C \leq 24$
 $16 \leq \frac{5}{9}(F - 32) \leq 24$
 $\frac{9}{5}(16) \leq \frac{9}{5} \cdot \frac{5}{9}(F - 32) \leq \frac{9}{5}(24)$
 $28.8 \leq F - 32 \leq 43.2$
 $60.8^\circ \leq F \leq 75.2^\circ$

28. $23,000 \leq Y \leq 28,000$
 $23,000 \leq 107(d - 5) \leq 28,000$
 $214.95 \leq d - 5 \leq 216.68$
 $\$219.95 \leq d \leq \266.68

30. $x + 3 < 7$ and $x - 2 < -3$
 $x < 4$ $x < -1$

$x < -1$ is the solution.

32. $8 - x \geq 6$ and $10x + 9 \geq -11$
 $-x \geq -2$ $10x \geq -20$
 $x \leq 2$ $x \geq -2$

$-2 \leq x \leq 2$ is the solution.

34. $5x + 1 < 1$ or $3x - 9 > 9$
 $5x < 0$ $3x > 18$
 $x < 0$ $x > 6$

$x < 0$ or $x > 6$ is the solution.

36. $-0.3x - 0.4 \geq 0.1x$ or $0.2x + 0.3 \leq -0.4x$
Multiply by 10 on both sides of both inequalities to clear decimals.
 $-3x - 4 \geq x$ or $2x + 3 \leq -4x$
 $-4x \geq 4$ $6x \leq -3$
 $x \leq -1$ $x \leq -0.5$

$x \leq -0.5$ contains $x \leq -1$.

$x \leq -0.5$ is the solution.

38. $\frac{5x}{3} - 2 < \frac{14}{3}$ and $3x + \frac{5}{2} < -\frac{1}{2}$
 $5x - 6 < 14$ $6x + 5 < -1$
 $5x < 20$ $6x < -6$
 $x < 4$ $x < -1$

$x < -1$ is the solution.

40. $6x - 10 < 8$ and $2x + 1 > 9$
 $6x < 18$ $2x > 8$
 $x < 3$ $x > 4$

$x < 3$ and $x > 4$ do not overlap.
No solution

42. $6x - 3 \geq 8x + 5$ and $x + 6 \geq 2$
 $-2x \geq 8$ $x \geq -4$
 $x \leq -4$

$x \leq -4$ and $x \geq -4$ overlap at $x = -4$.
 $x = -4$ is the solution.

44. $\frac{x-4}{6} - \frac{x-2}{9} \leq \frac{5}{18}$ or $-\frac{2}{5}(x+3) < -\frac{6}{5}$
 $3x - 12 - 2x + 4 \leq 5$ $-2x - 6 < -6$
 $x - 8 \leq 5$ $-2x < 0$
 $x \leq 13$ $x > 0$

The solution is all real numbers.

Cumulative Review

45. $3y - 5x = 8$
 $-5x = 8 - 3y$
 $(-1)(-5x) = (-1)(8 - 3y) = -8 + 3y$
 $5x = 3y - 8$
 $x = \frac{3y - 8}{5}$

46. $7x + 6y = -12$
 $6y = -12 - 7x$
 $y = \frac{-12 - 7x}{6}$

47. $x^2 + 5x - |x + 3| = (-2)^2 + 5(-2) - |-2 + 3|$
 $= (-2)^2 + 5(-2) - |1|$
 $= 4 - 10 - 1$
 $= -6 - 1$
 $= -7$

48. $3x^3 - x^2 - \sqrt{8x + 9} = 3(2)^3 - 2^2 - \sqrt{8 \cdot 2 + 9}$
 $= 3(2)^3 - 2^2 - \sqrt{16 + 9}$
 $= 3(8) - 4 - \sqrt{25}$
 $= 24 - 4 - 5$
 $= 20 - 5$
 $= 15$

Classroom Quiz 2.7

1. $2x - 5 < 25$ and $2x > -6$
 $2x < 30$ $x > -3$
 $x < 15$

$-3 < x < 15$ is the solution.

2. $x > 7$ and $3x - 1 < 29$
 $3x < 30$
 $x < 10$

$7 < x < 10$ is the solution.

3. $x - 2 \leq -20$ or $4x + 3 \geq 19$
 $x \leq -18$ $4x \geq 16$
 $x \geq 4$

$x \leq -18$ or $x \geq 4$ is the solution.

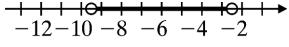
2.8 Exercises

2. $|x| < 6$
 $-6 < x < 6$

4. $|x + 6| < 3.5$

$-3.5 < x + 6 < 3.5$

$-9.5 < x < -2.5$



6. $|x - 7| \leq 10$

$-10 \leq x - 7 \leq 10$

$-3 \leq x \leq 17$

8. $|4x - 3| \leq 9$

$-9 \leq 4x - 3 \leq 9$

$-6 \leq 4x \leq 12$

$-\frac{3}{2} \leq x \leq 3$

10. $|2x - 3| \leq 1 \Leftrightarrow -1 \leq 2x - 3 \leq 1$

$2 \leq 2x \leq 4$

$1 \leq x \leq 2$

12. $|0.9 - 0.2x| < 2 \Leftrightarrow -2 < 0.9 - 0.2x < 2$

$-2.9 < -0.2x < 1.1$

$14.5 > x > -5.5$

$-5.5 < x < 14.5$

14. $\left| \frac{1}{5}x + 1 \right| < 5$

$-5 < \frac{1}{5}x + 1 < 5$

$-25 < x + 5 < 25$

$-30 < x < 20$

16. $\left| \frac{3}{5}(x - 1) \right| < 3$

$-3 < \frac{3}{5}(x - 1) < 3$

$-5 < x - 1 < 5$

$-4 < x < 6$

18. $\left| \frac{5x - 3}{2} \right| < 4$

$-4 < \frac{5x - 3}{2} < 4$

$-8 < 5x - 3 < 8$

$-5 < 5x < 11$

$-1 < x < \frac{11}{5}$

$-1 < x < 2\frac{1}{5}$

20. $|x| \geq 7$

$x \geq 7 \text{ or } x \leq -7$

22. $|x + 4| > 7$

$x + 4 < -7 \quad \text{or} \quad x + 4 > 7$

$x < -11$

$x > 3$

24. $|x - 2| \geq 3$

$x - 2 \leq -3 \quad \text{or} \quad x - 2 \geq 3$

$x \leq -1$

$x \geq 5$

26. $|6x - 5| \geq 7$

$6x - 5 \leq -7 \quad \text{or} \quad 6x - 5 \geq 7$

$6x \leq -2$

$6x \geq 12$

$x \leq -\frac{1}{3}$

$x \geq 2$

28. $|0.4 - 0.2x| > 3$

$0.4 - 0.2x < -3 \quad \text{or} \quad 0.4 - 0.2x > 3$

$-0.2x < -3.4$

$-0.2x > 2.6$

$x > 17$

$x < -13$

30. $\left| \frac{1}{4}x - \frac{3}{8} \right| > 1$

$\frac{1}{4}x - \frac{3}{8} < -1 \quad \text{or} \quad \frac{1}{4}x - \frac{3}{8} > 1$

$2x - 3 < -8$

$2x - 3 > 8$

$2x < -5$

$2x > 11$

$x < -\frac{5}{2}$

$x > \frac{11}{2}$

$x < -2\frac{1}{2}$

$x > 5\frac{1}{2}$

32. $\left| \frac{2}{5}(x - 2) \right| \leq 4$

$-4 \leq \frac{2}{5}(x - 2) \leq 4$

$-20 \leq 2x - 4 \leq 20$

$-16 \leq 2x \leq 24$

$-8 \leq x \leq 12$

34. $|2x + 3| < 5$

$-5 < 2x + 3 < 5$

$-8 < 2x < 2$

$-4 < x < 1$

36. $|2 - 5x| > 2$

$2 - 5x < -2 \quad \text{or} \quad 2 - 5x > 2$

$-5x < -4$

$-5x > 0$

$x > \frac{4}{5}$

$x < 0$

38. $|m - s| \leq 0.12$

$$|m - 17.48| \leq 0.12$$

$$-0.12 \leq m - 17.48 \leq 0.12$$

$$17.36 \leq m \leq 17.60$$

40. $|n - p| \leq 0.05$

$$|n - 7.84| \leq 0.05$$

$$-0.05 \leq n - 7.84 \leq 0.05$$

$$7.79 \leq n \leq 7.89$$

Cumulative Review

41. $4^2 + (5 - 2)^3 \div (-9) = 4^2 + (3)^3 \div (-9)$
 $= 16 + 27 \div (-9)$
 $= 16 - 3$
 $= 13$

42. $(-4)(7) \div 2 + (-8) - 12 = -28 \div 2 + (-8) - 12$
 $= -14 + (-8) - 12$
 $= -22 - 12$
 $= -34$

43. distance $= 2 \left[\frac{1}{8} \cdot \text{circumference} \right]$
 $= 2 \left[\frac{1}{8} (2\pi \cdot \text{radius}) \right]$
 $= 2 \left[\frac{1}{3} (2 \cdot 3.14 \cdot 19) \right]$
 $= 29.83$

The end of the rope travels 29.83 meters.

44. distance $= 2 \cdot \frac{1}{6} (2\pi \cdot 30)$
 $= 2 \cdot \frac{1}{6} (2 \cdot 3.14 \cdot 30)$
 $= 62.8$

The end of the wire travels 62.8 feet.

Classroom Quiz 2.8

1. $\left| \frac{1}{3}x - \frac{1}{6} \right| < 2$

$$-2 < \frac{1}{3}x - \frac{1}{6} < 2$$

$$6(-2) < 6\left(\frac{1}{3}x - \frac{1}{6}\right) < 6(2)$$

$$-12 < 2x - 1 < 12$$

$$-11 < 2x < 13$$

$$-\frac{11}{2} < x < \frac{13}{2}$$

$$-5\frac{1}{2} < x < 6\frac{1}{2}$$

2. $|3x + 12| \leq 10$
 $-10 \leq 3x + 12 \leq 10$

$$-22 \leq 3x \leq -2$$

$$-\frac{22}{3} \leq x \leq -\frac{2}{3}$$

$$-7\frac{1}{3} \leq x \leq -\frac{2}{3}$$

3. $|4x - 3| > 21$
 $4x - 3 < -21 \quad \text{or} \quad 4x - 3 > 21$
 $4x < -18 \quad \quad \quad 4x > 24$
 $x < -\frac{18}{4} \quad \quad \quad x > 6$
 $x < -4\frac{1}{2}$

Putting Your Skills to Work

1. $950 + 200 + 90 + 60 + 300 = 1600$
The monthly costs would total \$1600.

2. $\frac{1600}{2} = 800$

Her new expected costs would be \$800.
 $800 - 475 = 325$
It is \$325 more than she expected to pay.

3. $15 \times 130 = 1950$
She will earn \$1950.
Yes, she can pay for these expenses since
 $\$1950 > \800 .

4. Answers may vary.

5. Answers may vary.

Chapter 2 Review Problems

1. $7x - 3 = -5x - 18$
 $7x + 5x - 3 = -5x + 5x - 18$
 $12x - 3 = -18$
 $12x - 3 + 3 = -18 + 3$
 $12x = -15$
 $\frac{12x}{12} = \frac{-15}{12}$
 $x = -\frac{5}{4}$
 $x = -1.25 \text{ or } -1\frac{1}{4}$

2. $8 - 2(x + 3) = 24 - (x - 6)$
 $8 - 2x - 6 = 24 - x + 6$
 $2 - 2x = 30 - x$
 $-2x + x = 30 - 2$
 $-x = 28$
 $x = -28$

3. $5(x - 2) + 4 = x + 9 - 2x$
 $5x - 10 + 4 = -x + 9$
 $5x - 6 = -x + 9$
 $5x + x - 6 = -x + x + 9$
 $6x - 6 = 9$
 $6x - 6 + 6 = 9 + 6$
 $6x = 15$
 $\frac{6x}{6} = \frac{15}{6}$
 $x = \frac{5}{2} \text{ or } 2\frac{1}{2} \text{ or } 2.5$

4. $x - \frac{4}{3} = \frac{11}{12} + \frac{3}{4}x$
 $12\left(x - \frac{4}{3}\right) = 12\left(\frac{11}{12} + \frac{3}{4}x\right)$
 $12x - 16 = 11 + 9x$
 $12x - 9x = 11 + 16$
 $3x = 27$
 $x = 9$

5. $\frac{1}{9}x - 1 = \frac{1}{2}\left(x + \frac{1}{3}\right)$
 $18\left(\frac{1}{9}x - 1\right) = 18\left[\frac{1}{2}\left(x + \frac{1}{3}\right)\right]$
 $2x - 18 = 9x + 3$
 $2x - 9x = 3 + 18$
 $-7x = 21$
 $x = -3$

6. $\frac{x-4}{2} - \frac{1}{5} = \frac{7x+1}{20}$
 $20\left(\frac{x-4}{2} - \frac{1}{5}\right) = 20\left(\frac{7x+1}{20}\right)$
 $10(x-4) - 4 = 7x+1$
 $10x - 40 - 4 = 7x+1$
 $10x - 44 = 7x+1$
 $10x - 7x = 1 + 44$
 $3x = 45$
 $x = 15$

7. $5x = 3(1.6x - 4.2)$
 $5x = 4.8x - 12.6$
 $0.2x = -12.6$
 $x = -63$

8. $1.2x - 1 = 2(1.6x + 1.5)$
 $1.2x - 1 = 3.2x + 3$
 $1.2x - 3.2x = 3 + 1$
 $-2x = 4$
 $x = -2$

9. $6x - 11y = 8$
 $-11y = -6x + 8$
 $y = \frac{-6x + 8}{-11}$
 $y = \frac{6x - 8}{11}$

10. $P = \frac{1}{2}ab$
 $2P = ab$
 $\frac{2P}{b} = \frac{ab}{b}$
 $\frac{2P}{b} = a \text{ or } a = \frac{2P}{b}$

11. $2(3ax - 2y) - 6ax = -3(ax + 2y)$
 $6ax - 4y - 6ax = -3ax - 6y$
 $-4y = -3ax - 6y$
 $2y = -3ax$
 $3ax = -2y$

$$a = -\frac{2y}{3x}$$

12. $\frac{1}{2}a + 3b = \frac{2}{3}(2b - 1)$
 $3a + 18b = 8b - 4$
 $10b = -3a - 4$
 $b = \frac{-3a - 4}{10}$

13. a.
$$\begin{aligned} C &= \frac{5F - 160}{9} \\ 9C &= 5F - 160 \\ 5F - 160 &= 9C \\ 5F &= 9C + 160 \\ F &= \frac{9C + 160}{5} \end{aligned}$$

b.
$$\begin{aligned} F &= \frac{9(10) + 160}{5} = \frac{250}{5} = 50 \\ F &= 50^\circ \text{ when } C = 10^\circ. \end{aligned}$$

14. a.
$$\begin{aligned} P &= 2W + 2L \\ P - 2L &= 2W \\ 2W &= P - 2L \\ W &= \frac{P - 2L}{2} \end{aligned}$$

b.
$$\begin{aligned} W &= \frac{100 - 2(20.5)}{2} \\ &= \frac{100 - 41}{2} \\ &= \frac{59}{2} \\ &= 29.5 \\ W &= 29.5 \text{ meters} \end{aligned}$$

15. $|2x - 7| = 9$
 $2x - 7 = 9 \quad \text{or} \quad 2x - 7 = -9$
 $2x = 16 \quad \quad \quad 2x = -2$
 $x = 8 \quad \quad \quad x = -1$

16. $|5x + 2| = 7$
 $5x + 2 = 7 \quad \text{or} \quad 5x + 2 = -7$
 $5x = 5 \quad \quad \quad 5x = -9$
 $x = 1 \quad \quad \quad x = -\frac{9}{5}$

17. $|3 - x| = |5 - 2x|$
 $3 - x = 5 - 2x \quad \text{or} \quad 3 - x = -(5 - 2x)$
 $x = 2 \quad \quad \quad 3 - x = -5 + 2x$
 $-3x = -8$
 $x = \frac{8}{3}$

18. $|x + 8| = |2x - 4|$
 $x + 8 = 2x - 4 \quad \text{or} \quad x + 8 = -2x + 4$
 $-x = -12 \quad \quad \quad 3x = -4$
 $x = 12 \quad \quad \quad x = -\frac{4}{3}$

19. $\left| \frac{1}{4}x - 3 \right| = 8$
 $\frac{1}{4}x - 3 = 8 \quad \text{or} \quad \frac{1}{4}x - 3 = -8$
 $x - 12 = 32 \quad \quad \quad x - 12 = -32$
 $x = 44 \quad \quad \quad x = -20$

20. $|4 - 7x| = 25$
 $4 - 7x = 25 \quad \text{or} \quad 4 - 7x = -25$
 $-7x = 21 \quad \quad \quad -7x = -29$
 $x = -3 \quad \quad \quad x = \frac{29}{7}$

21. $|2x - 8| + 7 = 12$
 $|2x - 8| = 5$
 $2x - 8 = 5 \quad \text{or} \quad 2x - 8 = -5$
 $2x = 13 \quad \quad \quad 2x = 3$
 $x = \frac{13}{2} \quad \quad \quad x = \frac{3}{2}$

22. $|0.2x - 1| + 1.2 = 2.3$
 $|0.2x - 1| = 1.1$
 $0.2x - 1 = 1.1 \quad \text{or} \quad 0.2x - 1 = -1.1$
 $0.2x = 2.1 \quad \quad \quad 0.2x = -0.1$
 $x = \frac{21}{2} \quad \quad \quad x = -\frac{1}{2}$

23. $P = 2L + 2W$
 $42 = 2(2W + 3) + 2W$
 $21 = 2W + 3 + W$
 $3W = 18$
 $W = 6$
 $2W + 3 = 15$
The width is 6 feet and the length is 15 feet.

24. Let x = the number of women.
Then $2x - 200$ = the number of men.
 $2x - 200 + x = 280$
 $3x - 200 = 280$
 $3x = 480$
 $x = 160$
 $2x - 200 = 120$
There are 160 women and 120 men attending Western Tech.

- 25.** Let x = miles she drove.

$$3(38) + 0.15x = 150$$

$$114 + 0.15x = 150$$

$$0.15x = 36$$

$$x = 240$$

She drove 240 miles.

- 26.** Let x = number of miles from airport to hotel.

$$\$2.50 + \frac{\$0.35}{\frac{1}{5} \text{ mile}} \left(x - \frac{1}{5} \right) \text{ mile} = \$14.75$$

$$0.5 + 0.35 \left(x - \frac{1}{5} \right) = 2.95$$

$$0.35x - 0.07 = 2.45$$

$$0.35x = 2.52$$

$$x = 7.2$$

It is 7.2 miles or $7\frac{1}{5}$ miles from the airport to the hotel.

- 27.** Let x = the amount withheld for retirement. Then $x + 13$ = the amount withheld for state tax, and $3(x + 13)$ = the amount withheld for federal tax.

$$x + x + 13 + 3(x + 13) = 102$$

$$2x + 13 + 3x + 39 = 102$$

$$5x + 52 = 102$$

$$5x = 50$$

$$x = 10$$

$$x + 13 = 23$$

$$3(x + 13) = 69$$

\$10 is withheld for retirement, \$23 for state tax, and \$69 for federal tax.

- 28.** Let x = the number of tickets Nicholas sold.

Then $2x - 5$ = the number of tickets Emma sold, and $2x + 10$ = the number of tickets Jackson sold.

$$x + 2x - 5 + 2x + 10 = 180$$

$$5x = 175$$

$$x = 35$$

$$2x - 5 = 65$$

$$2x + 10 = 80$$

Nicholas sold 35 tickets, Emma sold 65 tickets, and Jackson sold 80 tickets.

- 29.** Let x = the number of students enrolled five years ago.

$$x + 0.15x = 2415$$

$$1.15x = 2415$$

$$x = 2100$$

2100 students were enrolled five years ago.

- 30.** Let x = the number of two-door sedans.

Then $3x$ = the number of four-door sedans.

$$3x + x = 260,000$$

$$4x = 260,000$$

$$x = 65,000$$

$$3x = 195,000$$

They should manufacture 65,000 two-door sedans and 195,000 four-door sedans.

- 31.** Let x = amount invested at 11%.

Then $9000 - x$ = the amount invested at 6%.

$$0.11x + 0.06(9000 - x) = 815$$

$$0.11x + 540 - 0.06x = 815$$

$$540 + 0.05x = 815$$

$$0.05x = 275$$

$$x = 5500$$

$$9000 - x = 3500$$

He invested \$5500 at 11% and \$3500 at 6%.

- 32.** Let x = the number of liters of 2% acid.

Then $24 - x$ = the number of liters of 5% acid.

$$0.02x + 0.05(24 - x) = 0.04(24)$$

$$0.02x + 1.2 - 0.05x = 0.96$$

$$-0.03x = -0.24$$

$$x = 8$$

$$24 - x = 16$$

He should use 8 liters of the 2% acid and 16 liters of the 5% acid.

- 33.** Let x = the number of pounds of the \$4.25 a pound coffee.

Then $30 - x$ = the number of pounds of the \$4.50 a pound coffee.

$$4.25x + 4.50(30 - x) = 4.40(30)$$

$$4.25x + 135 - 4.5x = 132$$

$$-0.25x = -3$$

$$x = 12$$

$$30 - x = 18$$

12 pounds of \$4.25 and 18 pounds of \$4.50 should be used.

- 34.** Let x = current full-time students.

$$\frac{1}{2}x + \frac{1}{3}(890 - x) = 380$$

$$3x + 1780 - 2x = 2280$$

$$x = 500$$

$$890 - 500 = 390$$

The present number of students is 500 full-time and 390 part-time.

35. $7x + 8 < 5x$
 $2x < -8$
 $\frac{2x}{2} < \frac{-8}{2}$
 $x < -4$

36. $9x + 3 < 12x$
 $-3x < -3$
 $\frac{-3x}{-3} > \frac{-3}{-3}$
 $x > 1$

37. $4x - 1 < 3(x + 2)$
 $4x - 1 < 3x + 6$
 $4x - 3x < 6 + 1$
 $x < 7$

38. $3(3x - 2) < 4x - 16$
 $9x - 6 < 4x - 16$
 $9x - 4x < -16 + 6$
 $5x < -10$
 $\frac{5x}{5} < \frac{-10}{5}$
 $x < -2$

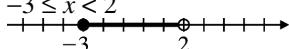
39. $\frac{7}{8}x - \frac{1}{4} > \frac{1}{2}$
 $8\left(\frac{7}{8}x - \frac{1}{4}\right) > 8\left(\frac{1}{2}\right)$
 $7x - 2 > 4$
 $7x > 6$
 $x > \frac{6}{7}$

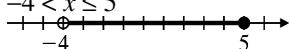
40. $\frac{5}{3} - x \geq -\frac{1}{6}x + \frac{5}{6}$
 $6\left(\frac{5}{3} - x\right) \geq 6\left(-\frac{1}{6}x + \frac{5}{6}\right)$
 $10 - 6x \geq -x + 5$
 $-6x + x \geq 5 - 10$
 $-5x \geq -5$
 $\frac{-5x}{-5} \leq \frac{-5}{-5}$
 $x \leq 1$

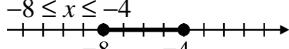
41. $\frac{1}{3}(x - 2) < \frac{1}{4}(x + 5) - \frac{5}{3}$
 $12\left[\frac{1}{3}(x - 2)\right] < 12\left[\frac{1}{4}(x + 5) - \frac{5}{3}\right]$
 $4(x - 2) < 3(x + 5) - 20$
 $4x - 8 < 3x + 15 - 20$
 $4x - 8 < 3x - 5$
 $4x - 3x < -5 + 8$
 $x < 3$

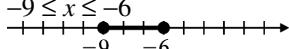
42. $\frac{1}{3}(x + 2) > 3x - 5(x - 2)$
 $3\left[\frac{1}{3}(x + 2)\right] > 3[3x - 5(x - 2)]$
 $x + 2 > 9x - 15(x - 2)$
 $x + 2 > 9x - 15x + 30$
 $x + 2 > -6x + 30$
 $x + 6x > 30 - 2$
 $7x > 28$
 $x > 4$

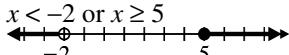
43. $7x - 6 \leq \frac{1}{3}(-2x + 5)$
 $3(7x - 6) \leq 3\left[\frac{1}{3}(-2x + 5)\right]$
 $21x - 18 \leq -2x + 5$
 $21x + 2x \leq 5 + 18$
 $23x \leq 23$
 $x \leq 1$

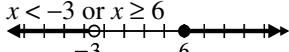
44. $-3 \leq x < 2$


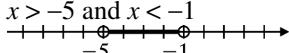
45. $-4 < x \leq 5$


46. $-8 \leq x \leq -4$


47. $-9 \leq x \leq -6$


48. $x < -2$ or $x \geq 5$


49. $x < -3$ or $x \geq 6$


50. $x > -5$ and $x < -1$


51. $x > -8$ and $x < -3$

52. $x + 3 > 8$ or $x + 2 < 6$

53. $x - 2 > 7$ or $x + 3 < 2$

$x > 9$ $x < -1$

54. $x + 3 > 8$ and $x - 4 < -2$

$x > 5$ $x < 2$

Since x cannot be both > 5 and < 2 , there is no solution.

55. $-1 < x + 5 < 8$

$-6 < x < 3$

56. $0 \leq 5 - 3x \leq 17$

$-5 \leq -3x \leq 12$

$\frac{5}{3} \geq x \geq -4$

$-4 \leq x \leq \frac{5}{3}$

$-4 \leq x \leq 1\frac{2}{3}$

57. $2x - 7 < 3$ and $5x - 1 \geq 8$

$2x < 10$ $5x \geq 9$

$x < 5$ $x \geq \frac{9}{5}$

$\frac{9}{5} \leq x < 5$

$1\frac{4}{5} \leq x < 5$

58. $4x - 2 < 8$ or $3x + 1 > 4$

$4x < 10$ $3x > 3$

$x < \frac{5}{2}$ $x > 1$

The solution is all real numbers.

59. $|x + 7| < 15$

$-15 < x + 7 < 15$

$-22 < x < 8$

60. $|x + 9| < 18$

$-18 < x + 9 < 18$

$-27 < x < 9$

61. $\left| \frac{1}{2}x + 2 \right| < \frac{7}{4}$

$-\frac{7}{4} < \frac{1}{2}x + 2 < \frac{7}{4}$

$-7 < 2x + 8 < 7$

$-15 < 2x < -1$

$-\frac{15}{2} < x < -\frac{1}{2}$

$-7\frac{1}{2} < x < -\frac{1}{2}$

62. $\left| \frac{1}{5}x + 3 \right| < \frac{11}{5}$

$-\frac{11}{5} < \frac{1}{5}x + 3 < \frac{11}{5}$

$-11 < x + 15 < 11$

$-26 < x < -4$

63. $|2x - 1| \geq 9$

$2x - 1 \leq -9$ or $2x - 1 \geq 9$

$2x \leq -8$ $2x \geq 10$

$x \leq -4$ $x \geq 5$

64. $|3x - 1| \geq 2$

$3x - 1 \leq -2$ or $3x - 1 \geq 2$

$3x \leq -1$ $3x \geq 3$

$x \leq -\frac{1}{3}$ $x \geq 1$

65. $|4(x + 1)| \geq 3$

$4(x + 1) \leq -3$ or $4(x + 1) \geq 3$

$4x + 4 \leq -3$ $4x + 4 \geq 3$

$4x \leq -7$ $4x \geq -1$

$x \leq -\frac{7}{4}$ $x \geq -\frac{1}{4}$

66. $|2(x - 5)| \geq 2$

$2(x - 5) \leq -2$ or $2(x - 5) \geq 2$

$2x - 10 \leq -2$ $2x - 10 \geq 2$

$2x \leq 8$ $2x \geq 12$

$x \leq 4$ $x \geq 6$

67. Let x = the number of minutes he talks.

$3.95 + 0.64(x - 1) \leq 13.05$

$3.95 + 0.64x - 0.64 \leq 13.05$

$0.64x \leq 9.74$

$x \leq 15.21875$

He can talk for a maximum of 15 minutes.

- 68.** Let x = the number of packages.

$$\begin{aligned}170 + 200 + 77.5x &\leq 1765 \\77.5x &\leq 1395 \\x &\leq 18\end{aligned}$$

A maximum of eighteen packages can be carried.

- 69.** Let x = number of cubic yards.

$$\begin{aligned}40 + 28x &\leq 250 \\28x &\leq 210 \\x &\leq 7.5\end{aligned}$$

He can order a maximum of 7 cubic yards.

- 70.** Let x = the weight of the envelope.

$$\begin{aligned}0.41 + 0.28(x - 1) &\leq 4.6 \\0.41 + 0.28x - 0.28 &\leq 4.6 \\0.13 + 0.28x &\leq 4.6 \\0.28x &\leq 4.47 \\x &\leq 15.96\end{aligned}$$

The envelope could weigh a maximum of 15 ounces.

- 71.** Let n = number of bolts per box.

$$\begin{aligned}1.5 + 2.5n &\leq 14 \\2.5n &\leq 12.5 \\n &\leq 5\end{aligned}$$

5 is the maximum number of bolts per box.

- 72.** $1.04(2,312,000) \leq x \leq 1.06(2,854,000)$

$$2,404,480 \leq x \leq 3,025,240$$

- 73.** $4 - 7x = 3(x + 3)$

$$\begin{aligned}4 - 7x &= 3x + 9 \\-7x - 3x &= 9 - 4 \\-10x &= 5 \\-\frac{10x}{-10} &= \frac{5}{-10} \\x &= -\frac{1}{2} \text{ or } -0.5\end{aligned}$$

- 74.** $H = \frac{3}{4}B - 16$

$$\begin{aligned}\frac{3}{4}B &= H + 16 \\B &= \frac{4}{3}(H + 16) \\B &= \frac{4H + 64}{3}\end{aligned}$$

- 75.** Let x = number of grams of 77% copper.

Then $100 - x$ = number of grams of 92% copper.

$$0.77x + 0.92(100 - x) = 0.80(100)$$

$$0.77x + 92 - 0.92x = 80$$

$$-0.15x = -12$$

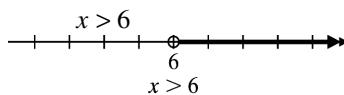
$$x = 80$$

$$100 - x = 20$$

She should use 80 grams of 77% copper and 20 grams of 92% copper.

- 76.** $7x + 12 < 9x$

$$-2x < -12$$

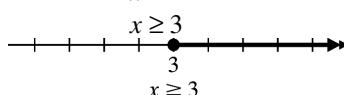


77. $\frac{2}{3}x - \frac{5}{6}x - 3 \leq \frac{1}{2}x - 5$

$$4x - 5x - 18 \leq 3x - 30$$

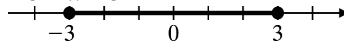
$$-x - 18 \leq 3x - 30$$

$$-4x \leq -12$$



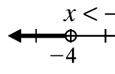
- 78.** $-2 \leq x + 1 \leq 4$

$$-3 \leq x \leq 3$$



- 79.** $2x + 3 < -5 \quad \text{or} \quad x - 2 > 1$

$$2x < -8 \quad x > 3$$



- 80.** $|2x - 7| + 4 = 5$

$$|2x - 7| = 1$$

$$2x - 7 = -1 \quad \text{or} \quad 2x - 7 = 1$$

$$2x = 6 \quad 2x = 8$$

$$x = 3 \quad x = 4$$

81. $\left| \frac{2}{3}x - \frac{1}{2} \right| \leq 3$

$$-3 \leq \frac{2}{3}x - \frac{1}{2} \leq 3$$

$$-18 \leq 4x - 3 \leq 18$$

$$-15 \leq 4x \leq 21$$

$$-\frac{15}{4} \leq x \leq \frac{21}{4}$$

82. $|2 - 5x - 4| > 13$

$$\begin{aligned} 2 - 5x - 4 &> 13 \quad \text{or} \quad 2 - 5x - 4 < -13 \\ -5x &> 15 \quad \quad \quad -5x < -11 \\ x &< -3 \quad \quad \quad x > \frac{11}{5} \end{aligned}$$

How Am I Doing? Chapter 2 Test

1. $5x - 8 = -6x - 10$

$$\begin{aligned} 5x + 6x - 8 &= -6x + 6x - 10 \\ 11x - 8 &= -10 \\ 11x - 8 + 8 &= -10 + 8 \\ 11x &= -2 \\ \frac{11x}{11} &= \frac{-2}{11} \\ x &= -\frac{2}{11} \end{aligned}$$

2. $3(7 - 2x) = 14 - 8(x - 1)$

$$\begin{aligned} 21 - 6x &= 14 - 8x + 8 \\ 21 - 6x &= 22 - 8x \\ 21 - 6x + 8x &= 22 - 8x + 8x \\ 21 + 2x &= 22 \\ 21 - 21 + 2x &= 22 - 21 \\ 2x &= 1 \\ x &= \frac{1}{2} \text{ or } 0.5 \end{aligned}$$

3. $\frac{1}{3}(-x + 1) + 4 = 4(3x - 2)$

$$\begin{aligned} 3\left[\frac{1}{3}(-x + 1) + 4\right] &= 3[4(3x - 2)] \\ 1(-x + 1) + 12 &= 12(3x - 2) \\ -x + 1 + 12 &= 36x - 24 \\ -x + 13 &= 36x - 24 \\ -x - 36x &= -24 - 13 \\ -37x &= -37 \\ x &= 1 \end{aligned}$$

4. $0.5x + 1.2 = 4x - 3.05$

$$\begin{aligned} 100(0.5x + 1.2) &= 100(4x - 3.05) \\ 50x + 120 &= 400x - 305 \\ 120 + 305 &= 400x - 50x \\ 425 &= 350x \Rightarrow 350x = 425 \\ x &= \frac{425}{350} = \frac{17(25)}{14(25)} = \frac{17}{14} \\ x &= 1\frac{3}{14} \end{aligned}$$

5. $L = a + d(n-1)$

$$\begin{aligned} L &= a + dn - d \\ L - a + d &= dn \\ n &= \frac{L - a + d}{d} \end{aligned}$$

6. $A = \frac{1}{2}bh$

$$\begin{aligned} 2A &= bh \\ bh &= 2A \\ b &= \frac{2A}{h} \end{aligned}$$

7. $b = \frac{2A}{h}$

$$\begin{aligned} b &= \frac{2(15) \text{ cm}^2}{10 \text{ cm}} \\ b &= 3 \text{ cm} \end{aligned}$$

8. $H = \frac{1}{2}r + 3b - \frac{1}{4}$

$$\begin{aligned} 4H &= 2r + 12b - 1 \\ 2r &= 4H - 12b + 1 \\ r &= \frac{4H - 12b + 1}{2} \end{aligned}$$

9. $|5x - 2| = 37$

$$\begin{aligned} 5x - 2 &= 37 \quad \text{or} \quad 5x - 2 = -37 \\ 5x &= 39 \quad \quad \quad 5x = -35 \\ x &= \frac{39}{5} \quad \quad \quad x = -7 \end{aligned}$$

10. $\left|\frac{1}{2}x + 3\right| - 2 = 4$

$$\begin{aligned} \left|\frac{1}{2}x + 3\right| &= 6 \\ \frac{1}{2}x + 3 &= 6 \quad \text{or} \quad \frac{1}{2}x + 3 = -6 \\ x + 6 &= 12 \quad \quad \quad x + 6 = -12 \\ x &= 6 \quad \quad \quad x = -18 \end{aligned}$$

11. Let x = the length of first side.
Then $2x$ = the length of the second side,
and $x + 5$ = the length of the third side.
 $x + 2x + x + 5 = 69$
 $4x = 64$
 $x = 16$
 $2x = 32$
 $x + 5 = 21$
The first side is 16 meters, the second side is 32 meters, and the third side is 21 meters.

12. Let x = electric bill for August.

$$x - 0.05x = 2489$$

$$0.95x = 2489$$

$$x = 2620$$

The electric bill for August was \$2620.

13. Let x = gallons of 50% antifreeze.

Then $10 - x$ = gallons of 90% antifreeze.

$$0.50x + 0.90(10 - x) = 0.60(10)$$

$$0.5x + 9 - 0.9x = 6$$

$$-0.4x = -3$$

$$x = 7.5$$

$$10 - 7.5 = 2.5$$

She should use 2.5 gallons of 90% and 7.5 gallons of 50%.

14. Let x = amount invested at 6%.

Then $5000 - x$ = amount invested at 10%.

$$0.06x + 0.10(5000 - x) = 428$$

$$0.06x + 500 - 0.1x = 428$$

$$-0.04x = -72$$

$$x = 1800$$

$$5000 - x = 3200$$

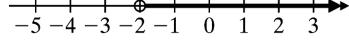
\$1800 was invested at 6% and \$3200 was invested at 10%.

15. $5 - 6x < 2x + 21$

$$-8x < 16$$

$$\frac{-8x}{-8} > \frac{16}{-8}$$

$$x > -2$$



16. $-\frac{1}{2} + \frac{1}{3}(2 - 3x) \geq \frac{1}{2}x + \frac{5}{3}$

$$6\left[-\frac{1}{2} + \frac{1}{3}(2 - 3x)\right] \geq 6\left(\frac{1}{2}x + \frac{5}{3}\right)$$

$$-3 + 4 - 6x \geq 3x + 10$$

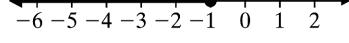
$$1 - 6x \geq 3x + 10$$

$$-6x - 3x \geq 10 - 1$$

$$-9x \geq 9$$

$$\frac{-9x}{-9} \leq \frac{9}{-9}$$

$$x \leq -1$$



17. $-11 < 2x - 1 \leq -3$

$$-10 < 2x \leq -2$$

$$-5 < x \leq -1$$

18. $x - 4 \leq -6 \quad \text{or} \quad 2x + 1 \geq 3$

$$x \leq -2$$

$$2x \geq 2$$

$$x \geq 1$$

19. $|7x - 3| \leq 18$

$$-18 \leq 7x - 3 \leq 18$$

$$-15 \leq 7x \leq 21$$

$$-\frac{15}{7} \leq x \leq 3$$

20. $|3x + 1| > 7$

$$3x + 1 < -7 \quad \text{or} \quad 3x + 1 > 7$$

$$3x < -8$$

$$3x > 6$$

$$x < -\frac{8}{3}$$

$$x > 2$$

Cumulative Test for Chapters 1–2

1. $-12, -3, 0, \frac{1}{4}, 2.16, 2.333\dots, -\frac{5}{8}, 3$

2. $7 + (6 + 3) = (7 + 6) + 3$
Associative property of addition

3. $\sqrt{100} + 4(3 - 5)^3 - (-20) = 10 + 4(-2)^3 - (-20)$
 $= 10 + 4(-8) - (-20)$
 $= 10 - 32 + 20$
 $= -22 + 20$
 $= -2$

4. $\left(-\frac{2}{3}x^4y^{-2}z^0\right)(6x^{-1}y^6z^2) = -4x^{4-1}y^{2+6}z^{0+2}$
 $= -4x^3y^4z^2$

5. $\frac{6a^{-1}b^3}{-18a^5b} = -\frac{6}{18}a^{-1-5}b^{3-1} = -\frac{1}{3}a^{-6}b^2 = -\frac{b^2}{3a^6}$

6. $2x^2 + 3xy - y^2 = 2(-2)^2 + 3(-2)(1) - 1^2$
 $= 2(4) - 6 - 1$
 $= 8 - 6 - 1$
 $= 2 - 1$
 $= 1$

7. $A = \pi r^2 = 3.14(7)^2 = 153.86 \text{ sq in.}$

8. $2x - [6x - 3(x + 5y)] = 2x - [6x - 3x - 15y]$
 $= 2x - [3x - 15y]$
 $= 2x - 3x + 15y$
 $= -x + 15y$

9.
$$\begin{aligned} \frac{1}{4}(x+5) - \frac{5}{3} &= \frac{1}{3}(x-2) \\ 12\left[\frac{1}{4}(x+5) - \frac{5}{3}\right] &= 12\left[\frac{1}{3}(x-2)\right] \\ 3(x+5) - 4(5) &= 4(x-2) \\ 3x+15-20 &= 4x-8 \\ 3x-5 &= 4x-8 \\ 3x-4x &= -8+5 \\ -x &= -3 \\ x &= 3 \end{aligned}$$

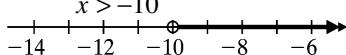
10.
$$\begin{aligned} h &= \frac{2}{3}(b+d) \\ 3h &= 3\left[\frac{2}{3}(b+d)\right] \\ 3h &= 2(b+d) \\ 3h &= 2b+2d \\ 2b &= 3h-2d \\ b &= \frac{3h-2d}{2} \end{aligned}$$

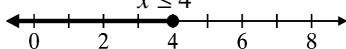
11. Let x = length of first side.
Then $x+15$ = length of second side and
 $2x-7$ = length of third side.
 $x+x+15+2x-7=112$
 $4x+8=112$
 $4x=104$
 $x=26$
 $x+15=41$
 $2x-7=45$
1st side = 26 inches
2nd side = 41 inches
3rd side = 45 inches

12. Let x = original price.
 $0.85x=\$68$
 $\frac{0.85x}{0.85}=\frac{\$68}{0.85}$
 $x=\$80$, original price of saw

13. Let x = the number of gallons at 50%.
Then $9-x$ = the number of gallons at 80%.
 $0.50x+0.80(9-x)=0.70(9)$
 $0.5x+7.2-0.8x=6.3$
 $-0.3x=-0.9$
 $x=3$
 $9-x=6$
He should use 3 gallons of 50% and 6 gallons of 80%.

14. Let x = amount invested at 12%.
Then $6500-x$ = amount invested at 10%.
 $0.12x+0.10(6500-x)=690$
 $0.12x+650-0.1x=690$
 $0.02x=40$
 $x=2000$
 $6500-x=4500$
She invested \$2000 at 12% and \$4500 at 10%.

15. $-4-3x < -2x+6$
 $-x < 10$
 $x > -10$


16. $\frac{1}{3}(x+2) \leq \frac{1}{5}(x+6)$
 $15\left[\frac{1}{3}(x+2)\right] \leq 15\left[\frac{1}{5}(x+6)\right]$
 $5(x+2) \leq 3(x+6)$
 $5x+10 \leq 3x+18$
 $5x-3x \leq 18-10$
 $2x \leq 8$
 $\frac{2x}{2} \leq \frac{8}{2}$
 $x \leq 4$


17. $-13 < 4x-5 < 3$
 $-8 < 4x < 8$
 $-2 < x < 2$

18. $x+5 \leq -4 \quad \text{or} \quad 2-7x \leq 16$
 $x \leq -9 \quad \quad \quad -7x \leq 14$
 $x \geq -2$

19. $\left|\frac{1}{2}x+2\right| \leq 8$
 $-8 \leq \frac{1}{2}x+2 \leq 8$
 $-16 \leq x+4 \leq 16$
 $-20 \leq x \leq 12$

20. $|3x-4| > 11$
 $3x-4 < -11 \quad \text{or} \quad 3x-4 > 11$
 $3x < -7 \quad \quad \quad 3x > 15$
 $x < -\frac{7}{3} \quad \quad \quad x > 5$
 $x < -2\frac{1}{3}$